<u>Lab 1 – Basic C Programming and Control Flow</u>

Lab session – One hour is allocated for this lab session. There are 4 questions. The first two questions are lab questions. The last two questions are practice questions for you to try if you have extra time in the lab.

Note: You do not need to submit your code for this lab.

Lab Questions

1. Write a C program that prints the ID and grade of each student in a class. The input contains the student IDs and their marks. The range of the marks is from 0 to 100. The relationships of the marks and grades are given below:

| <u>Grade</u> | <u>Mark</u> |
|--------------|-------------|
| Α | 100-75 |
| В | 74-65 |
| С | 64-55 |
| D | 54-45 |
| F | 44-0 |

Use the sentinel value -1 for student ID to indicate the end of user input.

Write the program using the switch statement.

A sample program template is given below.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    /* Write your code here */
    return 0;
}
```

The code using the if-else if-else statement is given below for your reference:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int studentNumber = 0, mark;
   printf("Enter Student ID: \n");
   scanf("%d", &studentNumber);
   while (studentNumber != -1)
   {
      printf("Enter Mark: ");
      scanf("%d", &mark);
      if (mark >= 75)
           printf("Grade = A\n");
      else if (mark >= 65)
           printf("Grade = B\n");
```

```
else if (mark >= 55)
        printf("Grade = C\n");
       else if (mark >= 45)
        printf("Grade = D\n");
       else
        printf("Grade = F\n");
       printf("Enter Student ID: ");
       scanf("%d", &studentNumber);
     }
     return 0;
   }
Sample input and output sessions are given below:
(1) Test Case 1:
    Enter Student ID:
    11
    Enter Mark:
    56
    Grade = C
    Enter Student ID:
    Enter Mark:
    89
    Grade = A
    Enter Student ID:
    Enter Mark:
    34
    Grade = F
    Enter Student ID:
   -1
(2) Test Case 2:
    Enter Student ID:
    Enter Mark:
    75
    Grade = A
    Enter Student ID:
    Enter Mark:
    65
    Grade = B
    Enter Student ID:
    Enter Mark:
```

55 Grade = C

Enter Student ID:

Enter Mark:

```
45
Grade = D
Enter Student ID:
-1

(3) Test Case 2:
Enter Student ID:
-1
```

2. Write a C program that reads in several lines of non-negative integer numbers, computes the average for each line and prints out the average. The value -1 in each line of user input is used to indicate the end of input for that line.

A sample program template is given below.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    /* Write your code here */
    return 0;
}
```

Sample input and output sessions are given below:

```
(1) Test Case 1:
    Enter number of lines: <
    Enter line 1 (end with -1):
    1234-1
   Average = 2.50
(2) Test Case 2:
    Enter number of lines:
    Enter line 1 (end with -1):
    2468-1
    Average = 5.00
    Enter line 2 (end with -1):
    13579-1
    Average = 5.00
(3) Test Case 3:
    Enter number of lines:
    Enter line 1 (end with -1):
    2468-1
    Average = 5.00
    Enter line 2 (end with -1):
```

```
1 3 5 7 9 -1
Average = 5.00
Enter line 3 (end with -1):
1 3 5 7 9 11 -1
Average = 6.00
```

Practice Questions

3. Write a C program that accepts a positive number *height* between 1 and 10 as its parameter value, and prints a triangular pattern according to *height*. Note that only 1, 2 and 3 are used to generate the patterns. A sample input and output session when the program is called is given below. For example, if height is 3, then the program will print the following pattern:

```
1
22
333
```

If height is 7, then the program will print the following pattern:

```
1
22
333
1111
22222
333333
1111111
```

A sample program template is given below.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    /* Write your code here */
    return 0;
}
```

Sample input and output sessions are given below:

```
(1) Test Case 1:
Enter the height:
3
Pattern:
1
22
333

(2) Test Case 2:
Enter the height:
```

4. Write a C program that computes the value of e^X according to the following formula:

$$e^{x} = 1 + \frac{x}{1!} + \frac{x^{2}}{2!} + \frac{x^{3}}{3!} + \dots + \frac{x^{10}}{10!}$$

A sample program template is given below.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    /* Write your code here */
    return 0;
}
```

Sample input and output sessions are given below:

(1) Test Case 1: Enter x: 0.9

Result = 2.46

(2) Test Case 2: Enter x: 0 Result = 1.00

(3) Test Case 3: Enter x: -0.9 Result = 0.41