

## Math 130B - Joint Random Variables

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1. Two fair dice are rolled. Find the joint probability mass function of  $X$  and  $Y$  when

- (a)  $X$  is the value on the first die and  $Y$  is the larger of the two values.
- (b)  $X$  is the smallest and  $Y$  is the largest value obtained on the dice.

2. The joint density of  $X, Y$  is given by

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} 3x & \text{if } 0 \leq y \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}.$$

- (a) Find the marginal densities  $f_X$  and  $f_Y$ .
- (b) Compute  $Cov(X, Y)$ .

3. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be independent random variables taking values in the positive integers having the same distribution given by

$$\Pr[X = n] = \Pr[Y = n] = 2^{-n}$$

for all  $n \geq 1$ . Find  $\Pr[X \text{ divides } Y]$ .

4. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be independent continuous random variables with densities  $f_X$  and  $f_Y$ , respectively. Express the density of  $XY$  in terms of the densities of  $X$  and  $Y$ .

5. Suppose that  $n$  points are independently chosen at random on the circumference of a circle, and we want the probability that they all lie in a semicircle. That is, we want the probability that there is a line passing through the center of the circle such that all the points are on the same side of that line.

Let  $P_1, \dots, P_n$  be the  $n$  points. Let  $A^{(n)}$  denote the event that all the points are contained in some semicircle, and let  $A_i^{(n)}$  be the event that all the points lie in the semicircle beginning at the point  $P_i$  and going clockwise  $180^\circ$  for  $i = 1, \dots, n$ .

- (a) Express  $A^{(n)}$  in terms of the  $A_i^{(n)}$ .
- (b) Find  $\Pr[A^{(n)}]$  and describe what happens to this as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ .