C++: Practical session 4

Functions and references 1

Write and test the following functions:

- 1. A function sum that takes two integers and returns their sum.
- 2. A function decrease that takes two integers a and b and reduces a by the the value of b, and does not return anything. However, the variable passed as a should be updated so that its decreased value is available to the calling function.
- 3. A function q that takes three doubles a, b, c, and another two x1, x2 by reference, and returns in x1and x2 any solutions of the quadratic $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$. The return value of the function should be the number of solutions found (an integer).

$\mathbf{2}$ Arrays

2.11D Array

Write a function that computes partial sums of an array, and puts them into a separate array. The function should take two arrays of length 20 as arguments, one as input and the other for output. (The partial sums for an array a_i are $b_k = \sum_{i=0}^k a_i$)

Use this function to print compute the first 20 triangular numbers, using $a_i = i$.

2.2Matrix operations

Write a program that takes a 3-by-3 matrix as input from the user, and outputs its determinant and its trace. The matrix should be stored as a nested array, and the determinant and trace routines should be implemented as separate functions. You should also make the array passed to the functions const.

The awkwardness of writing this should make you realise that C++ is not good at handling matrices.