matShifting

Write a C function matShifting() that takes in a two-dimensional array **a** (nxn square matrix with n<=10) as parameter, shifts the column data of the array **a** to the right by one column position. The last column of the array will be shifted to the first column. The resultant data will be stored into another two-dimensional square array **b** (as parameter) which will be returned to the calling function via call by reference. For example, if the matrix of the array **a** (3x3 matrix) is:

```
Shift column data by one position 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
```

After program execution, the matrix of the array **b** (3x3) is:

A sample program template is given below:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define M 10
void matShifting(int a[M][M], int b[M][M], int n);
   int a[M][M], b[M][M];
   int n, i, j;
   printf("Enter array (nxn) size (n<=10): \n");</pre>
   scanf("%d",&n);
   for (i=0; i<n; i++) {</pre>
      printf("Enter row %d: \n", i);
      for (j=0; j<n; j++)</pre>
         scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
   matShifting(a,b,n);
   printf("Array b: \n");
   for (i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
      for (j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
         printf("%d ",b[i][j]);
      printf("\n");
   }
   return 0;
void matShifting(int a[M][M], int b[M][M], int n)
{
   /* Write your code here */
}
```

Some sample input and output sessions are given below:

(1) Test Case 1:

```
#define M 10
                                                     void matShifting(int a[M][M], int b[M][M], int n);
                                                     int main()
                                                       int a[M][M], b[M][M];
   Enter array (nxn) size (n<=10):</pre>
                                                       int n,i,j;
   Enter row 0:
                                                       printf("Enter array (nxn) size (n<=10): \n");</pre>
   1 2 3
                                                       scanf("%d",&n);
   Enter row 1:
                                                       for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
   4 5 6
                                                         printf("Enter row %d: \n", i);
   Enter row 2:
                                                         for (j=0; j< n; j++)
                                                           scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
   7 8 9
   Array b:
                                                       matShifting(a,b,n);
   3 1 2
                                                       printf("Array b: \n");
    6 4 5
                                                       for (i=0;i< n;i++) {
   9 7 8
                                                         for (j=0;j< n;j++)
                                                          printf("%d ",b[i][j]);
(2) Test Case 2:
                                                         printf("\n");
   Enter array (nxn) size (n<=10):</pre>
                                                       return 0;
   Enter row 0:
   1 2 3 4
                                                     void matShifting(int a[M][M], int b[M][M], int n)
   Enter row 1:
   3 4 5 6
                                                       int i,j,temp;
   Enter row 2:
                                                       int k=1;
   2 3 4 5
                                                       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
   Enter row 3:
   3 4 5 6
                                                          temp = a[i][n-1];
   Array b:
                                                          while(n-k!=0)
   4 1 2 3
   6 3 4 5
                                                            a[i][n-k] = a[i][n-k-1];
   5 2 3 4
                                                            k++;
   6 3 4 5
                                                         a[i][0] = temp;
(3) Test Case 3:
                                                          k = 1;
   Enter array (nxn) size (n<=10):</pre>
   Enter row 0:
                                                       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
   1 2 3 4 5
   Enter row 1:
                                                          for(j=0;j< n;j++)
   3 4 5 6 7
                                                            b[i][j] = a[i][j];
   Enter row 2:
   2 3 4 5 6
                                                       }
   Enter row 3:
                                                     }
   3 4 5 6 7
   Enter row 4:
   3 - 4 \ 5 - 6 - 7
   Array b:
   5 1 2 3 4
   7 3 4 5 6
   6 2 3 4 5
   7 3 4 5 6
   -7 3 -4 5 -6
```

#include <stdio.h>