

## An abstract composition of various geometric shapes. In the top left, a green-outlined triangle points right. To its right is a solid blue circle. Below the triangle is a blue-outlined circle. In the center is a large orange semi-circle. To the right of the semi-circle is a vertical yellow dashed line. In the bottom left is a large solid orange circle. Above it are three short, curved yellow dashes. In the bottom right is a green-outlined square.

Link: [https://github.com/liam-nguyen/CECS-571/tree/master/project\\_3](https://github.com/liam-nguyen/CECS-571/tree/master/project_3)

## Previously

- We built a hospital ontology with 3 datasets
- All from data.gov
- All in 2018
- All in CSV

# Hospital General Information

- Description: a list of all hospitals that have been registered with Medicare including:
  - ID
  - Name
  - Contact Information (address, phone number, state, etc...)
  - Services
  - Type
  - Overall rating

# Medicare Hospital Spending by Claim Type

- The data presented on Hospital Compare provide price-standardized, non-risk-adjusted values for hospital spending by claim type.
  - Facility ID
  - Hospital average Medicare spending
  - State average Medicare spending
  - National average Medicare spending

# Timely and Effective Care

- Description: this data set includes provider-level data for measures of cataract surgery outcome, colonoscopy follow-up, heart attack care, emergency department care, preventive care, pregnancy and delivery care, and cancer care.
  - Facility ID
  - Score

# Semantic Data Retrieval

- Original decision (abandoned):
  - Spring Boot (backend)
  - React (frontend)
  - RDF4J formerly Sesame (SPARQL query)
- Instead, use Apache Fuseki for everything.

# Apache Jena Fuseki

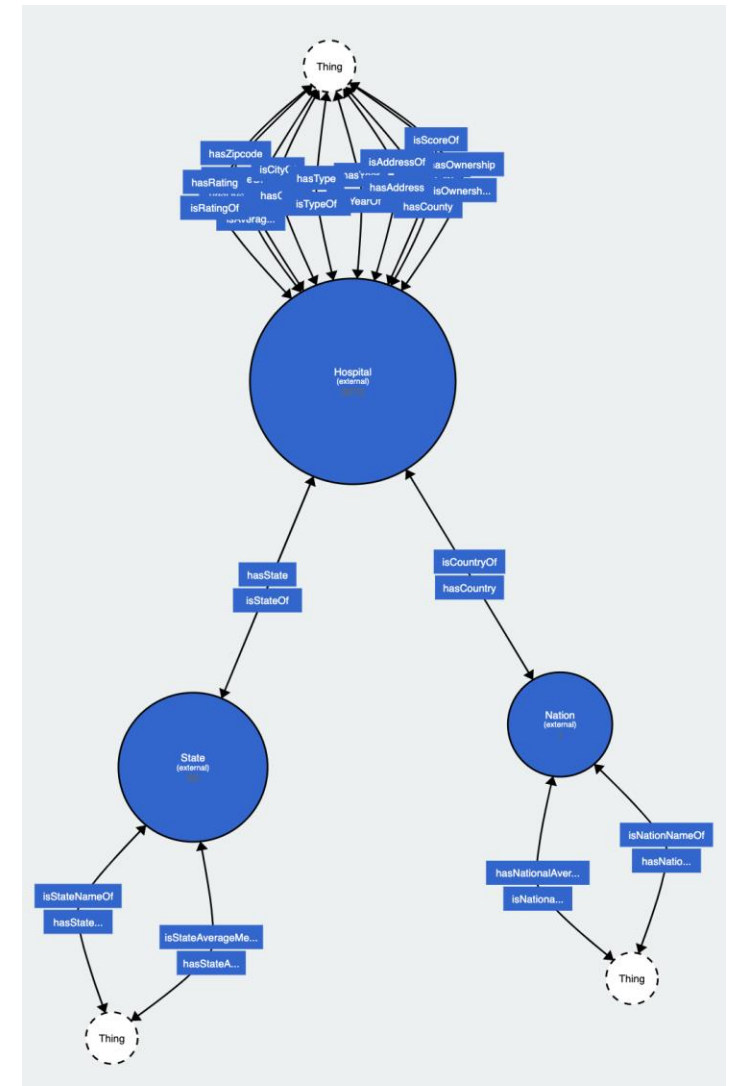
- It's a SPARQL server as a Java web application
- Provide SPARQL 1.1 protocol
- Simple to configure and launch
- Link: <https://jena.apache.org/documentation/fuseki2/>
- Just download and launch **fuseki-server** script.
- If you get permission denied (for mac/linux):  
**chmod +x fuseki-server**

# Our Ontology

## Class and Property Pair

	class	property	
1	ds:Hospital	ds:hasYear	Hospital
2	ds:Hospital	ds:hasZipcode	
3	ds:Hospital	ds:hasScore	
4	ds:Hospital	ds:hasFacilityID	
5	ds:Hospital	ds:hasHospitalAverageMedicareSpending	
6	ds:Hospital	ds:hasCity	
7	ds:Hospital	ds:hasType	
8	ds:Hospital	ds:hasState	
9	ds:Hospital	ds:hasRating	
10	ds:Hospital	ds:hasOwnership	
11	ds:Hospital	ds:hasCountry	
12	ds:Hospital	ds:hasPhoneNumber	
13	ds:Hospital	ds:hasFacilityName	
14	ds:Hospital	ds:hasCounty	
15	ds:Hospital	ds:hasEmergencyService	
16	ds:Hospital	ds:hasAddress	
17	ds:State	ds:hasStateName	State
18	ds:State	ds:hasStateAverageMedicareSpending	
19	ds:Nation	ds:hasNationalAverageSpending	Nation
20	ds:Nation	ds:hasNationName	

## Visualization





# Question 1

## - Suchitra

In 2018, which states have average Medicare spending above the national average?

```
1 PREFIX xsd: <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#>
2 PREFIX rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
3 PREFIX rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>
4 PREFIX owl: <http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>
5 PREFIX ds: <https://data.medicare.gov/d/nrth-mfg3#>
6
7 SELECT ?stateName ?averageMedicareSpending ?NationAverageMedicareSpending
8 WHERE
9   { ?state ds:hasStateName ?stateName ;
10          ds:hasStateAverageMedicareSpending ?averageMedicareSpending
11    { SELECT (AVG(?medicareSpending) AS ?NationAverageMedicareSpending)
12      WHERE
13        { ?state ds:hasStateAverageMedicareSpending ?medicareSpending
14          FILTER ( ?medicareSpending != 0 )
15        }
16      }
17    FILTER ( ?averageMedicareSpending > ?NationAverageMedicareSpending )
18  }
```

## Question 2

### - Loc

Which proprietary hospital provides emergency psychiatric services? (Loc)

```
1 PREFIX xsd: <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#>
2 PREFIX rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
3 PREFIX rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>
4 PREFIX owl: <http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>
5 PREFIX ds: <https://data.medicare.gov/d/nrth-mfg3#>
6
7 SELECT ?subject ?facility_name ?facility_address ?emergency_service ?service_type ?ownership
8 WHERE
9   { ?subject ds:hasFacilityName ?facility_name ;
10            ds:hasAddress ?facility_address ;
11            ds:hasEmergencyService "true" ;
12            ds:hasEmergencyService ?emergency_service ;
13            ds:hasType "Psychiatric" ;
14            ds:hasType ?service_type ;
15            ds:hasOwnership "Proprietary" ;
16            ds:hasOwnership ?ownership
17   }
```

# Question 3

## - Phuc

Given hospitals with higher spending than the national average, what's the percentage of those that have higher score than national average score?

```
1 PREFIX xsd: <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#>
2 PREFIX rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
3 PREFIX rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>
4 PREFIX owl: <http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>
5 PREFIX ds: <https://data.medicare.gov/d/nrth-mfg3#>
6
7 SELECT ?percentage_nation
8 WHERE
9   { { SELECT (COUNT(?_id) AS ?req_hospitals)
10     WHERE
11       { ?subject ds:hasFacilityID ?_id ;
12         ds:hasHospitalAverageMedicareSpending ?hospital_spending ;
13         ds:hasCountry ?country .
14         ?country ds:hasNationalAverageSpending ?nation_spending .
15         ?subject ds:hasScore ?score
16         { SELECT (round(AVG(?score)) AS ?avg)
17           WHERE
18             { ?hospital ds:hasScore ?score }
19           }
20         FILTER ( ( ?hospital_spending > ?nation_spending ) && ( ?score > ?avg ) )
21       }
22     }
23   { SELECT (COUNT(?id) AS ?total_hospital)
24     WHERE
25       { ?subject ds:hasFacilityID ?id ;
26         ds:hasHospitalAverageMedicareSpending ?hospital_spending ;
27         ds:hasCountry ?country .
28         ?country ds:hasNationalAverageSpending ?nation_spending
29         FILTER ( ?hospital_spending > ?nation_spending )
30       }
31     }
32   BIND(( ( ?req_hospitals / ?total_hospital ) * 100 ) AS ?percentage_nation)
33 }
```

## Question 4 - Varun

Which hospital has the best ratio of spending to score? (Varun)

```
1 PREFIX xsd: <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#>
2 PREFIX rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
3 PREFIX rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>
4 PREFIX owl: <http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>
5 PREFIX ds: <https://data.medicare.gov/d/nrth-mfg3#>
6
7 SELECT ?name ?score ?spending ?stateSpending (( ?spending / ?score ) AS ?ratio)
8 WHERE
9   { ?hospital ds:hasState ?state .
10     ?state ds:hasStateName ?stateName .
11     ?hospital ds:hasFacilityName ?name ;
12               ds:hasHospitalAverageMedicareSpending ?spending ;
13               ds:hasScore ?score .
14     ?state ds:hasStateAverageMedicareSpending ?stateSpending
15   }
16 ORDER BY DESC(?ratio)
17 LIMIT 1
```

# Question 5

## - Liam

What is the most efficient state?

- Most efficient state = state that has the highest percentage of efficient hospitals of all hospitals.
- Efficient hospital = hospital that has higher score than state's average score and lower spending than state's spending?

```
1 PREFIX rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>
2 PREFIX rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
3 PREFIX owl: <http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>
4 PREFIX xsd: <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#>
5 PREFIX ds: <https://data.medicare.gov/d/nrth-mfg3#>
6
7 SELECT ?stateName (ROUND(?efficient_count * 100 / ?total) AS ?percent) ?efficient_count ?total
8 WHERE {
9   {
10    # This is to find # efficient hospitals in each state
11    SELECT ?stateName (COUNT(?efficient) AS ?efficient_count)
12    WHERE {
13      ?efficient ds:hasHospitalAverageMedicareSpending ?hSpending.
14      ?efficient ds:hasScore ?hScore.
15      ?efficient ds:hasState ?state.
16      ?state ds:hasStateName ?stateName.
17      ?state ds:hasStateAverageMedicareSpending ?sSpending.
18
19      # This is to find out the state average score
20      {
21        SELECT (AVG(?innerScore) AS ?stateAvgScore)
22        WHERE {
23          ?hospital ds:hasState ?state.
24          ?state ds:hasStateName ?stateName.
25          ?hospital ds:hasScore ?innerScore.
26        }
27      }
28
29      # Filter out by comparison
30      FILTER(?hSpending < ?sSpending && ?hScore > ?stateAvgScore)
31    }
32    GROUP BY ?stateName
33  }
34
35  # This block is to find the total # hospitals in each state
36  {
37    SELECT ?stateName (COUNT(?hospital) AS ?total)
38    WHERE {
```

# Technical Difficulties

- Protégé unable to load ontology due to large file size or plugins --> **Apache Fuseki**
- What to do with differences in number of hospitals between dataset?
  - Reason to keep all: answer more questions
  - Reason to filter out: simpler SPARQL query (don't have to filter out values in aggregate query)