CS564 Project: Personal Database Application (PDA) part #2

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Modified E/R Diagram

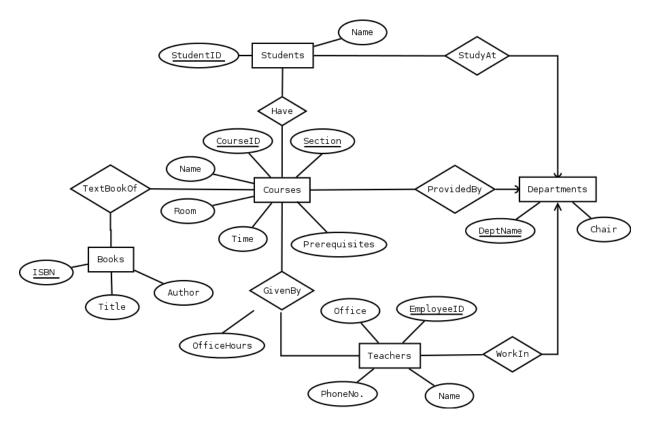


Figure 1: E/R diagram of Course Register System

Comment: The OfficeHours now is attached to the Relationship as an attribute. Assume one course can have multiple teachers, their may all have their own OfficesHours.

1 Relations and FDs

From Entity:

1. Students(StudentID, Name, DeptName)

StudentID \rightarrow Name.

 $StudentID \rightarrow DeptName$

Comment:

- Assume that it is possible that two students with the same name are in exactly one department. So Name with DeptName can not uniquely define a student. Thus Name DeptName can not define StudentID.
- All the FD's for this relation are in BCNF, since their left sides are superkey.
- 2. Departments(DeptName, Chair)

 $DeptName \rightarrow Chair.$

Comment:

- Assume the Chairs of different departments may be the same person or have the same name. So Chair can not define DeptName.
- All the FD's for this relation are in BCNF, since their left sides are superkey.
- 3. Teachers(EmployeeID, Office, PhoneNo, Name, DeptName)

Basic FD's

 $EmployeeID \rightarrow Office$

 $EmployeeID \rightarrow PhoneNo$

 $EmployeeID \rightarrow Name$

 $EmployeeID \rightarrow DeptName$

Comment:

- Suppose PhoneNO is not unique for each person. Several persons may share the office and share a phone.
- All the identified FD's are in BCNF.
- 4. Books(<u>ISBN</u>, Title, Author)

ISBN \rightarrow Title

 $ISBN \rightarrow Author$

Comment:

- All the FD's for this relation are in BCNF, since their left sides are superkey.
- 5. Courses(CourseID, Section, Prerequisities, Time, Room, CourseName, DeptName)

CourseID Section \rightarrow Prerequisities

CourseID Section \rightarrow Time

CourseID Section \rightarrow Room

CourseID Section \rightarrow CourseName

CourseID Section \rightarrow DeptName

Time Room \rightarrow CourseID Section

Comment:

- Since Time Room can uniquely define CourseID Section, Time Room can also serve as key for this relation.
- ullet We can infer: Time Room \to Prerequisities CourseName DeptName
- Time Room \rightarrow CourseID Section is not in BCNF. However, the right side are primes, so it is in 3NF.

From Relationships:

1. TextBookOf(<u>CourseID</u>, <u>Section</u>, <u>ISBN</u>)

CourseID, Section $\rightarrow \rightarrow$ ISBN

Comment: The identified MVD is in 4NF since all attributes appear.

2. HaveClass(<u>StudentID</u>, <u>CourseID</u>, <u>Section</u>)

StudentID $\rightarrow \rightarrow$ CourseID, Section

Comment: The given MVD is in 4NF since all attributes appears.

3. GivenBy(CourseID, Section, EmployeeID, OfficeHours)

CourseID Section $\rightarrow \rightarrow$ EmployeeID OfficeHours

CourseID Section EmployeeID \rightarrow OfficeHours

Comment: The MVD is trivial since leftside + rightside are all the attributes. The left side of the FD is the superkey. So no violation.

4. Since relationships WorkIn, StudyAt, ProvidedBy are many-to-one, so the are integrated into Relations of relevant entities.

CS564 Project: Personal Database Application (PDA) part #1

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General Description

I want to design a course register system, similar to the one we actually use. Detailed information about the courses, such instructor, room, time, textbooks, prerequisites, department which provide this course should be available. From the instructor's perspective of view, information such as who are registered for the class, which department does a registered student study at should be available.

Assumptions

- 1. About courses:
 - Courses are identified by CourseID and Section. Since for one class, there can be several
 sections, such as online, inclass, remote.
 - Courses are provided by *exactly one* department. If two departments want to cooperate together to provide one class, this class has to be registered under only one department.
 - One course can have more than one teachers.
- 2. About teachers:
 - Assume teachers belong to at most one department, since teachers may come from companies, labs and so on.
 - Teacher from one department may teach classes in another department.
 - Assume teachers can cooperate to give one course.
- 3. About Students: Assume students study at exactly one department.
- 4. About Books: Assume one course can have more than one textbook, and one book can be textbook of several courses.

