Secret Sharing

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What is Secret Sharing?

 Eleven scientists are working on a secret project. They wish to lock up the documents in a cabinet so that the cabinet can be opened if and only if six or more of the scientists are present.
 What is the smallest number of locks needed? What is the smallest number of keys to the locks each scientist must carry?¹

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- $\binom{11}{6} = 462$ locks and $\binom{10}{5} = 252$ keys.



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What is Secret Sharing?

The goal of secret sharing is dividing a secret S into n pieces, called *shares*, so that no fewer than $k \le n$ shares are sufficient for reassembling S. This is called a (k, n)-threshold scheme.

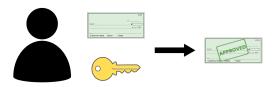
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"Threshold schemes are ideally suited to applications in which a group of mutually suspicious individuals with conflicting interests must cooperate." – Adi Shamir

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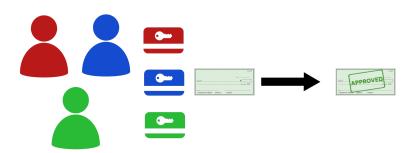
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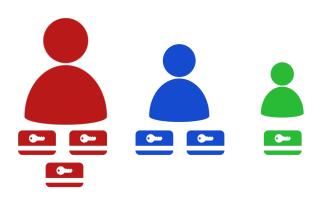
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- Choose random elements $a_1, \ldots, a_{k-1} \in \mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$. Set

$$p(x) = S + a_1x + \cdots + a_{k-1}x^{k-1}.$$

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• Issue to person i, $1 \le i \le n$, the share $D_i = (i, p(i))$.

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$$S + a_1 \cdot 1 + \cdots + a_{k-1}(1)^{k-1} = p(1)$$

 $S + a_2 \cdot 2 + \cdots + a_{k-1}(2)^{k-1} = p(2)$
 \vdots
 $S + a_1 \cdot m + \cdots + a_{k-1}(m)^{k-1} = p(m)$

 Linear algebra tells us we get a solution if and only if we have at least k equations (shares)

Downside to Shamir's Scheme

Each share is an element of $\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$, just like the secret. n shares means n times the storage.

Information Dispersal - Rabin (1989)³

• Split a file F into n pieces so that any $k \le n$ pieces can reconstruct F

pp. 335-348



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- Not perfectly secret

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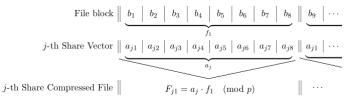
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- If we're given 8 shares we get this matrix equation

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• With 8 shares, this matrix is invertible and we can recover the first block. The same matrix recovers all blocks

• Let's set up a (k, n)-threshold scheme

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Advances in Cryptology CRYPTO 93. CRYPTO 1993. Lecture Notes in
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- Encrypt S with some secure cipher using key K,
 E = Enc(S, K)

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- Use Shamir's secret sharing to split K into n pieces, each with size |K|

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