第 12 章 e: 傅里叶级数

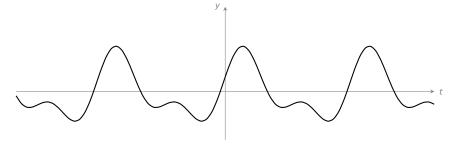
数学系 梁卓滨

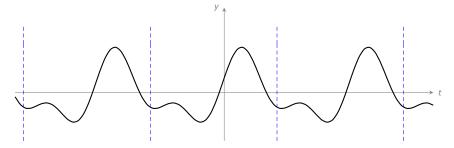
2017.07 暑期班

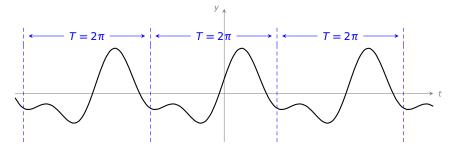


Outline

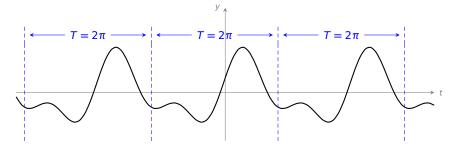








假设 f(t) 是定义域为 \mathbb{R} 的周期函数,周期也是 $T=2\pi$ 。



问题 是否有如下展开

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx \right)$$



1, $\cos x$, $\sin x$, $\cos 2x$, $\sin 2x$, ..., $\cos nx$, $\sin nx$, ...

在区间 $[-\pi, \pi]$ 上正交。

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$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos nx dx = 0, \qquad \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin nx dx = 0 \qquad (n = 1, 2, 3, \dots)$$
$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin kx \cdot \cos nx dx = 0 \qquad (k, n = 1, 2, 3, \dots, k \neq n)$$

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在区间 $[-\pi, \pi]$ 上正交。即上述任意相异两个函数的乘积,在 $[-\pi, \pi]$ 上的积分为零:

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos nx \, dx = 0, \qquad \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin nx \, dx = 0 \qquad (n = 1, 2, 3, \dots)$$

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin kx \cdot \cos nx \, dx = 0 \qquad (k, n = 1, 2, 3, \dots, k \neq n)$$

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$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos kx \cdot \cos nx \, dx = 0 \qquad (k, n = 1, 2, 3, \dots, k \neq n)$$

另外

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin^2 nx dx = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos^2 nx dx = \pi \qquad (n = 1, 2, 3, \dots)$$



$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx \right)$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \qquad (n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots)$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \qquad (n = 1, 2, 3, \dots)$$

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"形式推导" (1) 当 $n = 1, 2, 3, \cdots$ 时,

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx$$

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$$= \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} a_n \cos nx \cdot \cos nx dx$$



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定义 f(x) 的傅里叶级数定义为

$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx \right)$$

其中

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \qquad (n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots)$$

$$1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx$$

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问题 何时成立
$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx \right)$$
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定理(收敛定理, 狄利克雷充分条件)



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当 x 是 f(x) 的连续点时,

• 当 $x \in f(x)$ 的间断点时,

定理(收敛定理,狄利克雷充分条件) 设 f(x) 是周期为 2π 的周期函数,如果它满足:

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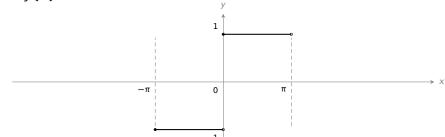
$$\frac{1}{2} \Big[f(x^{-}) + f(x^{+}) \Big] = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \Big(a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx \Big)$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -1, & -\pi \le x < 0, \\ 1, & 0 \le x < \pi. \end{cases}$$

求出 f(x) 的傅里叶级数。

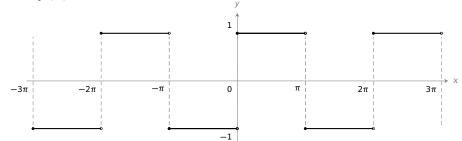
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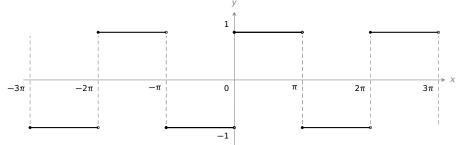
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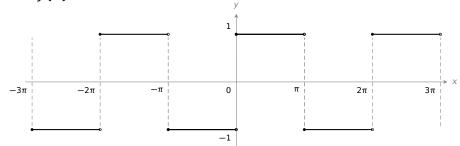
解 计算傅里叶系数如下:

 a_n



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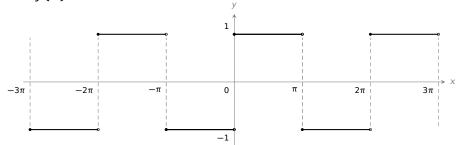
解 计算傅里叶系数如下:

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx$$



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求出 f(x) 的傅里叶级数。



解 计算傅里叶系数如下:

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \xrightarrow{\frac{6}{3}} 0$$



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 b_n



$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \stackrel{\text{fight}}{=} 0,$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \xrightarrow{\frac{6}{\pi} \text{met}} 0,$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx$$



$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \stackrel{\text{fight}}{=} 0,$$

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$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \xrightarrow{\frac{6}{6}} 0,$$

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$$2 \cos nx |_{0}^{\pi}$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \cdot (-1) \cdot \frac{\cos nx}{n} \Big|_{0}^{\pi}$$



$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \stackrel{\text{fight}}{===} 0,$$

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$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \cdot (-1) \cdot \frac{\cos nx}{n} \Big|_{0}^{\pi} = \frac{2}{n\pi} \Big[1 - \cos n\pi \Big]$$



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$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} \sin nx dx$$
$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \cdot (-1) \cdot \frac{\cos nx}{n} \Big|_{0}^{\pi} = \frac{2}{n\pi} \Big[1 - \cos n\pi \Big] = \frac{2}{n\pi} \Big[1 - (-1)^n \Big]$$



$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \xrightarrow{\frac{6}{6}} 0,$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} \sin nx dx$$
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$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{c} n = 1, 3, 5, \cdots \\ n = 2, 4, 6, \cdots . \end{array} \right.$$



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$$= \begin{cases} \frac{4}{n\pi}, & n = 1, 3, 5, \cdots \\ 0, & n = 2, 4, 6, \cdots \end{cases}$$



$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \stackrel{\text{fight}}{===} 0,$$

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 $\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx \right)$



$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \stackrel{\text{fight}}{===} 0,$$

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$$= \begin{cases} \frac{4}{n\pi'}, & n = 1, 3, 5, \cdots \\ 0, & n = 2, 4, 6, \cdots \end{cases}$$

所以傅里叶级数为

$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx \right) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b_n \sin nx$$



第 12 草 e: 傳里叶级数

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \xrightarrow{\frac{\text{fight}}{\pi}} 0,$$

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 $= \begin{cases} \frac{4}{n\pi}, & n = 1, 3, 5, \cdots \\ 0, & n = 2, 4, 6, \cdots \end{cases}$ 所以傅里叶级数为

$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx \right) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin nx$$

 $= \frac{4}{\pi} \left[\sin x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + \cdots \right]$

注 1 f(x) 的傅里叶级数是 $\frac{4}{\pi} \left[\sin x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + \cdots \right]$

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收敛定理分析可知:

当 x ≠ nπ 时,

• 当 $x = n\pi$ 是,

注 1 f(x) 的傅里叶级数是 $\frac{4}{\pi} \left[\sin x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + \cdots \right]$,利用

收敛定理分析可知:

• 当 $x \neq n\pi$ 时,是 f 的连续点,

• 当 $x = n\pi$ 是,

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$$1 f(x)$$
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$$1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{9} - \frac{1}{11} + \cdots$$

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(显然,可直接看出当 $x = n\pi$ 时傅里叶级数的值为 0)

$$1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{9} - \frac{1}{11} + \dots = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

注 1 f(x) 的傅里叶级数是 $\frac{4}{\pi} \left[\sin x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + \cdots \right]$, 利用 收敛定理分析可知:

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注 3 当 $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$,傅里叶级数仅仅是条件收敛



f(x) 的傅里叶级数是

$$\frac{4}{\pi} \left[\sin x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + \cdots \right]$$

f(x) 的傅里叶级数是

$$\frac{4}{\pi} \left[\sin x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + \dots \right] = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n-1} \sin[(2n-1)x]$$

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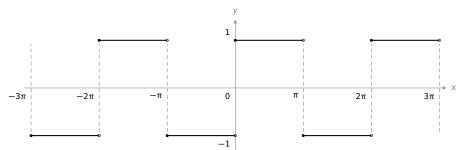
考虑部分和

$$\frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{1}{2n-1} \sin[(2n-1)x]$$



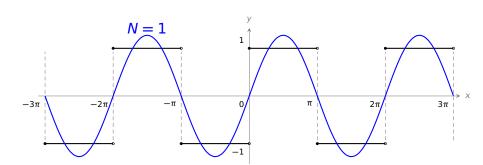
$$\frac{4}{\pi} \left[\sin x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + \dots \right] = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n-1} \sin[(2n-1)x]$$

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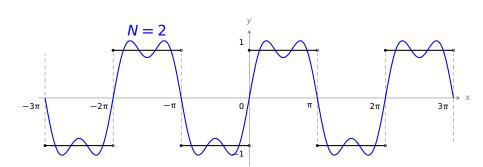
$$\frac{4}{\pi} \left[\sin x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + \dots \right] = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n-1} \sin[(2n-1)x]$$

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$$\frac{4}{\pi} \left[\sin x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + \dots \right] = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n-1} \sin[(2n-1)x]$$

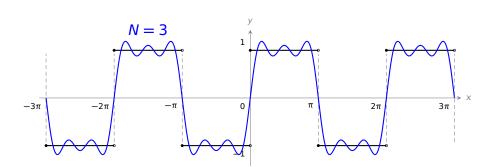
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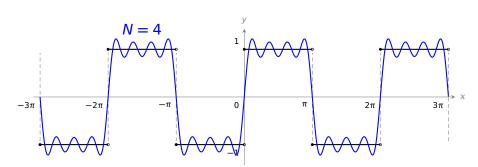
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$$\frac{4}{\pi} \left[\sin x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + \dots \right] = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n-1} \sin[(2n-1)x]$$

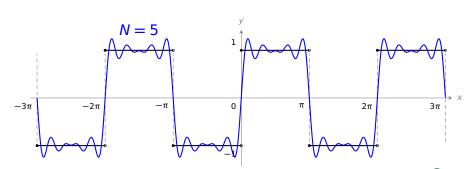
$$\frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{1}{2n-1} \sin[(2n-1)x]$$





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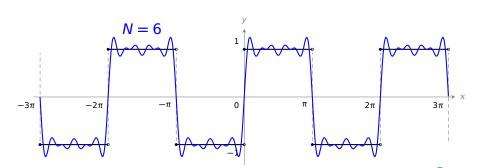
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$$\frac{4}{\pi} \left[\sin x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + \dots \right] = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n-1} \sin[(2n-1)x]$$

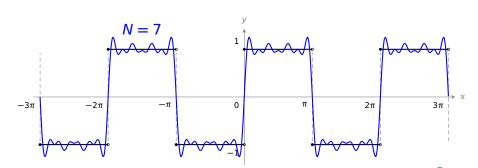
$$\frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{1}{2n-1} \sin[(2n-1)x]$$





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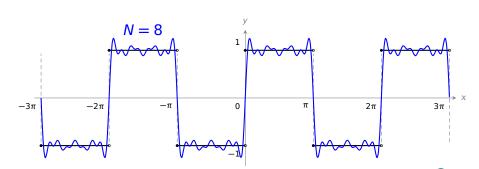
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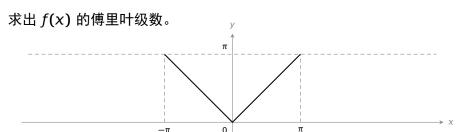




$$f(x) = |x|$$

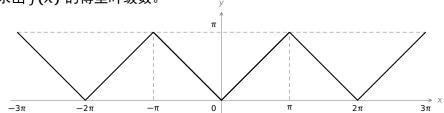
求出 f(x) 的傅里叶级数。

$$f(x) = |x|$$



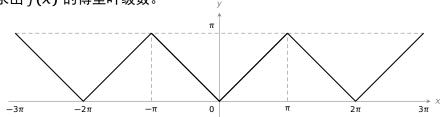
$$f(x) = |x|$$

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$$f(x) = |x|$$

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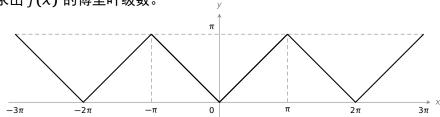


解 计算傅里叶系数如下:

 b_n

$$f(x) = |x|$$

求出 f(x) 的傅里叶级数。



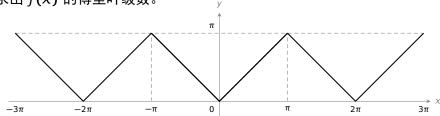
解 计算傅里叶系数如下:

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx$$



$$f(x) = |x|$$

求出 f(x) 的傅里叶级数。



解 计算傅里叶系数如下:

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \xrightarrow{\text{fight}} 0$$



$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \xrightarrow{\text{§fight}} 0,$$

$$a_n =$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \xrightarrow{\frac{6}{3}} 0,$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \xrightarrow{\text{fight}} 0,$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx$$



$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \xrightarrow{\text{§fight}} 0,$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} x \cos nx dx$$



$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \xrightarrow{\text{fight}} 0,$$

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$$= \frac{2}{n\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} x d \sin nx$$



$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \xrightarrow{\text{§fight}} 0,$$

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$$f(x)\cos nx dx = -\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} f(x)\cos nx dx = -\int_{0}^{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} x \cos nx dx$$
$$= \frac{2}{n\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} x d\sin nx = \frac{2}{n\pi} \left[x \sin nx \right]_{0}^{\pi} - \int_{0}^{\pi} \sin nx dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \xrightarrow{\text{fight}} 0,$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} x \cos nx dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{n\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x d\sin nx = \frac{2}{n\pi} \left[x \sin nx \Big|_0^{\pi} - \int_0^{\pi} \sin nx dx \right]$$
$$= \frac{2}{n\pi} \left[\frac{1}{n} \cos nx \Big|_0^{\pi} \right]$$



$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \xrightarrow{\text{fight}} 0,$$

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$$= \frac{2}{n\pi} \left[\frac{1}{n} \cos nx \Big|_0^{\pi} \right] = \frac{2}{n^2 \pi} \left[(-1)^n - 1 \right]$$



$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \xrightarrow{\text{fight}} 0,$$

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$$f_n = -\frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = -\frac{1}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = -\frac{1}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} x \cos nx dx$$
$$= -\frac{2}{n\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} x d \sin nx = -\frac{2}{n\pi} \left[x \sin nx \right]_{0}^{\pi} - \int_{0}^{\pi} \sin nx dx$$

 $= \frac{2}{n\pi} \left[\frac{1}{n} \cos nx \Big|_{0}^{n} \right] = \frac{2}{n^{2}\pi} \left[(-1)^{n} - 1 \right] = \begin{cases} n = 1, 3, 5, \dots \\ n = 2, 4, 6, \dots \end{cases}$



$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \xrightarrow{\text{fight}} 0,$$

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$$\pi \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \pi \int_{0}^{\pi} \pi \int$$

 $= \frac{2}{n\pi} \left[\frac{1}{n} \cos nx \Big|_{0}^{\pi} \right] = \frac{2}{n^{2}\pi} \left[(-1)^{n} - 1 \right] = \begin{cases} -\frac{4}{n^{2}\pi}, & n = 1, 3, 5, \cdots \\ n = 2, 4, 6, \cdots \end{cases}$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \xrightarrow{\text{fight}} 0,$$

$$a_{n} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} x \cos nx dx$$

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$$= \frac{2}{n\pi} \left[\frac{1}{n} \cos nx \Big|_{0}^{\pi} \right] = \frac{2}{n^{2}\pi} \left[(-1)^{n} - 1 \right] = \begin{cases} -\frac{4}{n^{2}\pi}, & n = 1, 3, 5, \dots \\ 0, & n = 2, 4, 6, \dots \end{cases}$$

 a_0



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$$A_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} x \cos nx dx$$
$$= \frac{2}{n\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} x d \sin nx = \frac{2}{n\pi} \left[x \sin nx \Big|_{0}^{\pi} - \int_{0}^{\pi} \sin nx dx \right]$$

 $= \frac{2}{n\pi} \left[\frac{1}{n} \cos nx \Big|_{0}^{\pi} \right] = \frac{2}{n^{2}\pi} \left[(-1)^{n} - 1 \right] = \begin{cases} -\frac{4}{n^{2}\pi}, & n = 1, 3, 5, \cdots \\ 0, & n = 2, 4, 6, \cdots \end{cases}$

$$n\pi \ln |_{0} \int n^{2}\pi \ln |_{0} \int n^{2}\pi \ln |_{0}$$

$$a_{0} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{\pi}^{\pi} f(x)dx$$



$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \xrightarrow{\text{fight}} 0,$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} x \cos nx dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{n\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x d\sin nx = \frac{2}{n\pi} \left[x \sin nx \Big|_0^{\pi} - \int_0^{\pi} \sin nx dx \right]$$

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所以傅里叶级数为 $\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx$



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$$\pi J_{-\pi} \qquad \pi J_0 \qquad \pi J_0$$

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$$\alpha_{0} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} x dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^{2} \Big|_{0}^{\pi} = \pi.$$

 $\pi \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \pi \int_{0}^{\pi} \pi \int_{0}^{\pi} \pi 2^{n} |_{0}$ 所以傅里叶级数为

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$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \left[\cos x + \frac{1}{3^2} \cos 3x + \frac{1}{5^2} \cos 5x + \cdots \right]$$

注 1 f(x) 的傅里叶级数是

$$\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \left[\cos x + \frac{1}{3^2} \cos 3x + \frac{1}{5^2} \cos 5x + \cdots \right]$$

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$$\ge 2$$
 取 $x = 0$,可得到

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$$1 + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \frac{1}{7^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$$

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注 3 偶函数 f(x) 的傅里叶级数是 $\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx$



$$\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \left[\cos x + \frac{1}{3^2} \cos 3x + \frac{1}{5^2} \cos 5x + \cdots \right]$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \left[\cos x + \frac{1}{3^2} \cos 3x + \frac{1}{5^2} \cos 5x + \cdots \right] = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos[(2n-1)x]}{(2n-1)^2}$$



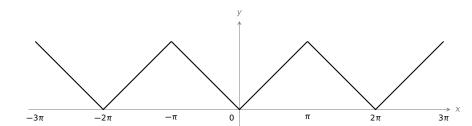
$$\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \left[\cos x + \frac{1}{3^2} \cos 3x + \frac{1}{5^2} \cos 5x + \cdots \right] = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos[(2n-1)x]}{(2n-1)^2}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} \cos[(2n-1)x]$$



$$\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \left[\cos x + \frac{1}{3^2} \cos 3x + \frac{1}{5^2} \cos 5x + \cdots \right] = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos[(2n-1)x]}{(2n-1)^2}$$

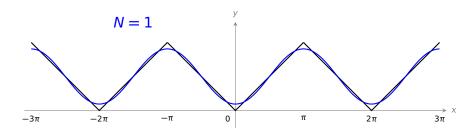
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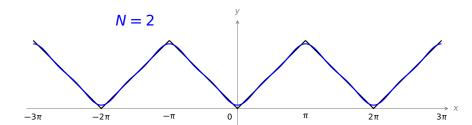
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$$\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \left[\cos x + \frac{1}{3^2} \cos 3x + \frac{1}{5^2} \cos 5x + \cdots \right] = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos[(2n-1)x]}{(2n-1)^2}$$

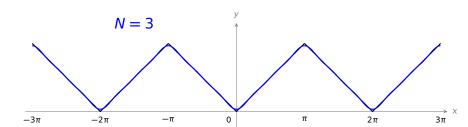
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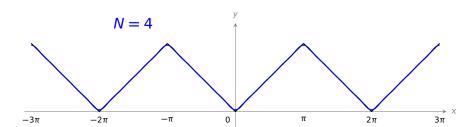




$$\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \left[\cos x + \frac{1}{3^2} \cos 3x + \frac{1}{5^2} \cos 5x + \cdots \right] = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos[(2n-1)x]}{(2n-1)^2}$$

考虑部分和

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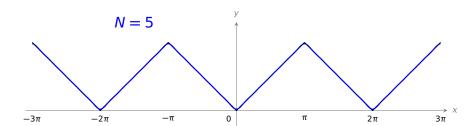




第 12 草 e: 傅里叶级数

$$\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \left[\cos x + \frac{1}{3^2} \cos 3x + \frac{1}{5^2} \cos 5x + \cdots \right] = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos[(2n-1)x]}{(2n-1)^2}$$

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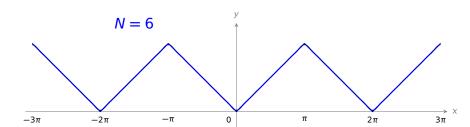




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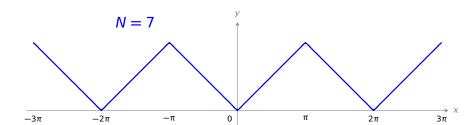




第 12 草 e: 傅里叶级数

$$\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \left[\cos x + \frac{1}{3^2} \cos 3x + \frac{1}{5^2} \cos 5x + \cdots \right] = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos[(2n-1)x]}{(2n-1)^2}$$

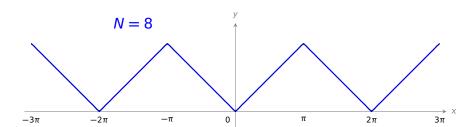
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$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \xrightarrow{\frac{5}{4}} 0$$

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$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \xrightarrow{\frac{\hat{\sigma}(\text{RMt})}{\pi}} 0$$

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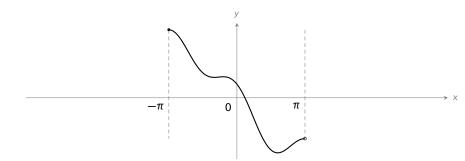
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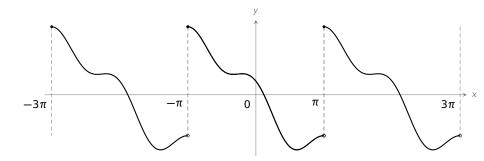
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设 f(x) 是定义在区间 $[-\pi, \pi]$ (或 $(-\pi, \pi]$)上的函数,可以对其进行周期延拓,从而得到定义在 \mathbb{R} 上的周期函数

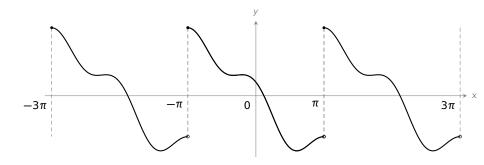
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延拓后的周期函数任然记为 f(x), 此时可以进行傅里叶展开。



设 f(x) 是定义在区间 $(0, \pi]$ 上的函数,可以对其进行奇延拓,从而得到定义在 \mathbb{R} 上的周期奇函数。

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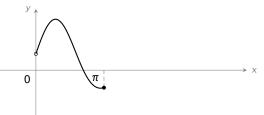
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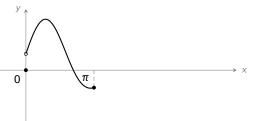
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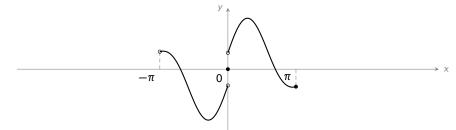
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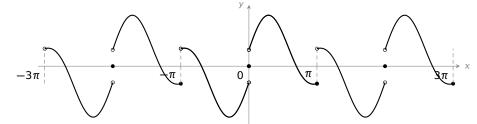
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设 f(x) 是定义在区间 $[0, \pi]$ 上的函数,可以对其进行偶延拓,从而得到定义在 \mathbb{R} 上的周期偶函数。

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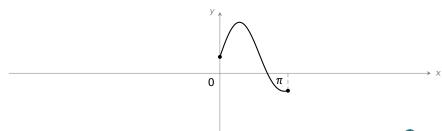
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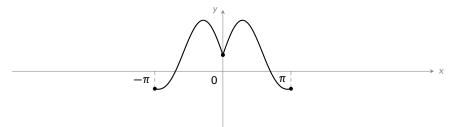
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