## gcd - greatest common divisor

Write a C function that computes the greatest common divisor of two positive numbers. For example, if num1 is 4 and num2 is 7, then the function will return 1; if num1 is 4 and num2 is 32, then the function will return 4; and if num1 is 4 and num2 is 38, then the function will return 2. Write two iterative versions of the function. The function gcd11() returns the computed result, while gcd2() passes the result through the pointer parameter result. The function prototypes are given as follows:

```
int gcd1(int num1, int num2);
void gcd2(int num1, int num2, int *result);
```

A sample program template is given below to test the functions:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int gcd1(int num1, int num2);
void gcd2(int num1, int num2, int *result);
int main()
{
 int x,y,result=-1;
 printf("Enter 2 numbers: \n");
 scanf("%d %d", &x, &y);
 printf("gcd1(): %d\n", gcd1(x, y));
 gcd2(x,y,&result);
 printf("gcd2(): %d\n", result);
 return 0;
int gcd1(int num1, int num2)
 /* Write your code here */
void gcd2(int num1, int num2, int *result)
 /* Write your code here */
```

Some sample input and output sessions are given below:

```
(1) Test Case 1:
    Enter 2 numbers:
    47
    gcd1(): 1
    gcd2(): 1
(2) Test Case 2:
    Enter 2 numbers:
    32 4
    gcd1(): 4
    gcd2(): 4
```

```
(3) Test Case 3:
Enter 2 numbers:
4 38
gcd1(): 2
gcd2(): 2
```

```
int gcd1(int num1, int num2)
  int i;
  if(num1<num2)
    for(i=num1;i>=1;i--)
       if(num1\%i==0\&num2\%i==0)
         return i;
  else if(num1>num2)
    for(i=num2;i>=1;i--)
       if(num1%i==0&&num2%i==0)
         return i;
void gcd2(int num1, int num2, int *result)
  int i;
  if(num1<num2)
    for(i=1;i \le num2;i++)
       if(num1%i==0&&num2%i==0)
          *result = i;
  else if(num1>num2)
    for(i=1;i \le num2;i++)
       if(num1\%i==0\&num2\%i==0)
          *result = i;
```