

digitValue

Write a function that returns the value of the k^{th} digit ($k > 0$) from the right of a non-negative integer num. For example, if num is 1234567 and k is 3, the function will return 5 and if num is 1234 and k is 8, the function will return 0. Write the function in two versions. The function digitValue1() returns the result, while digitValue2() passes the result through pointer parameter result. The prototypes of the function are given below:

```
int digitValue1(int num, int k);
void digitValue2(int num, int k, int *result);
```

A sample program template is given below to test the functions:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int digitValue1(int num, int k);
void digitValue2(int num, int k, int *result);
int main()
{
    int num, digit, result=-1;

    printf("Enter the number: \n");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    printf("Enter k position: \n");
    scanf("%d", &digit);
    printf("digitValue1(): %d\n", digitValue1(num, digit));
    digitValue2(num, digit, &result);
    printf("digitValue2(): %d\n", result);
    return 0;
}
int digitValue1(int num, int k)
{
    /* Write your code here */
}
void digitValue2(int num, int k, int *result)
{
    /* Write your code here */
}
```

Some sample input and output sessions are given below:

(1) Test Case 1:
Enter the number:
234567
Enter k position:
3
digitValue1(): 5
digitValue2(): 5

(2) Test Case 2:
Enter the number:

234567

Enter k position:

1

digitValue1(): 7

digitValue2(): 7

(3) Test Case 3:

Enter the number:

123

Enter k position:

8

digitValue1(): 0

digitValue2(): 0

```
int digitValue1(int num, int k)
{
    int count =0;
    int bcount=0;
    int remainder;
    int i;
    i=num;
    while(i!=0)
    {
        i = i/10;
        count++;
    }
    if(count<k)
    {
        return 0;
    }
    else
    {
        while(num!=0)
        {
            bcount++;
            remainder = num%10;
            num=num/10;
            if(bcount==k)
            {
                return remainder;
            }
        }
    }
}

void digitValue2(int num, int k, int *result)
{
    int count =0;
    int bcount=0;
    int remainder;
    int i;
    i=num;
    while(i!=0)
    {
        i = i/10;
        count++;
    }
    if(count<k)
    {
        *result = 0;
    }
    else
    {
        while(num!=0)
        {
            bcount++;
            remainder = num%10;
            num=num/10;
            if(bcount==k)
            {
                *result = remainder;
            }
        }
    }
}
```