

```

23 predict += a * s * np.sign(x[d] - beta)
24
25 result.append( np.sign(predict) )
26
27 return np.array(result)
28 def main():
29
30     (X, Y) = read_data('hw6_train.dat.txt')
31     D = X.shape[1] # dimension of X
32     N = X.shape[0] # data size
33     print('X shape:', X.shape)
34     print('Y shape:', Y.shape)
35
36     T = 1 # iteration
37     G = [] # all g
38     a = np.zeros(T) # weight of gt (alpha)
39     Ein_g = [] # 0/1 errors of each iteration
40     Ein_G = [] # 0/1 errors of all iteration
41     Epsilon = [] # all epsilon of each iteration
42     u = np.array( [ 1/N ] * N ) # weight of each sample
43     U = [1] # sum of weights u
44     sorted_index = []
45     unsorted_index = []
46
47     for d in range(D):
48         index = np.argsort(X[:, d])
49         sorted_index.append( index )
50         unsorted_index.append( np.argsort(index) )
51
52     for t in range(T):
53         print('\n t = %d' % (t+1), end='', flush=True)
54
55         best_abs_sum, best_s, best_i, best_d = 0, 1, -1, 0
56         for d in range(D):
57
58             index = sorted_index[d]
59             left, right = 0, np.sum(Y * u)
60             abs_sum = abs(right - left)
61
62             if abs_sum > best_abs_sum:
63                 best_abs_sum = abs_sum
64                 best_s = 1 if right >= left else -1
65                 best_i, best_d = -1, d
66
67             Y_tmp, u_tmp = Y[index], u[index]
68             for i, y in enumerate(Y_tmp):
69
70                 right -= y * u_tmp[i]
71                 left += y * u_tmp[i]
72                 abs_sum = abs(right - left)
73
74             if abs_sum > best_abs_sum:
75                 best_abs_sum = abs_sum
76                 best_s = 1 if right >= left else -1
77                 best_i, best_d = i, d
78
79         index = sorted_index[best_d]
80         # best division (theta)
81         X_tmp = X[index][:, best_d]
82         if best_i < 0:
83             theta = -np.inf
84         elif best_i >= N-1:
85             theta = np.inf
86         else:
87             x1 = X_tmp[best_i]
88             x2 = X_tmp[best_i+1]
89             theta = (x2 + x1) / 2
90
91         g = (best_s, best_d, theta)
92
93         # predict by small gt
94         predict_g = predict([g], [1], X)
95         error01_g = abs(predict_g - Y) / 2
96         epsilon_g = np.sum(error01_g * u) / u.sum()
97         scale = np.sqrt( (1-epsilon_g) / epsilon_g )
98         # update u
99         incorrect = np.where(error01_g == 1)[0]
100         correct = np.where(error01_g == 0)[0]
101         u[incorrect] *= scale
102         u[correct] /= scale
103         U.append( u.sum() )
104
105         a[t] = np.log(scale)
106         Ein_g.append( np.sum(error01_g) / N )
107         Epsilon.append( epsilon_g )
108         G.append(g)
109
110         # predict by big Gt
111         predict_G = predict(G, a, X)
112         error01_G = np.sum( abs(predict_G - Y) / 2 ) / N
113         Ein_G.append(error01_G)
114
115     print('')
116     print('Ein(g1):', Ein_g[0])
117
118     print('max Ein(gt):', max(Ein_g))
119
120     for i in range(T):
121         if Ein_G[i] <= 0.05:
122             print('Ein(G) < 0.05 , t = ', i+1)
123             break
124     (X_test, Y_test) = read_data('hw6_test.dat.txt')
125     N_test = X_test.shape[0]
126     Eout_g = []
127     guni = np.zeros(N_test)
128     for i, g in enumerate(G):
129         print('\n i = %d' % (i+1), end='', flush=True)
130         predict_g = predict([g], [1], X_test)
131         guni += predict_g
132         error01_g = np.sum( abs(predict_g - Y_test) / 2 ) / N_test
133         Eout_g.append(error01_g)

```