

Quick Check Weird Bird Beaks

Name	Date
Instructions: Read each question carefully and choose the best answer.	

- **1.** This book tells mostly about _____.
 - (A) where to go to see birds
 - **B** different beaks birds have
 - (C) how some birds eat
 - (I) why birds fly
- **2.** Which bird sometimes eats small crocodiles?
 - (A) pelican
 - (B) bearded barbet
 - © shoebill stork
 - (D) toucan
- **3.** How does a crossbill's beak help it?
 - (A) It looks dangerous.
 - B It helps a crossbill attack animals.
 - ① It helps a crossbill sing.
 - ① It helps a crossbill get seeds.

- **4.** Which word means the opposite of **extinct**?
 - (A) dead
 - (B) alive
 - © gone
 - (D) expired
- **5.** How were the male and female Huia different?
 - A The female had brighter colors.
 - (B) The male's beak was thicker.
 - © They ate different food.
 - ① They had different size wings.
- **6.** The sword-billed hummingbird is most likely named for _____.
 - (A) its long bill
 - B its wide, sharp bill
 - © the way it drinks nectar from flowers
 - ① its very heavy bill





Quick Check (continued)

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- **7.** A brown pelican, a shoebill stork, and spoonbill all eat ______.
 - (A) frogs
 - ® fish
 - © bugs
 - ① leaves
- **8.** Which statement is true about a spoonbill?
 - A It is the same color as a flamingo.
 - B It can eat frogs.
 - ① It doesn't always see a fish before it catches it.
 - ① All of the above
- 9. Why is a toucan easy to identify?
 - (A) It lives in unusual nests.
 - B It has bright orange and blue feathers.
 - (C) It sits on crocodiles.
 - ① It has a very large and colorful beak.

- **10.** A **shellfish** is _____
 - (A) a fish that eats shells

 - © a fish that hides in shells in the ocean
 - (I) a kind of bird that eats fish
- **11. Extended Response:** If you could see one of these birds, which would you choose and why?



LEVEL N

Quick Check Answer Sheet

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Main Comprehension Skill: Compare and Contrast

- **1.** (B) Main Idea and Details
- 2. (C) Main Idea and Details
- **4.** B Vocabulary
- **5. (B)** Compare and Contrast
- **6.** (A) Make Inferences / Draw Conclusions
- 7. B Compare and Contrast
- **8.** (D) Classify Information
- **9.** ① Cause and Effect
- **10.** B Vocabulary
- 11. Answers will vary. Example: I would like to see a toucan because it has such a large and colorful beak.