# 数学物理每日默写 2018年2月13日

## 高斯函数积分

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ax^2} dx = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}}$$

# $\delta$ 函数 Fourier 变换

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{ikx} dk = 2\pi \delta(x)$$

#### 梯度与调和量

柱坐标

$$\nabla = \mathbf{e}_{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} + \mathbf{e}_{\phi} \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} + \mathbf{e}_{z} \frac{\partial}{\partial z}$$
$$\nabla^{2} = \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \rho \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} + \frac{1}{\rho^{2}} \frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial \phi^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial z^{2}}$$

球坐标

$$\begin{split} \nabla &= \mathbf{e}_r \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \mathbf{e}_\theta \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + \mathbf{e}_\phi \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \\ \nabla^2 &= \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} r^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( \sin \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} \end{split}$$

## 格林恒等式

第一恒等式

$$\int_{V} (\psi \nabla^{2} \phi + \nabla \phi \cdot \nabla \psi) dV = \oint_{S} \psi \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial n} dS$$

第二恒等式

$$\int_{V} (\psi \nabla^{2} \phi - \phi \nabla^{2} \psi) dV = \oint_{S} \left( \psi \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial n} - \phi \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial n} \right) dS$$

# 球壳边界条件的格林函数

球壳半径为 a

$$G(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}') = \frac{1}{|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}'|} - \frac{a}{x' \left|\mathbf{x} - \frac{a^2}{x'^2} \mathbf{x}'\right|}$$