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Note: Recommend using the chrome browser to test my weekly project. Because I find that the IE browser can not support the API(WebGL) I use and keeps prompting up errors from the library that I import, can not show my weekly project correctly.

did in week1:

1. Modeling: draw three 2D “elevation”, and apply 2D transformation

did in week2:

2. Transform object: apply 3D (Translate/Rotate/Scale/SHear) transformations to the created object.
3. Viewing: view your created object from multiple views.
4. Transform camera/viewer
5. Generate different projections of the objects (refer to class discussions about different projections)
6. Edit/Change perspective projection vanishing points (1, 2, 3).
7. Create texture for the object. (I draw the image first, then put the image on each side of the 3D Object)

did in week3:

8. Add light source to 3D object and allow user to change the shininess of the light.
9. Animation of my 3D object.
10. Additional camera view point.

did In week 4:

11. Add another texture to my 3D object, so right now I have two texture option---old one and new one (see my interface, Textures: House1, House2)
12. Add red light, green light, blue light lighting effect to my 3D Object, with the combination of the red light, green light, blue light, we can construct any color of light we want (slide the slides in my interface to change the combination of the red light, green light, blue light, you will see the result)

All of the following is what I did in week 5:

13. Use the image processing technique and different filter kernel to generate new image effect. (like sharpen, blur, edge detection etc)

Detail:

1. Modeling: draw three 2D “elevation”, and apply 2D transformation

Use the svg to draw the 2D “elevation”, and use the svg build in transform API to finish the 2D transformation of the “elevation”

2. Transform object: apply 3D (Translate/Rotate/Scale/SHear) transformations to the created object.

Use the transformation matrix to define transform function, and pass the translate/rotate/scale/shear value in the “range slide” to the function and multiply it with the projection matrix to get the final projection matrix.

3. Viewing: view your created object from multiple views.

Change the initial translation/scale/shear/rotation value to control the position and orientation of the 3D object to conform to the definition of the different projection, as well as to transform camera/view point.

4. Transform camera/viewer

Primarily, I change the camera/view point through the perspective projection matrix and the basic 3D transformation, or define a camera position, calculate camera matrix and inverse the camera matrix to get the view matrix to achieve the purpose of the change of view point.

5. Generate different projections of the objects (refer to class discussions about different projections)

Change the initial translation/scale/shear/rotation value to control the position and orientation of the 3D object to conform to the definition of the different projection.

6. Edit/Change perspective projection vanishing points (1, 2, 3).

Change the initial translation/scale/shear/rotation value to control the position and orientation of perspective projection of the 3D object to conform to the definition of the different perspective projection vanishing points.

7. Create texture for the object.

I draw the image first, then put the image on each side of the 3D Object through WebGL build in texture mapping API

8. Add light source to 3D object and allow user to change the shininess of the light.

Define a light source and then define a view point, then calculate the relationship between the reflection light from the object surface and the view point to calculate the illuminance. Additionally, define a power function to calculate the lightness of light from the light source.

9. Animation of my 3D object.

Define a rotation speed and rotation angle, then pass them to WebGL build in animation function.

10. Additional camera view point.

Define a target and computer the viewmatrix when you look at the target at the same time change the camera angle and camera height

11. Add another texture to my 3D object

Create another texture image first, then put part of the texture image on each side of the 3D Object through WebGL build-in texture mapping API

12. Add red light, green light, blue light lighting effect to my 3D Object, so that user could construct arbitrary combination of these three light themselves

Define the color of the light using the WebGL build-in function, then associate the value of the slide to the value of the (R,G,B)color channel of the light.

13. Use the image processing technique and different filter kernel to generate new image effect. (like sharpen, blur, edge detection etc)

Use the WebGL build-in API to define different filter kernel matrix to process the original image and calculate the weighted sum of the multiplication result between each pixel in the original image and the filter to generate new image effect.