## Math 180B - Diophantine Approximation

1. Show that if d is divisible by a prime congruent to 3 mod 4 then  $x^2 - dy^2 = -1$  has no solutions in integers.

2. Prove that there exist irrational numbers  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  such that  $\alpha^{\beta}$  is rational.

3. Recall that the Farey sequence of order n,  $\mathbf{F}_n$ , is the sequence of reduced fractions  $0 \le \frac{a}{b} \le 1$  arranged in increasing order. Prove that the number of terms in  $\mathbf{F}_n$  is  $1 + \sum_{j=1}^n \phi(j)$  and that their sum is exactly half this value. Using this, come up with a recursive formula for  $|\mathbf{F}_n|$ .

4. Consider the Farey sequence

$$\mathbf{F}_n = \left(\frac{a_1}{b_1}, \frac{a_2}{b_2}, \dots, \frac{a_k}{b_k}\right),\,$$

where  $b_1 = 1$  and  $b_k = 1$ . Prove that

$$\sum_{j=1}^{k-1} \frac{1}{b_j b_{j+1}} = 1.$$