

1. Suppose I have the following graph.

```
arc(m,p,8).  
arc(q,p,11).  
arc(q,m,5).  
arc(k,q,3).  
arc(d,k,2).  
arc(h,k,4).  
arc(a,d,3).  
arc(a,h,1).
```

- a. First load the file

```
?- ['graph.pl'].
```

- b. Then query

```
?- path(a,p,X).
```

- c. It will return

```
X = [[a, d, k, q, p], 19]
```

- d. Press ; It will query again to see if there is any more answer (i.e. some other paths that are also shortest). It will return

```
X = [[a, d, k, q, p], 19] ;
```

```
X = [[a, h, k, q, p], 19]
```

2. Resource used

https://www.csupomona.edu/~jrfisher/www/prolog_tutorial/2_12.html

<http://www.swi-prolog.org/>

3. An Aggie does not lie, cheat or steal or tolerate those who do.