## Homework 4 (Due Friday, December 7, 2018)

Please turn in solutions to any 3 of the following 5 problems.

**Problem 1.** Let E and F be two Banach spaces, and let  $T \in \mathcal{L}(E, F)$ . Prove that Im(T) is closed if and only if there exists a constant C > 0 such that

$$dist(x, Ker(T)) \le C||Tx||, \quad \forall x \in E.$$

**Problem 2.** Prove that if H is a Hilbert space and B is a Banach space, then the space  $\mathcal{L}_c(B, H)$  of compact operators  $B \to H$  is the closure of the set of operators in  $\mathcal{L}(B, H)$  which are of finite rank. Here we recall that the rank of an operator  $T \in \mathcal{L}(B, H)$  is the dimension of the range of T.

**Problem 3.** Let B be a complex Banach space,  $B \neq \{0\}$ , and let  $T \in \mathcal{L}(B, B)$ . Prove the following:

- (i) There exists a non-empty compact set  $\operatorname{Spec}(T) \subset \mathbb{C}$ , called the spectrum of T, such that the resolvent  $R(z) := (T zI)^{-1} \in \mathcal{L}(B, B)$  exists if and only if  $z \notin \operatorname{Spec}(P)$ .
- (ii) The resolvent R(z) is holomorphic in the complement of  $\operatorname{Spec}(T)$ , with the various equivalent definitions of holomorphy in Problem 6, Homework 3.
- (iii) We have  $|z| \leq ||T||$  when  $z \in \operatorname{Spec}(T)$ .

**Problem 4.** Let  $E = L^p(0,1)$  with  $1 \le p < \infty$ . Given  $u \in E$ , set

$$Tu(x) = \int_0^x u(t)dt.$$

- (i) Prove that  $T: E \to E$  is compact.
- (ii) Compute the eigenvalues of T and the spectrum of T.
- (iii) Give an explicit formula for  $(T \lambda I)^{-1}$  when  $\lambda \notin \operatorname{Spec}(T)$ .

**Problem 5.** Let X, Y and Z be three Banach spaces with norms  $\|\cdot\|_X$ ,  $\|\cdot\|_Y$ , and  $\|\cdot\|_Z$ . Assume that  $X \subset Y$  with compact injection and that  $Y \subset Z$  with continuous injection. Prove that for any  $\varepsilon > 0$  there exists  $C_{\varepsilon} \geq 0$  such that

$$||u||_Y \le \varepsilon ||u||_X + C_\varepsilon ||u||_Z$$

for all  $u \in X$ .

Application: Prove that for any  $\varepsilon > 0$  there exists  $C_{\varepsilon} \geq 0$  such that

$$\max_{[0,1]} |u| \le \varepsilon \max_{[0,1]} |u'| + C_{\varepsilon} ||u||_{L^1}, \quad u \in C^1([0,1]).$$