

Binary Search Trees

INSTRUCTIONS

You should use the following definition for a BTreeNode as previously given in the lecture slides:

```
typedef struct _bnode{
    int item;
    struct _bnode *left;
    struct _bnode *right;
} BTreeNode;
```

1. Write a function `insertBSTNode()` that adds an item to a Binary Search Tree.

```
void insertBSTNode(BTreeNode **node, int value);
```

BST nodes should be created dynamically using a `malloc()` call.

Hint: The core of this function has been provided in the lecture slides. Make sure that your code is able to correctly add a node into an empty BST.

2. Write a function `printBSTInOrder()` that prints a sorted list of items stored in Binary Search Tree using an in-order traversal pattern.

```
void printBSTInOrder(BTreeNode *node);
```

3. Write a function `isBST()` that determines whether a given Binary Tree is also a Binary Search Tree. The function should return 1 if the BT is a BST, and 0 otherwise.

test + balance

4. Write a function `removeBSTNode()` that removes a given item from a Binary Search Tree. The function should return 0 if the item was found and successfully removed and 1 otherwise.