St. Francis Institute of Technology, Mumbai-400 103

Department Of Information Technology

A.Y. 2023-2024 Class: TE-ITA/B, Semester: V

Subject: **DevOps Lab**

Experiment – 10: To learn Dockerfile instructions, build an image for a sample web application using Dockerfile

Aim: To learn Dockerfile instructions, build an image for a sample web application using Dockerfile.

- 1. Objectives: Aim of this experiment is that, the students will learn:
 - To understand concept of containerization
 - To analyze the Containerization of OS images and deployment of applications over Docker
- 2. Outcomes: After study of this experiment, the students will learn following:
 - Create and implement docker images using Dockerfile.
 - Container Lifecycle and working with containers.
 - To Build, deploy and manage web or software application on Docker Engine.
- 3. Prerequisite: None
- 4. **Requirements:** Docker Desktop, JDK, Visual Studio Code, Personal Computer, Windows operating system, Internet Connection, Microsoft Word.
- 5. Pre-Experiment Exercise:

Brief Theory: Refer shared material

6. Laboratory Exercise

A. Procedure:

- a. Answer the following:
 - What is a Dockerfile?

A Dockerfile typically consists of a series of commands and directives that instruct Docker on how to construct an image. These commands include actions like copying files into the image, setting environment variables, and running specific commands during image build. Once a Dockerfile is defined, you can use the "docker build" command to create a Docker image from it, and then you can use that image to run containers. Dockerfiles are a fundamental component of containerization, enabling the easy packaging and distribution of applications and their dependencies. They play a crucial role in achieving consistency and reproducibility in containerized environments.

• Explain Dockerfile commands with syntax and example.

Here are some common Dockerfile commands, along with their syntax and examples:

FROM:

Syntax: FROM image:tag Example: FROM ubuntu:20.04

Specifies the base image for your Docker image.

WORKDIR:

Syntax: WORKDIR /path/to/directory

Example: WORKDIR /app

Sets the working directory for subsequent commands.

COPY:

Syntax: COPY source destination

Example: COPY . /app

Copies files or directories from the host into the image.

RUN:

Syntax: RUN command

Example: RUN apt-get update && apt-get install -y python

Executes a shell command during image build.

CMD.

Syntax: CMD ["executable", "param1", "param2"]

Example: CMD ["python", "app.py"]

Specifies the default command to run when a container is started.

EXPOSE:

Syntax: EXPOSE port Example: EXPOSE 80

Informs Docker that the container listens on a specified network port at runtime.

ENV:

Syntax: ENV key=value

Example: ENV DB_HOST=localhost Sets environment variables in the image.

ENTRYPOINT:

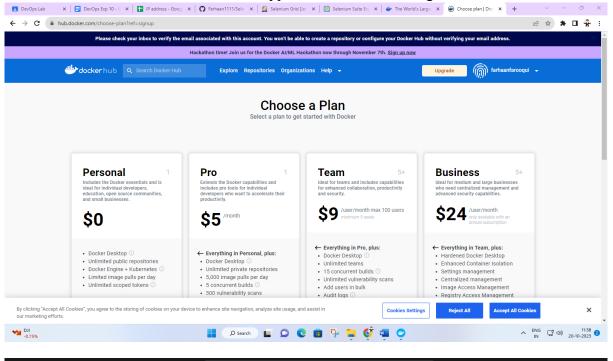
Syntax: ENTRYPOINT ["executable", "param1", "param2"]

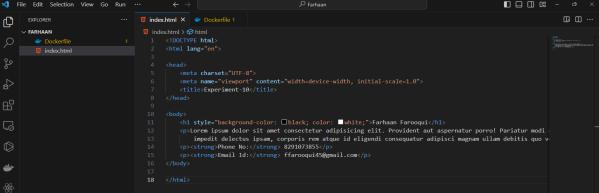
Example: ENTRYPOINT ["python", "app.py"]

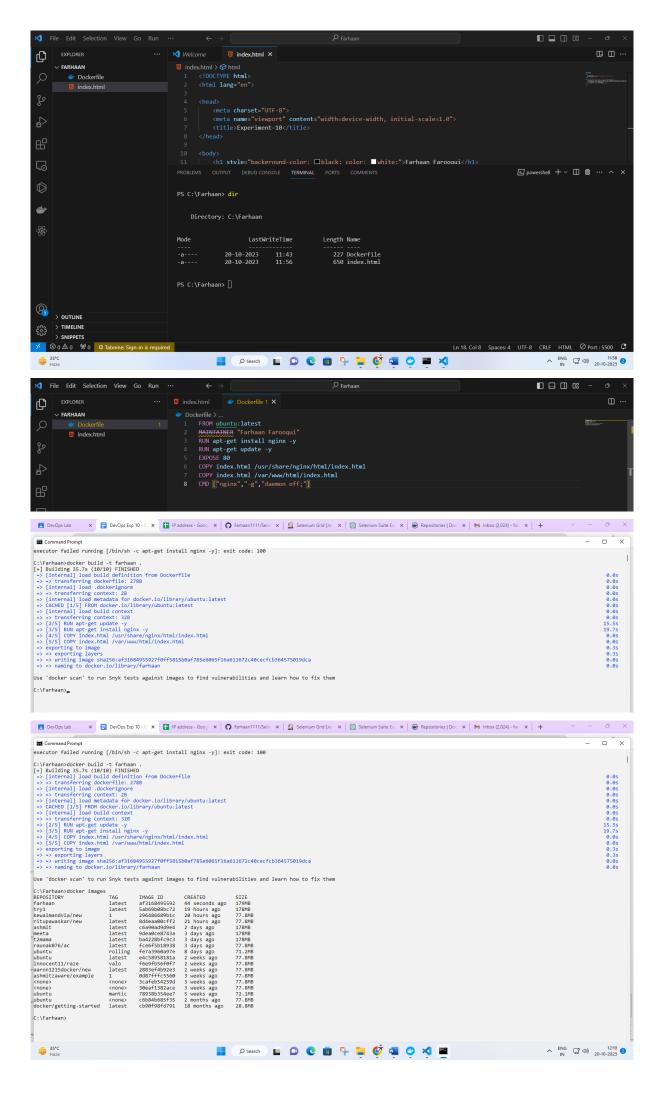
Defines the executable to run as the container's main process.

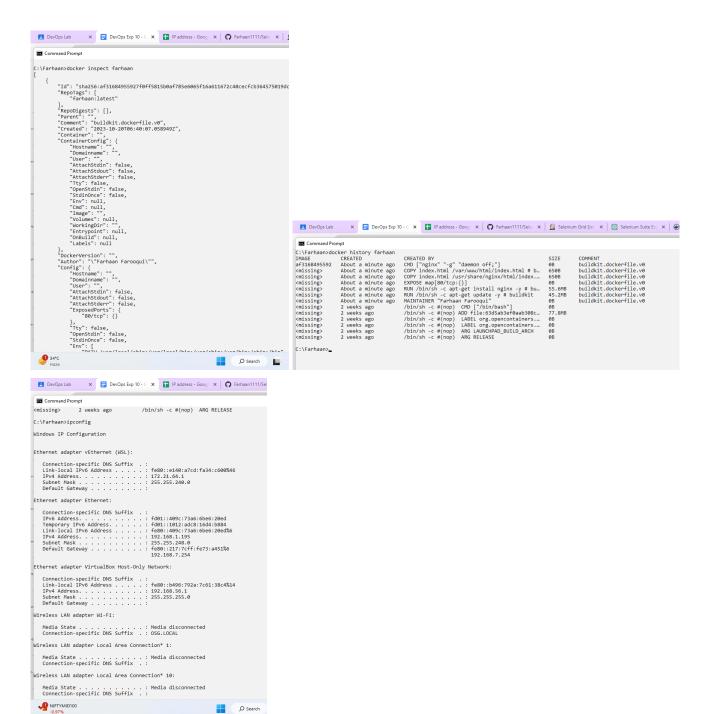
b. Execute following (Refer the shared material) and attach screenshots:

- Create a Dockerfile
- Create an html file
- Build and run the web application on Docker Engine

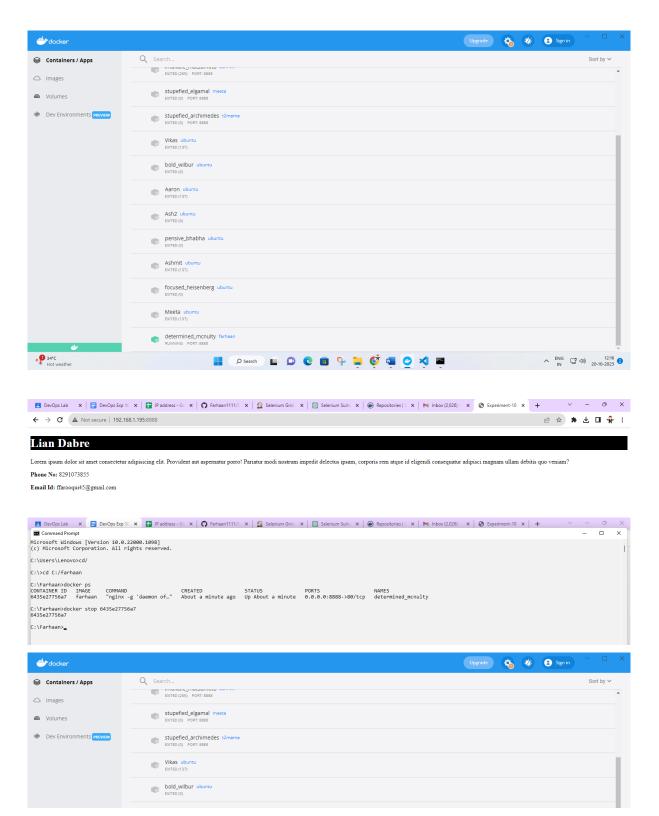












7. Post-Experiments Exercise

A. Extended Theory:

Nil

B. Questions:

- What is a Docker cheat sheet?
- Why do we require volumes for Docker?

C. Conclusion:

- Write what was performed in the experiment.
- Write the significance of the topic studied in the experiment.

D. References:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zJ6WbK9zFpI https://www.simplilearn.com/tutorials/docker-tutorial https://www.edureka.co/blog/docker-explained/ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3c-iBn73dDE