```
Chapter 4 - Practical Data Visualization
Segment 6- Creating Statistical Data Graphics
```

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd
    from pandas import Series, DataFrame

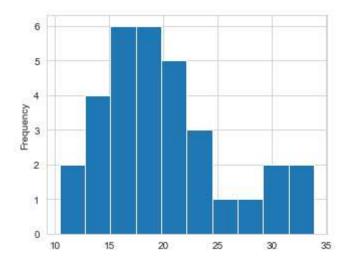
    from pandas.plotting import scatter_matrix
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from pylab import rcParams
```

```
In [2]: %matplotlib inline
rcParams['figure.figsize'] = 5, 4
```

```
In [3]: import seaborn as sb
sb.set_style('whitegrid')
```

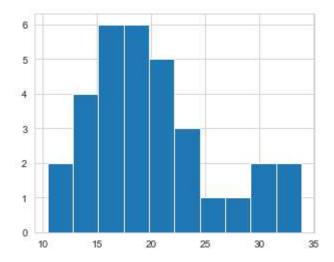
Eyeballing dataset distributions with histograms

Out[5]: <matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x24945fb7388>



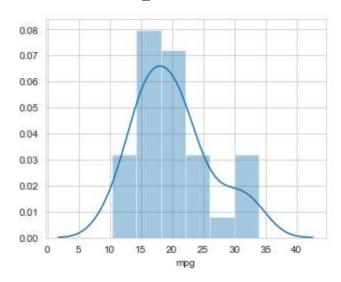
In [6]: plt.hist(mpg)
plt.plot()

## Out[6]: []



In [8]: sb.distplot(mpg)

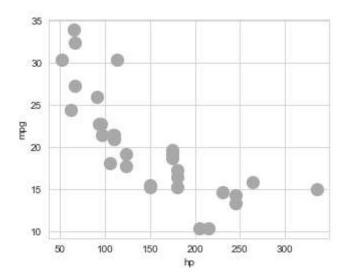
Out[8]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x24945f9adc8>



Seeing scatterplots in action

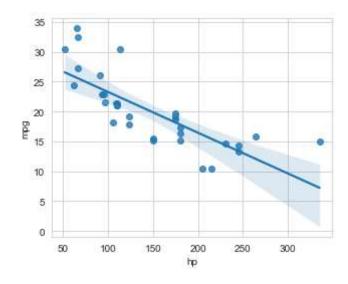
In [9]: cars.plot(kind='scatter', x='hp', y='mpg', c=['darkgray'], s=150)

Out[9]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x24944d3b588>



In [11]: | sb.regplot(x='hp', y='mpg', data=cars, scatter=True)

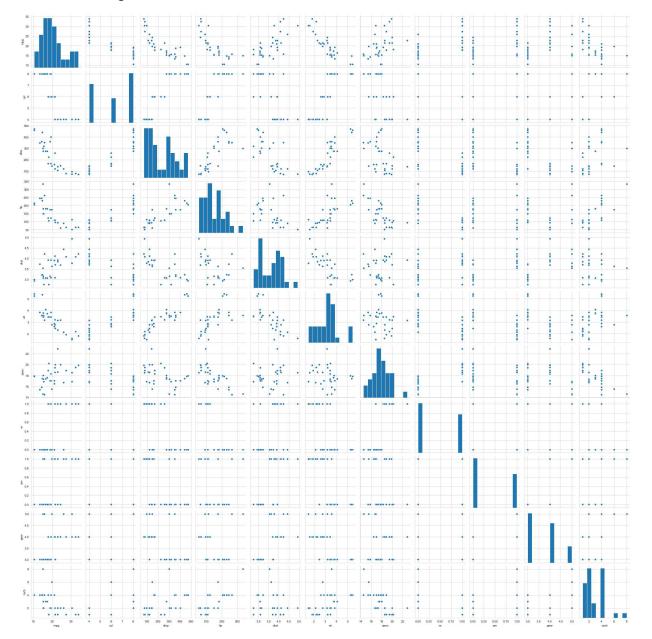
Out[11]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x24946986c48>



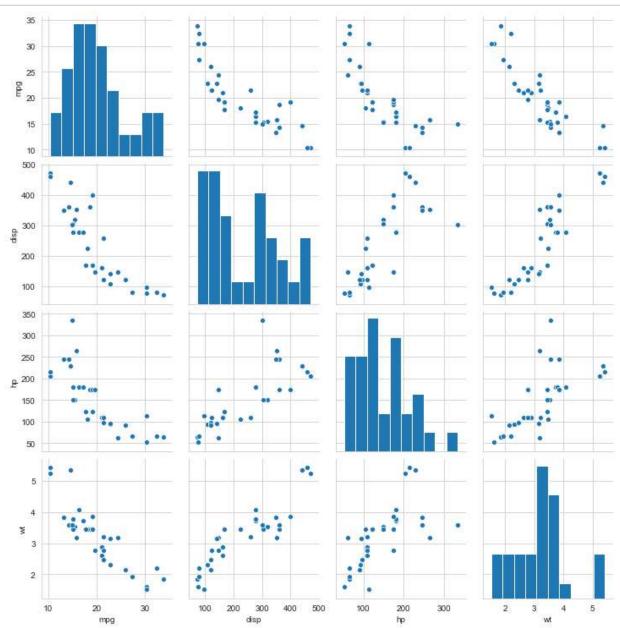
Generating a scatter plot matrix

In [12]: sb.pairplot(cars)

Out[12]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x24946a2b7c8>



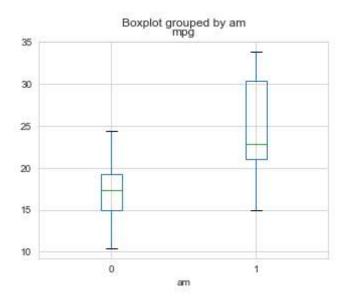
```
In [14]: cars_subset = cars[['mpg', 'disp', 'hp', 'wt']]
    sb.pairplot(cars_subset)
    plt.show()
```

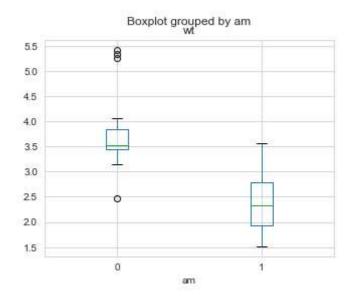


Building boxplots

```
In [16]: cars.boxplot(column='mpg', by='am')
    cars.boxplot(column='wt', by='am')
```

Out[16]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x2494dccdd88>





```
In [19]: sb.boxplot(x='am', y='mpg', data=cars, palette='hls')
```

Out[19]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x2494e1cb088>

