```
Chapter 5 - Dimensionality Reduction Methods
        Part 2 - Principal component analysis (PCA)
In [1]: import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import pylab as plt
        import seaborn as sb
        from IPython.display import Image
        from IPython.core.display import HTML
        from pylab import rcParams
        import sklearn
        from sklearn import datasets
In [3]: | from sklearn import decomposition
        from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
In [2]: %matplotlib inline
        rcParams['figure.figsize'] = 5, 4
        sb.set style('whitegrid')
        PCA ont the iris dataset
In [8]: | iris = datasets.load iris()
        x = iris.data
        variable names = iris.feature names
        x[0:10,]
Out[8]: array([[5.1, 3.5, 1.4, 0.2],
               [4.9, 3., 1.4, 0.2],
               [4.7, 3.2, 1.3, 0.2],
               [4.6, 3.1, 1.5, 0.2],
               [5., 3.6, 1.4, 0.2],
               [5.4, 3.9, 1.7, 0.4],
               [4.6, 3.4, 1.4, 0.3],
               [5., 3.4, 1.5, 0.2],
               [4.4, 2.9, 1.4, 0.2],
               [4.9, 3.1, 1.5, 0.1]
In [9]: pca = decomposition.PCA()
        iris_pca = pca.fit_transform(x)
        pca.explained variance ratio
Out[9]: array([0.92461872, 0.05306648, 0.01710261, 0.00521218])
```

In [10]: pca.explained_variance_ratio_.sum()

Out[10]: 1.0

In [11]: comps = pd.DataFrame(pca.components_, columns=variable_names)
 comps

Out[11]:

	sepal length (cm)	sepal width (cm)	petal length (cm)	petal width (cm)
0	0.361387	-0.084523	0.856671	0.358289
1	0.656589	0.730161	-0.173373	-0.075481
2	-0.582030	0.597911	0.076236	0.545831
3	-0.315487	0.319723	0.479839	-0.753657

In [12]: sb.heatmap(comps, cmap='Blues', annot=True)

Out[12]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1cebed4c5c8>

