```
In [1]: from sklearn.datasets import load_digits
In [2]: | digits = load_digits()
In [3]: %matplotlib inline
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [4]: idx = 17
        plt.imshow(digits['images'][idx], cmap=plt.cm.gray, interpolation='none')
Out[4]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x216045fe588>
         0
         1
         2 -
         3 -
         4 -
         5
         6
In [5]: digits['target'][idx]
Out[5]: 7
In [6]: digits['images'].shape
Out[6]: (1797, 8, 8)
In [7]: digits['data'].shape
```

Out[7]: (1797, 64)

Deep learning - Jupyter Notebook In [8]: | from sklearn.model selection import train test split from keras.utils import np utils Using TensorFlow backend. C:\Users\danal\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\framework\dtype s.py:516: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'. _np_qint8 = np.dtype([("qint8", np.int8, 1)]) C:\Users\danal\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\framework\dtype s.py:517: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'. _np_quint8 = np.dtype([("quint8", np.uint8, 1)]) C:\Users\danal\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\framework\dtype s.py:518: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'. _np_qint16 = np.dtype([("qint16", np.int16, 1)]) C:\Users\danal\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\framework\dtype s.py:519: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'. _np_quint16 = np.dtype([("quint16", np.uint16, 1)]) C:\Users\danal\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\framework\dtype s.py:520: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'. np qint32 = np.dtype([("qint32", np.int32, 1)]) C:\Users\danal\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\framework\dtype s.py:525: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of type is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type, (1,)) / '(1,)type'. np resource = np.dtype([("resource", np.ubyte, 1)]) C:\Users\danal\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorboard\compat\tensorflow stub \dtypes.py:541: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of t ype is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (ty pe, (1,)) / '(1,)type'. np qint8 = np.dtype([("qint8", np.int8, 1)]) C:\Users\danal\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorboard\compat\tensorflow stub \dtypes.py:542: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of t ype is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (ty pe, (1,)) / '(1,)type'. _np_quint8 = np.dtype([("quint8", np.uint8, 1)]) C:\Users\danal\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorboard\compat\tensorflow stub \dtypes.py:543: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of t ype is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (ty pe, (1,)) / '(1,)type'. _np_qint16 = np.dtype([("qint16", np.int16, 1)]) C:\Users\danal\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorboard\compat\tensorflow_stub \dtypes.py:544: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of t ype is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (ty pe, (1,)) / '(1,)type'. _np_quint16 = np.dtype([("quint16", np.uint16, 1)])

C:\Users\danal\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorboard\compat\tensorflow_stub
\dtypes.py:545: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of t

_np_qint32 = np.dtype([("qint32", np.int32, 1)])

pe, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.

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C:\Users\danal\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorboard\compat\tensorflow stub
         \dtypes.py:550: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of t
         ype is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (ty
         pe, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
           np_resource = np.dtype([("resource", np.ubyte, 1)])
In [11]: | x = digits['data']
         y = digits['target']
In [12]: | y = np_utils.to_categorical(y)
In [13]: y[0]
Out[13]: array([1., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.], dtype=float32)
In [14]: x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.3)
In [15]: | in_dim = x.shape[1]
         out_dim = y.shape[1]
In [16]: | from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.layers import Dense, Activation
In [18]: | model = Sequential()
         model.add(Dense(128, input_shape=(in_dim,)))
         model.add(Activation('relu'))
         model.add(Dense(out dim))
         model.add(Activation('sigmoid'))
         model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accura
In [19]: |model.fit(x train, y train)
         WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\danal\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\p
         ython\ops\math grad.py:1250: add dispatch support.<locals>.wrapper (from tensor
         flow.python.ops.array ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future versio
         Instructions for updating:
         Use tf.where in 2.0, which has the same broadcast rule as np.where
         WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\danal\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\keras\backen
         d\tensorflow backend.py:422: The name tf.global variables is deprecated. Please
         use tf.compat.v1.global variables instead.
         Epoch 1/1
         racy: 0.3731
Out[19]: <keras.callbacks.callbacks.History at 0x2160cdae288>
```

```
In [20]: loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(x test, y test)
         accuracy
         540/540 [============ ] - 0s 54us/step
Out[20]: 0.6703703999519348
In [21]: |model.predict(x_test[:3])
Out[21]: array([[2.02798843e-03, 4.67240810e-03, 6.99571967e-01, 8.75752270e-01,
                 8.69631767e-05, 8.13013315e-03, 1.24342740e-02, 4.33176756e-04,
                 9.66221094e-04, 1.23033345e-01],
                [4.86245751e-03, 9.29091334e-01, 3.73214483e-04, 5.63561916e-05,
                 9.84420002e-01, 5.46365976e-04, 1.46991193e-01, 2.25435793e-02,
                 8.16902518e-02, 1.12779737e-02],
                [5.88893890e-05, 5.11716545e-01, 5.74392080e-03, 3.22785974e-03,
                 8.60227447e-04, 2.50576343e-03, 3.03164968e-04, 4.67498787e-02,
                 7.11476028e-01, 2.20089321e-04]], dtype=float32)
In [22]: model.predict(x_test[:3]).argmax(axis=1)
Out[22]: array([3, 4, 8], dtype=int64)
In [24]: y test[:3].argmax(axis=1)
Out[24]: array([3, 4, 1], dtype=int64)
In [25]: model.save('digits.h5')
In [26]: from keras.models import load model
         model1 = load model('digits.h5')
```