

1a) False. Real time means predictable even in the worst case instead of being fast

response times for such applications have to be guaranteed within a pre defined deadline in the worst case

SC2005 Operating Systems

1d) False. The hypervisor creates and manages virtual machine, helps in communication between virtual machines and virtual machine migrations

Managing the interactions between guest OS and the H/W is the key function of a hypervisor. It does so through its virtual machine management framework. The interactions between the guest OS and its applications are completely independent of the hypervisor.

TUTORIAL SEVEN

Real-Time OS and Virtualization

1b) True. It behaves unnaturally under overload.

EDF has poor deadline predictability under overload, because once a process instance overloads, all subsequent process deadlines are in risk. This is because priorities are not fixed across instances, unlike in RM/DM.

1. Indicate whether the following statements are true or false. Justify your answers.

a) Real-time CPS applications usually require a response within a very short time.

b) EDF scheduler has poor deadline predictability under overload conditions.

c) A guest OS abstracts H/W and provides an interface between H/W and hypervisor.

d) Managing the interactions between a guest OS and its applications is one of the key functions of a hypervisor.

e) Under a Type-1 para-virtualized hypervisor, the hypervisor directly interacts with the H/W and provides a virtual call API to interact with the guest OS.

1c) False. The hypervisor interacts with host OS which in turn interacts with hardware.

done under type-2 virtualization. The guest OS interacts with the hypervisor and provides services to applications running on it.

2. Consider the following set of periodic real-time processes:

$P_1 < 5, 2, 5 >$

$P_2 < 10, 3, 10 >$

$P_3 < 20, 5, 20 >$

Construct **all possible** schedules for this process set under the earliest deadline first (EDF) scheduling strategy. Is this process set **schedulable** under EDF?

3. Consider the following set of periodic real-time processes:

$P_1 < 10, 4, 7 >$

$P_2 < 5, 2, 7 >$

$P_3 < 10, 2, 10 >$

Construct **all possible** schedules for this process set under the deadline monotonic (DM) scheduling strategy. Is this process set **schedulable** under DM?

1e) True. For type 1 Virtualization, the hypervisor interacts directly with hardware. For para-virtualization, there is an API between guest OS and Virtual Machine.

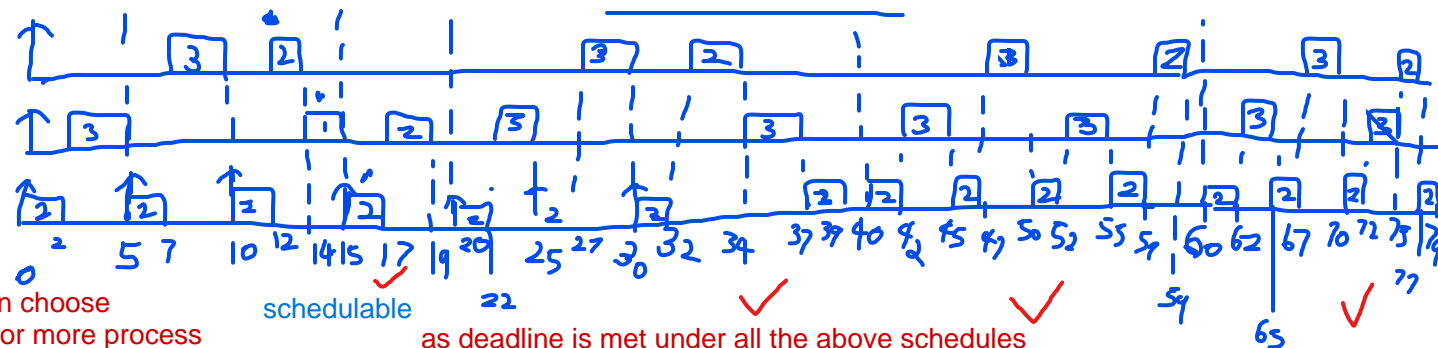
not all of H/W instructions are virtualized. Guest OS needs to be modified to interact with the hypervisor

1. Tie break between $P_1(R=15)$ and $P_3(R=0)$
2. Tie break between $P_2(R=10)$ and $P_3(R=0)$
3. Tie break between $P_1(R=15)$ and $P_2(R=10)$

2. $P_3 < 20, 5, 20 >$

$P_2 < 10, 3, 10 >$

$P_1 < 5, 2, 5 >$

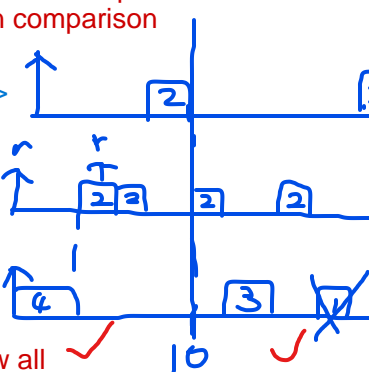


Tie break: can choose between two or more process as they tie in comparison

3. $P_3 < 10, 2, 10 >$

$P_2 < 5, 2, 7 >$

$P_1 < 10, 4, 7 >$



*should draw all arrows, process releases and deadlines