

Lab 2

Members: Fangwen Liao (3439869) | Yijin Wang (3476217) | Moritz Pfeffer (3261671)

Exercise 1

(a) Use only the `ps` command to list all processes (including UID) with parent process ID (PPID) 1.

I consult the man page of `ps` and find the `--ppid` switch.

`--ppid pidlist`

Select by parent process ID. This selects the processes with a parent process ID in pidlist.

To include the UID I use the `u` option, and to print it numerically I use the `n` modifier. Both are documented in the man pages of `ps`.

`u` Display user-oriented format.

`n` Numeric output for WCHAN and USER (including all types of UID and GID).

```
moritzpfeffer@debian:~$ ps --ppid 1 nu
  USER   PID %CPU %MEM    VSZ   RSS TTY      STAT START   TIME COMMAND
    0    212   0.0   0.1  11776   6712 ?        Ss   14:45   0:01
/lib/systemd/systemd-journald
    0    241   0.0   0.0  21868   1528 ?        Ss   14:45   0:00 /sbin/lvmtool -f
    0    242   0.0   0.1  16240   4100 ?        Ss   14:45   0:00
/lib/systemd/systemd-udevd
   115    431   0.0   0.0   6252   3116 ?        Ss   14:45   0:00 avahi-daemon:
running [debian.local]
    0    432   0.0   0.0   6612   1940 ?        Ss   14:45   0:00
/usr/sbin/irqbalance --foreground
    0    433   0.0   0.1   7456   4716 ?        Ss   14:45   0:00
/lib/systemd/systemd-logind
   108    436   0.0   0.1   7244   4648 ?        Ss   14:45   0:02 /usr/bin/dbus-
daemon --system --address=systemd: --nofork --nopidfile --systemd-activation
   113    461   0.0   0.0  24104   3044 ?        SsSl 14:45   0:00
/usr/lib/rtkit/rtkit-daemon
    0    462   0.0   0.4 101864  15860 ?        SsSl 14:45   0:00
/usr/sbin/NetworkManager --no-daemon
    0    465   0.0   0.1  39360   6424 ?        SsSl 14:45   0:00
/usr/lib/accountsservice/accounts-daemon
    0    466   0.0   0.0  23528   2996 ?        SsSl 14:45   0:00
/usr/sbin/rsyslogd -n
    0    468   0.0   0.2  51904   8392 ?        SsSl 14:45   0:00
/usr/sbin/ModemManager
    0    486   0.0   0.2  39616   8200 ?        SsSl 14:45   0:00
/usr/lib/policykit-1/polkitd --no-debug
    0    539   0.0   0.1  10496   5160 ?        Ss   14:45   0:00 /usr/sbin/sshd -D
    0    710   0.0   0.2  49556   7568 ?        SsSl 14:45   0:00 /usr/sbin/gdm3
    0    717   0.0   0.0   31868   2988 ?        Sl   14:45   0:03
/usr/sbin/VBoxService --pidfile /var/run/vboxadd-service.sh
   118    733   0.0   0.1   9552   6092 ?        Ss   14:45   0:00
```

```

/lib/systemd/systemd --user
    0 741 0.0 0.0 2100 52 ? Ss 14:45 0:00
/usr/sbin/minissdpd -i 0.0.0.0
    0 1003 0.0 0.2 51332 7736 ? Ssl 14:45 0:00
/usr/lib/upower/upowerd
   105 1014 0.0 0.0 11572 3244 ? Ss 14:45 0:00 /usr/sbin/exim4 -
bd -q30m
    0 1051 0.0 0.1 10796 4472 ? Ss 14:45 0:00
/sbin/wpa_supplicant -u -s -O /run/wpa_supplicant
    0 1052 0.0 0.3 64484 13244 ? Ssl 14:45 0:00
/usr/lib/packagekit/packagekitd
   116 1075 0.0 0.3 46728 13368 ? Ssl 14:45 0:00
/usr/lib/colord/colord
   1000 1095 0.0 0.1 9552 6152 ? Ss 14:45 0:00
/lib/systemd/systemd --user
   1000 1102 0.0 0.1 39280 4848 ? Sl 14:45 0:00 /usr/bin/gnome-
keyring-daemon --daemonize --login
   1000 1168 0.0 0.0 15808 308 ? S 14:45 0:00
/usr/bin/VBoxClient --clipboard
   1000 1179 0.0 0.0 15808 308 ? S 14:45 0:00
/usr/bin/VBoxClient --seamless
   1000 1186 0.0 0.0 15808 308 ? S 14:45 0:00
/usr/bin/VBoxClient --draganddrop
   1000 1194 0.0 0.0 15808 308 ? S 14:45 0:00
/usr/bin/VBoxClient --vmsvga
   1000 1257 0.5 0.3 888652 11828 ? S<l 14:45 1:04
/usr/bin/pulseaudio --start --log-target=syslog
   1000 1368 0.0 0.2 71848 10472 tty2 Sl+ 14:45 0:00 /usr/lib/gnome-
settings-daemon/gsd-printer
   1000 1378 0.0 0.0 15808 1368 ? S 14:45 0:01
/usr/bin/VBoxClient --vmsvga
    0 6174 0.0 0.0 5256 2864 ? Ss 15:38 0:00 /usr/sbin/cron -f
    0 11456 0.0 0.2 55620 7480 ? Ssl 17:19 0:00
/usr/lib/udisks2/udisksd --no-debug
    0 11994 0.0 0.1 14656 7172 ? Ss 17:24 0:00 /usr/sbin/cupsd -
1

```

(b) Filter the list of processes using `grep` (or `awk`) such that only processes no kernel threads, e.g. [`kworker`]]) running as username `root` remain.

I consult the man page of `ps` and find the `--user` switch.

```
--user userlist
```

Select by effective user ID (EUID) or name. Identical to `-u` and `U`.

Like in (a) I use `nu` and pipe the output into `grep`.

Here I filter out lines with closing brackets using the `-v` switch.

These correspond to kernel threads for the following reason:

A post on [stackexchange](#) tells me that `ps` prints the command in brackets when the process args are unavailable. Another page indicates that "these will be kernel threads implementing helper functions, specific subsystems, work queues, etc."

```

moritzpfeffer@debian:~$ ps --user root nu | grep -v ]
  USER    PID %CPU %MEM    VSZ   RSS TTY      STAT START   TIME COMMAND
    0        1  0.0  0.1  28308  6552 ?        Ss   14:45   0:01 /sbin/init
    0      212  0.0  0.1  11776  6712 ?        Ss   14:45   0:01
/lib/systemd/systemd-journald
    0      241  0.0  0.0  21868  1528 ?        Ss   14:45   0:00 /sbin/lvmtool -f
    0      242  0.0  0.1  16240  4100 ?        Ss   14:45   0:00
/lib/systemd/systemd-udev
    0      432  0.0  0.0   6612  1940 ?        Ss   14:45   0:00
/usr/sbin/irqbalance --foreground
    0      433  0.0  0.1   7456  4716 ?        Ss   14:45   0:00
/lib/systemd/systemd-logind
    0      462  0.0  0.4 101864 15860 ?        Ssl  14:45   0:00
/usr/sbin/NetworkManager --no-daemon
    0      465  0.0  0.1  39360  6424 ?        Ssl  14:45   0:00
/usr/lib/AccountsService/accounts-daemon
    0      466  0.0  0.0  23528  2996 ?        Ssl  14:45   0:00
/usr/sbin/rsyslogd -n
    0      468  0.0  0.2  51904  8392 ?        Ssl  14:45   0:00
/usr/sbin/ModemManager
    0      486  0.0  0.2  39616  8200 ?        Ssl  14:45   0:00
/usr/lib/policykit-1/polkitd --no-debug
    0      539  0.0  0.1  10496  5160 ?        Ss   14:45   0:00 /usr/sbin/sshd -D
    0      710  0.0  0.2  49556  7568 ?        Ssl  14:45   0:00 /usr/sbin/gdm3
    0      717  0.0  0.0   31868  2988 ?        Sl   14:45   0:03
/usr/sbin/VBoxService --pidfile /var/run/vboxadd-service.sh
    0      741  0.0  0.0   2100    52 ?        Ss   14:45   0:00
/usr/sbin/minissdpd -i 0.0.0.0
    0     1003  0.0  0.2  51332  7736 ?        Ssl  14:45   0:00
/usr/lib/upower/upowerd
    0     1051  0.0  0.1  10796  4472 ?        Ss   14:45   0:00
/sbin/wpa_supplicant -u -s -O /run/wpa_supplicant
    0     1052  0.0  0.3  64484 13244 ?        Ssl  14:45   0:00
/usr/lib/packagekit/packagekitd
    0     6174  0.0  0.0   5256  2864 ?        Ss   15:38   0:00 /usr/sbin/cron -f
    0    10735  0.0  0.1   8124  3744 ?        S    17:19   0:00 /sbin/dhclient -d
-q -sf /usr/lib/NetworkManager/nm-dhcp-helper -pf /var/run/dhclient-enp0s3.pid -lf
/var/lib/NetworkManager/dhclient-2b5ae656-5993-4431-82a4-da96c10b4d7e-enp0s3.lease
-cf /var/lib/NetworkManager/dhclient-enp0s3.conf enp0s3
    0    11456  0.0  0.2  55620  7480 ?        Ssl  17:19   0:00
/usr/lib/udisks2/udisksd --no-debug
    0    11994  0.0  0.1  14656  7172 ?        Ss   17:24   0:00 /usr/sbin/cupsd -
1

```

Then i verify that this really yields the expected number of processes.

```

moritzpfeffer@debian:~$ ps --user root nu | grep -v ] | wc -l
23

```

23 - 1 (header line) = 22. This matches the number indicated in the exercise description of (c).

Thus, my command appears to be correct.

(c) For each of the remaining (~22) processes, provide a 2-3 sentences describing the functionality of each process (Hint: use *man* / *Arch*)

Program Name	Description
/sbin/init	This is the first running process with PID 1. On our system it links to /lib/systemd/systemd. It is responsible for bringing up services, running init scripts, mounting filesystems. Systemd was created by Lennart Poettering and replaces the SystemV init as discussed in exercise 1. (<i>man</i> + <i>Arch</i>)
/lib/systemd/systemd-journald	systemd-journald is a part of systemd and a service that aggregates logging message from various sources e.g. kernel logs. Logging messages are classified by their source and priority. (<i>man</i> + <i>Arch</i>)
/sbin/lvmtool	lvmtool serves as cache for LVM metadata. LVM stands for logical volume manager and is a storage abstraction layer. (<i>man</i>)
/lib/systemd/systemd-udev	Wikipedia says that udev stands for "userspace /dev" and that it is a device manager. The kernel emits a uevent for example when a usb device is plugged in. Systemd-udev itself runs in userspace but listens to these events. Then it creates or removes corresponding entries in /dev [1]
/usr/sbin/irqbalance	irqbalance distributes "interrupts accross processors on a multiprocessor system". It allows the user to customize the handling of interrupts by providing a policy script targeted at a specific IRQ. (<i>man</i>)
/lib/systemd/systemd-logind	systemd-logind is a service that handles user authentication. According to <i>man</i> , this includes "keeping track of users and sessions", session management and "device access management for users".
/usr/sbin/NetworkManager	NetworkManager is a service with the goal of simplyfying networking. It can manage multiple connection e.g. (Wifi + 3G) at once. Also it has the default policy to connect to networks whenever available. (<i>man</i>)
/usr/lib/accountsservice/accounts-daemon	The accounts-daemon resides in the /usr/lib/accountsservice directory which shows that it is part of the AccountsService by freedesktop . It exposes a "D-Bus interface for querying and manipulating user account information" (<i>man</i>). Apparently, this makes for a more convenient API as developers don't have to fork of programs such as adduser [2] .
/usr/sbin/rsyslogd	It provides support for message logging while avoiding auto-backgrounding.

Program Name	Description
/usr/sbin/ModemManager	provides a unified high level API for communicating with mobile broadband modems, regardless of the protocol used to communicate with the actual device (Generic AT, vendor-specific AT, QCDM, QMI, MBIM...).
/usr/lib/policykit-1/polkitd	polkitd provides the org.freedesktop.PolicyKit1 D-Bus service on the system message bus. Users or administrators should never need to start this daemon as it will be automatically started by dbus-daemon(1) whenever an application calls into the service.
/usr/sbin/sshd	Provides secure encrypted communications between two untrusted hosts over an insecure network. When this option is specified, sshd will not detach and does not become a daemon. This allows easy monitoring of sshd.
/usr/sbin/gdm3	gdm3 reads /etc/gdm3/custom.conf for its configuration. For each local display, gdm starts an X server and runs a minimal GNOME session including a graphical greeter. If configured so, the main gdm process also listens for XDMCP requests from remote displays.
/usr/sbin/VBoxService	Enables interoperability between host and the VM such as copy paste, shared folders etc. Also writes the process ID of the service to a file in /var/run/vboxadd-service.sh.
/usr/sbin/minissdpd	It listens for SSDP traffic and keeps track of what are the UPnP devices up on the network while the name or IP address of the interface used to listen to SSDP packets coming on multicast address 0.0.0.0.
/usr/lib/upower/upowerd	
/sbin/wpa_supplicant	
/usr/lib/packagekit/packagekitd	
/usr/sbin/cron	
/sbin/dhclient	
/usr/lib/udisks2/udisksd	
/usr/sbin/cupsd	

```

/usr/sbin/rsyslogd -n
> It provides support for message logging while avoiding auto-backgrounding.
/usr/sbin/ModemManager
> provides a unified high level API for communicating with mobile broadband
modems, regardless of the protocol used to communicate with the actual device
(Generic AT, vendor-specific AT, QCDM, QMI, MBIM...).
/usr/lib/policykit-1/polkitd --no-debug
> polkitd provides the org.freedesktop.PolicyKit1 D-Bus service on the system

```

message bus. Users or administrators should never need to start this daemon as it will be automatically started by dbus-daemon(1) whenever an application calls into the service.

```
/usr/sbin/sshd -D
```

> provide secure encrypted communications between two untrusted hosts over an insecure network. When this option is specified, sshd will not detach and does not become a daemon. This allows easy monitoring of sshd.

```
/usr/sbin/gdm3
```

> gdm3 reads /etc/gdm3/custom.conf for its configuration. For each local display, gdm starts an X server and runs a minimal GNOME session including a graphical greeter. If configured so, the main gdm process also listens for XDMCP requests from remote displays.

```
/usr/sbin/VBoxService --pidfile /var/run/vboxadd-service.sh
```

> Write the process ID to a file in /var/run/vboxadd-service.sh.

```
/usr/sbin/minissdpd -i 0.0.0.0
```

> It listens for SSDP traffic and keeps track of what are the UPnP devices up on the network while the name or IP address of the interface used to listen to SSDP packets coming on multicast address 0.0.0.0.

Exercise 2

(a) Run the binary and show the process tree using pstree and the parent PID. While the fork file is excuting, switch to another tty:

```
fangwenliao@debian:~/Downloads/OS_Lab2/fork$ make
gcc -w -Werror -o fork fork.c
fangwenliao@debian:~/Downloads/OS_Lab2/fork$ ./fork
```

```
Main process PID: 1845
```

```
Child PID: 1848
```

```
Child PID: 1847
```

```
Child PID: 1846
```

```
Child PID: 1850
```

```
Child PID: 1849
```

```
Child PID: 1851
```

```
Child PID: 1852
```

```
Press ENTER key to Continue
```

```
Process 1847 ended
```

```
Process 1846 ended
```

```
Process 1848 ended
```

```
Process 1852 ended
```

```
Process 1850 ended
```

```
Process 1851 ended
```

```
Process 1849 ended
```

Process 1845 ended

Meanwhile switch to another TTY, and run:

```
fangwenliao@debian:~$ pstree -p 1845
fork(1845)─fork(1846)─fork(1849)─fork(1852)
          │          │          │
          │          └─fork(1851)
          └─fork(1847)─fork(1850)
              └─fork(1848)
```

(b) Explain the number of running processes based on the source code in *fork.c*. According to man page of `fork`, the `fork()` copies the calling process in a separate memory space and the child process has the same content. In the source code there are 3 `fork()` calls. When process 1845 fork for the first time, it creates 1846, at this point both 1845 and 1846 will run the second fork. In the second fork, 1845 and 1846 create correspondly 1849 and 1847, after that 1845, 1846, 1847 1849 are prepared for the third fork. Finally 1852, 1851, 1850 1848 are forked.

(c) Do these processes share memory or other resources? Why (not)? According to man page of `fork`, they are in different memory space, however `fork()` in Linux use copy-to-write technique, they actually share the same physical memory, because they didn't write anything.

Exercise 3

(a) Implement an application in C that uses (1) a `clone()` system call to create a process, (2) a `clone()` system call to create a thread, and (3) a `fork()` (in that specific order)

```
#include <stdio.h>           // printf()
#include <unistd.h>          // sleep(), getpid(), getppid()
#include <signal.h>          // SIGCHLD flag
#include <linux/sched.h>     // CLONE flags
#include <stdlib.h>          // malloc

void printids()
{
    printf("TGID: %d\n", getpid()); // Print the TGID of the current process
    printf("PPID: %d\n", getppid()); // Print the PPID of the current process
}

int main(void)
{
    printf("[Parent Process]\n");
    printids(); // IDs of the main process
    printf("[Clone Process]\n");
    void *child_stack;
    child_stack = (void *)malloc(8192);
    clone(&printids, child_stack + 8192, CLONE_CHILD_CLEARTID | CLONE_CHILD_SETTID
| SIGCHLD);
    wait();
    free(child_stack);
    printf("[Clone Thread]\n");
    void *child_stack2;
    child_stack2 = (void *)malloc(8192);
    clone(&printids, child_stack2 + 8192, CLONE_VM | CLONE_FS | CLONE_FILES |
CLONE_SIGHAND | CLONE_THREAD, 0);
    sleep(1);
    if (fork() == 0) {
        printf("[Fork Process]\n");
        printids();
    }
    wait();
    free(child_stack2);
}
```

(b) For each of the created processes and threads, print and clearly show the TGID and PPID.

```
moritzpfeffer@debian:~$ ./a.out
[Parent Process]
TGID: 16846
PPID: 16073
[Clone Process]
```



```
TGID: 16847
PPID: 16846
[Clone Thread]
TGID: 16846
PPID: 16073
[Fork Process]
TGID: 16850
PPID: 16846
```

(c) Explain why each of the TGIDs and PPIDs have the values as shown.

Lets look at all PPIDs first.

We have [Parent Process].PID = [Parent Process].TGID = [Clone Process].PPID = [Fork Process].PPID.

That is because [Parent Process] spawns the other two processes and is their parent.

Also [Parent Process].PPID = [Clone Thread].PPID because both have the same parent which is the shell.

Now lets look at TGIDs.

[Parent Process], [Clone Process] and [Fork Process] each have their own TGID which also serves as their PID because they are distinct processes.

Only [Parent Process].TGID = [Clone Thread].TGID because both run in the same process.

Exercise 4

(a) Implement the `list_processes` function such that it outputs (prints) a list of all processes including the executable name, process ID, and thread group ID.

```
#include <linux/module.h>
#include <linux/kernel.h>
#include <linux/init.h>
#include <linux/sched.h>

#define M_AUTHOR "Moritz Pfeffer <st152880@stud.uni-stuttgart.de>"
#define M_DESC "Process Module"

void list_processes(struct task_struct *task) // task_struct is defined in
<linux/sched.h>
{
    printk(KERN_INFO "name\tpid\ttgid");
    for_each_process(task)
    { // for_each_process is a helper method defined in <linux/sched.h>
        // TODO Implement: for each task print the executable name, PID, and TGID
        printk(KERN_INFO "%s\t%d\t%d", task->comm, task->pid, task->tgid);
    }
}

int init(void)
{
    printk(KERN_INFO "pm: init(void)\n");

    printk(KERN_INFO "pm: Module author = %s\n", M_AUTHOR);
    printk(KERN_INFO "pm: Module description = %s\n", M_DESC);
}
```

```

    list_processes(&init_task);

    return 0;
}

void exit(void)
{
    printk(KERN_INFO "pm: exit(void)\n");
}

module_init(init); // Define module entry point
module_exit(exit); // Define module exit point

MODULE_LICENSE("GPL");
MODULE_AUTHOR(M_AUTHOR);
MODULE_DESCRIPTION(M_DESC);

```

(b) Show the output of the kern.log related to your module.

```

Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503447] pm: init(void)
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503448] pm: Module author = Moritz Pfeffer
<st152880@stud.uni-stuttgart.de>
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503448] pm: Module description = Process
Module
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503448] name pid tgid
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503449] systemd 1 1
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503450] kthreadd 2 2
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503450] ksoftirqd/0 3 3
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503451] kworker/0:0H 5 5
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503451] rcu_sched 7 7
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503452] rcu_bh 8 8
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503452] migration/0 9 9
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503453] lru-add-drain 10 10
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503453] watchdog/0 11 11
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503454] cpuhp/0 12 12
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503454] cpuhp/1 13 13
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503455] watchdog/1 14 14
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503455] migration/1 15 15
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503456] ksoftirqd/1 16 16
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503456] kworker/1:0H 18 18
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503457] kdevtmpfs 19 19
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503457] netns 20 20
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503458] khungtaskd 21 21
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503458] oom_reaper 22 22
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503459] writeback 23 23
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503459] kcompactd0 24 24
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503460] ksmd 26 26
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503461] khugepaged 27 27
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503461] crypto 28 28
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503462] kintegrityd 29 29
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503462] bioset 30 30

```

```

Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503463] kblockd    31  31
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503463] devfreq_wq   32  32
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503464] watchdogd  33  33
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503464] kswapd0    34  34
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503465] vmstat     35  35
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503466] kthrotld   47  47
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503466] ipv6_addrconf 48  48
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503466] ata_sff    85  85
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503467] scsi_eh_0  87  87
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503467] scsi_tmf_0  89  89
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503468] scsi_eh_1  91  91
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503468] scsi_tmf_1  92  92
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503469] bioset     109 109
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503469] kworker/1:1H 112 112
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503504] scsi_eh_2  114 114
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503505] scsi_tmf_2  115 115
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503506] scsi_eh_3  116 116
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503506] scsi_tmf_3  117 117
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503506] scsi_eh_4  118 118
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503507] scsi_tmf_4  119 119
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503507] scsi_eh_5  120 120
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503508] scsi_tmf_5  121 121
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503508] scsi_eh_6  122 122
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503508] scsi_tmf_6  123 123
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503509] scsi_eh_7  124 124
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503509] scsi_tmf_7  125 125
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503510] scsi_eh_8  126 126
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503510] scsi_tmf_8  127 127
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503511] scsi_eh_9  128 128
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503511] scsi_tmf_9  129 129
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503511] scsi_eh_10 130 130
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503512] scsi_tmf_10 131 131
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503512] scsi_eh_11 132 132
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503513] scsi_tmf_11 133 133
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503513] scsi_eh_12 134 134
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503514] scsi_tmf_12 135 135
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503514] scsi_eh_13 136 136
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503515] scsi_tmf_13 137 137
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503515] scsi_eh_14 138 138
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503515] scsi_tmf_14 139 139
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503516] scsi_eh_15 140 140
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503516] scsi_tmf_15 141 141
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503517] scsi_eh_16 142 142
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503517] scsi_tmf_16 143 143
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503517] scsi_eh_17 144 144
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503518] scsi_tmf_17 145 145
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503518] scsi_eh_18 146 146
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503519] scsi_tmf_18 147 147
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503520] scsi_eh_19 148 148
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503520] scsi_tmf_19 149 149
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503520] scsi_eh_20 150 150
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503521] scsi_tmf_20 151 151
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503521] scsi_eh_21 152 152
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503521] scsi_tmf_21 153 153

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Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503522]	scsi_eh_22	154 154
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503522]	scsi_tmf_22	155 155
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503523]	scsi_eh_23	156 156
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503523]	scsi_tmf_23	157 157
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503524]	scsi_eh_24	158 158
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503524]	scsi_tmf_24	159 159
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503524]	scsi_eh_25	160 160
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503525]	scsi_tmf_25	161 161
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503525]	scsi_eh_26	162 162
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503526]	scsi_tmf_26	163 163
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503526]	scsi_eh_27	164 164
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503526]	scsi_tmf_27	165 165
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503527]	scsi_eh_28	166 166
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503527]	scsi_tmf_28	167 167
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Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503528]	scsi_tmf_29	169 169
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503529]	scsi_eh_30	170 170
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503529]	scsi_tmf_30	171 171
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503529]	scsi_eh_31	172 172
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503530]	scsi_tmf_31	173 173
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503530]	bioaset	201 201
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503531]	kworker/0:1H	203 203
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503531]	kdmflush	207 207
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503531]	bioaset	208 208
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503532]	kdmflush	211 211
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503532]	bioaset	213 213
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503533]	kdmflush	216 216
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503533]	bioaset	217 217
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503534]	kdmflush	220 220
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503534]	bioaset	221 221
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503534]	kdmflush	226 226
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503535]	bioaset	228 228
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503536]	kworker/u5:0	262 262
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503536]	jbd2/dm-0-8	277 277
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503536]	ext4-rsv-conver	278 278
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503537]	systemd-journal	308 308
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503537]	kauditd	314 314
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503538]	lvmetad	336 336
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503538]	systemd-udevd	341 341
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503538]	vmware-vmblock-	347 347
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503539]	vmtoolsd	348 348
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503539]	ttm_swap	416 416
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503540]	jbd2/dm-3-8	522 522
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503540]	ext4-rsv-conver	523 523
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503541]	jbd2/dm-4-8	529 529
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503541]	ext4-rsv-conver	530 530
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503541]	jbd2/dm-1-8	532 532
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503542]	ext4-rsv-conver	533 533
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503542]	ext4-rsv-conver	542 542
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503543]	VGAAuthService	563 563
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503543]	rsyslogd	564 564
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503544]	irqbalance	565 565
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503544]	cron	566 566
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503545]	accounts-daemon	570 570

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Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503545] cupsd 572 572
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503546] systemd-logind      573 573
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503546] dbus-daemon      574 574
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503546] NetworkManager  626 626
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503547] ModemManager    627 627
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503547] rtkit-daemon    633 633
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503548] avahi-daemon    634 634
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503548] polkitd         638 638
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503548] avahi-daemon    641 641
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503549] cups-browsed    657 657
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503549] dbus            658 658
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503550] sshd            689 689
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503550] gdm3            888 888
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503551] gdm-session-wor  893 893
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503551] systemd         897 897
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503552] (sd-pam)        898 898
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503552] gdm-wayland-ses  902 902
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503553] dbus-daemon     904 904
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503553] gnome-session-b  906 906
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503554] gnome-shell     914 914
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503581] upowerd         918 918
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503582] Xwayland        932 932
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503583] at-spi-bus-laun  937 937
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503583] dbus-daemon     942 942
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503584] at-spi2-registr  944 944
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503584] pulseaudio      947 947
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503585] wpa_supplicant  960 960
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503585] packagekitd     961 961
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503586] gnome-settings-  962 962
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503586] colord          987 987
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503587] minissdpsd     1004 1004
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503587] exim4          1252 1252
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503588] gdm-session-wor 1279 1279
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503588] systemd        1282 1282
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503589] (sd-pam)        1283 1283
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503589] gnome-keyring-d 1289 1289
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503589] gdm-x-session   1292 1292
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503590] Xorg            1294 1294
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503590] dbus-daemon     1301 1301
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503591] gnome-session-b 1304 1304
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503591] ssh-agent       1354 1354
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503592] at-spi-bus-laun 1363 1363
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503592] dbus-daemon     1368 1368
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503593] at-spi2-registr 1371 1371
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503593] gnome-shell     1389 1389
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503593] gvfsd           1394 1394
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503594] gvfsd-fuse      1399 1399
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503594] pulseaudio      1412 1412
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503595] gnome-shell-cal 1418 1418
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503595] evolution-sourc 1422 1422
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503596] goa-daemon      1432 1432
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503596] mission-control 1443 1443
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503597] goa-identity-se 1451 1451
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503597] gvfs-udisks2-vo 1452 1452

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Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503598]	udisksd	1459	1459	
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503598]	gvfs-goa-volume	1466		1466
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503598]	gvfs-gphoto2-vo	1470		1470
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503599]	gvfs-afc-volume	1474		1474
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503599]	gvfs-mtp-volume	1479		1479
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503600]	gnome-settings-	1485		1485
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503600]	evolution-calen	1500		1500
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503601]	gnome-software	1509		1509
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503601]	tracker-miner-f	1510		1510
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503601]	evolution-calen	1514		1514
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503602]	gsd-printer	1524		1524
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503602]	vmtoolsd	1531		1531
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503603]	evolution-alarm	1532		1532
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503603]	tracker-store	1533		1533
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503604]	tracker-extract	1534		1534
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503604]	tracker-miner-u	1541		1541
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503605]	tracker-miner-a	1547		1547
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503605]	dconf-service	1563		1563
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503606]	evolution-calen	1568		1568
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503606]	evolution-addre	1569		1569
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503607]	evolution-addre	1588		1588
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503607]	gvfsd-trash	1662		1662
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503607]	gvfsd-burn	1676		1676
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503608]	gnome-terminal-	1687		1687
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503608]	bash	1693		1693
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503609]	su	1714		1714
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503609]	systemd	1715		1715
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503610]	(sd-pam)	1716		1716
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503610]	bash	1720		1720
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503610]	vmhgfs-fuse	1726		1726
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503611]	bash	1760		1760
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503611]	bash	1793		1793
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503612]	systemd-network	1833		1833
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503612]	bash	2130		2130
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503613]	gvfsd-metadata	2137		2137
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503613]	kworker/u4:0	2237		2237
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503614]	kworker/0:2	3274		3274
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503614]	dhclient	3341		3341
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503615]	bash	3526		3526
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503615]	kworker/u4:1	3698		3698
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503615]	kworker/0:0	5970		5970
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503616]	firefox-esr	6588		6588
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503616]	Privileged Cont	6631		6631
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503617]	WebExtensions	6679		6679
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503617]	Web Content	6716		6716
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503618]	Web Content	6742		6742
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503618]	sd_generic	6772		6772
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503618]	sd_espeak-ng	6775		6775
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503619]	sd_dummy	6783		6783
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503619]	speech-dispatch	6786		6786
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503620]	kdeinit5	6952		6952
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503620]	klauncher	6953		6953
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503621]	kdevelop	7036		7036
Nov 16 21:35:59	debian kernel:	[3282.503621]	kworker/1:0	7122		7122

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Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503622] Web Content 7146 7146
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503622] kworker/1:1 7178 7178
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503623] kworker/0:1 7220 7220
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503623] file.so 7239 7239
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503623] kworker/1:2 7240 7240
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503624] bash 7259 7259
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503624] kworker/u4:2 7784 7784
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503624] sudo 8339 8339
Nov 16 21:35:59 debian kernel: [ 3282.503625] insmod 8340 8340
```

(c) Which parts of the kernel module execute in kernel space?

All parts of the kernel module execute in kernel space. This can be seen from the fact that the kernel function *printk* is available in all the procedures i.e. *init*, *exit* and *list_processes*.