

Zienkiewicz: $Z_k = \mathbb{P}_2(k) + \text{span}\{\lambda_i^2 \lambda_j - \lambda_i \lambda_j^2, 1 \leq i < j \leq 3\}$.

$$\bar{\Sigma}_k = \{v(a_i), \partial_x v(a_i), \partial_y v(a_i), i=1,2,3\}$$

$$\text{let } \xi_i = x_j - x_k, \quad \eta_i = y_j - y_k, \quad w_i = x_j y_k - x_k y_j.$$

$$\lambda_i = \frac{1}{J} (\eta_i x - \xi_i y + w_i) \quad J = 2|\bar{T}| = w_1 + w_2 + w_3.$$

$$\text{if } \xi_j \eta_k - \xi_k \eta_j = J, \quad \partial_n \lambda_i / e_j = - \frac{\nabla \lambda_i \cdot \tau_j}{|\nabla \lambda_j|}.$$

syms $\lambda_1 \lambda_2 \lambda_3 \ x_1 \ x_2 \ x_3 \ y_1 \ y_2 \ y_3$.

$$\xi_i = x_j - x_k, \quad \eta_i = y_j - y_k, \quad J = \det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & x_1 & y_1 \\ 1 & x_2 & y_2 \\ 1 & x_3 & y_3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \partial_x \lambda_i = \frac{\eta_i}{J}, \quad \partial_y \lambda_i = -\frac{\xi_i}{J}.$$

$$\varphi = [\lambda_1^2 \lambda_2^2, \lambda_3^2, \lambda_1 \lambda_2, \lambda_2 \lambda_3, \lambda_3 \lambda_1, \lambda_1^2 \lambda_2 - \lambda_1 \lambda_2^2, \lambda_2^2 \lambda_3 - \lambda_2 \lambda_3^2, \lambda_3^2 \lambda_1 - \lambda_3 \lambda_1^2]$$

计算形函数自由度的值. $Ac = Iq. \Rightarrow C = A \setminus Iq.$

$$\text{latex}(C) =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & -\xi_3/2 & \xi_3/2 & 0 & -\eta_3/2 & \eta_3/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & -\xi_1/2 & \xi_1/2 & 0 & -\eta_1/2 & \eta_1/2 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & \xi_2/2 & 0 & -\xi_2/2 & \eta_2/2 & 0 & -\eta_2/2 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & -\xi_3/2 & -\xi_3/2 & 0 & -\eta_3/2 & -\eta_3/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & -\xi_1/2 & -\xi_1/2 & 0 & -\eta_1/2 & -\eta_1/2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & -\xi_2/2 & 0 & -\xi_2/2 & -\eta_2/2 & 0 & -\eta_2/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xi_i = \lambda_i^2 (3 - 2\lambda_i) + 2b_k$$

$$\theta_i = \lambda_i^2 (\xi_j \lambda_k - \xi_k \lambda_j) + \frac{\xi_j - \xi_k}{2} b_k$$

$$w_i = \lambda_i^2 (\eta_j \lambda_k - \eta_k \lambda_j) + \frac{\eta_j - \eta_k}{2} b_k$$

$$(b_k = \lambda_1 \lambda_2 \lambda_3)$$

校正空间 $b_k | \varphi_i$ 在 $\{v(a_i), \partial_x v(a_i), \partial_y v(a_i)\}$ 上值为 0

设 $\{\varphi_i\}_{i=1}^3$ 是以 $\{f_{e_i} p_2 \partial_n v\}$ 为自由度的基函数.

$$\psi_i = \lambda_i \lambda_j \lambda_k (C_i \lambda_i + C_j \lambda_j + C_k \lambda_k).$$

$$\partial_n \psi_i |_{e_j} = -|\nabla \lambda_j| \lambda_i \lambda_k (C_i \lambda_i + C_k \lambda_k).$$

$$f_{e_j} p_2 \partial_n \psi_i = -\frac{|\nabla \lambda_j|}{360} (C_i + C_k).$$

$$\begin{cases} -\frac{|\nabla \lambda_i|}{360} (C_j + C_k) = 1 & C_i = \frac{180}{|\nabla \lambda_i|} & C_j = C_k = -\frac{180}{|\nabla \lambda_i|} \\ C_i + C_k = 0 \\ C_i + C_j = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\psi_i = \frac{180}{|\nabla \lambda_i|} \lambda_i \lambda_j \lambda_k (2\lambda_i - 1).$$

$$\tilde{\varphi}_i = b_{1k} (2\lambda_i - 1)$$

$$z_i = \lambda_i^2 (3 - 2\lambda_i) + 2\lambda_i \lambda_j \lambda_k.$$

$$\partial_n z_i |_{e_i} = -2|\nabla \lambda_i| \lambda_j \lambda_k \quad f_{e_i} p_2 \partial_n z_i = -\frac{|\nabla \lambda_i|}{90}$$

$$\partial_n z_i |_{e_j} = 6 \frac{|\nabla \lambda_i| \cdot |\nabla \lambda_j|}{|\nabla \lambda_j|^2} (\lambda_i^2 - \lambda_i) - 2|\nabla \lambda_j| \lambda_i \lambda_k. \quad f_{e_j} p_2 \partial_n z_i = -\frac{|\nabla \lambda_i| \cdot |\nabla \lambda_j|}{30|\nabla \lambda_j|} - \frac{|\nabla \lambda_j|}{90}$$

$$\tilde{z}_i = z_i + 2 \sum_{j=1}^3 b_{jk} (2\lambda_j - 1) + 6 \sum_{j \neq i} \frac{|\nabla \lambda_i| \cdot |\nabla \lambda_j|}{|\nabla \lambda_j|^2} \tilde{\varphi}_j.$$

$$= \lambda_i^2 (3 - 2\lambda_i) + 6 \sum_{j \neq i} \frac{|\nabla \lambda_i| \cdot |\nabla \lambda_j|}{|\nabla \lambda_j|^2} \tilde{\varphi}_j.$$

$$\theta_i = \lambda_i^2 (\xi_j \lambda_k - \xi_k \lambda_j) + \frac{\xi_j - \xi_k}{2} \lambda_i \lambda_k \lambda_j$$

$$\partial_n \theta_i |_{e_i} = - \frac{\xi_j - \xi_k}{2} |\nabla \lambda_i| \lambda_j \lambda_k \quad f_{e_i} \rho \partial_n \theta_i = - \frac{\xi_j - \xi_k}{360} |\nabla \lambda_i|$$

$$\begin{aligned} \partial_n \theta_i |_{e_j} &= - 2 \xi_j \frac{\nabla \lambda_i \cdot \nabla \lambda_j}{|\nabla \lambda_j|} \lambda_i \lambda_k - \left(\xi_j \frac{\nabla \lambda_k \cdot \nabla \lambda_j}{|\nabla \lambda_j|} - \xi_k |\nabla \lambda_j| \right) \lambda_i^2 \\ &\quad - \frac{\xi_j - \xi_k}{2} |\nabla \lambda_j| \lambda_i \lambda_k. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_{e_j} \rho \partial_n \theta_i &= - \frac{\xi_j \nabla \lambda_i \cdot \nabla \lambda_j}{90 |\nabla \lambda_j|} + \frac{1}{180} \left(\xi_j \frac{\nabla \lambda_k \cdot \nabla \lambda_j}{|\nabla \lambda_j|} - \xi_k |\nabla \lambda_j| \right) \frac{\xi_j - \xi_k}{360} |\nabla \lambda_j| \\ &= - \frac{\xi_j \nabla \lambda_i \cdot \nabla \lambda_j}{60 |\nabla \lambda_j|} - \frac{\xi_j + \xi_k}{180} |\nabla \lambda_j| - \frac{\xi_j - \xi_k}{360} |\nabla \lambda_j|. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \partial_n \theta_i |_{e_k} &= 2 \xi_k \frac{\nabla \lambda_i \cdot \nabla \lambda_k}{|\nabla \lambda_k|} \lambda_i \lambda_j - \left(\xi_j |\nabla \lambda_k| - \xi_k \frac{\nabla \lambda_j \cdot \nabla \lambda_k}{|\nabla \lambda_k|} \right) \lambda_i^2 \\ &\quad - \frac{\xi_j - \xi_k}{2} |\nabla \lambda_k| \lambda_i \lambda_j \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_{e_k} \rho \partial_n \theta_i &= \frac{\xi_k \nabla \lambda_i \cdot \nabla \lambda_k}{90 |\nabla \lambda_k|} + \frac{1}{180} \left(\xi_j |\nabla \lambda_k| - \xi_k \frac{\nabla \lambda_j \cdot \nabla \lambda_k}{|\nabla \lambda_k|} \right) - \frac{\xi_j - \xi_k}{360} |\nabla \lambda_k| \\ &= \frac{\xi_k \nabla \lambda_i \cdot \nabla \lambda_k}{60 |\nabla \lambda_k|} + \frac{\xi_j + \xi_k}{180} |\nabla \lambda_k| - \frac{\xi_j - \xi_k}{360} |\nabla \lambda_k| \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{\theta}_i &= \lambda_i^2 (\xi_j \lambda_k - \xi_k \lambda_j) + 2 (\xi_j + \xi_k) b_k (\lambda_j - \lambda_k) \\ &\quad + \frac{3 \xi_j \nabla \lambda_i \cdot \nabla \lambda_j}{|\nabla \lambda_j|^2} \tilde{\varphi}_j - \frac{3 \xi_k \nabla \lambda_i \cdot \nabla \lambda_k}{|\nabla \lambda_k|^2} \tilde{\varphi}_k \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{here } \tilde{\varphi}_i = b_k (\lambda_i - 1).$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{\omega}_i &= \lambda_i^2 (\eta_j \lambda_k - \eta_k \lambda_j) + 2 (\eta_j + \eta_k) b_k (\lambda_j - \lambda_k) \\ &\quad + \frac{3 \eta_j \nabla \lambda_i \cdot \nabla \lambda_j}{|\nabla \lambda_j|^2} \tilde{\varphi}_j - \frac{3 \eta_k \nabla \lambda_i \cdot \nabla \lambda_k}{|\nabla \lambda_k|^2} \tilde{\varphi}_k \end{aligned}$$