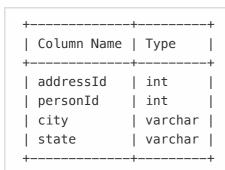
Table: Person

+ Column Name	
+ personId lastName firstName +	++ int

personId is the primary key column for this table.

This table contains information about the ID of some persons and their first and last names.

Table: Address



addressId is the primary key column for this table.

Each row of this table contains information about the city and state of one person with ID = PersonId.

Write an SQL query to report the first name, last name, city, and state of each person in the Person table. If the address of a personId is not present in the Address table, report null instead.

Return the result table in any order.

The query result format is in the following example.

Example 1:

1	2	New York City Leetcode	New York California
Output:	•		
firstName	lastName	 city 	state
Allen	Wang Alice		Null New York
Fxplanation:	t	 	++

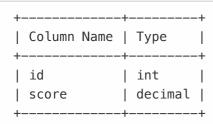
Explanation:

There is no address in the address table for the personId = 1 so we return null in their city and state.

addressId = 1 contains information about the address of personId = 2.

True

Table: Scores



id is the primary key for this table.

Each row of this table contains the score of a game. Score is a floating point value with two decimal places.

Write an SQL query to rank the scores. The ranking should be calculated according to the following rules:

- The scores should be ranked from the highest to the lowest.
- If there is a tie between two scores, both should have the same ranking.
- After a tie, the next ranking number should be the next consecutive integer value. In other words, there should be no holes between ranks.

Return the result table ordered by score in descending order.

The query result format is in the following example.

Example 1:

```
Input:
Scores table:
+----+
| id | score |
+----+
| 1 | 3.50 |
| 2 | 3.65 |
```

3 4.00 4 3.85 5 4.00 6 3.65		
++ Output:		
++		
score rank		
++		
4.00 1		
4.00 1		
3.85 2		
3.65 3		
3.65 3		
3.50 4		
++		