

## next-js quick start

next-js is :

- REST server
- Scripting language

next REST server hosts JavaScripts files and exposes their primitives, arrays and objects via REST API. You might need it to store a distributed configuration/data of different servers, clients etc. in a centralized place.

next scripting language is intended to perform a wide variety of data manipulations with JavaScript primitives, arrays and objects hosted by next REST server in a single next expression. For example you can merge two or more JavaScript objects and produce an XML of them; or to join few arrays, eliminate duplicate elements, sort the rest elements and join them with comma.

In other words you store your configuration/data in native JavaScript form and access it via REST by using next scripting language which gives you a lot of power to make data manipulations on the fly.

## Products and installation

There are two cross platform products : next-server and next-client.

- next-server is a REST server which hosts and exposes JavaScript files.
- next-client is a GUI application to interact with next-server and to simulate server's work locally.

Installation

- Download and install a latest version of [nodejs](#)
- Open a command line and write the following to install next-server and next-client:

```
npm install next-server -g
npm install next-client -g
```

## Creating simple JS file and exposing it via REST

Create next-sources directory in your \${HOME} directory (%userprofile% in Windows).  
Create a example.js file with the following content and put it in the next-sources directory :

```
1 |
2 | distanceToMoon = 384400;
3 |
4 | fruits = ['Mango', 'Banana', 'Orange', 'Annona', 'Grape'];
5 |
6 | person = {
7 |   name: 'Alex',
8 |   age: 25,
9 |   country: 'Canada'
10 | };
11 |
```

Open a command line and type there next-server to start next-server

```

C:\> npm
next-server version is [2.0.0]
Use --help to view all command line switches
next sources directory is [C:\Users\ ... \next-sources]

next-server
  
```

Now the example.js file is exposed via REST

You can access distanceToMoon, fruits and person variables from that file by the following URLs :

```

http://localhost:8080/example.js?expression=${distanceToMoon}
http://localhost:8080/example.js?expression=${fruits}
http://localhost:8080/example.js?expression=${person}
  
```

\${distanceToMoon}, \${fruits} and \${person} are next expressions. Let's show a power of next expressions what they can do :

next expression	Explanation
<u>\${fruits&amp;.,}</u>	Joins elements of <u>fruits</u> array with comma
<u>\${fruits#S}</u>	Sorts <u>fruits</u> array
<u>\${fruits#S&amp;\n}</u>	First sorts <u>fruits</u> array and then joins array elements with LF
<u>\${person~X}</u>	Produces an XML from <u>person</u> object

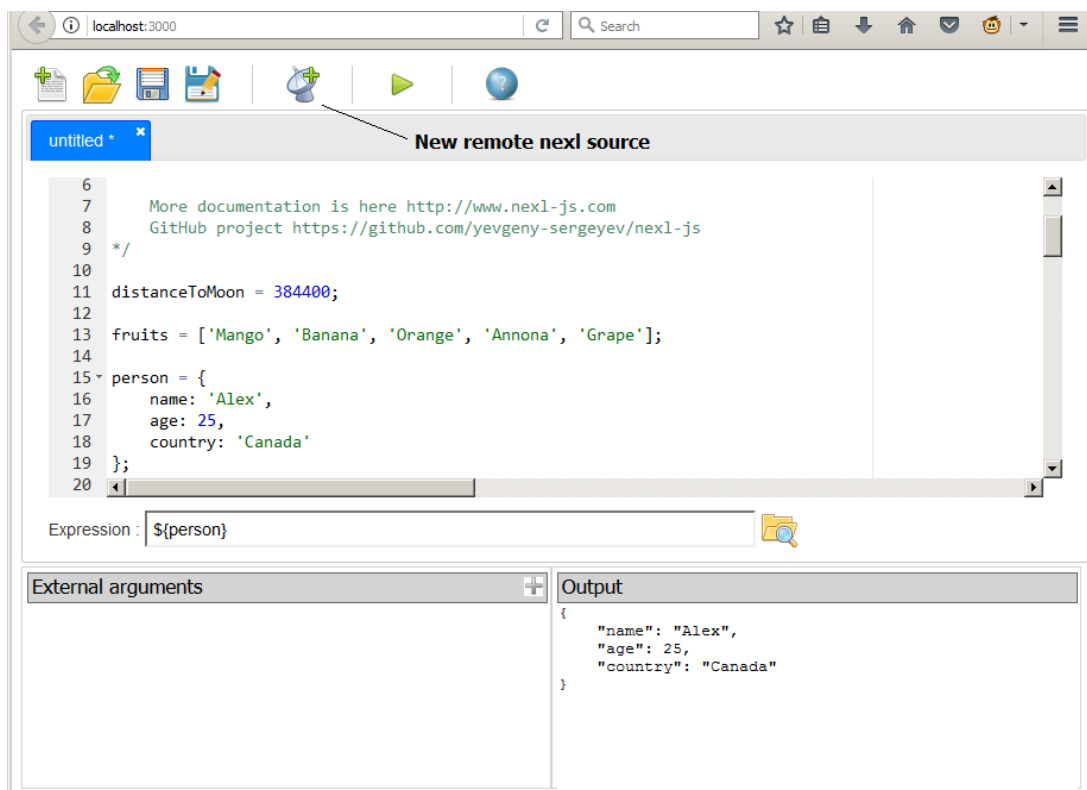
To be continued below...

## next-client GUI application

Let's continue demonstrating next expressions in more convenient way by using next-client GUI application.

Run next-client by typing next in command line. It will open your default browser with next client application ( it's recommended to use a Chrome or FireFox browsers ).



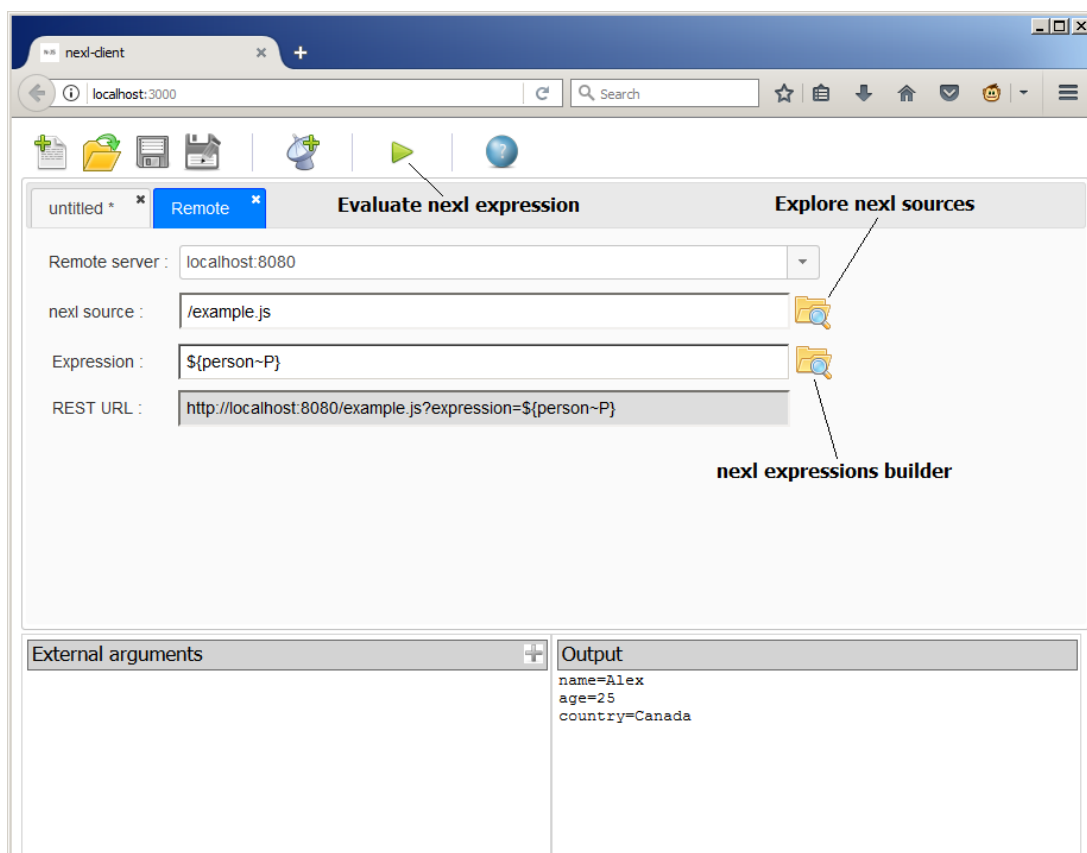


Click "New remote next source" button.

Enter `localhost:8080` in "Remote server" field.

Enter `example.js` in "next source" field ( or use explore next sources button )

And finally start entering next expressions from previous and following examples into "Expression" field to evaluate them on remote next-server.



Press F9 to evaluate next expression ( or click "Evaluate next expression" green button )

### next expressions examples ( continued )

next expression	Explanation
<code>\$(person.name)</code>	First resolves <u>person</u> object and then resolves a <u>name</u> property of that object
<code>\$(fruits#S)</code>	Resolves a <u>fruits</u> array and sorts it

<code>\${fruits#S&amp;}</code>	First sorts <u>fruits</u> array and then joins all elements with comma
<code>\${fruits[-1]}</code>	Resolves a second element from the end of <u>fruits</u> array
<code>\${person~K}</code>	Resolves a key set of <u>person</u> object as array
<code>\${person~V&amp;}</code>	Resolves all values of <u>person</u> object as array and then joins all array elements with comma
<code>\${person~K#s[\$]}</code>	Resolves a key set of <u>person</u> object as array, sorts this array in descending order and finally resolves last array element
<code>\${person.country[3..\$]^U1}</code>	Resolves a <u>country</u> property of <u>person</u> object, substrings it from fourth element to the end and then capitalizes a first letter
<code>\${person~X}</code> <code>\${person~Y}</code> <code>\${person~P}</code>	Produces an XML, YAML and key-value pairs ( property file ) from <u>person</u> object
<code>\${person&lt;Alex}</code>	Resolves a key of <u>person</u> object by 'Alex' string value ( i.e. makes object property reverse resolution ). The result is array
<code>\${person&lt;Alex[0]}</code>	Resolves a key of <u>person</u> object by 'Alex' value as array and then resolves a first array element
<code>\${person~K+\${person~V}&amp; t}</code>	Joins two arrays. The first array is a key set of a <u>person</u> object, the second array are values of a <u>person</u> object. Finally joins all array elements with tab character
<code>\${distanceToMoon~O}</code>	Converts a <u>distanceToMoon</u> primitive number to JavaScript object
<code>\${distanceToMoon~O~P}</code>	Converts a <u>distanceToMoon</u> primitive number to JavaScript object and then produces a key-value pair from it
<code>\${distanceToMoon~O+\${person}}</code>	Converts a <u>distanceToMoon</u> primitive number to JavaScript object and then merges to him <u>person</u> object
<code>\${Math.PI}</code>	Resolves a <u>PI</u> property from <u>Math</u> object
<code>\${Math.PI Math.round()}</code>	Resolves a <u>PI</u> property from <u>Math</u> object and pushes it to stack. Calls a <u>Math.round()</u> function which automatically gets a <u>Math.PI</u> argument from the stack
<code>\${Math.PI distanceToMoon Math.max()}</code>	Pushes a <u>Math.PI</u> to the stack, then pushes a <u>distanceToMoon</u> to the stack. Finally calls a <u>Math.max()</u> function which gets arguments from the stack

Click [here](#) for full spec and more examples of next scripting language

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