Graph Convolutional Neural Networks

Liad Magen





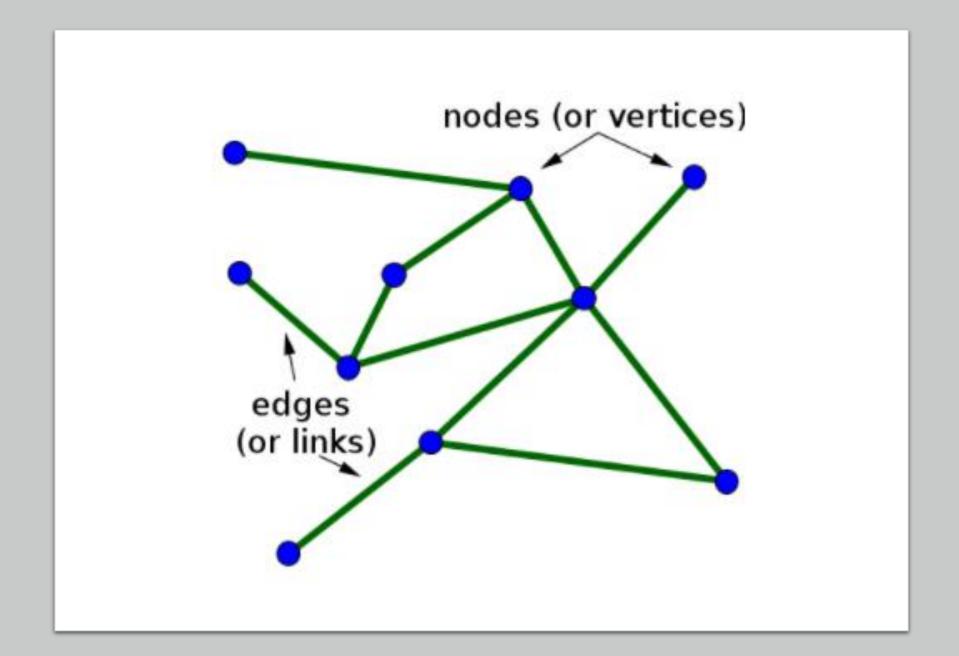
(a) Purchase receipt

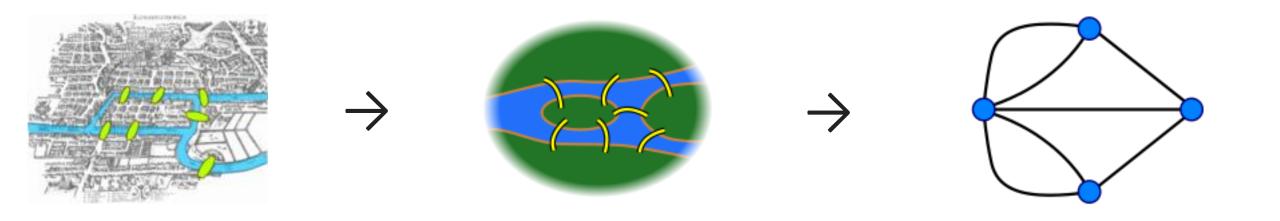
(b) Value-added tax invoice

Is it NLP or Computer Vision?

NER for visually rich documents

What are graphs?





Seven Bridges of Königsberg





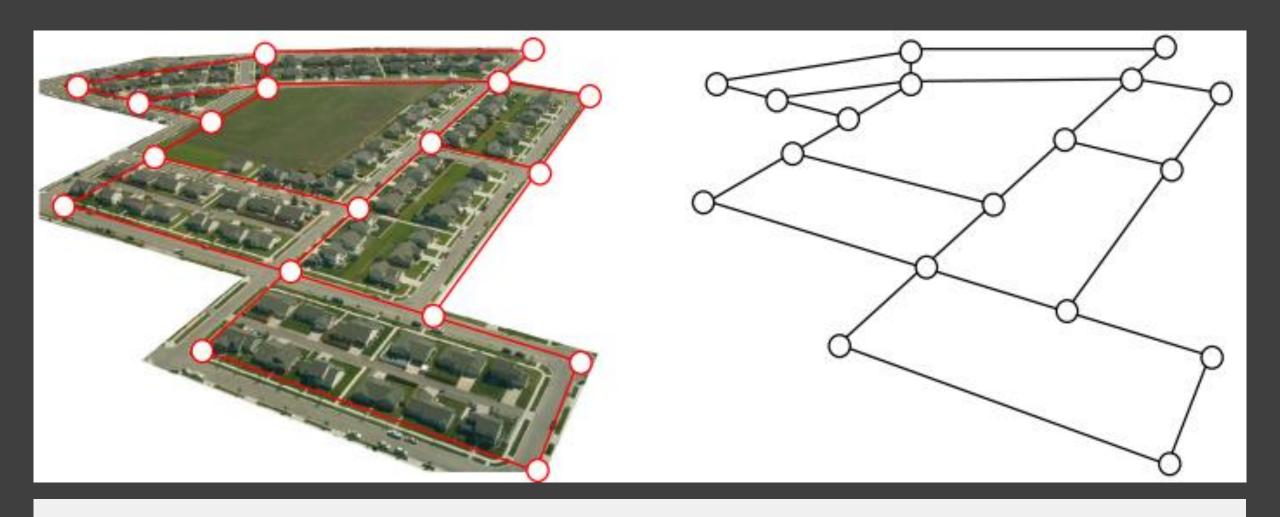




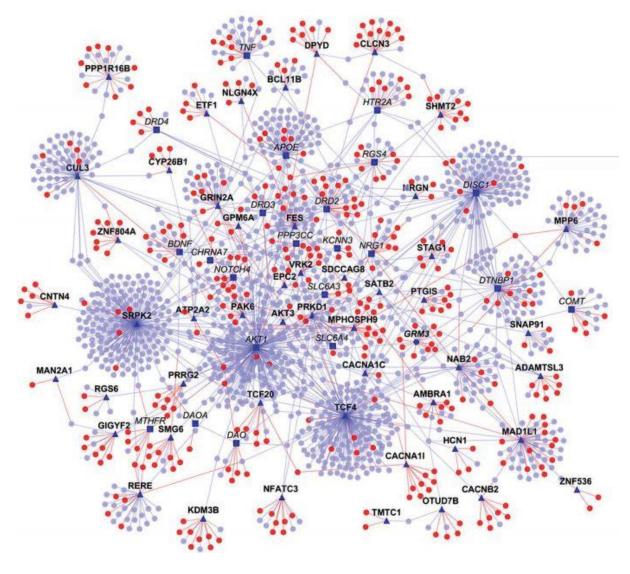




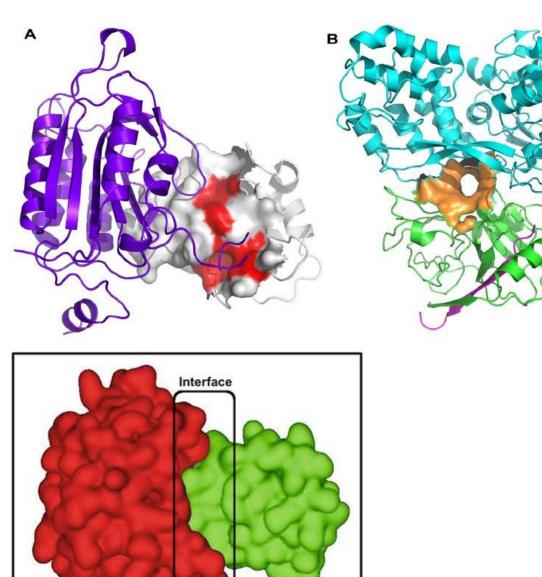
Can you connect the facilities to all 3 houses?



Location & Street representation



Protein-Protein interactions



Subunit 2

Subunit 1

subunit-subunit interaction

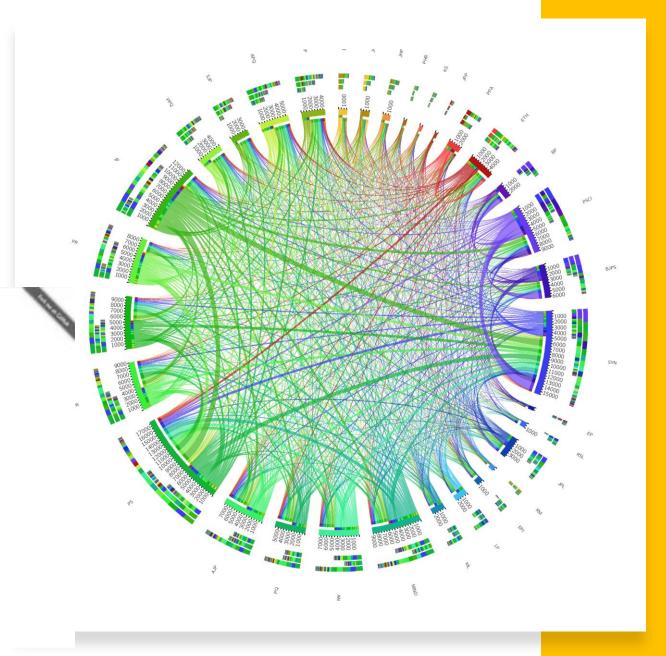
Paper citations as a graph

LyrnAI

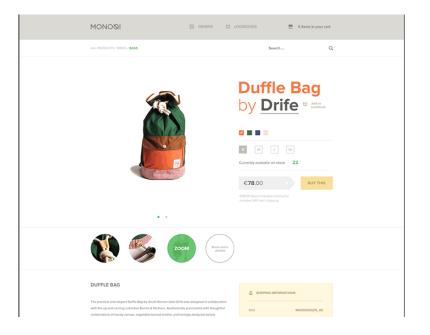
Search for an author, a paper name, or an arXiv ID... X

Explore ML papers by navigating through authors, references and obtations.

Click on a node to view its details and double click to expand it.



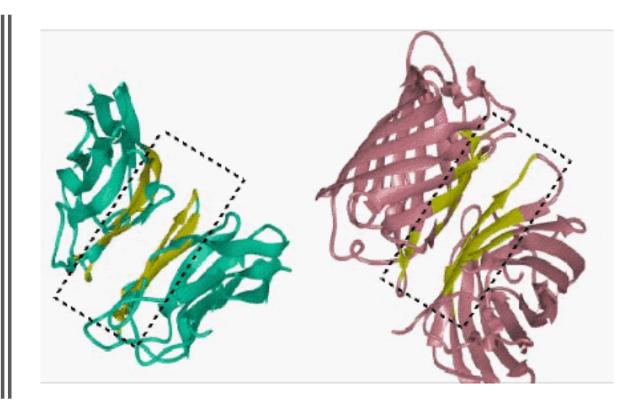




Visually Rich Data

Process other (non-Euclidean) formats of data





Google!

 $PR_i = rac{1-d}{n} + d \, \sum_{j=1}^n rac{PR_j}{c_j}$

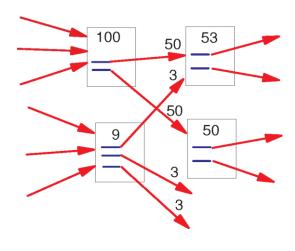
Search the web using Google!

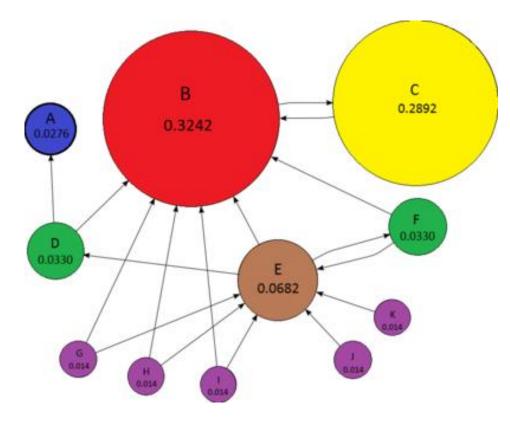
What is Google?

10 results Google Search I'm feeling lucky

Index contains ~25 million pages (soon to be much bigger)

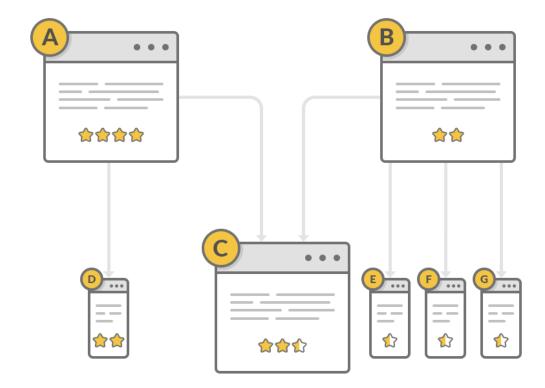
Google PageRank





How PageRank Works (A Simplified View)

PageRank is divided equally between the total number of links on a page.

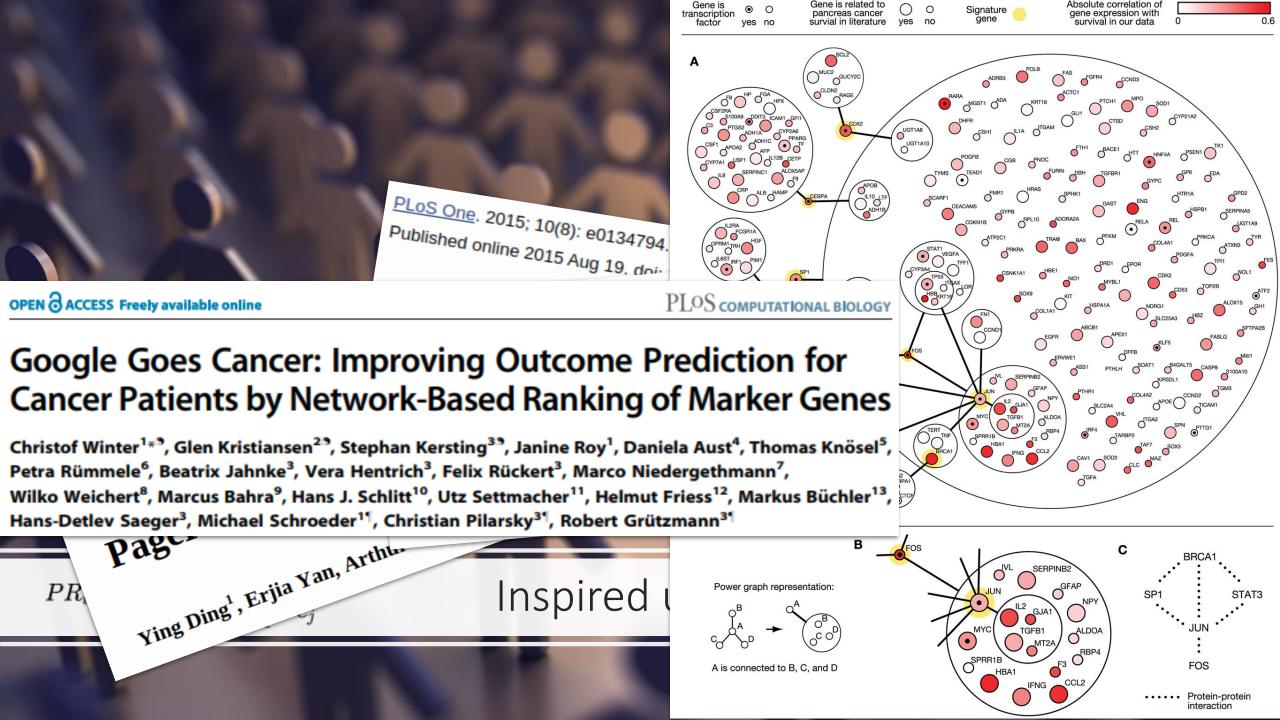


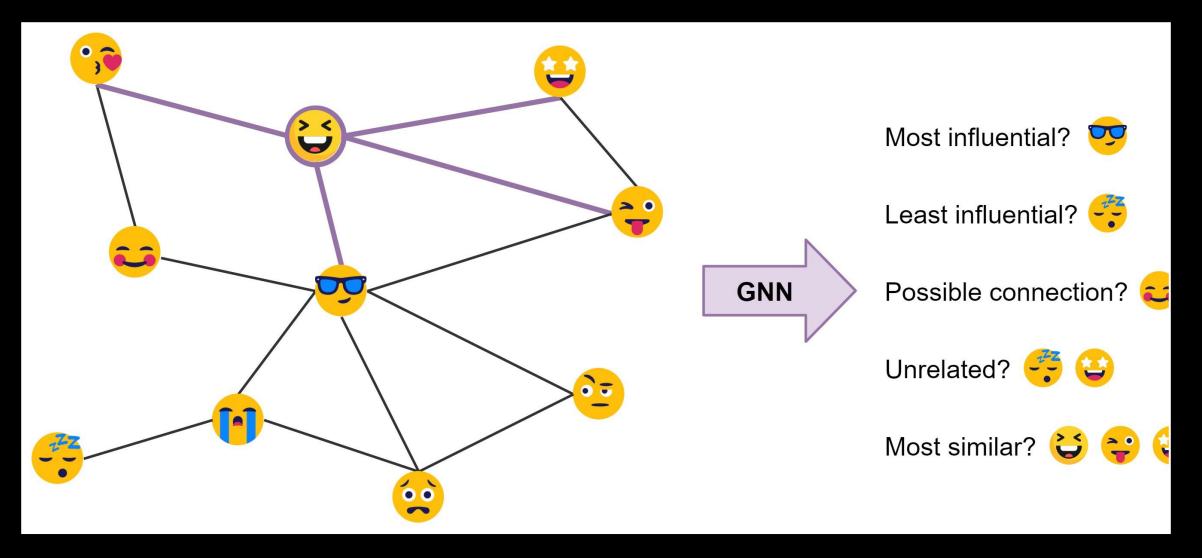
Source: https://ahrefs.com/blog/google-pagerank/



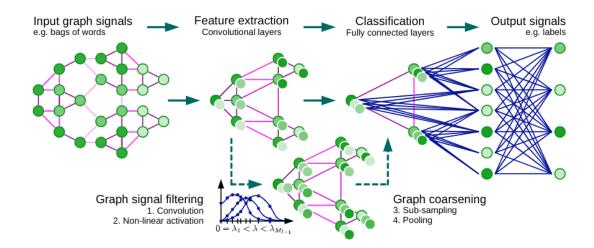
PageRank







2016



Convolutional Neural Networks on Graphs with Fast Localized Spectral Filtering

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Pierre Vandergheynst

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SEMI-SUPERVISED CLASSIFICATION WITH GRAPH CONVOLUTIONAL NETWORKS

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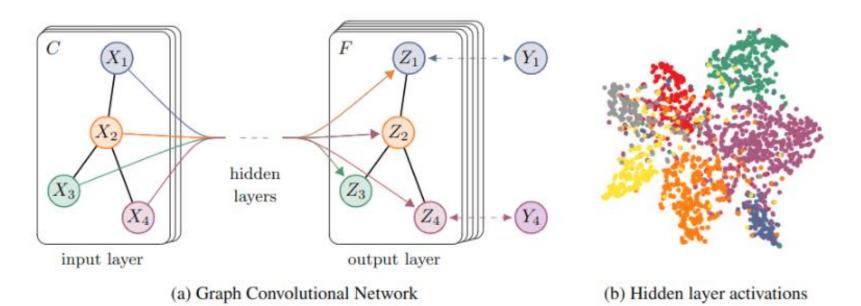
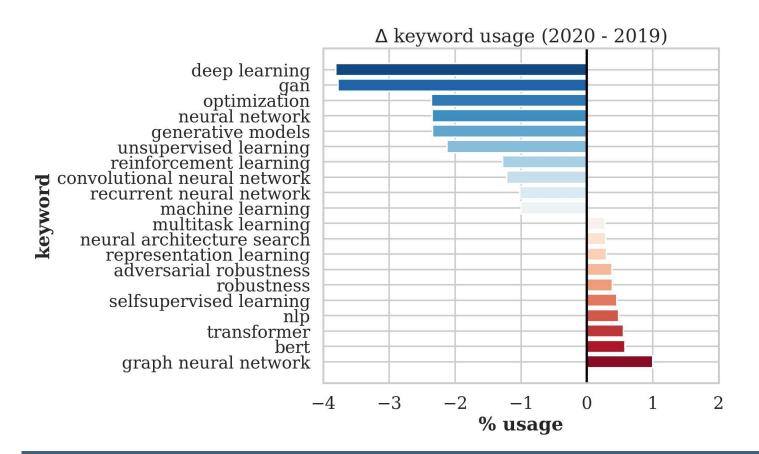


Figure 1: Left: Schematic depiction of multi-layer Graph Convolutional Network (GCN) for semi-



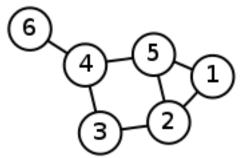
ICLR Submissions

Source: Twitter - @prlz77

Graph Neural Networks

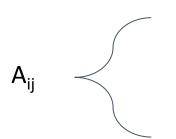
Graphs, Mathematically

- G = (Vetrices, Edges)
- V = {v1 ... vn)
- $E = \{(v_i, v_j), ...\}$



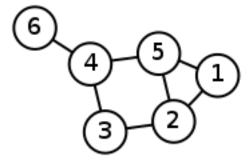
Graphs, Mathematically

Adjacency matrix



1 - if $\{v_i, v_j\} \in \mathbf{E} \&\& i!=j$

0 - Otherwise



$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Graph - algebraic representation

Laplacian matrix *

$$L = D-A$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 3 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Degree Adjacency Laplacian

^{*} For undirected graphs

```
mirror_object
peration == "MIRROR_X":
mirror_mod.use_x = True
mirror_mod.use_y = False
mirror_mod.use_z = False
 _operation == "MIRROR_Y"
lrror_mod.use_x = False
 lrror_mod.use_y = True
 lrror_mod.use_z = False
 _operation == "MIRROR_Z";
  rror_mod.use_x = False
 lrror_mod.use_y = False
 rror_mod.use_z = True
 election at the end -add
  ob.select= 1
  er ob.select=1
  ntext.scene.objects.action
  "Selected" + str(modifier
  irror ob.select = 0
  bpy.context.selected_obj
  mta.objects[one.name].sel
  pint("please select exactle
  -- OPERATOR CLASSES ----
```

GCN - Algorithm

GCN Layer:

 $Y = ReLU(A \cdot X \cdot W)$

...but with message passing

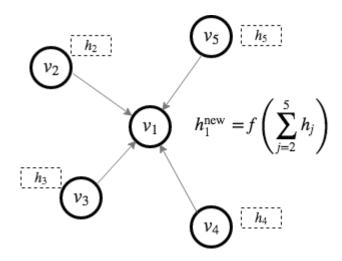
$$H^{(l+1)} = \sigma(\tilde{D}^{-\frac{1}{2}}\tilde{A}\tilde{D}^{-\frac{1}{2}}H^{(l)}W^{(l)})$$

GCN

Message Passing

For each node $\, \mathcal{U} \,$

- Aggregate neighbor nodes h_v into an intermediate representation \hat{h}_u
- Transform the aggregated representation \hat{h}_u with a linear projection followed by a non-linearity (ReLU) $h_u = f(W_u \hat{h}_u)$



Mathematically:

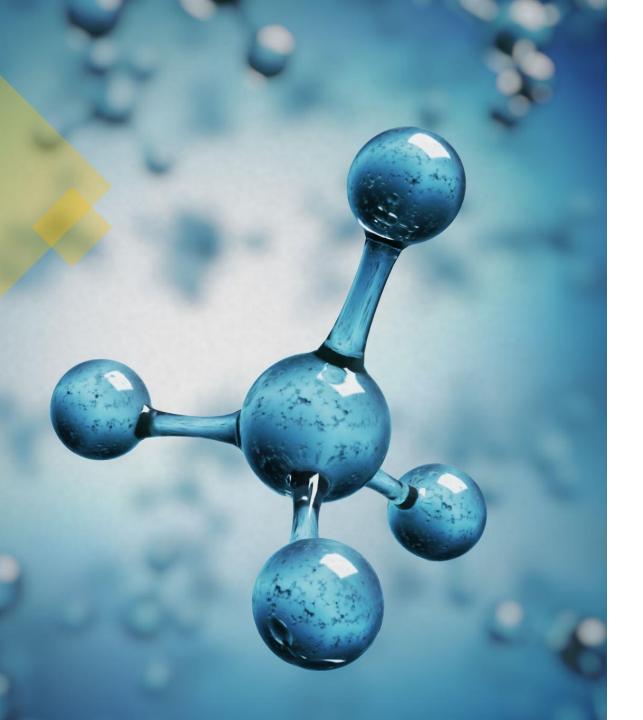
$$H^{(l+1)} = \sigma(\tilde{D}^{-\frac{1}{2}}\tilde{A}\tilde{D}^{-\frac{1}{2}}H^{(l)}W^{(l)})$$

H → Network Layer

W → Network Weights

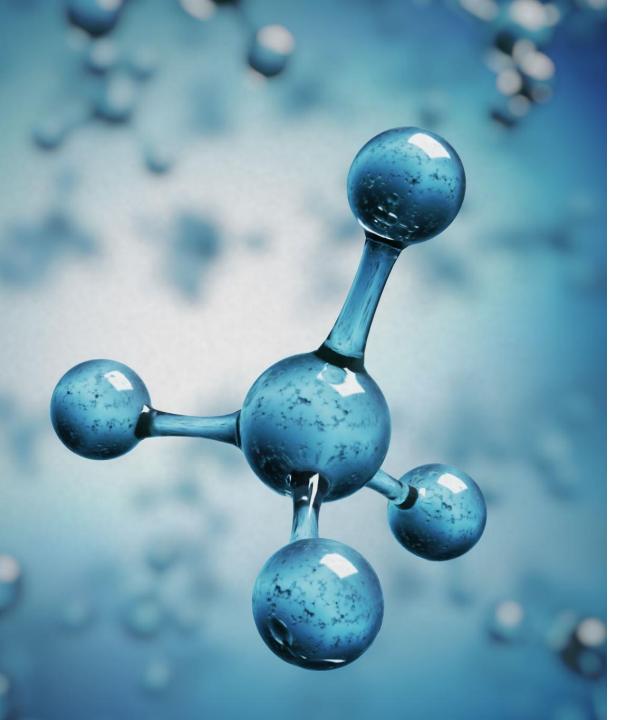
A → Adjacency Matrix

 $D \rightarrow Degree Matrix$



Model types

- Graph classification
 - Chemical properties of a molecule
 - Comparing user preferences / activities
- Node classification node label prediction
 - Malicious users in a social network
 - Visually inferred Named Entity Recognition (NER)
 - Node clustering
- Edge prediction
 - Recommendation system
 - Protein-protein interaction
 - "Friend" suggestion



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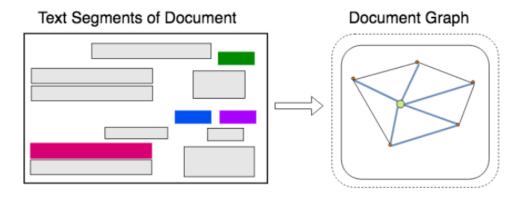
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NER for visually rich documents

Creating a graph out of a visually rich document

Graph processing

- Document Graph --> Node Vectors
- Concatenate with Token Embedding
- Classify
 - FFNN
 - BiLSTM +CRF
 - BERT



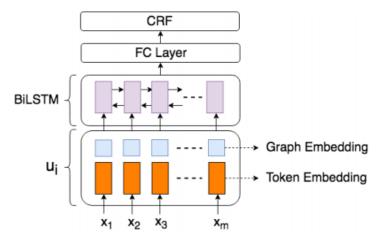


Figure 4: BiLSTM-CRF with graph embeddings.





Store and mutate Graphs

Graph algorithms:

- Shortest path Dijkstra
- TreeWidth
- Clustering
- centrality

Network analysis

Node / edge data

Visualization tools

DGL

DeepGraphLibrary

- Building blocks
- Great tutorials
- Generative graphs
- Great for research and complicated tasks



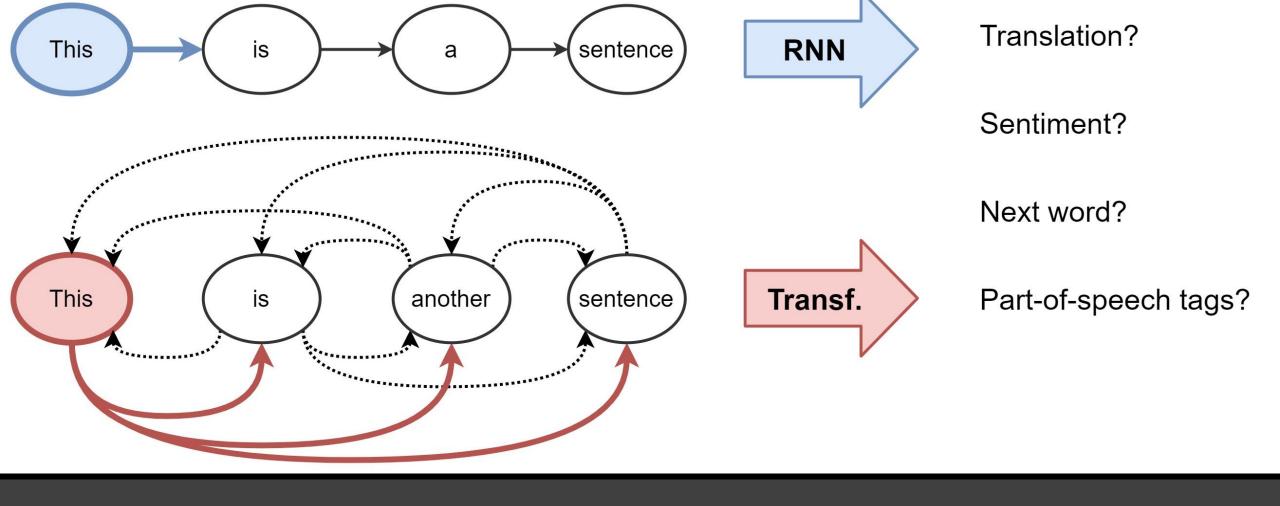


- An extension library for pyTorch
- Officially part of the pyTorch ecosystem
- Easily extensible
- Papers are implemented directly in it
- Looooooooooooong list of ready-to-use methods and algorithms:
 - TransformerConf (2020)
 - GCN2Conv (2020)
 - DeeperGCN (2020)
 - Top-K Pooling
 - PairNorm
- Now is called PYG
- https://pytorchgeometric.readthedocs.io/en/latest/

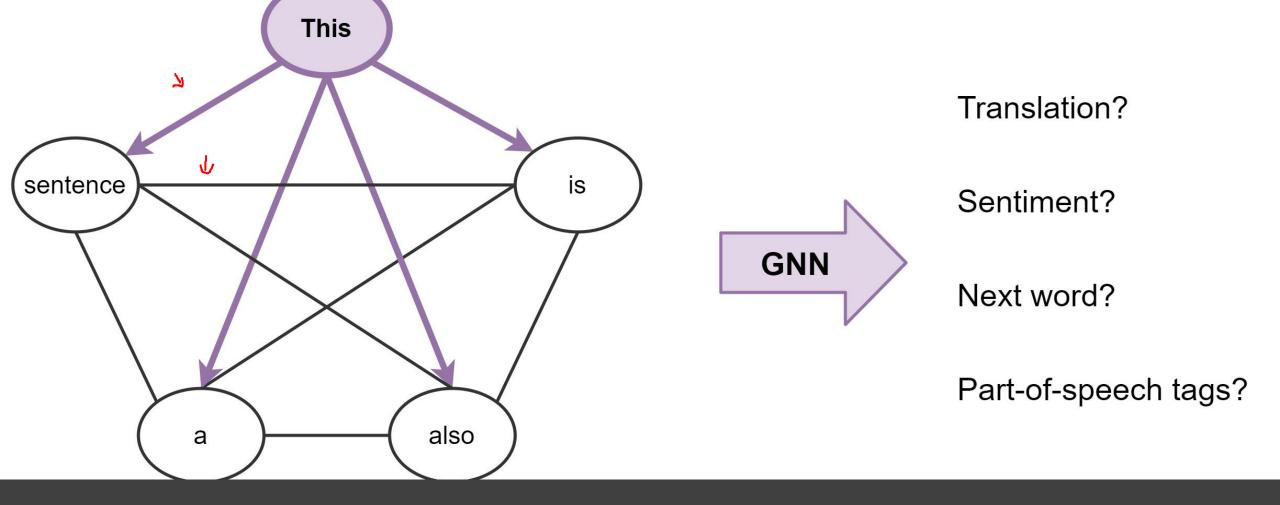


Model types

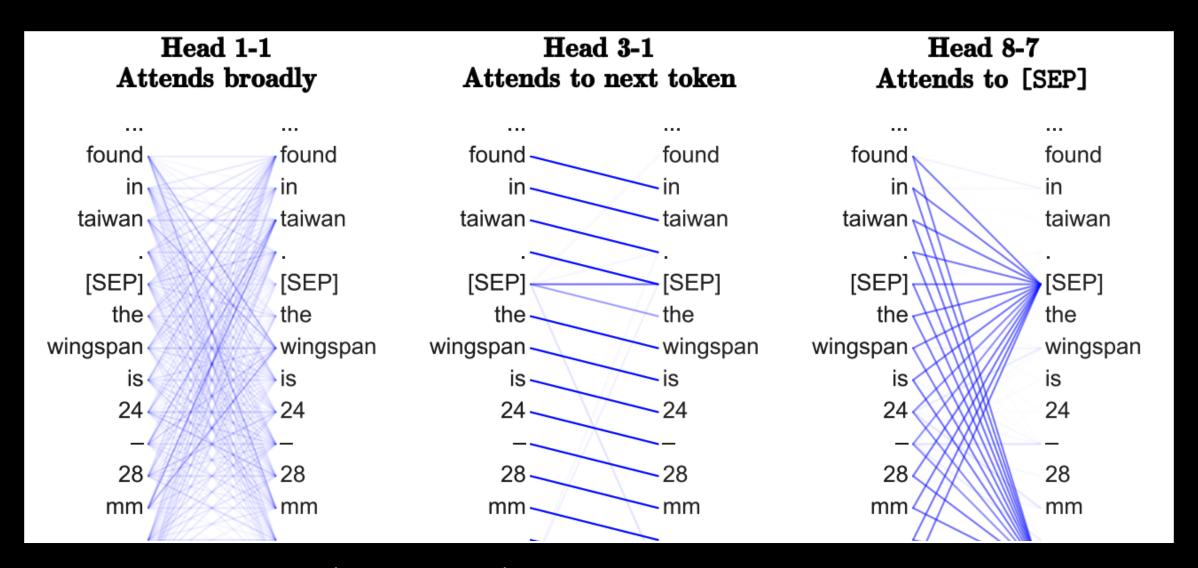
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Sentence as a graph



Sentence as a graph



BERT (Attention) is equivalent to deep GCN

https://graphdeeplearning.github.io/post/transformers-are-gnns/

Ongoing Topic

- LayoutLM v2
- HuggingFace
- Can use RoBERTa

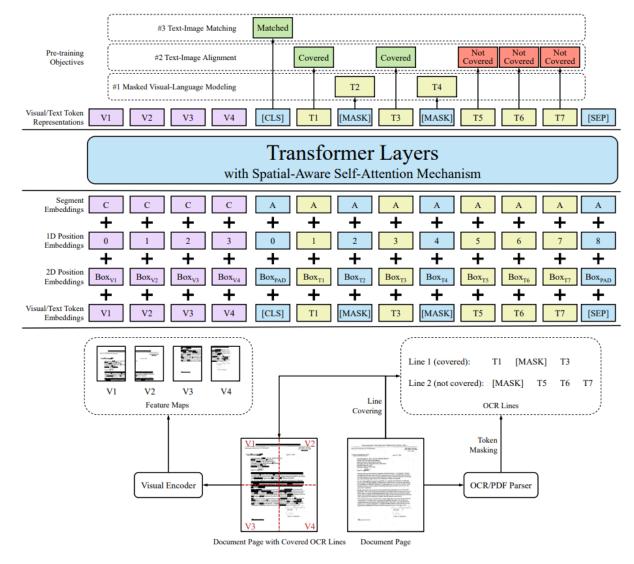


Figure 2: An illustration of the model architecture and pre-training strategies for LayoutLMv2