Module 12 Challenge

New Attempt

Due Sep 14, 2023 by 11:59pm

Points 100

Submitting a text entry box or a website url

Before You Begin

- 1. Create a new repository for this project called nosql-challenge. Do not add this homework to an existing repository.
- 2. Clone the new repository to your computer.
- 3. Add your Jupyter notebook starter files and your Resources folder containing establishments.json to this folder.
- 4. Push the changes to GitHub.

Files

Download the following files to help you get started:

Instructions

The UK Food Standards Agency evaluates various establishments across the United Kingdom, and gives them a food hygiene rating. You've been contracted by the editors of a food magazine, *Eat Safe, Love*, to evaluate some of the ratings data in order to help their journalists and food critics decide where to focus future articles.

Part 1: Database and Jupyter Notebook Set Up

Use NoSQL_setup_starter.ipynb for this section of the challenge.

- 1. Import the data provided in the establishments.json file from your Terminal. Name the database uk_food and the collection establishments. Copy the text you used to import your data from your Terminal to a markdown cell in your notebook.
- 2. Within your notebook, import the libraries you need: PyMongo and Pretty Print (pprint).
- 3. Create an instance of the Mongo Client.
- 4. Confirm that you created the database and loaded the data properly:
 - List the databases you have in MongoDB. Confirm that uk_food) is listed.
 - List the collection(s) in the database to ensure that establishments is there.
 - Find and display one document in the establishments collection using find_one and display with print.
- 5. Assign the establishments collection to a variable to prepare the collection for use.

Part 2: Update the Database

Use NoSQL_setup_starter.ipynb for this section of the challenge.

The magazine editors have some requested modifications for the database before you can perform any queries or analysis for them. Make the following changes to the (establishments) collection:

1. An exciting new halal restaurant just opened in Greenwich, but hasn't been rated yet. The magazine has asked you to include it in your analysis. Add the following information to the database:

```
{
    "BusinessName":"Penang Flavours",
    "BusinessType":"Restaurant/Cafe/Canteen",
    "BusinessTypeID":"",
    "AddressLine1":"Penang Flavours",
    "AddressLine2":"146A Plumstead Rd",
    "AddressLine3":"London",
    "AddressLine4":"",
    "PostCode":"SE18 7DY",
    "Phone":"",
    "LocalAuthorityCode":"511",
    "LocalAuthorityName":"Greenwich",
```

```
"LocalAuthorityWebSite":"http://www.royalgreenwich.gov.uk",
"LocalAuthorityEmailAddress":"health@royalgreenwich.gov.uk",
"scores":{
    "Hygiene":"",
    "Structural":"",
    "ConfidenceInManagement":""
},
"SchemeType":"FHRS",
"geocode":{
    "longitude":"0.08384000",
    "latitude":"51.49014200"
},
"RightToReply":"",
"Distance":4623.9723280747176,
"NewRatingPending":True
}
```

- 2. Find the BusinessTypeID for "Restaurant/Cafe/Canteen" and return only the (BusinessTypeID) and (BusinessType) fields.
- 3. Update the new restaurant with the (BusinessTypeID) you found.
- 4. The magazine is not interested in any establishments in Dover, so check how many documents contain the Dover Local Authority.

 Then, remove any establishments within the Dover Local Authority from the database, and check the number of documents to ensure they were deleted.
- 5. Some of the number values are stored as strings, when they should be stored as numbers.
 - 1. Use (update_many) to convert (latitude) and (longitude) to decimal numbers.
 - 2. Use update many to convert Rating Value to integer numbers.

Part 3: Exploratory Analysis

Eat Safe, Love has specific questions they want you to answer, which will help them find the locations they wish to visit and avoid.

Use (NoSQL_analysis_starter.ipynb) for this section of the challenge.

Some notes to be aware of while you are exploring the dataset:

- RatingValue refers to the overall rating decided by the Food Authority and ranges from 1-5. The higher the value, the better the rating.
 - **Note:** This field also includes non-numeric values such as 'Pass', where 'Pass' means that the establishment passed their inspection but isn't given a number rating. We will coerce non-numeric values to nulls during the database setup before

converting ratings to integers.

• The scores for Hygiene, Structural, and ConfidenceInManagement work in reverse. This means, the higher the value, the worse the establishment is in these areas.

Use the following questions to explore the database, and find the answers, so you can provide them to the magazine editors.

Unless otherwise stated, for each question:

- Use count_documents to display the number of documents contained in the result.
- Display the first document in the results using (pprint).
- Convert the result to a Pandas DataFrame, print the number of rows in the DataFrame, and display the first 10 rows.
- 1. Which establishments have a hygiene score equal to 20?
- 2. Which establishments in London have a RatingValue greater than or equal to 4?

Hint: The London Local Authority has a longer name than "London" so you will need to use (sregex) as part of your search.

3. What are the top 5 establishments with a RatingValue of 5, sorted by lowest hygiene score, nearest to the new restaurant added, "Penang Flavours"?

Hint: You will need to compare the geocode to find the nearest locations. Search within 0.01 degree on either side of the latitude and longitude.

4. How many establishments in each Local Authority area have a hygiene score of 0? Sort the results from highest to lowest, and print out the top ten local authority areas.

Hint: You will need to use the <a>(aggregation) method to answer this.

The first 5 rows of your resulting DataFrame should look something like this:

	_id	count
0	Thanet	1130
1	Greenwich	882
2	Maidstone	713
3	Newham	711
4	Swale	686

Requirements

Part 1: Database and Jupyter Notebook Set Up (15 points)

To receive all points, your Jupyter notebook setup file must have all of the following:

- Include the mongoimport command text you used to import establishments.json in a markdown cell at the beginning of your Jupyter notebook file (3 points)
- The mongoimport command text correctly drops any existing establishments collection before importing establishments.json into MongoDB (2 points)
- The database is named (uk_food) and the collection is named (establishments) (2 points)
- Correctly imports PyMongo and Pretty Print (2 points)
- An instance of the Mongo Client is created (1 point)
- Lists the databases you have in Mongo, which includes (uk_food) (1 point)
- Lists the collection(s) in the uk_food database, which includes establishments in the output (1 point)
- Uses (find_one()) and (pprint) to display one document in the (establishments) collection (2 points)
- The establishments collection is assigned to a variable (1 point)

Part 2: Update the Database (20 points)

To receive all points, your Jupyter notebook setup file must have all of the following:

- The supplied data for the "Penang Flavours" restaurant is correctly inserted into the establishments collection (3 points)
- A query is performed to find the BusinessTypeID for "Restaurant/Cafe/Canteen" and returns only the BusinessTypeID and BusinessType fields (3 points)
- The "Penang Flavours" document is updated with the correct value for (BusinessTypeID) (3 points)
- A query is correctly performed to delete all the documents in the collection where "Dover Local Authority" is the value for LocalAuthorityName (3 points)
- A count_documents() check is performed before and after the removal of the Dover documents to ensure the documents were removed (4 points)
- An update_many() query is performed to convert the latitude and longitude fields from strings to decimal numbers and RatingValue to integers (4 points)

Part 3: Exploratory Analysis (55 points)

To receive all points, your Jupyter notebook analysis file must have all of the following:

Question 1: Which establishments have a hygiene score equal to 20? (8 points)

- A query is correctly performed to find the establishments with a hygiene score of 20 (2 points)
- count_documents() is used to list the correct number of documents (answer: 41) (2 points)
- The first result is printed using print (2 points)
- The results are converted to a Pandas DataFrame and displays the first 10 rows (2 points)

Question 2: Which establishments in London have a RatingValue greater than or equal to 4? (12 points)

• A query is correctly performed to find the establishments in London with a Ratingvalue greater than or equal to 4 (4 points)

- The query uses the fregex operator to locate the London establishments (2 points)
- count_documents() is used to list the correct number of documents (answer: 33) (2 points)
- The first result is printed using (pprint) (2 points)
- The results are converted to a Pandas DataFrame and displays the first 10 rows (2 points)

Question 3: What are the top 5 establishments with a Ratingvalue of 5, sorted by lowest hygiene score, nearest to the new restaurant added, "Penang Flavours"? (15 points)

- A query is correctly performed to find the establishments within 0.01 degree of the "Penang Flavours" restaurant (4 points)
- The query also limits the results to establishments with a RatingValue of 5 (2 points)
- The query uses the (sort()) method in PyMongo to sort in ascending order on the hygiene score (2 points)
- The query uses the (limit()) method in PyMongo to limit the results to 5 (2 points)
- All five results are printed using (pprint) (3 points)
- The results are converted to a Pandas DataFrame and displayed (2 points)

Question 4: How many establishments in each Local Authority area have a hygiene score of 0? Sort the results from highest to lowest, and print out the top ten local authority areas. (20 points)

- An aggregation pipeline is built to include a match query, group, and sort (3 points)
- The match query matches documents with a hygiene score of 0 (2 points)
- The group step of the pipeline is grouped on LocalAuthorityName and counts the number of documents (4 points)
- The sort step of the pipeline sorts the count of the documents in descending order (2 points)
- The aggregation pipeline is correctly sent to the (aggregate()) method (2 points)
- The results from the aggregation query is cast as a list and then saved to a variable (2 points)
- The first ten results are printed using (pprint) (3 points)

• The results are converted to a Pandas DataFrame and displays the first 10 rows (2 points)

Deployment and Submission (6 points)

To receive all points, you must:

- Submit a link to a GitHub repository that's cloned to your local machine and contains your files (2 points)
- Use the command line to add your files to the repository (2 points)
- Include appropriate commit messages in your files (2 points)

Comments (4 points)

To receive all points, your code must:

• Be well commented with concise, relevant notes that other developers can understand (4 points)

Grading

This assignment will be evaluated against the requirements and assigned a grade according to the following table:

Grade	Points
A (+/-)	90+
B (+/-)	80-89
C (+/-)	70-79
D (+/-)	60-69
F (+/-)	< 60

Submission

As a reminder, the deliverables for this Challenge are as follows:

- Deliverable 1: A Jupyter notebook containing code that imports the data and sets up and updates the uk_food database.
- Deliverable 2: A Jupyter notebook containing code that performs the exploratory analysis queries in the database.

To submit your Challenge assignment, click Submit, and then provide the URL of your GitHub repository for grading.

NOTE

You are allowed to miss up to two Challenge assignments and still earn your certificate. If you complete all Challenge assignments, your lowest two grades will be dropped. If you wish to skip this assignment, click Next, and move on to the next module.

Comments are disabled for graded submissions in Bootcamp Spot. If you have questions about your feedback, please notify your instructional staff or your Student Success Advisor. If you would like to resubmit your work for an additional review, you can use the Resubmit Assignment button to upload new links. You may resubmit up to three times for a total of four submissions.

IMPORTANT

It is your responsibility to include a note in the README section of your repo specifying code source and its location within your repo.

This applies if you have worked with a peer on an assignment, used code in which you did not author or create sourced from a forum such as Stack Overflow, or you received code outside curriculum content from support staff such as an Instructor, TA, Tutor, or Learning Assistant. This will provide visibility to grading staff of your circumstance in order to avoid flagging your work as plagiarized.

If you are struggling with a challenge assignment or any aspect of the academic curriculum, please remember that there are student support services available for you:

1. Ask the class Slack channel/peer support.

- 2. AskBCS Learning Assistants exists in your class Slack application.
- 3. Office hours facilitated by your instructional staff before and after each class session.
- 4. Tutoring Guidelines → (https://docs.google.com/document/d/1hTldEfWhX21B_Vz9ZentkPeziu4pPfnwiZbwQB27E90/edit?usp=sharing) schedule a tutor session in the Tutor Sessions section of Bootcampspot Canvas
- 5. If the above resources are not applicable and you have a need, please reach out to a member of your instructional team, your Student Success Advisor, or submit a support ticket in the Student Support section of your BCS application.

References

UK Food Standards Agency (https://www.food.gov.uk/) (2022). UK food hygiene rating data API. https://ratings.food.gov.uk/opendata/en-GB (https://ratings.food.gov.uk/open-data/en-GB). Contains public sector information licensed under the Open Government Licence v3.0 (https://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/version/3/)

Accessed Sept 9, 2022 and Sept 12, 2022 with the establishment settings as follows: longitude=51.5072, latitude=-0.1276,

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