REAL ANALYSIS MATH 205/H140, HW#3

Chapter 2, exercises 24, 26, 31, 34, and the following problems:

Problem 1.

Show that $\frac{1}{4}$ belongs to the standard Cantor set $C_{1/3}$.

Problem 2.

Let $f:[0,1] \to [0,1]$ be the Cantor function. Set g(x) = f(x) + x, $g:[0,1] \to [0,2]$. What is the total length of the images (under the map g) of all the intervals in the complement to the standard Cantor set?

Problem 3.

Denote by $C_{1/4}$ the set of points in [0,1] that can be represented in base 4 as

$$0.a_1a_2a_3\ldots, a_i \in \{0,3\},\$$

i.e. without using the digits 1 and 2. Show that $C_{1/4} + C_{1/4}$ does not contain any interval.

Problem 4.

Denote by $C_{1/3}^{\,t}$ the shift of the standard Cantor set to the right by t>0, i.e.

$$C_{1/3}^t = \{x + t \mid x \in C_{1/3}\}.$$

Prove that for any $t \in [0, 1]$ we have

$$C_{1/3} \cap C_{1/3}^t \neq \emptyset.$$

Problem 5.

Prove that the interval [0,1] has a subset that is non-empty, closed, perfect, and contains only irrational points.