

第 09 周作业解答

练习 1. 计算 $\iint_D |x^2 + y^2 - 4| d\sigma$, 其中 D 为圆盘 $x^2 + y^2 \leq 16$ 。

解在极坐标下 $D = \{(\rho, \theta) | 0 \leq \rho \leq 4, 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi\}$, 所以

$$\begin{aligned} \iint_D |x^2 + y^2 - 4| d\sigma &= \iint_D |\rho^2 - 4| \rho d\rho d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \left[\int_0^4 |\rho^2 - 4| \rho d\rho \right] d\theta = 2\pi \left[\int_0^4 |\rho^2 - 4| \rho d\rho \right] \\ &= 2\pi \left[\int_0^2 |\rho^2 - 4| \rho d\rho + \int_2^4 |\rho^2 - 4| \rho d\rho \right] = 2\pi \left[\int_0^2 (4 - \rho^2) \rho d\rho + \int_2^4 (\rho^2 - 4) \rho d\rho \right] \\ &= 2\pi \left[\left(2\rho^2 - \frac{1}{4}\rho^4 \right) \Big|_0^2 + \left(\frac{1}{4}\rho^4 - 2\rho^2 \right) \Big|_2^4 \right] = 80\pi. \end{aligned}$$

练习 2. 计算 $D = \iint_D \arctan \frac{y}{x} d\sigma$, 其中 D 是由圆周 $x^2 + y^2 = 4$, $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ 及直线 $y = 0$, $y = x$ 所围成的在第一象限内的闭区域。

解在极坐标下 $D = \{(\rho, \theta) | 1 \leq \rho \leq 2, 0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{4}\}$, $\arctan \frac{y}{x} = \theta$, 所以

$$\begin{aligned} \iint_D \arctan \frac{y}{x} d\sigma &= \iint_D \theta \rho d\rho d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{1}{4}\pi} \left[\int_1^2 \rho \theta d\rho \right] d\theta = \int_0^{\frac{1}{4}\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \theta \rho^2 \right) \Big|_1^2 d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{1}{4}\pi} \frac{3}{2} \theta d\theta = \frac{3}{4} \theta^2 \Big|_0^{\frac{1}{4}\pi} = \frac{3}{64} \pi^2. \end{aligned}$$

练习 3. 计算以 xoy 面上的圆周 $x^2 + y^2 = ax$ ($a > 0$) 围成的闭区域为底, 而以曲面 $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ 为顶的曲顶柱体的体积。

解即要求二重积分 $\iint_D \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} d\sigma$, 其中 $D = \{(x, y) | x^2 + y^2 \leq ax\}$ 。

在极坐标下 $D = \{(\rho, \theta) | 0 \leq \rho \leq a \cos \theta, -\frac{1}{2}\pi \leq \theta \leq \frac{1}{2}\pi\}$, 所以

$$\begin{aligned} \iint_D \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} d\sigma &= \iint_D \rho \cdot \rho d\rho d\theta \\ &= \int_{-\frac{1}{2}\pi}^{\frac{1}{2}\pi} \left[\int_0^{a \cos \theta} \rho^2 d\rho \right] d\theta = \int_{-\frac{1}{2}\pi}^{\frac{1}{2}\pi} \left(\frac{1}{3} \rho^3 \right) \Big|_0^{a \cos \theta} d\theta \\ &= \int_{-\frac{1}{2}\pi}^{\frac{1}{2}\pi} \frac{1}{3} a^3 \cos^3 \theta d\theta = \frac{1}{3} a^3 \int_{-\frac{1}{2}\pi}^{\frac{1}{2}\pi} \cos^2 \theta d\sin \theta \\ &\stackrel{u=\sin \theta}{=} \frac{1}{3} a^3 \int_{-1}^1 (1 - u^2) du = \frac{1}{3} a^3 \left(u - \frac{1}{3} u^3 \right) \Big|_{-1}^1 = \frac{4}{9} a^3. \end{aligned}$$

练习 4. 设 D 是平面上由直线 $y = 2x$ 、 x 轴和 $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ 所围成的闭区域。求函数 $f(x, y) = e^{1 - \cos 2x} \cos y + xy$, $(x, y) \in D$ 的图像, 其下方的体积 V 。

解将 D 视为 X 型区域: $D = \{(x, y) | 0 \leq y \leq 2x, 0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2}\}$ 。所以

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \iint_D f(x, y) dx dy = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[\int_0^{2x} (e^{1-\cos 2x} \cos y + xy) dy \right] dx = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[\left(e^{1-\cos 2x} \sin y + \frac{1}{2} xy^2 \right) \Big|_0^{2x} \right] dx \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} [e^{1-\cos 2x} \sin(2x) + 2x^3] dx = \frac{1}{2} (e^{1-\cos 2x} + x^4) \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{1}{2} \left[e^2 + \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^4 - 1 \right]. \end{aligned}$$

练习 5. 设 D 是平面上由抛物线 $x = 4 - y^2$ 与 y 轴所围成的闭区域。设函数 $f(x, y) = 2x + 1$ 和 $g(x, y) = -x - 3y - 6$ 定义在 D 上。求 $f(x, y)$ 和 $g(x, y)$ 的图像所围成三维区域的体积 V 。

解将 D 视为 Y 型区域: $D = \{(x, y) | 0 \leq x \leq 4 - y^2, -2 \leq y \leq 2\}$ 。所以

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \iint_D [f(x, y) - g(x, y)] dx dy = \iint_D (3x + 3y + 7) dx dy = \int_{-2}^2 \left[\int_0^{4-y^2} (3x + 3y + 7) dx \right] dy \\ &= \int_{-2}^2 \left[\left(\frac{3}{2} x^2 + 3xy + 7x \right) \Big|_0^{4-y^2} \right] dy = \int_{-2}^2 \left[\left(\frac{3}{2} x^2 + 3xy + 7x \right) \Big|_0^{4-y^2} \right] dy \\ &= \int_{-2}^2 \left[\frac{3}{2} y^4 - 3y^3 - 19y^2 + 12y + 52 \right] dy = 2 \int_0^2 \left[\frac{3}{2} y^4 - 19y^2 + 52 \right] dy \\ &= 2 \left(\frac{3}{10} y^5 - \frac{19}{3} y^3 + 52y \right) \Big|_0^2 = \frac{1888}{15}. \end{aligned}$$

练习 6. 求圆锥面 $z^2 = x^2 + y^2$ 在区域 $x \geq 0, y \geq 0, 0 \leq z \leq 1$ 的部分的面积 A 。

解设 $D = \{(x, y) | 0 \leq x, 0 \leq y, x^2 + y^2 \leq 1\} = \{(\rho, \theta) | 0 \leq \rho \leq 1, 0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}\}$, $z = f(x, y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ 。所以 A 等于函数 $f(x, y)$, $(x, y) \in D$ 图形面积:

$$\begin{aligned} A &= \iint_D \sqrt{1 + (f_x)^2 + (f_y)^2} dx dy = \iint_D \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \right)^2} dx dy \\ &= \sqrt{2} \iint_D dx dy = \sqrt{2} |D| = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \pi. \end{aligned}$$