第 10 周作业解答

练习 1. 计算 $\iiint_{\Omega}zdv$,其中 Ω 是由曲面 $z=\sqrt{2-x^2-y^2}$ 及 $z=x^2+y^2$ 所围成的闭区域。分别用"先一后二"及"先二后一"的方法化为累次积分进行计算。

解 "先一后二" 法: Ω 在 xoy 坐标面上的投影是 $D_{xy} = \{(x, y) | x^2 + y^2 \le 1\},$

$$\begin{split} \iiint_{\Omega} z dv &= \iint_{D_{xy}} \left[\int_{x^2 + y^2}^{\sqrt{2 - x^2 - y^2}} z dz \right] dx dy = \iint_{D_{xy}} \left[\frac{1}{2} z^2 \Big|_{x^2 + y^2}^{\sqrt{2 - x^2 - y^2}} \right] dx dy \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \iint_{D_{xy}} \left[2 - x^2 - y^2 - (x^2 + y^2)^2 \right] dx dy \\ &= \frac{x = \rho \cos \theta}{y = \rho \sin \theta} \, \frac{1}{2} \iint_{D_{xy}} \left[2 - \rho^2 - \rho^4 \right] \cdot \rho d\rho d\theta \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{2\pi} \left\{ \int_{0}^{1} \left[2 - \rho^2 - \rho^4 \right] \cdot \rho d\rho \right\} d\theta = \pi \int_{0}^{1} \left[2\rho - \rho^3 - \rho^5 \right] d\rho \\ &= \pi \left(\rho^2 - \frac{1}{4} \rho^4 - \frac{1}{6} \rho^6 \right) \Big|_{0}^{1} = \frac{7}{12} \pi \end{split}$$

"先二后一"法: $0 \le z \le \sqrt{2}$ 。当 $0 \le z \le 1$ 时,截面 $D_z = \{(x,y)|x^2+y^2 \le z\}$;当 $1 \le z \le \sqrt{2}$ 时,截面 $D_z = \{(x,y)|x^2+y^2 \le z\}$;

$$\begin{split} \iiint_{\Omega} z dv &= \int_{0}^{\sqrt{2}} \left[\iint_{D_{z}} z dx dy \right] dz = \int_{0}^{\sqrt{2}} z \left[\iint_{D_{z}} dx dy \right] dz = \int_{0}^{\sqrt{2}} z |D_{z}| dz \\ &= \int_{0}^{1} z |D_{z}| dz + \int_{1}^{\sqrt{2}} z |D_{z}| dz \\ &= \int_{0}^{1} z (\pi z) dz + \int_{1}^{\sqrt{2}} z \pi (2 - z^{2}) dz \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \pi z^{3} \bigg|_{0}^{1} + \pi (z^{2} - \frac{1}{4} z^{4}) \bigg|_{1}^{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{7}{12} \pi \end{split}$$

练习 2. 计算 $\iiint_{\Omega} x^2 \cos z dv$, 其中 Ω 是由 z = 0, $z = \frac{\pi}{2}$, y = 0, y = 1, x = 0 及 x + y = 1 所围成的闭区域。

解 "先一后二" 法: Ω 在 xoy 坐标面上的投影是 $D_{xy}=\{(x,y)|0\leq x,0\leq y,x+y\leq 1\}$ 。 $\Omega=\{(x,y,z)|0\leq z\leq \frac{\pi}{2},\,(x,y)\in D_{xy}\}$ 。

$$\begin{split} \iiint_{\Omega} x^2 \cos z dv &= \iint_{D_{xy}} \left[\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x^2 \cos z dz \right] dx dy = \iint_{D_{xy}} \left[x^2 \sin z \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \right] dx dy \\ &= \iint_{D_{xy}} x^2 dx dy = \int_0^1 \left[\int_0^{1-x} x^2 dy \right] dx = \int_0^1 \left[x^2 (1-x) \right] dx \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{3} x^3 - \frac{1}{4} x^4 \right) \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{12}. \end{split}$$

练习 3. 计算 $\iiint_{\Omega} x dv$, 其中 Ω 是由 x=0, y=0, z=2 及 $z=x^2+y^2$ 所围成的闭区域。

解 "先一后二" 法: Ω 在 xoy 坐标面上的投影是 $D_{xy} = \{(x, y) | 0 \le x, 0 \le y, x^2 + y^2 \le 2\}$ 。

$$\begin{split} \iiint_{\Omega} x dv &= \iint_{D_{xy}} \left[\int_{x^2 + y^2}^2 x dz \right] dx dy = \iint_{D_{xy}} \left[x (2 - x^2 - y^2) \right] dx dy \\ &= \frac{x = \rho \cos \theta}{y = \rho \sin \theta} \iint_{D_{xy}} \rho \cos \theta \cdot (2 - \rho^2) \cdot \rho d\rho d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[\int_0^{\sqrt{2}} (2\rho^2 - \rho^4) \cos \theta d\rho \right] d\theta = \left[\int_0^{\sqrt{2}} (2\rho^2 - \rho^4) d\rho \right] \cdot \left[\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos \theta d\theta \right] \\ &= \frac{8}{15} \sqrt{2}. \end{split}$$

练习 4. 计算 $\iiint_{\Omega}(x^2+y^2+z^2)dxdydz$,其中 Ω 是球体 $x^2+y^2+z^2\leq 1$ 。

解 用球面坐标计算:

$$\iiint_{\Omega} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) dx dy dz = \int_0^{2\pi} \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} \left[\int_0^1 \rho^2 \cdot \rho^2 \sin \varphi d\rho \right] d\varphi \right\} d\theta$$
$$= 2\pi \left[\int_0^{\pi} \sin \varphi d\varphi \right] \cdot \left[\int_0^1 \rho^4 d\rho \right]$$
$$= 2\pi \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{1}{5} = \frac{4}{5}\pi$$