

What is the name of an algebraic structure which is both a tensor space and a module.

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I am studying a set of high-dimensional arrays of complex numbers, which is both a tensor space (defined with the notion of addition and complex scalar product) and a module (defined with the same notion of addition and the notion of the product with a ring element). What is the formal name of this kind of structure? Is there some literature that discusses this structure in more detail?

I think I can even embed a subset of this structure in it. The subset has a topology and is locally homeomorphic to a small open set of the unnamed structure, and has properties analogous to a canonical manifold. Since the unnamed structure is a module, can I call the constrained set a generalized manifold? Since the unnamed structure is also a vector space (i.e., a tensor space), the subset is also a canonical manifold.

What is the name of this topological subset? The topological subset is established over a new commutative algebra called T-Algebra. The commutative t-algebra is both a finite-dimensional commutative ring and a vector space. I leave the URL of the t-algebra as follows if somebody wants to know more about the algebra.

https://github.com/liaoliang2020/talgebra

Thanks for any help.

abstract-algebra terminology manifolds

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asked yesterday Liang Liao

I'm confused why one would distinguish between "with a complex scalar product" and "a $\mathbb C$

module." Is your ring a $\mathbb C$ algebra, so that this thing is just a module over a $\mathbb C$ -algebra? – rschwieb 23 hours ago

"tensor space" doesn't look like a proper algebraic structure to me, just a particular shorthand for a particular construction of a vector space based on a vector space V. Algebraically it looks like it is simply a vector space. – rschwieb 23 hours ago 🧪

The above-mentioned module G over C is equipped with a scalar product, then is a vector space (or the so-called tensor space in my case). The module G over the ring C can be conveniently considered as a set of fixed-sized matrices with entries from C. On the other hand, my ring C is also a \mathbb{C} – algebra because C is equipped with a product with complex numbers, addition, and multiplication. A module G over the \mathbb{C} -algebra C is also a complex vector space. Due to this versatility of G, I prefer to think the C-module G might deserve a unique name. - Liang Liao 13 hours ago 🧪

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One can say that the "tensor space" is a vector space. However, the vector space is equipped with the notion of multi-mode multiplication with a proper complex matrix. Therefore, I prefer to call this vector space a tensor space. The term "tensor space" is not the core issue of my question. It's okay to

reduce the term to "vector space" but my question still remains the same. - Liang Liao 13 hours ago 🧪

A vector space over complex numbers is also a module over the complex numbers since the notion of module generalizes the notion of vector space. The above-mentioned structure G is a module over a complex algebra C and at the same time a vector space over \mathbb{C} . The structure G can not be characterized by the beginning sentence of this paragraph. I hope to make this issue clearer. – Liang Liao 13 hours ago 🎤

I've never heard the terms "multi mode multiplication" or "proper matrix" so I can't really follow your description. Does the $\mathbb C$ scalar operation match that of the image of $\mathbb C$ in the algebra? – rschwieb 13 hours ago

1 A I'm trying to eliminate the possibility it is just a module, or at worst maybe a bimodule. – rschwieb 13 hours ago

Let's forget the terms multi-mode multiplications, which is something talked about by engineers. The term "tensor" is not the issue. Replace "tensor" with "vector" if it makes things clearer. I am not sure the meaning of "the $\mathbb C$ scalar operation match the image of $\mathbb C$ is the algebra". However, the algebra C is closed with the $\mathbb C$ scalar multiplication, since C is a complex algebra and, $C \neq \mathbb C$. – Liang Liao 12 hours ago 🧪

From what you said above, C is isomorphic to $M_n(\mathbb{C})$ for some n. You say G is a C module. But Ccontains a copy of \mathbb{C} (constant diagonal matrices). I'm asking if your "complex scalar product on G" is no different than taking the constant diagonal matrix from C and using the module action to multiply. - rschwieb 1 hour ago ✓

The multiplication on C is defined via circular convolution rather than the usual matrix multiplication. To make things clearer via a concrete example, please see another post on this issue. math.stackexchange.com/questions/4022580/.... It is different than taking the constant diagonal matrix from C and using the module action to multiply. By definition of my algebra C, the constant diagonal matrix has no particular meaning to C. The algebra C has no connection to $M_n(\mathbb{C})$. – Liang Liao 28 mins ago 🧪

The identity of C is not in the form of a const diagonal matrix. The identity is in the form of a matrix (more accurately order-n array) whose only non-zero entity is the inception scalar entry, with other entries zeros. I call an array in this form an inception array. It is no different than taking a constant inception array from C and using the module action to multiply. I have discussed the isomorphism of C in equation (2.4) of my paper with URL $\frac{\text{arxiv.org/pdf/2011.00307.pdf}}{\text{c}}$ Liang Liao 1 min ago Edit