

序号	对比合并	单词	含义
1	ZH	abandon	(1)v. to leave and never return to 放弃 (2)v. to give over unrestrainedly 放纵
2	ZH	abate	v. to become weaker 减弱
3	ZH	abbreviate	v. to make shorter 缩短
4	ZH	abet	v. to actively second and encourage 支支持, 怂恿
5	ZH	abeyance	n. a state of temporary inactivity 中止止
6	ZH	abound	v. to be present in large numbers or in great quantity 充满
7	ZH	abridge	v. to shorten in duration or extent 删减
8	ZH	absorbing	adj. fully taking one's attention 吸引入人的
9	ZH	abstemious	adj. not eating and drinking too much 有节制的
10	ZH	abstruse	adj. hard to understand 难理理解的
11	ZH	abuse	(1)v. to treat in a harsh or harmful way 虐待 (2)v. to use wrongly 误用用 (3)n. a corrupt practice or custom 恶习
12	ZH	acclaim	v. to praise in a very strong and enthusiastic way 称赞
13	ZH	accommodate	(1)v. to make fit, suitable, or congruous 适应 (2)v. to make room for 容纳
14	ZH	acerbic	adj. expressing harsh or sharp criticism in a clever way 尖刻的
15	ZH	acknowledge	(1)v. to say that you accept or do not deny the truth or existence of 承认 (2)v. to regard or describe (someone or something as having or deserving a particular status 感激
16	ZH	acumen	n. the ability to think clearly and make good decisions 敏敏锐
17	ZH	acute	(1) adj. keenly perceptive or discerning 敏敏锐的 (2) adj. extremely sharp or severe 严峻的
18	ZH	ad hoc	(1) adj. fashioned from whatever is immediately available 临时的 (2) adj. formed or used for a special purpose 特别的
19	ZH	adhere	v. to give support or maintain loyalty 遵守
20	ZH	admonish	(1)v. to speak to in a way that expresses disapproval or criticism 反对, 批评 (2)v. to tell or urge to do something 告诫
21	ZH	adroit	adj. very clever or skillful 精明的, 灵巧的
22	ZH	adulation	n. excessive or slavish admiration or flattery 谄媚

23	ZH	adversarial	adj. involving two people or two sides who oppose each other 对立立的
24	ZH	adverse	(1) adj. bad or unfavorable 不不利利的 (2) adj. acting against or in a contrary direction 逆的
25	ZH	aesthetic	(1) adj. of or relating to art or beauty 审美的 (2) adj. pleasing in appearance 美观的
26	ZH	affable	adj. friendly and easy to talk to 和蔼可亲的
27	ZH	affiliate	(1)v. to associate as a member 接纳, 使附属 (2)n. an organization that is a member of a larger organization 分支机构
28	ZH	affinity	(1)n. a feeling of closeness and understanding that someone has for another person because of their similar qualities, ideas, or interests 紧 密联系 (2)n. likeness based on relationship or causal connection 类同 (3)n. liking for or an attraction to something 吸引力
29	ZH	aghast	adj. shocked and upset 惊骇的
30	ZH	agreeable	(1) adj. pleasing to the mind or senses 令人人愉悦的 (2) adj. able to be accepted 合适的, 可被接受的
31	ZH	alacrity	n. a quick and cheerful readiness to do something 乐意
32	ZH	alleviate	v. to make less painful, difficult, or severe 减轻
33	ZH	allure	(1)v. to entice by charm or attraction 引诱 (2)n. power to attract 魅力力力
34	ZH	ameliorate	v. to make better or more tolerable 改善
35	ZH	analogous	adj. similar in some way 类似的
36	ZH	anathema	n. someone or something that is very strongly disliked 非非常讨厌的人人或 物
37	ZH	anchor	v. to secure firmly 固定
38	ZH	anecdote	n. a usually short narrative of an interesting, amusing, or biographical incident 趣闻轶事
39	ZH	animadversion	n. a critical and usually censorious remark 批评
40	ZH	animate	(1)adj. possessing or characterized by life 有生生命力力力的 (2)v. to give spirit and support 激励, 推动
41	ZH	annihilate	v. to destroy completely 消灭, 毁灭

42	ZH	anonymous	(1) adj. not named or identified 无无名的, 匿匿名的 (2) adj. lacking individuality, distinction, or recognizability 无无个性的
43	ZH	antagonistic	adj. showing dislike or opposition 敌对的
44	ZH	antediluvian	adj. very old or old-fashioned 过时的
45	ZH	anthropogenic	adj. of, relating to, or resulting from the influence of human beings on nature 人人人为的
46	ZH	anticipate	(1)v. to think of (something that will or might happen in the future) 预期 (2)v. to do something before someone else 先于某人人做某事
47	ZH	antidote	n. a remedy to counteract the effects of poison 解药
48	ZH	antithesis	n. the exact opposite of something or someone 对立立
49	ZH	ape	v. mimic 模仿
50	ZH	aplomb	n. complete and confident composure or self-assurance 镇定, 泰然自自若
51	ZH	apocryphal	adj. of doubtful authenticity 虚假的
52	ZH	apology	(1)n. a statement saying that you are sorry about something 道歉 (2)n. something that is said or written to defend something that other people criticize 辩护
53	ZH	apposite	adj. very appropriate 合适的
54	ZH	appreciate	(1)v. to be grateful for 感激 (2)v. to understand the worth or importance of 理理解
55	ZH	apprehend	(1)v. to grasp with the understanding 理理解 (2)v. to anticipate especially with anxiety, dread, or fear 担忧 (3)v. arrest, seize 逮捕
56	ZH	appropriate	(1)v. to take or use especially in a way that is illegal, unfair, etc. 挪用用 (2)adj. right or suited for some purpose or situation 合适的
57	ZH	apt	(1) adj. likely to do something 易易于...的 (2) adj. appropriate or suitable 恰当的 (3) adj. keenly intelligent and responsive 聪慧的
58	ZH	arbitrary	adj. not based on reason or evidence 随意的, 武断的
59	ZH	arcane	adj. secret or mysterious 难懂的

60	ZH	archaic	adj. of or relating to ancient times 古老老老的
61	ZH	arrest	(1)v. to use the power of the law to take and keep 逮捕 (2)v. to stop the progress or movement of 阻止 (3)v. to attract and hold the attention of 吸引
62	ZH	artless	(1) adj. not false or artificial 纯真的 (2) adj. lacking art, knowledge, or skill 朴素的
63	ZH	ascetic	adj. relating to having a strict and simple way of living that avoids physical pleasure 苦行行行的
64	ZH	assuage	v. to lessen the intensity of 减轻, 缓和
65	ZH	astringent	adj. having a sharp or bitter quality 严厉的
66	ZH	at a premium	phrase. 非非常珍贵的
67	ZH	audacious	adj. very confident and daring 大大胆的
68	ZH	augment	v. to make greater, more numerous, larger, or more intense 增加
69	ZH	auspicious	adj. showing or suggesting that future success is likely 有望成功的
70	ZH	austere	adj. simple or plain 朴素的
71	ZH	authoritative	adj. having or preceding from authority 有权威的
72	ZH	avaricious	adj. excessively acquisitive especially in seeking to hoard riches 贪婪的
73	ZH	avert	(1)v. to turn away or aside 转移 (2)v. to prevent from happening 防止止
74	ZH	awry	(1) adv. not working correctly or happening in the expected way 出错地 (2) adj. not straight or neat 歪斜的
75	ZH	baffle	v. to confuse completely 使困惑
76	ZH	balloon	v. to become bigger quickly 激增
77	ZH	banal	adj. lacking originality, freshness, or novelty 陈腐的, 平凡的
78	ZH	baneful	adj. causing destructive or serious damage 有害的
79	ZH	banish	v. to send away 驱逐
80	ZH	baseless	adj. not true and is not based on facts 无无根据的
81	ZH	bedrock	n. basis 基础

82	ZH	beholden	adj. being under obligation for a favor or gift 欠欠…人人情的
83	ZH	belabor	(1)v. to repeat or stress too much or too often 过分强调 (2)v. to attack or criticize 抨击
84	ZH	belie	(1)v. to show to be false or wrong 证明…是错误的 (2)v. disguise 掩饰 (3)v. to present an appearance not in agreement with 与…不不符
85	ZH	belligerent	adj. feeling or showing readiness to fight 好战的
86	ZH	bemoan	v. to complain about 埋怨
87	ZH	benevolent	adj. organized to do good things for other people 仁慈的
88	ZH	benign	adj. showing kindness and gentleness 和善的
89	ZH	betoken	v. to show 表示
90	ZH	bland	(1) adj. not interesting or exciting 乏味的 (2) adj. showing no emotion, concern, etc. 无无动于衷的
91	ZH	blemish	(1)v. to spoil by a flaw 玷污 (2)n. a mark that makes something imperfect or less beautiful 污点, 缺点
92	ZH	blunt	(1) adj. having a thick edge or point 钝的 (2) adj. being straight to the point 直言言不不讳的
93	ZH	boast	n. a statement in which you express too much pride in yourself or in something you have, have done, or are connected to in some way 吹 嘘, 自自夸
94	ZH	bogus	adj. not real or genuine 伪造的
95	ZH	bolster	v. to give support to 支支持
96	ZH	bookish	adj. more interested in reading books and studying than doing more physical activities 书呆子子气气的
97	ZH	boon	n. something pleasant or helpful 好处, 恩惠
98	ZH	brandish	v. to exhibit in a ostentatious or aggressive manner 炫耀
99	ZH	bridle	v. to restrain, check, or control with or as if with a bridle 抑制
100	ZH	brook	v. to allow to exist or happen 容忍
101	ZH	bucolic	adj. of or relating to the country or country life 乡村的
102	ZH	budding	adj. being in an early stage of development 萌芽期的
103	ZH	buoy	v. to cause to feel happy or confident 使振奋

104	ZH	burgeon	v. to grow or develop quickly 迅速生长
105	ZH	bypass	v. to avoid or ignore especially to get something done quicker 避开
106	ZH	callous	adj. not feeling or showing any concern about the problems or suffering of other people 冷酷无情的
107	ZH	callow	adj. lacking adult sophistication 不成熟的
108	ZH	calumny	n. an untrue statement that is made to damage someone's reputation 诽谤
109	ZH	camaraderie	n. a feeling of good friendship among the people in a group 情谊, 友情
110	ZH	canned	adj. not original or special 无新意的
111	ZH	canny	adj. very clever and able to make intelligent 精明的
112	ZH	capricious	adj. changing often and quickly 变化无常的
113	ZH	captivate	v. to attract and hold the attention of by being interesting, pretty, etc. 迷住
114	ZH	caricature	n. someone or something that is very exaggerated in a funny or foolish way 夸张的描述
115	ZH	castigate	v. to criticize harshly 严厉批评
116	ZH	caterwaul	v. to make a very loud and unpleasant sound 发出让人不爽的噪音
117	ZH	censure	n. official strong criticism 谴责
118	ZH	chagrin	n. a feeling of being frustrated or annoyed because of failure or disappointment 失望
119	ZH	champion	v. to fight or speak publicly in support of 支持
120	ZH	chastise	v. to criticize harshly for doing something wrong 严厉批评
121	ZH	check	n. a sudden stoppage of a forward course or progress 阻止
122	ZH	chic	adj. following the current fashion or style 时髦的
123	ZH	chimera	n. something that exists only in the imagination and is not possible in reality 幻想
124	ZH	choreograph	v. to arrange or direct the movements, progress, or detail of 精心安排
125	ZH	churlish	adj. not polite 无礼的

126	ZH	circuitous	adj. not straight, short, and direct 拐弯抹角角的
127	ZH	circumscribe	v. to limit the size or amount of 限制
128	ZH	circumspect	adj. thinking carefully about possible risks before doing or saying something 谨慎的
129	ZH	circumstantial	adj. belonging to, consisting in, or dependent on circumstances 依情况而定的
130	ZH	circumvent	v. to avoid being stopped by 避开
131	ZH	clandestine	adj. marked by, held in, or conducted with secrecy 秘密的
132	ZH	cloak	v. to hide or disguise 掩盖
133	ZH	clot	v. to become thick and partly solid 凝结
134	ZH	clumsy	adj. awkward or inefficient in use or construction 笨拙的
135	ZH	cluster	v. to come together to form a group 聚集
136	ZH	coalesce	v. to come together to form one group or mass 合并
137	ZH	collective	adj. shared or done by a group of people 共同的, 集体的
138	ZH	collude	v. conspire, plot 串串通
139	ZH	comity	n. friendly social atmosphere 友谊
140	ZH	commensurate	adj. equal or similar to something in size, amount, or degree 相称的
141	ZH	commonplace	(1)n. something that happens or appears in many places and is not unusual 常见 (2)n. an obvious or trite comment 陈词滥调
142	ZH	compartmentalize	v. to divide into separate sections 分开
143	ZH	compelling	(1) adj. very interesting 激发兴趣的 (2) adj. capable of causing someone to believe or agree 令人人信服的 (3) adj. strong and forceful 强大大的
144	ZH	compensate	v. to make up for some defect or weakness 补偿
145	ZH	complacent	adj. satisfied with how things are and not wanting to change them 自自满 的
146	ZH	composed	adj. calm and in control of your emotions 镇定的
147	ZH	comprehensive	adj. covering completely or broadly 全面面的
148	ZH	comprise	v. to include or consist of 包含

149	ZH	compromise	(1)n. a way of reaching agreement in which each person or group gives up something that was wanted in order to end an argument or dispute 妥协 (2)v. to damage or weaken 危害
150	ZH	compulsory	adj. mandatory, enforced 强迫的
151	ZH	compunction	n. a feeling of guilt or regret 后悔悔
152	ZH	concede	v. to say that you accept or do not deny the truth or existence of 承认
153	ZH	conciliatory	adj. willing to end a disagreement with someone 愿意和解的
154	ZH	concoct	(1)v. to make by mixing different things together 混合而制 (2)v. to invent or develop 编造
155	ZH	condemn	v. to say in a strong and definitive way that someone or something is bad or wrong 谴责
156	ZH	conducive	adj. making it easy, possible, or likely for something to happen or exist 有助于...的
157	ZH	confine	v. to keep within limits 限制
158	ZH	confound	(1)v. to surprise and confuse 使迷惑 (2)v. to prove wrong 证明...有误
159	ZH	confront	v. to oppose or challenge especially in a direct and forceful way 与...对 峙
160	ZH	conjecture	n. an opinion or idea formed without proof or sufficient evidence 推测
161	ZH	consensus	n. a general agreement about something 一致意见
162	ZH	conspicuous	adj. very easy to see or notice 显眼的
163	ZH	construe	v. to understand in a particular way 诠释, 分析
164	ZH	consummate	adj. complete in every detail 完美的
165	ZH	contagious	(1) adj. having a sickness that can be passed to someone else by touching 接触传染的 (2) adj. capable of being easily spread to others 有感染力力的
166	ZH	contemplate	v. to think deeply or carefully about 深入思考
167	ZH	contemptuous	adj. feeling or showing deep hatred or disapproval 轻蔑的
168	ZH	contentious	(1) adj. likely to cause people to argue or disagree 引起争议的 (2) adj. likely or willing to argue 好争议的
169	ZH	contingent	adj. depending on something else that might or might not happen 取决 于
170	ZH	contract	(1)v. to become smaller 收缩 (2)n. a legal agreement between people, companies, etc. 合同 (3)v. to become affected with 感染
171	ZH	contradictory	adj. involving or having information that disagrees with other information 矛盾的
172	ZH	contravene	v. to fail to do what is required by 触犯

173	ZH	controversial	adj. relating to or causing much discussion, disagreement, or argument 有争议的
174	ZH	conundrum	n. a confusing or difficult problem 复杂难解的问题
175	ZH	convoluted	adj. very complicated and difficult to understand 复杂难解的
176	ZH	convulsion	n. a sudden change or disturbance that affects a country, organization, etc. 动乱
177	ZH	corroborate	v. to support with evidence or authority 证实
178	ZH	counterintuitive	adj. not agreeing with what seems right or natural 违反直觉的
179	ZH	counterpart	n. someone or something that has the same job or purpose as another 对应的人人或物
180	ZH	counterproductive	adj. tending to hinder the attainment of a desired goal 事与愿违的
181	ZH	courteous	adj. very polite in a way that shows respect 有礼貌的
182	ZH	covert	adj. made, shown, or done in a way that is not easily seen or noticed 秘密的
183	ZH	covet	v. to want very much 贪求
184	ZH	crass	adj. having or showing no understanding of what is proper or acceptable 愚钝的
185	ZH	credulous	adj. too ready to believe things 轻信的
186	ZH	crestfallen	adj. very sad and disappointed 不高高兴的
187	ZH	crumble	v. to break into small pieces 崩溃, 破碎
188	ZH	cumbersome	(1) adj. hard to handle or manage because of size or weight 笨重的 (2) adj. complicated and hard to do 复杂难做的
189	ZH	cunning	adj. getting what is wanted in a clever and often deceptive way 狡猾的
190	ZH	cure-all	n. a cure or solution for any illness or problem 万灵药
191	ZH	curt	adj. done or made quickly 草率的
192	ZH	curt	(1) adj. sparing of words 话少的 (2) adj. marked by rude or peremptory shortness 唐突无礼的
193	ZH	curtail	v. to reduce or limit 缩减
194	ZH	daunting	adj. tending to make people afraid or less confident 使人人畏惧的
195	ZH	dearth	n. the state or condition of not having enough of something 缺乏
196	ZH	debacle	n. a great disaster or complete failure 彻底失败
197	ZH	debunk	v. to show that something is not true 揭露...为假
198	ZH	decay	n. the process or result of being slowly destroyed by natural processes 腐朽
199	ZH	decisive	(1) adj. resolute, determined 果断的 (2) adj. unmistakable, unquestionable 毋庸置疑的

200	ZH	decrepitude	n. the state of being old and in bad condition or poor health 衰老老老, 老老老朽
201	ZH	defame	v. to hurt the reputation of especially by saying things that are false or unfair 诽谤
202	ZH	defining	adj. 起决定性作用用的
203	ZH	deflate	v. to reduce or cause to contract 使减少
204	ZH	deflect	v. to cause to change direction 使转向
205	ZH	deft	adj. skillful and clever 灵巧的
206	ZH	defy	v. to confront with assured power of resistance 蔑视
207	ZH	degrade	(1)v. to lower in grade, rank, or status 贬低 (2)v. to make the quality of worse 恶化 (3)v. to wear down by erosion 腐蚀
208	ZH	deify	v. to treat like a god or goddess 神化
209	ZH	delegate	v. to give (control, responsibility, authority, etc.) to someone 委托
210	ZH	deleterious	adj. damaging or harmful 有害的, 有毒的
211	ZH	deliberate	(1)v. to think about or discuss something very carefully in order to make a decision 深思熟虑 (2) adj. done or said in a way that is planned or intended 故意的 (3) adj. done or decided after careful thought 谨慎的
212	ZH	demanding	adj. requiring much time, effort, or attention 苛求的
213	ZH	demise	n. the end of something that is thought of as being like a death 终止止, 死亡
214	ZH	demur	v. to disagree politely with another person's statement or suggestion 表示反对
215	ZH	denounce	v. to publicly state that someone or something is bad or wrong 谴责
216	ZH	deplete	v. to empty of a principal substance 耗尽
217	ZH	derivative	adj. not new or original 非非原创的
218	ZH	detached	adj. not influenced by emotions or personal interest 公正客观的
219	ZH	deter	(1)v. to prevent from happening 阻止 (2)v. to cause to decide not to do something 威慑
220	ZH	detestation	n. extreme hatred or dislike 憎恶
221	ZH	detract	(1)v. to speak ill of 贬低 (2)v. to take away 减损
222	ZH	devious	(1) adj. willing to lie and trick people in order to get what is wanted 狡诈 的 (2) adj. not straight or direct 弯曲的

223	ZH	devolve	(1)v. to pass on from one person or entity to another (权利, 责任等) 下放 (2)v. to gradually go from an advanced state to a less advanced state 衰落
224	ZH	diatribe	n. an angry and usually long speech or piece of writing that strongly criticizes someone or something 抨击
225	ZH	didactic	adj. designed or intended to teach people something 说教的
226	ZH	diffident	(1) adj. lacking confidence 缺乏自信的 (2) adj. very careful about acting or speaking 言言行行谨慎的
227	ZH	diffuse	(1) adj. spread out over a large space 分散的 (2) adj. to spread out 传播 (3) adj. being at once verbose and ill-organized 话多的
228	ZH	dilatory	adj. characterized by procrastination 拖延的
229	ZH	diligent	adj. characterized by steady, earnest, and energetic effort 勤勤奋奋的
230	ZH	diminutive	adj. very small 极小小的
231	ZH	dire	adj. exciting horror 可怕的, 恐怖的
232	ZH	discern	(1)v. to detect with the eyes 觉察 (2)v. to recognize or identify as separate and distinct 分辨
233	ZH	discredit	v. to damage the reputation of 使丧失信誉
234	ZH	discrepancy	n. a difference especially between things that should be the same 矛盾
235	ZH	disdain	n. a feeling of contempt for someone or something regarded as unworthy or inferior 鄙视
236	ZH	disgorge	v. to let out or release 排出
237	ZH	disgruntle	v. to make ill-humored or discontented 使不高高兴
238	ZH	disinformation	n. false information deliberately 故意的假情报
239	ZH	disintegrate	v. to break apart into many small parts or pieces 瓦解
240	ZH	disinterested	(1) adj. not influenced by personal feelings, opinions, or concerns 公正的 (2) adj. not interested 没有兴趣的
241	ZH	dismantle	v. to take apart so that it is in separate pieces 拆除
242	ZH	disorganize	v. to destroy or interrupt the orderly structure or function of 扰乱
243	ZH	disparage	v. to describe as unimportant, weak, bad, etc. 贬低
244	ZH	disparate	adj. different from each other 不同的
245	ZH	dispassionate	adj. not affected by personal or emotional involvement 公正客观的, 冷静客观的

246	ZH	dispatch	(1)v. to send quickly to a particular place for a particular purpose 派遣 (2)n. promptness and efficiency in performance or transmission 迅速
247	ZH	displace	(1)v. to take the job or position of 取代 (2)v. to force to leave the area where they live 迫使离开
248	ZH	disproportionate	adj. being out of proportion 不成比例的
249	ZH	dispute	(1)v. to engage in argument 争吵 (2)v. to call into question 质疑
250	ZH	disregard	(1)v. to pay no attention to 忽视 (2)v. to ignore or treat as unimportant 贬低
251	ZH	dissemble	v. to hide your true feelings, opinions, etc. 伪装
252	ZH	distend	v. to become larger and rounder because of pressure from inside 膨胀
253	ZH	distinctive	adj. having a quality or characteristic that makes a person or thing different from others 特别的
254	ZH	divergent	adj. differing from each other or from a standard 不同的
255	ZH	divest	v. to deprive or dispossess 剥夺
256	ZH	doctrinaire	adj. of, relating to, or characteristic of a person inflexibly attached to a practice or theory 教条主义的
257	ZH	dogmatic	adj. expressing personal opinions or beliefs as if they are certainly correct and cannot be doubted 武断的, 教条主义的
258	ZH	doom	(1)n. very bad events or situations that cannot be avoided 厄运 (2)v. to make certain to fail, suffer, die, etc. 使...在劫难逃
259	ZH	douse	v. extinguish 熄灭
260	ZH	dovish	adj. in favor of using peaceful and diplomatic methods to achieve something, rather than using force and violence 和平主义的
261	ZH	downplay	v. to make seem smaller or less important 不重视
262	ZH	dreary	adj. causing unhappiness or sad feelings 枯燥乏味的
263	ZH	droll	adj. having an odd and amusing quality 滑稽的
264	ZH	dubious	(1) adj. unsure or uncertain 不确定的 (2) adj. causing doubt, uncertainty, or suspicion 可疑的
265	ZH	dull	adj. not exciting or interesting 乏味的
266	ZH	duplicate	v. to make an exact copy of 复制
267	ZH	durable	adj. staying strong and in good condition over a long period of time 持久的
268	ZH	dwindle	v. to gradually become smaller 逐渐减少, 逐渐变小
269	ZH	ebb	v. to get worse 衰退
270	ZH	eclipse	(1)n. a loss of power, success, popularity, etc. 衰退 (2)v. to make less important or popular 使...不重要, 胜过

271	ZH	economy	n. careful use of money, resources, etc. 节约
272	ZH	effusive	adj. expressing a lot of emotion 溢于言言表的, 感情丰富的
273	ZH	egalitarian	adj. aiming for equal wealth, status, etc. 平等主义的
274	ZH	egregious	adj. very bad and easily noticed 臭臭名昭著的
275	ZH	elate	v. to make very happy and excited 使...高高兴
276	ZH	elicit	v. to call forth or draw out 引出
277	ZH	eliminate	(1)v. to remove (something that is not wanted or needed) 消除 (2)v. to defeat and remove from a competition 淘汰
278	ZH	eloquent	adj. marked by forceful and fluent expression 雄辩的
279	ZH	elude	(1)v. to avoid or escape by being quick, skillful, or clever 避开 (2)v. to fail to be understood or remembered by 不不能被...理理解
280	ZH	elusive	(1) adj. hard to find or capture 难抓住的 (2) adj. hard to understand, define, or remember 难理理解的
281	ZH	embed	v. to place or set firmly in something else 嵌入入
282	ZH	emblematic	adj. representing something that cannot be seen by itself 象征的
283	ZH	embody	(1)v. to represent in a clear and obvious way 象征 (2)v. to include as a part of feature 包括
284	ZH	embrace	v. to accept readily or gladly 欣然接受
285	ZH	emendation	n. an alteration designed to correct or improve 修订
286	ZH	emergent	(1) adj. arising unexpectedly 意外的 (2) adj. newly formed or prominent 新兴的
287	ZH	eminent	adj. successful, well-known and respected 杰出的
288	ZH	empirical	adj. based on testing or experience 根据实证或经验的
289	ZH	employ	(1)v. to use for a particular purpose or to do something 使用用 (2)v. to use or get the services of to do a particular job 雇用用
290	ZH	empower	v. to give official authority or legal power to 授权
291	ZH	emulate	(1)v. to try to be like 模仿 (2)v. to strive to equal or excel 努力力力赶超
292	ZH	enamor	v. to cause to be loved or admired 使迷恋

293	ZH	encomium	n. glowing and warmly enthusiastic praise 赞美
294	ZH	encumber	v. to impede or hamper the function or activity of 妨碍
295	ZH	encyclopedic	adj. dealing with or knowing a subject thoroughly or completely 广博的, 全面面的
296	ZH	endemic	adj. restricted or peculiar to a locality or region 地方性的
297	ZH	endorse	v. to publicly or officially say that you support or approve of 支持
298	ZH	enduring	adj. lasting, durable 持久的
299	ZH	engaging	adj. very attractive or pleasing in a way that holds your attention 迷人的
300	ZH	engender	v. to cause to exist or to develop 导致
301	ZH	enigmatic	adj. full of mystery and difficult to understand 神秘难懂的
302	ZH	ensue	v. to happen as a result 随即发生
303	ZH	entangle	v. to cause to get caught in or twisted with something else 使纠缠
304	ZH	entrench	v. to place in a very strong position that cannot easily be changed 使... 牢固, 确立
305	ZH	ephemeral	adj. lasting a very short time 短暂的
306	ZH	equable	adj. tending to remain calm 平静的
307	ZH	equanimity	n. calm emotions when dealing with problems or pressure 镇定
308	ZH	equivocal	adj. not easily understood or explained 模棱两可的
309	ZH	erode	v. to diminish or destroy by degrees 腐蚀
310	ZH	errant	(1) adj. moving about aimlessly or irregularly 不定的 (2) adj. behaving wrongly 行为错误的
311	ZH	erratic	adj. acting, moving, or changing in ways that are not expected or usual 难以预测的
312	ZH	erroneous	adj. not correct 错误的
313	ZH	erstwhile	adj. in the past 过去的
314	ZH	erudite	adj. having or showing knowledge that is learned by studying 博学的
315	ZH	eschew	v. to avoid especially because you do not think it is right, proper, etc. 避免
316	ZH	esoteric	adj. hard to understand 深奥难懂的
317	ZH	espouse	v. to express support for 拥护

318	ZH	essential	(1) adj. extremely important and necessary 完全必要的 (2) adj. very basic 基本的
319	ZH	estrangle	v. to cause someone to be no longer friendly or close to another person or group 使疏远
320	ZH	euphoria	n. a feeling of great happiness and excitement 狂喜
321	ZH	evanescent	adj. lasting a very short time 短暂的
322	ZH	evangelist	n. an enthusiastic advocate 热情的推动者
323	ZH	evasive	adj. tending or intended to evade: equivocal 逃避的, 闪烁其词的
324	ZH	evenhanded	adj. not favoring one side or group over another 公平的
325	ZH	exacerbate	v. to make more violent, bitter, or severe 使恶化
326	ZH	exacting	adj. requiring much time, attention, or effort from someone 严格的
327	ZH	exactitude	n. the quality or state of being accurate and correct 精确性
328	ZH	exaggerate	v. to think of or describe something as larger or greater than it really is 夸大大
329	ZH	exalt	v. to praise highly 赞扬
330	ZH	exceptional	(1) adj. not usual 不寻常的 (2) adj. much better than average 杰出的
331	ZH	excoriate	v. to criticize very harshly 严厉指责
332	ZH	exculpate	v. to prove that someone is not guilty of doing something wrong 开脱罪行
333	ZH	exhaustive	adj. very thorough 全面面的
334	ZH	exhilarate	v. to make cheerful and excited 使兴奋
335	ZH	exigent	adj. requiring immediate attention 迫切的
336	ZH	exiguous	adj. excessive scanty 稀少的
337	ZH	exonerate	v. to prove that someone is not guilty of a crime or responsible for a problem, bad situation, etc. 免罪
338	ZH	expel	v. to officially force to leave a place or organization 开除, 驱逐
339	ZH	experimental	(1) adj. relating to a scientific experiment or to scientific experiments in general 实验的 (2) adj. using a new way of doing or thinking about something 创新的
340	ZH	explicit	(1) adj. fully revealed or expressed without vagueness, implication, or ambiguity 直截了当的 (2) adj. fully developed or formulated 详述的
341	ZH	exploit	(1)v. to get value or use from 利利用 (2)v. to use in a way that helps you unfairly 剥削
342	ZH	extinguish	(1)v. to cause to stop burning 熄灭 (2)v. to cause the end or death of 毁灭
343	ZH	extirpate	v. to destroy or remove completely 根除

344	ZH	extol	v. to praise highly 赞扬
345	ZH	extraneous	adj. not forming a necessary part of something 无无关的
346	ZH	extrapolate	n. to form an opinion or to make an estimate about something from known facts 推断
347	ZH	extremist	n. people who use violent or extreme methods 极端分子子
348	ZH	exuberant	(1) adj. very lively, happy, or energetic 热情洋溢的 (2) adj. existing in large amounts 过度的
349	ZH	facile	adj. not showing enough thought or effort 肤浅的, 轻率的
350	ZH	facilitate	v. help bring about 促进, 加快
351	ZH	fastidious	adj. showing or demanding excessive delicacy or care 挑剔的, 极其注 重细节的
352	ZH	fathom	v. to penetrate and come to understand 理理解
353	ZH	fealty	n. loyalty to a person, group, etc. 忠诚
354	ZH	feckless	adj. having or resulting from a weak character or nature 软弱的
355	ZH	feeble	adj. markedly lacking in strength 虚弱的
356	ZH	fester	v. to become worse as time passes 恶化
357	ZH	fickle	adj. changing often 善变的
358	ZH	figurative	adj. showing people and things in a way that resembles how they really look 比比喻的, 象征的
359	ZH	flagrant	adj. conspicuously offensive 明目目张胆的
360	ZH	fleeting	adj. lasting for only a short time 短暂的
361	ZH	flourish	(1)v. to grow well 繁茂 (2)v. to be very successful 兴旺 (3)v. to hold up and show in an excited or proud way 炫耀
362	ZH	flout	v. to break or ignore without hiding what you are doing or showing fear of shame 公然藐视
363	ZH	fluctuate	v. to change level, strength, or value frequently 波动, 摇摆不定
364	ZH	flummery	n. mummary, mumbo jumbo 假恭维, 胡言乱语
365	ZH	forbear	v. to choose not to do 克制
366	ZH	foreground	(1)v. to make more important 使重要, 使显眼 (2)n. an important position 重要位置
367	ZH	forerunner	(1)n. someone or something that comes before another 先驱 (2)n. a sign of something that is going to happen 预兆

368	ZH	foresight	n. the ability to see what will or might happen in the future 先见见之明
369	ZH	forestall	(1)v. to stop from happening or to cause to happen at a later time 预先 阻止止 (2)v. to act before in order to prevent something 提前行行行动
370	ZH	forge	(1)v. to form by heating and hammering 锻造 (2)v. to make or imitate falsely especially with intent to defraud 伪造
371	ZH	forgo	v. to give up the use or enjoyment of 放弃
372	ZH	formidable	(1)adj. causing fear, dread, or apprehension 可怕的 (2)adj. tending to inspire awe or wonder 令人人敬畏的 (3)adj. very difficult to deal with 难对付的
373	ZH	formulaic	adj. being not original and having been used many times before in similar situations 老老老套的，公式化的
374	ZH	forsake	v. to give up or leave entirely 抛弃
375	ZH	founder	(1)v. to experience failure 失败 (2)n. one founds or establishes 创建人人
376	ZH	fractious	(1) adj. full of anger and disagreement 易易怒怒的 (2) adj. hard to manage or control 难对付的
377	ZH	fraudulent	adj. done to trick someone for the purpose of getting something valuable 欺骗性的
378	ZH	fringe	n. edge, periphery 边缘
379	ZH	frugal	adj. simple and plain 简朴的
380	ZH	fungible	adj. interchangeable 可取代的
381	ZH	fusty	(1) adj. full of dust and unpleasant smells 霉臭臭的 (2) adj. very old-fashioned 守旧的
382	ZH	futile	adj. pointless or useless 无无用用的
383	ZH	gainsay	v. to declare to be untrue or invalid 否认
384	ZH	galvanize	v. to stimulate or excite as if by an electric shock 激励
385	ZH	garrulous	adj. tending to talk a lot 喋喋不不休的
386	ZH	gauge	(1)v. to measure exactly 估计，判断 (2)n. an instrument that is used for measuring something 衡量量仪器器

387	ZH	generic	adj. of or relating to a whole group or class 通用用的
388	ZH	genial	adj. kind and friendly 友善的
389	ZH	germane	adj. relating to a subject in an appropriate way 密切相关的
390	ZH	glean	v. to gather or collect in a gradual way 搜集, 获取
391	ZH	gloat	v. to show in an improper or selfish way that you are happy with you own success or another person's failure 幸灾乐祸
392	ZH	gloomy	adj. sad or depressed 忧郁的
393	ZH	glut	n. too much of something 过量量
394	ZH	grandiose	(1) adj. characterized by affectation of grandeur or splendor or by absurd exaggeration 浮夸的 (2) adj. impressive because of uncommon largeness, scope, effect, or grandeur 宏伟的
395	ZH	gratify	v. to make happy or satisfied 使满足足, 使高高兴
396	ZH	groundless	adj. not based on facts 无无根据的
397	ZH	guile	n. deceitful cunning 奸诈
398	ZH	hail	v. to greet with enthusiastic approval 称赞
399	ZH	half-formulated	adj. 半成品的
400	ZH	halfhearted	adj. feeling or showing a lack of interest or enthusiasm 不不热情的
401	ZH	hallmark	n. a quality, ability, etc., that is typical of a particular person or thing 特点
402	ZH	hallow	v. to respect greatly 极其崇敬
403	ZH	hamper	v. to slow the movement, progress, or action of 阻碍
404	ZH	hamstring	v. to damage or ruin the force or effectiveness of 使无无能为力力力
405	ZH	haphazard	adj. having no plan, order, or direction 随意的
406	ZH	hasty	adj. fast and typically superficial 匆忙的, 草率的
407	ZH	hedge	v. to avoid giving a promise or direct answer 回避
408	ZH	heed	v. to pay attention to 注意, 留留心心
409	ZH	heterodox	adj. not agreeing with established beliefs or standards 异端的
410	ZH	heterogeneous	adj. made up of parts that are different 各种各样的
411	ZH	hidebound	adj. not willing to accept new or different ideas 迂腐守旧的

412	ZH	high-minded	adj. having strong moral principles 高高尚的
413	ZH	hinder	v. to make slow or difficult 妨碍
414	ZH	hitch	n. a hidden problem that makes something more complicated or difficult to do 故障
415	ZH	hodgepodge	n. a mixture of different things 大大杂烩
416	ZH	hone	v. to make more acute, intense, or effective 磨砺, 提升
417	ZH	hortatory	adj. hortative, exhortatory 劝告的
418	ZH	hubris	n. a great or foolish amount of pride or confidence 傲慢自自大大
419	ZH	humdrum	adj. dull, boring, and ordinary 单调的, 乏味的
420	ZH	humility	n. the quality or state of not thinking you are better than other people 谦逊
421	ZH	hyperbole	n. language that describes something as better or worse than it really is 夸大大
422	ZH	hypocrisy	n. a feigning to be what one is not or to believe what one does not 伪善
423	ZH	iconoclast	n. a person who criticizes or opposes beliefs and practices that are widely accepted 反传统者
424	ZH	illusory	adj. base one something that is not true or real 虚假的
425	ZH	imbibe	(1)v. to drink alcohol 饮酒 (2)v. to receive into the mind and retain 吸收, 接受
426	ZH	imitate	v. to follow as a pattern, model, or example 模仿
427	ZH	immense	adj. very great in size or amount 巨大的
428	ZH	immutable	adj. unable to be changed 不可改变的
429	ZH	impair	v. to make weaker or worse 损害
430	ZH	impartial	adj. treating all people and groups equally 公正的
431	ZH	impassioned	adj. showing or feeling very strong emotions 热情的
432	ZH	impecunious	adj. having little or no money 贫穷的
433	ZH	impede	v. to slow the movement, progress, or action of 阻碍
434	ZH	impenetrable	adj. impossible to understand 无法理解的
435	ZH	imperi	v. to bring into peril: endanger 危及
436	ZH	impetuous	adj. acting or done quickly and without thought 鲁莽的

437	ZH	implacable	adj. opposed to someone or something in a very angry or determined way that cannot be changed 无法安抚的
438	ZH	impolitic	adj. unwise 不明智的
439	ZH	impotent	adj. lacking power or strength 无能的, 无力的
440	ZH	improvise	v. to speak or perform without preparation 即兴创作
441	ZH	impudent	adj. failing to show proper respect and courtesy 放肆无礼的
442	ZH	impugn	v. to assail by words or argument 指责
443	ZH	impulsive	adj. done suddenly and without planning 冲动的
444	ZH	inclusive	(1) adj. covering or including everything 全包括的 (2) adj. including the stated limits and everything in between 包括首尾两项的
445	ZH	incursion	n. a sudden invasion or attack 入侵
446	ZH	indebted	adj. owing gratitude or recognition to another 感激的
447	ZH	indict	v. to charge with a fault or offense 控告
448	ZH	indifferent	(1)adj. not interested in or concerned about something 冷漠的 (2)adj. marked by impartiality 公正的
449	ZH	indiscriminate	(1)affecting or harming many people or things in a careless or unfair way 肆意的 (2)not careful in making choices 盲目目的
450	ZH	indispensable	adj. extremely important and necessary 不可或缺的
451	ZH	induce	v. to cause to do something 引起
452	ZH	inevitable	adj. sure to happen 必然的
453	ZH	infectious	(1)adj. capable of causing infection 传染性的 (2)adj. spreading or capable of spreading rapidly to others 有感染力的
454	ZH	inflammatory	adj. causing anger 煽动性的
455	ZH	ingenuous	(1) adj. showing innocent or childlike simplicity and candidness 天真的 (2) adj. lacking craft or subtlety 真诚的

456	ZH	inhibit	v. to keep from doing what he or she wants to do 抑制, 禁止止
457	ZH	inimical	(1) adj. likely to cause damage or have a bad effect 有害的 (2) adj. not friendly 不友好的
458	ZH	innate	adj. existing from the time a person or animal is born 天生的
459	ZH	innocuous	(1) adj. causing no injury 无害的 (2) adj. not likely to bother or offend anyone 无意冒犯的
460	ZH	insatiable	adj. always wanting more 不满足的
461	ZH	inscrutable	adj. difficult to understand 难以理解的
462	ZH	insightful	adj. having or showing a very clear understanding of something 有洞察力的
463	ZH	insipid	adj. not interesting or exciting 枯燥乏味的
464	ZH	insufferable	adj. not to be endured: intolerable 难以忍受的
465	ZH	insular	adj. separated from other people or cultures 狭隘的
466	ZH	insulate	v. to keep separate from something unpleasant, dangerous, etc. 隔离, 绝缘 (不利的东西)
467	ZH	intelligible	adj. able to be understood 可理解的
468	ZH	interchangeable	adj. capable of being used in place of each other 可交换的
469	ZH	intermediary	adj. acting as a mediator 调解的, 中间的
470	ZH	interweave	v. to twist or weave together 交织
471	ZH	intimate	(1)adj. having a very close relationship 亲密的 (2)v. to say or suggest in an indirect way 暗示
472	ZH	intransigent	adj. completely unwilling to change 不妥协的
473	ZH	intrinsic	adj. belonging to the essential nature of a thing 本质的
474	ZH	invalidate	(1)v. to weaken or destroy the effect of 使无效 (2)v. to show or prove to be false or incorrect 证明… 错误
475	ZH	invective	n. insulting or abusive language 猛烈抨击
476	ZH	inverse	(1)adj. opposite in nature or effect 相反的 (2)n. something that is the opposite of something else 相反事物, 相反数 (数学)
477	ZH	involved	adj. very complicated 复杂的
478	ZH	irascible	adj. becoming angry very easily 易怒的

479	ZH	irenic	adj. favoring, conducive to, or operating toward peace, moderation, or conciliation 和平主义的
480	ZH	itinerant	adj. traveling from place to place 流动的, 巡回的
481	ZH	jealous	adj. hostile toward a rival or one believed to enjoy an advantage 嫉妒的
482	ZH	jejune	(1) adj. not interesting 乏味的 (2) adj. too simple 幼稚的
483	ZH	jettison	v. to get rid of 丢弃
484	ZH	judicious	adj. having or showing good judgment 审慎的
485	ZH	keen	adj. very excited about and interested in something 渴望的
486	ZH	keep abreast of	phrase. 了解...的最新情况
487	ZH	kindred	adj. alike or similar 同类的, 相似的
488	ZH	kinfolk	n. a person's relatives 亲戚
489	ZH	knotty	adj. difficult or complicated 复杂的, 棘手手的
490	ZH	laborious	adj. devoted to labor 勤勤劳的
491	ZH	laconic	adj. using few words in speech or writing 简洁的
492	ZH	lambaste	v. to criticize very harshly 严厉批评
493	ZH	languish	(1)v. to continue for a long time without activity or progress in an unpleasant or unwanted situation 失去活力力 (2)v. to suffer neglect 被忽视
494	ZH	lapse	(1)n. an occurrence in which you fail to think or act in the usual or proper way for a brief time and make a mistake 错误 (2)n. an occurrence in which someone behaves badly or usually a short period of time 行行行为失检 (3)v. to stop for usually a brief time 终止止
495	ZH	laudatory	adj. expressing or containing praise 赞美的
496	ZH	layperson	n. a member of the laity 门外汉
497	ZH	legitimate	adj. allowed according to rules or laws 合法的
498	ZH	lethargic	adj. feeling a lack of energy or a lack of interest in doing things 无精打采 的
499	ZH	limpid	adj. marked by transparency 清晰的
500	ZH	lionize	v. to treat as a very important and famous person 崇拜, 把...视为名人
501	ZH	list	v. to tilt to one side especially of a boat or ship 倾斜

502	ZH	loath	adj. not wanting or willing to do something 不情愿的
503	ZH	long-winded	adj. using too many words in speaking or writing 冗长
504	ZH	loquacious	adj. liking to talk and talking smoothly and easily 健谈的
505	ZH	lucid	adj. very clear and easy to understand 清晰的, 易懂的
506	ZH	lucrative	adj. producing money or wealth 获利丰厚的
507	ZH	ludicrous	adj. very foolish 荒唐可笑的
508	ZH	lugubrious	adj. full of sadness or sorrow 悲伤的
509	ZH	lull	(1)v. to cause to sleep or rest 使平静 (2)v. to cause to feel safe and relaxed instead of careful and alert 蒙蔽 (3)n. a brief time when an action or activity stops 间歇
510	ZH	luxuriant	(1) adj. yielding abundantly 茂盛的 (2) adj. abundantly and often extravagantly rich and varied 丰富的
511	ZH	madcap	adj. marked by capriciousness, recklessness, or foolishness 愚蠢的, 鲁莽的
512	ZH	magnanimous	adj. showing or suggesting nobility of feeling and generosity of mind 宽宏大量的, 慷慨的
513	ZH	malady	n. a disease or illness 疾病
514	ZH	malfeasance	n. wrongdoing or misconduct especially by a public official 渎职
515	ZH	malignant	adj. aggressively malicious 恶性的
516	ZH	malingering	v. to pretend or exaggerate incapacity or illness 装病
517	ZH	malleable	adj. capable of being easily changed or influenced 可塑的, 易变的
518	ZH	malodorous	adj. having a bad smell 难闻的
519	ZH	manacle	v. to restrain from movement, progress, or action 束缚
520	ZH	manifest	(1)adj. able to be seen 明显的 (2)v. to show clearly 清楚显示
521	ZH	manipulate	v. to use or change in a skillful way or for a particular purpose 控制, 操纵
522	ZH	marginal	(1) adj. not very important 不重要的 (2) adj. not included in the main part of society or of a group 边缘的
523	ZH	martinet	n. a person who is very strict and demands obedience from others 严格执行纪律的人
524	ZH	materialize	(1)v. to become visible 显现 (2)v. to begin to happen or exist 实现
525	ZH	maverick	n. a person who refuses to follow the customs or rules of a group 特立独行的人
526	ZH	meager	(1) adj. not having enough of something for comfort or happiness 缺乏的 (2) adj. having little thin 瘦

			削的
527	ZH	measured	adj. done with thought and care 慎重的
528	ZH	mediate	v. to effect by action as an intermediary 调解
529	ZH	meld	v. merge, blend 混合
530	ZH	mercurial	adj. changing often 变化无无常的
531	ZH	metaphor	(1)n. a figure of speech in which a word or phrase literally denoting one kind of object or idea is used in place of another to suggest a likeness or analogy between them 隐喻 (2)n. an object, activity, or idea that is used as a symbol of something else 象征
532	ZH	meticulous	adj. very careful about doing something in a extremely accurate and exact way 周密的，一一丝不不苟的
533	ZH	mimic	(1)v. to copy especially of humor 模仿 (2)v. to naturally look like 和...相似
534	ZH	minuscule	adj. very small 极小小的
535	ZH	misconception	n. an idea that is not correct 错误观念
536	ZH	misgiving	n. a feeling of doubt or suspicion especially concerning a future event 疑虑，担忧
537	ZH	mishandle	(1)v. to deal with or manage wrong or ignorantly 不不当地处理理 (2)v. maltreat 虐待
538	ZH	misnomer	n. a name that is wrong or not proper or appropriate 名称误用用
539	ZH	misuse	(1)v. to use incorrectly 误用用 (2)v. abuse, mistreat 虐待
540	ZH	mitigate	v. to make less severe, harmful, or painful 缓和
541	ZH	mockery	n. insulting or contemptuous action or speech 嘲笑
542	ZH	modicum	n. a small amount 少量量
543	ZH	mollify	v. to make less angry 平息，抚慰
544	ZH	momentary	adj. lasting a very short time 短暂的
545	ZH	monolithic	(1) adj. consisting of or constituting a single unit 单一一的 (2) adj. constituting a massive undifferentiated and often rigid whole 单一一 庞大大的
546	ZH	morbid	adj. not healthy or normal 病态的

547	ZH	mordant	adj. expressing harsh criticism especially in a way that is funny 尖刻的
548	ZH	mount	v. to increase in amount 增加
549	ZH	muddle	(1)v. to cause confusion in 使...混乱 (2)n. a state of confusion or disorder 混乱
550	ZH	mundane	(1) adj. dull and ordinary 平凡的, 乏味的 (2) adj. relating to ordinary life on earth rather than to spiritual things 世俗的
551	ZH	narcissism	n. egoism, egocentrism 自恋
552	ZH	nascent	adj. beginning to exist 刚出现的
553	ZH	naysayer	n. a person who says something will not work or is not possible 唱反调 的人
554	ZH	nebulous	adj. not clear 模糊的
555	ZH	negligent	adj. failing to take proper or normal care of something or someone 疏忽大大的
556	ZH	negligible	adj. very small or unimportant 微不足道的, 不重要的
557	ZH	nettle	v. to make angry 激怒
558	ZH	nimble	(1) adj. able to move quickly, easily, and lightly 敏捷的 (2) adj. able to learn and understand things quickly and easily 敏锐的
559	ZH	noisome	adj. offensive to the senses and especially to the sense of smell 令人讨厌的, 恶臭的
560	ZH	nonchalant	adj. having an air of easy unconcern or indifference 冷漠的
561	ZH	nondescript	adj. lacking distinctive or interesting qualities 无个性的
562	ZH	nostalgia	(1)n. pleasure and sadness that is caused by remembering something from the past and wishing that you could experience it again 怀旧 (2)n. the state of being homesick 思乡
563	ZH	novel	adj. new and different from what has been known before 新颖的
564	ZH	novice	n. a person who has just started learning or doing something 新手
565	ZH	noxious	adj. harmful to living things 有害的, 有毒的
566	ZH	nuance	n. a very small difference in color, tone, meaning, etc. 细微差别
567	ZH	numinous	adj. having a mysterious, holy, or spiritual quality 神圣的 adj. supernatural, mysterious 超自然的,

			神秘的
568	ZH	obdurate	adj. refusing to do what other people want 固执的
569	ZH	obeisance	n. respect for someone or something 尊敬
570	ZH	obfuscate	v. to make more difficult to understand 混淆, 使迷惑
571	ZH	objectionable	adj. causing people to be offended 令人反感的
572	ZH	objective	adj. based on facts rather than feelings or opinions 客观的, 公正的
573	ZH	obligatory	(1) adj. required by a law or rule 强制性的 (2) adj. always or often included as a familiar and expected part of something 习惯性的
574	ZH	obliterate	v. to destroy completely so that nothing is left 清除, 摧毁
575	ZH	obscure	(1) adj. not well-known 不出名的 (2) adj. difficult to understand 费解的 (3)v. to make difficult to understand or know 使...费解 (4)v. to hide or cover 遮盖
576	ZH	obsequious	adj. too eager to help or obey someone important 谄媚的
577	ZH	obsolete	adj. no longer used by anyone 废弃的, 老老老式的
578	ZH	obtrusive	adj. noticeable in an unpleasant or annoying way 惹眼的
579	ZH	obviate	v. to make no longer necessary 避免, 取消
580	ZH	occlude	v. to close up or block off 阻闭
581	ZH	offset	v. to create an equal balance between two things 补偿, 抵消
582	ZH	ominous	adj. suggesting that something bad is going to happen in the future 不不祥 的
583	ZH	omit	v. to leave out 遗漏漏
584	ZH	omnipresent	adj. present in all places at all times 无无处不不在的
585	ZH	onerous	adj. difficult and unpleasant to do or deal with 繁重的
586	ZH	onetime	adj. having been someone or something specified in the past 过去的
587	ZH	onset	n. the beginning of something 开始
588	ZH	opaque	(1) adj. not letting light through 不透明的 (2) adj. difficult to understand or explain 难懂的
589	ZH	oppressive	(1) adj. very cruel or unfair 残酷的 (2) adj. overwhelming or depressing to the spirit or senses 令人窒息
590	ZH	opprobrium	(1)n. very strong disapproval or criticism of a person or thing especially by a large number of people 谴责 (2)n. something that brings disgrace 耻辱

591	ZH	optimism	n. a feeling or belief that good things will happen in the future 乐观
592	ZH	opulent	(1) adj. having a large estate or property 富裕的 (2) adj. amply or plentifully provided or fashioned often to the point of ostentation 豪华的, 奢侈的
593	ZH	orientation	n. a main interest, quality, or goal 目目标, 态度
594	ZH	orthodox	adj. accepted as true or correct by most people 正统的
595	ZH	oust	(1)v. to cause or force to leave a position of power, a competition, etc. 罢黜, 驱逐 (2)v. to take the place of 取代
596	ZH	outdo	v. to be better than 超过
597	ZH	outmoded	adj. not modern or current 过时的
598	ZH	outstrip	v. to get ahead of 超过
599	ZH	overbearing	adj. harshly and haughtily arrogant 傲慢的, 专横的
600	ZH	overshadow	v. to exceed in importance 超越
601	ZH	overstate	v. to say that is larger or greater than it really is 夸大大
602	ZH	overthrow	v. to remove from power especially by force 推翻, 废除
603	ZH	pacific	adj. loving peace 和平主义的
604	ZH	painstaking	adj. showing or done with great care and effort 煞费苦心心的
605	ZH	palliate	(1)v. to moderate the intensity of 减轻 (2)v. the cover by excuses and apologies 辩解
606	ZH	paltry	(1) adj. very small or too small in amount 很少的 (2) adj. having little meaning, importance, or worth 无无意义的
607	ZH	panacea	n. something that will make everything about a situation better 万能药
608	ZH	paradigm	n. a model or pattern for something that may be copied 模板, 典范
609	ZH	paradoxical	adj. of the nature of a paradox 矛盾的
610	ZH	parity	n. the quality or state of being equal or equivalent 平等, 相等
611	ZH	parochial	adj. limited to only the things that affect your local area 狭隘的
612	ZH	partisan	adj. devoted to or biased in support of a party, group, or cause 有偏见的

613	ZH	pastiche	n. a mixture of different things 大大杂烩
614	ZH	pastoral	adj. of or relating to the countryside or to the lives of people who live in the country 乡村的
615	ZH	patchwork	n. something that is made up of different things 大大杂烩
616	ZH	patent	(1)n. an official document conferring a right or privilege 专利利 (2)adj. obvious or clear 显而易见的
617	ZH	pathetic	adj. causing feelings of sadness and sympathy 可怜的
618	ZH	paucity	n. a small amount of something 不足足
619	ZH	peculiar	adj. not usual or normal 奇怪的
620	ZH	pecuniary	adj. of or relating to money 金金钱的
621	ZH	pedestrian	adj. commonplace, unimaginative 乏味的
622	ZH	pedigree	n. an ancestral line 身世
623	ZH	pejorative	adj. insulting to someone or something 轻蔑的
624	ZH	penalty	(1)n. punishment for breaking a rule or law 处罚 (2)n. a disadvantage or difficulty you experience 不利利结果
625	ZH	penchant	n. a strong and continued inclination 倾向, 嗜好
626	ZH	perennial	adj. existing or continuing in the same way for a long time 持久的
627	ZH	perfunctory	adj. used to describe something that is done without energy or enthusiasm because of habit or because it is expected 敷衍的
628	ZH	perilous	adj. full of danger 危险的
629	ZH	peripatetic	adj. pedestrian, itinerant 巡回的
630	ZH	peripheral	adj. of, relating to, involving, or forming a periphery or surface part 边缘 的
631	ZH	perpetuate	v. to make perpetual or cause to last indefinitely 使…永存
632	ZH	perspicacious	adj. having or showing an ability to notice and understand things that are difficult or not obvious 有洞察力力的
633	ZH	pertain	(1)v. to relate to someone or something 有关 (2)v. to belong as a part, member, accessory or product

			从属
634	ZH	pervasive	adj. existing in every part of something 普遍的, 弥漫的
635	ZH	pessimistic	adj. having or showing a lack of hope for the future 悲观的
636	ZH	pilfer	v. to steal things that are not very valuable or to steal a small amount of something 偷窃
637	ZH	pivotal	adj. very important 重要的
638	ZH	plague	(1)n. a large number of harmful or annoying things 让人人讨厌的东西 (2)v. to cause constant or repeated trouble, illness, etc. 困扰, 纠缠
639	ZH	plaintive	adj. expressing suffering or sadness 悲伤的
640	ZH	plastic	(1) adj. capable of adapting to varying conditions 可塑的 (2) adj. not real or sincere 做作的
641	ZH	plausible	(1) adj. believable or realistic 真实的 (2) adj. superficially fair, reasonable, or valuable but often specious 看似 真实 (但实际虚假)
642	ZH	plentiful	adj. containing or giving large amounts of something 充足的
643	ZH	plethora	n. excess, superfluity 过量
644	ZH	polymath	n. someone who knows a lot about many different things 博学者
645	ZH	ponder	v. to think about or consider carefully 深思熟虑
646	ZH	portend	v. to give an omen or anticipatory sign of 预言
647	ZH	posture	(1)n. the attitude a person or group has toward a subject 态度 (2)v. to assume an artificial or pretended attitude 摆姿态
648	ZH	pragmatic	adj. dealing with the problems that exist in a specific situation in a reasonable and logical way instead of depending on ideas and theories 务实的
649	ZH	preachy	adj. trying to teach something in a way that is annoying or unwanted 爱 说教的
650	ZH	precarious	adj. not safe, strong, or steady 危险的, 不稳固的
651	ZH	precede	v. to happen, go, or come before 比...先发生
652	ZH	precipitate	(1)v. to cause to happen quickly or suddenly 引发, 加速 (2)n. a solid substance that is separated from a liquid especially by a chemical process 沉淀 (3)adj. happening very quickly or too quickly without enough thought or planning 冲动的, 鲁莽的
653	ZH	preclude	v. to make impossible by necessary consequence: rule out in advance 排除, 防止

654	ZH	precocious	adj. exhibiting mature qualities at an unusually early age 早熟的
655	ZH	predate	v. to exist or happen at an earlier time than 早于
656	ZH	predilection	n. a natural liking for something 偏爱
657	ZH	predominant	adj. more important, powerful, successful, or noticeable than other people or things 占优势的, 主导的
658	ZH	preeminent	adj. more important, skillful, or successful than others 杰出的, 卓越的
659	ZH	prefigure	v. to show or suggest something that will happen or exist at a future time 预示
660	ZH	presage	v. to give or be a sign of 预示
661	ZH	preside	v. to be in charge of something 主持
662	ZH	pressing	adj. urgently important 紧迫的, 重要的
663	ZH	prestige	n. the respect and admiration that someone or something gets for being successful or important 威望
664	ZH	preternatural	adj. very unusual in a way that does not seem natural 异乎寻常的
665	ZH	pretext	n. a reason that you give to hide your real reason for doing something 借口
666	ZH	prevail	(1)v. to be usual, common, or popular 流行 (2)v. to defeat an opponent especially in a long or difficult contest 占优势
667	ZH	prevalent	adj. accepted, done, or happening often or over a large area at a particular time 流行的, 普遍的
668	ZH	prevaricate	v. to deviate from the truth 闪烁其词
669	ZH	primitive	(1) adj. of, belonging to, or seeming to come from an early time in the very ancient past 原始的 (2) adj. very simple and basic 初级的, 简陋的
670	ZH	pristine	(1) adj. belonging to the earliest period or state 原始的 (2) adj. not spoiled, corrupted, or polluted 崭新的
671	ZH	proclaim	(1)v. to say or state in a public, official, or definite way 宣布 (2)v. to show clearly 表明
672	ZH	proclivity	n. a strong natural liking for something that is usually bad 倾向, 嗜好
673	ZH	prodigious	adj. extraordinary in bulk, quantity, or degree 巨大的
674	ZH	profess	(1)v. to say or declare openly 公开宣称 (2)v. to believe in (a particular religion) 信奉
675	ZH	profligate	adj. wildly extravagant 挥霍的
676	ZH	profound	(1) adj. having or showing great knowledge or understanding 渊博的 (2) adj. difficult to understand 深奥的 (3) adj. coming from, reaching to, or situated at a depth 深刻的

677	ZH	profusion	n. a large amount of something 大大量量
678	ZH	proliferate	v. to increase in number or amount quickly 激增
679	ZH	prolix	adj. using too many words 冗长长的
680	ZH	prominent	adj. easily notice or seen 显著的
681	ZH	promise	(1)n. an indication of future success or improvement 成功前景 (2)n. a reason to expect that something will happen in the future 希望
682	ZH	prompt	(1)v. to cause to do something 促使 (2)adj. performed readily or immediately 迅捷的
683	ZH	prophetic	adj. forestelling events 有预见见的
684	ZH	propitious	adj. likely to have or produce good results 吉利利的
685	ZH	proponent	n. a person who argues for or supports something 支支持者
686	ZH	proprietary	(1) adj. used, made, or sold only by the particular person or company that has the legal right to do so 专利利的 (2) adj. kept private by an owner 私人人独有的
687	ZH	prosaic	adj. dull or ordinary 乏味的
688	ZH	protean	(1) adj. able to change into many different forms or able to do many different things 变化多端的 (2) adj. displaying great diversity or variety 多才多艺的
689	ZH	protract	(1)v. delay, defer 拖延 (2)v. to extend forward or outward 延长长
690	ZH	provenance	n. the origin or source of something 起源
691	ZH	provincial	(1) adj. not knowing or caring about people and events in other places 狭隘的 (2) adj. of, relating to, or coming from a province 省的
692	ZH	provisional	adj. serving for the time being 临时的, 暂时的
693	ZH	provocative	(1) adj. causing discussion, thought, argument, etc. 引发的 (2) adj. serving or tending to provoke, excite, or stimulate 挑衅的
694	ZH	proximity	n. the state of being near 接近
695	ZH	prudent	adj. having or showing careful good judgment 审慎的
696	ZH	prying	adj. trying to find out about other people's private lives 窥探的, 爱打听 的
697	ZH	pseudonym	n. a name that someone uses instead of his or her real name 笔名, 假 名

698	ZH	pugnacious	adj. showing a readiness or desire to fight or argue 好斗斗的
699	ZH	puncture	(1)v. to weaken, damage, or destroy suddenly or in a way that causes surprise or embarrassment 削弱, 破坏 (2)v. to make a hole in with a sharp point 刺刺孔
700	ZH	purport	(1)v. to claim to be or do a particular thing when this claim may not be true (假意) 声称 (2)n. the main or general meaning of something 意义
701	ZH	purveyor	n. one that purveys 供应商
702	ZH	purview	n. an area within which someone or something has authority, influence, or knowledge 范围
703	ZH	quaff	v. to drink a large amount of quickly 痛饮
704	ZH	qualify	(1)v. to give the necessary skill or knowledge to do a particular job or activity 使有资格 (2)v. to limit or modify the meaning of 限定
705	ZH	qualm	n. a feeling of uneasiness about a point 不安, 疑虑
706	ZH	quash	(1)v. to suppress or extinguish summarily and completely 平息 (2)v. to nullify especially by judicial action 否决
707	ZH	quiescent	adj. marked by inactivity or repose 不活跃的, 静止止的
708	ZH	quirky	adj. odd or unpredictable in their appearance, character, or behavior. 奇怪的
709	ZH	quixotic	adj. hopeful or romantic in a way that is not practical 不切实际的
710	ZH	quotidian	(1) adj. ordinary or very common 普通的, 常见见的 (2) adj. done each day 日日常的
711	ZH	raillery	n. friendly joking about or with somebody 开玩笑
712	ZH	rampant	adj. growing quickly and in a way that is difficult to control 泛滥的, 疯长长的
713	ZH	rant	(1)v. to talk loudly and in a way that shows anger 咆哮 (2)v. to scold vehemently 严厉批评
714	ZH	rapacious	adj. excessively grasping or covetous 贪婪的
715	ZH	rapprochement	n. the development of friendlier relations between countries or groups of people who have been enemies 和解
716	ZH	rationale	n. the reason or explanation for something 根本原因, 逻辑依据
717	ZH	rattle	v. to make nervous 使紧张, 使不安
718	ZH	rebuff	v. to refuse in a rude way 拒绝
719	ZH	recalcitrant	adj. obstinately defiant of authority or restraint 倔强反抗的
720	ZH	recant	v. to publicly say that you no longer have an opinion or belief that you once had 宣布放弃

721	ZH	recapitulate	v. to give a brief summary of something 概括
722	ZH	recoil	v. to quickly move away from something that is shocking, frightening, or disgusting 畏缩, 后退
723	ZH	recondite	adj. not understood or known by many people 晦涩难懂的
724	ZH	recrudescence	adj. breaking out again 复发的
725	ZH	redundant	adj. repeating something else and therefore unnecessary 多余的
726	ZH	rehabilitate	v. to restore to a former state 恢复
727	ZH	rehash	v. to present again in a slightly different form 老老调重弹, 炒冷饭
728	ZH	rein	v. to control or direct with or as if with reins 统治, 控制
729	ZH	relinquish	v. to give up 放弃
730	ZH	relish	v. to enjoy or take pleasure in 享受
731	ZH	reluctant	adj. feeling or showing doubt about doing something: not willing or eager to do something 不情愿的
732	ZH	remedy	(1)n. a medicine or treatment that relieves pain or cures a usually minor illness 治疗药物 (2)n. a way of solving or correcting a problem 改进措施 (3)v. to solve, correct, or improve 纠正, 弥补
733	ZH	renaissance	n. a period of new growth or activity 复兴
734	ZH	render	v. to reproduce or represent by artistic or verbal means 呈现, 再现
735	ZH	reprehensible	adj. deserving very strong criticism 应受谴责的
736	ZH	repudiate	(1)v. to refuse to accept or support 拒绝承认 (2)v. to refuse to have anything to do with 与...断绝关系
737	ZH	requisite	adj. needed for a particular purpose 必需的
738	ZH	reserved	(1) adj. restrained in words and actions 保守的, 话少的 (2) adj. kept or set apart or aside for future or special use 预留留的
739	ZH	resolve	(1)v. to find an answer or solution to 解决 (2)v. to make a definite and serious decision to do something 决定 (3)n. a strong determination to do something 决心心
740	ZH	resonate	(1)v. to have particular meaning or importance for someone 对某人人有重 要性 (2)v. to continue to produce a loud, clear, deep sound for a long time 共 振 (3)v. to relate harmoniously 一一一致
741	ZH	respite	n. an interval of rest or relief 喘息
742	ZH	restive	adj. feeling bored or impatient while waiting for something to happen or change 躁动不安的

743	ZH	retain	v. to keep in a position, job, etc. 保持
744	ZH	reticent	adj. not willing to tell people about things 缄默的
745	ZH	riddle	n. a mystifying, misleading, or puzzling question posed as a problem to be solved or guessed 谜
746	ZH	ridicule	n. the act of making fun of someone or something in a cruel or harsh way 嘲弄 v. to laugh at and make jokes about in a cruel or harsh way 嘲笑
747	ZH	robust	(1) adj. strong and healthy 健壮的 (2) adj. successful or impressive and not likely to fail or weaken 强有力力力的
748	ZH	row	n. a noisy disturbance or quarrel 争吵
749	ZH	rudimentary	(1) adj. basic or simple 基本的 (2) adj. not very developed or advanced 未完全发布的
750	ZH	rule out	phrase. 排除
751	ZH	ruminate	v. to think carefully and deeply about something 认真思考
752	ZH	sacrosanct	adj. too important and respected to be changed, criticized, etc. 神圣不可改变的
753	ZH	safeguard	v. to make safe or secure 保卫
754	ZH	salient	adj. very important or noticeable 显著的, 重要的
755	ZH	salubrious	adj. making good health possible or likely 有益健康的
756	ZH	salutary	adj. having a good or helpful result especially after something unpleasant has happened 有益的
757	ZH	sanctimonious	adj. pretending to be morally better than other people 假装 (比比别人人) 圣洁的
758	ZH	sanction	(1)n. an action that is taken or an order that is given to force a country to obey international laws by limiting or stopping trade with that country, by not allowing economic aid for that country, etc. (经济) 制裁 (2)v. to officially accept or allow 批准
759	ZH	sanguine	adj. confident and hopeful 乐观的
760	ZH	sartorial	adj. of or relating to clothes 裁缝的, 制衣衣的
761	ZH	scant	adj. very small in size or amount 缺乏的
762	ZH	scarce	adj. very small in amount or number 缺乏的
763	ZH	schism	n. a division among the members of a group that occurs because they disagree on something 分裂
764	ZH	scorn	v. reject or dismiss as contemptible or unworthy 鄙视
765	ZH	scrutinize	v. to examine carefully especially in a critical way 仔细检查
766	ZH	self-defeating	adj. 对自自身不不利利的

767	ZH	seminal	adj. having a strong influence on ideas, works, events, etc., that come later 开创性的
768	ZH	senescence	adj. the state of being old or the process of becoming old 衰老老老
769	ZH	sequential	adj. of, relating to, or arranged in a particular order or sequence 连续 的, 顺序的
770	ZH	sequester	v. to set apart 隔绝
771	ZH	sever	v. to put or keep apart 割断, 断绝
772	ZH	shackle	(1)n. something that prevents people from acting freely 束缚 (2)v. to put shackles on 束缚
773	ZH	shallow	adj. penetrating only the easily or quickly perceived 肤浅的
774	ZH	sham	n. cheap falseness 假东西, 赝品
775	ZH	shoddy	adj. poorly done or made 粗制滥造的
776	ZH	shriek	v. to make a loud, high-pitched cry 尖叫
777	ZH	shrink	(1)v. to quickly move away from something shocking, frightening, or disgusting 退缩, 回避 (2)v. to become smaller in amount, size, or value 缩小小, 减少
778	ZH	shun	v. to avoid 避免
779	ZH	sidestep	v. bypass, evade 回避
780	ZH	sift	v. to go through very carefully in order to find something useful or valuable 筛选
781	ZH	sketchy	(1) adj. roughly outlined 粗略略的 (2) adj. wanting in completeness, clearness, or substance: slight, superficial 不不完全的
782	ZH	skittish	adj. easily frightened or excited 易易受惊的
783	ZH	skulduggery	n. secret or dishonest behavior or activity 欺诈
784	ZH	slapdash	adj. quick and careless 草率的
785	ZH	sleazy	(1) adj. dirty and in bad condition from being neglected 肮脏的 (2) adj. dishonest or immoral 不不诚实的, 邪恶的
786	ZH	slippery	(1) adj. not precise or fixed in meaning: ambiguous, elusive 难以抓住 的, 棘手手的 (2) adj. not to be trusted 不不可靠的
787	ZH	sluggish	adj. moving slowly or lazily 缓慢的
788	ZH	slur	(1)n. an insulting or disparaging remark or innuendo 贬低 (2)v. to make indistinct 使...模糊
789	ZH	smother	(1)v. to try to keep from happening 抑制 (2)v. to kill by depriving of air 使窒息而而死

790	ZH	snag	n. a concealed or unexpected difficulty or obstacle 障碍
791	ZH	snobbish	adj. being, characteristic of, or befitting a snob 势利利的
792	ZH	snub	v. to ignore in a deliberate and insulting way 冷落
793	ZH	solidarity	n. a feeling of unity between people who have the same interests, goals, etc. 团结
794	ZH	somber	(1) adj. of a serious mien 严肃的 (2) adj. of a dull or heavy cast or shade 昏暗的
795	ZH	somnolent	(1) adj. tired and ready to fall asleep 昏睡的 (2) adj. causing a person to fall asleep 催眠的
796	ZH	sophist	(1)n. a captious or fallacious reasoner 诡辩者 (2)n. philosopher 哲学家
797	ZH	sophisticated	(1) adj. highly developed and complex 复杂的 (2) adj. finely experienced and aware 老老老练的
798	ZH	sound	(1)adj. in good health 健康的 (2)adj. free from mistakes 正确的 (3)adj. solid and strong 可靠的
799	ZH	spartan	(1)adj. marked by simplicity, frugality, or avoidance of luxury and comfort 简朴的 (2)n. a person of great courage and self-discipline 勇敢守纪律律的人人
800	ZH	specious	adj. falsely appearing to be fair, just, or right 虚假的
801	ZH	spontaneous	adj. done or said in a natural and often sudden way and without a lot of thought or planning 自自发的
802	ZH	sporadic	adj. occurring occasionally, singly, or in irregular or random instances 零 星的
803	ZH	spur	v. to incite to action or accelerated growth or development 激励
804	ZH	spurious	adj. not genuine, sincere, or authentic 虚假的
805	ZH	stagnate	v. to stop developing, progressing, moving, etc. 停滞
806	ZH	stale	adj. tedious from familiarity 陈旧的, 厌倦的
807	ZH	stalwart	(1)adj. marked by outstanding strength and vigor of body, mind, or spirit 健壮的 (2)adj. very loyal and dedicated 忠实的, 坚定的
808	ZH	stanch	v. to stop something (especially blood) from flowing 止止血血, 平息
809	ZH	standstill	n. a state in which all activity or motion is stopped 静止止
810	ZH	staunch	adj. very devoted or loyal to a person, belief, or cause 坚定的, 忠诚的
811	ZH	stem	(1)v. to check or go counter to 阻止止 (2)v. to occur or develop as a consequence 起源
812	ZH	sterling	adj. very good 优秀的

813	ZH	stifle	v. to stop from doing or expressing something 阻止止
814	ZH	strip away	phrase. to remove it completely 除去
815	ZH	stymie	v. to stop from doing something or to stop from happening 阻碍
816	ZH	subsidize	v. to help someone or something pay for the costs of 资助, 补贴
817	ZH	subtle	(1)adj. hard to notice or see 不不易易觉察的 (2)adj. difficult to understand 难以理理解的 (3)adj. able to make fine distinctions 敏敏锐的
818	ZH	succumb	(1)v. to stop trying to resist something 屈服 (2)v. to die 死亡
819	ZH	sullen	adj. dismal, gloomy 郁郁寡欢的
820	ZH	superficial	(1) adj. concerned only with the obvious or apparent 肤浅的 (2) adj. lying close to the surface 表面面的
821	ZH	supplant	v. to take the place of 取代
822	ZH	supple	(1) adj. readily adaptable or responsive to new situations 能适应的, 灵 活的 (2) adj. capable of being bent or folded without creases, cracks, or breaks 柔韧的
823	ZH	supplicate	v. to ask humbly and earnestly of 恳求
824	ZH	surfeit	n. an amount that is too much or more than you need 过量量
825	ZH	surly	adj. irritably sullen and churlish in mood or manner 阴郁的
826	ZH	surmise	(1)v. to form an opinion about something without definitely knowing the truth 推测 (2)n. a thought or idea based on scanty evidence 猜测
827	ZH	surreptitious	adj. done in a secret way 鬼鬼鬼鬼祟祟的
828	ZH	susceptible	adj. easily affected, influenced, or harmed by something 易易受影响的
829	ZH	sway	(1)v. to fluctuate or veer between one point, position, or opinion and another 摇摆 (2)v. to exert a building or controlling influence on 影响
830	ZH	sweeping	adj. including or involving many things 彻底的
831	ZH	sycophantic	adj. fawning, obsequious 谄媚的
832	ZH	synonymous	adj. having the same connotations, implications, or reference 同义的
833	ZH	synoptic	adj. affording a general view of a whole 概要的
834	ZH	taciturn	adj. temperamentally disinclined to talk 沉默寡言言的

835	ZH	taint	(1)v. to contaminate morally 玷污 (2)v. to affect with putrefaction 污染 (3)n. something that causes a person or thing to be thought of as bad, dishonest, etc. 瑕疵
836	ZH	tantamount	adj. equal to something in value, meaning, or effect 等同于
837	ZH	taxing	adj. requiring a lot of effort, energy, etc. 费劲的
838	ZH	tedious	adj. boring and too slow or long 单调乏味的
839	ZH	teem with	phrase. 充满
840	ZH	temper	v. to make less severe or extreme 缓和
841	ZH	temperate	adj. marked by moderation 温和的, 适度的
842	ZH	tendentious	adj. expressing a strong opinion 有倾向性的
843	ZH	tenuous	(1) adj. very thin 纤细的 (2) adj. having little substance or strength 脆弱的
844	ZH	tepid	adj. not energetic or excited 不不够热情的
845	ZH	terse	adj. brief and direct in a way that may seem rude or unfriendly 简短的
846	ZH	testimony	n. proof or evidence that something exists or is true 证据
847	ZH	thrill	(1)v. to cause to feel very excited or happy 使激动 (2)n. a quivering or trembling caused by sudden excitement or emotion 激动, 紧张
848	ZH	thrive	v. to grow or develop successfully 繁荣
849	ZH	tilt	n. slant, bias 倾斜, 偏见
850	ZH	timely	adj. happening at the correct or most useful time 适时的
851	ZH	tonic	adj. increasing or restoring physical or mental tone 恢复健康的
852	ZH	tortuous	(1) adj. having many twists and turns 弯曲的 (2) adj. complicated, long, and confusing 冗长长复杂的
853	ZH	tractable	adj. capable of being easily led, taught, or controlled 驯服的, 温顺的
854	ZH	transgress	v. to do something that is not allowed 违反, 侵犯
855	ZH	transient	adj. not lasting long 短暂的
856	ZH	transitory	adj. lasting only for a short time 短暂的
857	ZH	tremendous	adj. very large or great 巨大的
858	ZH	trenchant	adj. very strong, clear, and effective 有力力力的, 有效的
859	ZH	trepidation	n. a nervous or fearful feeling of uncertain agitation 不安

860	ZH	tribute	(1)n. something that you say, give, or do to show respect or affection for someone 称赞 (2)n. money or goods that a ruler or country gives to another ruler or country especially for protection 贡品
861	ZH	trifling	adj. having little value or importance 微不足道
862	ZH	trigger	v. to cause to start or happen 引发
863	ZH	triumph	n. a great success or achievement 伟大胜利
864	ZH	trivial	adj. not important 不重要的
865	ZH	truculent	adj. easily annoyed or angered and likely to argue 好斗的
866	ZH	truncate	v. to shorten by or as if by cutting off 截短
867	ZH	tumultuous	adj. involving a lot of violence, confusion, or disorder 骚乱的
868	ZH	turbid	adj. cloudy or muddy 浑浊的, 混乱的
869	ZH	tyro	n. a person who has just started learning or doing something 新手
870	ZH	ubiquitous	adj. seeming to be seen everywhere 无处不在
871	ZH	umbrage	n. a feeling of being offended by what someone has said or done 生气
872	ZH	unalloyed	adj. not mixed with something else 纯粹的
873	ZH	unassuming	adj. not having or showing a desire to be noticed, praised, etc. 谦逊的
874	ZH	unbounded	adj. not limited in any way 无限的
875	ZH	uncompromising	adj. not willing to change a decision, opinion, method, etc. 不妥协的
876	ZH	undercut	v. to make weaker or less effective 削弱
877	ZH	undermine	v. to make weaker or less effective usually in a secret or gradual way 暗中破坏
878	ZH	undo	v. to change or stop the effect of 取消, 使无效
879	ZH	unerring	adj. always right and accurate 万无一失的
880	ZH	unexampled	adj. having no example or parallel 前所未有的
881	ZH	unexceptional	adj. not usually good, interesting, etc. 普通的

882	ZH	unfeeling	adj. not kind or sympathetic toward other people 无无情的
883	ZH	unflinching	adj. staying strong and determined even when things are difficult 不不畏缩 的
884	ZH	unfounded	adj. not based on facts or proof 无无根据的
885	ZH	ungainly	adj. moving in an awkward or clumsy way 笨拙的, 不不优雅的
886	ZH	unimpeachable	adj. very reliable and trusted 毋庸置疑的
887	ZH	universal	(1) adj. done or experienced by everyone 广广泛的 (2) adj. existing or true at all times or in all places 普遍适用用的, 无无处不不在 的
888	ZH	unkempt	adj. messy or untidy 不不整洁的
889	ZH	unmistakable	adj. not capable of being mistaken or misunderstood 毋庸置疑的, 明显的
890	ZH	unqualified	(1) adj. complete or total 完全的, 不不受限制的 (2) adj. not having the skills, knowledge, or experience needed to do a particular job or activity 无无资格的
891	ZH	unseemly	adj. not proper or appropriate for the situation 不不得体的
892	ZH	untenable	adj. not capable of being defended against attack or criticism 站不不住脚 的
893	ZH	untether	v. to free from or as if from a tether 脱离
894	ZH	untrammelled	adj. not confined, limited, or impeded 没有限制的
895	ZH	unwieldy	adj. difficult to handle, control, or deal with because of being large, heavy, or complex 笨重的, 难操作的
896	ZH	unwitting	adj. not intended or planned 无无意的
897	ZH	unyielding	adj. characterized by firmness or obduracy 不不屈的
898	ZH	upheaval	n. a major change or period of change that causes a lot of conflict, confusion, anger, etc. 剧变
899	ZH	urbane	adj. notably polite or polished in manner 儒雅的
900	ZH	utilitarian	adj. made to be useful rather than to be decorative or comfortable 实用用 的
901	ZH	utter	(1) adj. complete and total 完全的 (2) v. to say 表达
902	ZH	vacant	(1) adj. being without content or occupant 空的 (2) adj. devoid of thought, reflection, or expression

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903	ZH	vacuous	adj. having or showing a lack of intelligence or serious thought 空洞洞的
904	ZH	vainglorious	adj. having or showing too much pride in your abilities or achievements 自自负的
905	ZH	valediction	n. an act of bidding farewell 告别
906	ZH	valorize	v. to assign value or merit to 称赞
907	ZH	vehement	adj. showing strong and often angry feelings 激烈烈的
908	ZH	venal	adj. willing to do dishonest things in return for money 贪污的, 唯利利是图 的
909	ZH	venerate	v. to feel or show deep respect for 崇敬
910	ZH	verbose	adj. using more words than are needed 啰嗦的
911	ZH	verisimilitude	n. the quality of seeming real 逼真
912	ZH	versatile	(1) adj. able to do many different things 多才多艺的 (2) adj. having many different uses 多功能的
913	ZH	vestige	n. the last small part that remains of something that existed before 残留留 部分
914	ZH	vigilant	adj. carefully noticing problems or signs of danger 警惕的
915	ZH	vitriolic	adj. bitterly scathing 尖酸刻薄的
916	ZH	vivacious	adj. happy and lively in a way that is attractive 活泼的
917	ZH	volatile	adj. likely to change in a very sudden or extreme way 善变的
918	ZH	voluble	adj. talking a lot in an energetic and rapid way 健谈的
919	ZH	voracious	(1) adj. having a huge appetite 贪吃的 (2) adj. excessively eager 贪得无无厌的
920	ZH	wane	(1)v. to become smaller or less 衰落, 减少 (2)n. a time of phase of gradual decrease 衰落期
921	ZH	wanting	adj. not having all that is needed or expected 有缺陷的
922	ZH	wayward	adj. following one's own capricious, wanton, or depraved inclinations 任 性的
923	ZH	wide-ranging	adj. dealing with or affecting a great variety of different things 广广泛的
924	ZH	wield	v. to have and use (power, influence, etc.) 行行行使, 施加
925	ZH	wistful	adj. having or showing sad thoughts and feelings about something that you want to have or do and especially about something that made you happy in the past 伤感的, 依依不不舍的
926	ZH	wondrous	adj. causing wonder 奇妙的
927	ZH	woo	v. to seek to gain or bring about 恳求, 争取

928	ZH	yield	(1)v. to produce or provide 产生 (2)v. to surrender or submit to another 屈服
929	ZH	zealot	n. a person who has very strong feelings about something and who wants other people to have those feelings 狂热者
930	ZH	zealous	adj. feeling or showing strong and energetic support for a person, cause, etc. 热情的, 狂热的