Algebra Qualifying Exam - Fall 2018

- 1. Let G be a group of size 42.
 - (a) Prove that G has a subgroup H of order 6 and any two such subgroups are conjugate in G.
 - (b) Deduce that $G = H \ltimes N$, where N is a normal subgroup of order 7.
- 2. Let p be a prime. Show that for any Sylow p-subgroup $H \subset GL_n(\mathbb{F}_p)$ there exists a basis in the vector space $V = \mathbb{F}_p^n$ such that H consists of \mathbb{F}_p -linear maps given, in that basis, by an upper-triangular matrix with 1 on the diagonal.
- 3. For a group G, let $G_1 = G$ and let $G_{n+1} := [G, G_n]$. We say that G is nilpotent if $G_N = 1$ for some N. Prove that if G is a p-group, i.e. $|G| = p^r$ for some prime p, then G is nilpotent.
- 4. Let $R \subset \mathbb{Q}$ be the subring in the field of rational numbers, given by the fractions $\frac{a}{b}$ with $a \in \mathbb{Z}$ and $b = 2^k 3^l$ with $k, l \ge 0$. Describe the ideals of R. Is R a PID?
- 5. Let $S = \{a + bi : a, b \in \mathbb{Z}\} \subset \mathbb{C}$ be the ring of Gaussian integers.
 - (a) Show that S is a Euclidean domain.
 - (b) Find a decomposition of $a = 11 \in S$ into a product of irreducibles in S.
 - (c) Find a decomposition of $b = 13 \in S$ into a product of irreducibles in S.
- 6. Let V be a nonzero finite-dimensional vector space over the complex numbers.
 - (a) If S and T are commuting linear operators on V, prove that each eigenspace of S is mapped into itself by T.
 - (b) Let A_1, \ldots, A_k be finitely many linear operators on V that commute pairwise. Prove that they have a common eigenvector in V.
 - (c) If V has dimension n, show that there exists a nested sequence of subspaces

$$0 = V_0 \subset V_1 \subset \cdots \subset V_n = V,$$

where each V_j has dimension j and is mapped into itself by each of the operators A_1, \ldots, A_k .

7. Let A be an $n \times n$ matrix with complex coefficients and assume that every eigenvalue λ of A satisfies $Im(\lambda) > 0$. Consider the $(2n) \times (2n)$ matrix

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} A & 0 \\ 0 & \overline{A} \end{bmatrix}.$$

Find the invariant factors of B in terms of invariant factors of A and prove that B is similar to a real-valued matrix.

8. Find the Galois group of $x^6 - 2$ over \mathbb{Q} and over \mathbb{F}_5 .

9. Let K/F be a finite Galois algebraic extension with no proper intermediate fields. Prove that [K:F] is prime.

10. Let Q denote the quaternion group, i.e.

$$Q=\{\pm 1,\pm i,\pm j,\pm k\}$$

with
$$i^2 = j^2 = k^2 = ijk = -1, -1 \in Z(Q)$$
 and $(-1)^2 = 1$.

- (a) Classify the conjugacy classes of Q.
- (b) Construct the character table of Q.