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## **233B** - Final

March 22, 2019

**5.6.12** Let X be a prevariety over an algebraically closed field k, and let  $P \in X$  be a (closed) point of X. Let  $D = \operatorname{Spec} k[x]/(x^2)$  be the "double point". Show that the tangent space  $T_{X,P}$  to X at P can be canonically identified with the set of morphisms  $D \to X$  that map the unique point of P.

- **5.6.13** Let X be an affine variety, let Y be a closed subscheme of X defined by the ideal  $I \subset A(X)$ , and let  $\tilde{X}$  be the blow-up of X at I. Show that:
  - (i)  $\tilde{X} = \operatorname{Proj}(\bigoplus_{d>0} I^{(d)})$ , where  $I^{(0)} := A(X)$ .
  - (ii) The projection map  $\tilde{X} \to X$  is the morphism induced by the ring homomorphism  $I^{(0)} \to \bigoplus_{d \geq 0} I^{(d)}$ .
- (iii) The exceptional divisor of the blow-up, i.e. the fiber  $Y \times_X \tilde{X}$  of the blow-up  $\tilde{X} \to X$  over Y, is isomorphic to  $\text{Proj}(\bigoplus_{d>0} I^{(d)}/I^{(d+1)}$ .

- **6.7.3** Let  $X \subset \mathbb{P}^n$  scheme with Hilbert polynomial  $\chi$ . Define the arithmetic genus of X to be  $g(X) = (-1)^{\dim X} \cdot (\chi(0) 1)$ .
  - (i) Show that  $g(\mathbb{P}^n) = 0$ .
- (ii) If X is a hypersurface of degree d in  $\mathbb{P}^n$ , show that  $g(X) = \binom{d-1}{n}$ . In particular, if  $C \subset \mathbb{P}^2$  is a plane curve of degree d, then  $g(C) = \frac{1}{2}(d-1)(d-2)$ .
- (iii) Compute the arithmetic genus of the union of the three coordinate axes

$$Z(x_1x_2, x_1x_3, x_2x_3) \subset \mathbb{P}^3.$$

**6.7.8** Let  $C_1 = \{f_1 = 0\}$  and  $C_2 = \{f_2 = 0\}$  be affine curves in  $\mathbb{A}^2_k$ , and let  $P \in C_1 \cap C_2$  be a point. Show that the intersection multiplicity of  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  at P (i.e. the length of the component at P of the intersection scheme  $C_1 \cap C_2$ ) is equal to the dimension of the vector space  $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{A}^2,P}/(f_1,f_2)$  over k. **7.8.8** What is the line bundle on  $\mathbb{P}^n \times \mathbb{P}^m$  leading to the Segre embedding  $\mathbb{P}^n \times \mathbb{P}^m \to \mathbb{P}^N$  by the correspondence of ... What is the line bundle leading to the degree-d Veronese embedding  $\mathbb{P}^n \to \mathbb{P}^N$ ? **7.8.10** Let X be a smooth projective curve, and let  $P \in X$  be a point. Show that there is a rational function on X that is regular everywhere except at P.