SC1005 Digital Logic Tutorial 1

Introductory concepts and number systems

- 1. What is the largest decimal number that can be represented using 16 bits in
 - a) binary?
 - b) BCD?
- 2. How many bits are needed to represent a decimal integer value not exceeding 350000₁₀?
- 3. Give the BCD representation of these decimal numbers:
 - a) 285
 - b) 47.19
- A. Give the decimal value for each of these representations:
 - (a) 0011 1000₂
 - b) 0011 1000 (in ASCII)
- 5. Perform the following conversions:

a)
$$101111.0111_2 = ?_{16} = ?_{10}$$

b)
$$15C.38_{16}$$
 = $?_8$ = $?_{10}$

$$(2)$$
 $\cancel{4}$ $\cancel{4}$ $\cancel{5}$ $\cancel{10}$ $\cancel{5}$ $\cancel{5}$

d)
$$7436.11_8$$
 = $?_{16}$ = $?_{10}$

- 6. Convert the decimal fraction 0.8254 into an 8-bit binary fraction of the form 0.b-1b-2 ... b-8.
- 7. Determine the parity bit to be generated for each of the following code words before transmission. Assuming even parity is used.
 - **a**) 0110011
 - b) 0x43 (0x is a common notation for hexadecimal)
 - c) 0100 0111 0011

Answers

- 1. a) 65535
 - b) 9999
- 2. 19
- 3. a) 0010 1000 0101
 - b) 0100 0111. 0001 1001
- 4. a) 56
 - b) 8
- 5.
- a) $101111.0111_2 = 2F.7_{16}$ = 47.4375_{10}
- b) $15C.38_{16}$ = 534.16_8 = 348.21875_{10}
- c) 1435_{10} = $59B_{16}$ = 10110011011_2
- d) 7436.11_8 = F1E.24₁₆ = 3870.140625₁₀
- 6. 0.11010011₂
- 7.
- a) 0
- b) 1
- c) 0

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