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Limit Fields to Return from a Query

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The projection document limits the fields to return for all matching documents. The projection document can specify the inclusion of fields or the exclusion of fields.

The specifications have the following forms:

Syntax	Description
<field>: <1 or true></field>	Specify the inclusion of a field.
<field>: <0 or false></field>	Specify the suppression of the field.

IMPORTANT:

The _id field is, by default, included in the result set. To suppress the _id field from the result set, specify _id: 0 in the projection document.

You cannot combine inclusion and exclusion semantics in a single projection with the *exception* of the _id field.

This tutorial offers various query examples that limit the fields to return for all matching documents. The examples in this tutorial use a collection inventory and use the db.collection.find() method in the mongo shell. The db.collection.find() method returns a cursor to the retrieved documents. For examples on query selection criteria, see Query Documents.

Return All Fields in Matching Documents

If you specify no projection, the find() method returns all fields of all documents that match the query.

```
db.inventory.find( { type: 'food' } )
```

This operation will return all documents in the inventory collection where the value of the type field is 'food'. The returned documents contain all its fields.

Return the Specified Fields and the _id Field Only

A projection can explicitly include several fields. In the following operation, find() method returns all documents that match the query. In the result set, only the item and qty fields and, by default, the _id field return in the matching documents.

```
db.inventory.find( { type: 'food' }, { item: 1, qty: 1 } )
```

Return Specified Fields Only

You can remove the _id field from the results by specifying its exclusion in the projection, as in the following example:

```
db.inventory.find( { type: 'food' }, { item: 1, qty: 1, _id:0 } )
```

This operation returns all documents that match the query. In the result set, *only* the item and qty fields return in the matching documents.

Return All But the Excluded Field

To exclude a single field or group of fields you can use a projection in the following form: mongoDB

```
db.inventory.find( { type: 'food' }, { type:0 } )
```

This operation returns all documents where the value of the type field is food. In the result set, the type field does not return in the matching documents.

With the exception of the _id field you cannot combine inclusion and exclusion statements in projection documents.

Return Specific Fields in Embedded Documents

Use the dot notation to return specific fields inside an embedded document. For example, the inventory collection contains the following document:

```
{
  "_id" : 3,
  "type" : "food",
  "item" : "aaa",
  "classification": { dept: "grocery", category: "chocolate" }
}
```

The following operation returns all documents that match the query. The specified projection returns only the category field in the classification document. The returned category field remains inside the classification document.

```
db.inventory.find(
    { type: 'food', _id: 3 },
    { "classification.category": 1, _id: 0 }
)
```

The operation returns the following document:

```
mongoDB
{ "classification" : { "category" : "chocolate" } }
```

Projection for Array Fields

For fields that contain arrays, MongoDB provides the following projection operators: \$elemMatch, \$slice, and \$.

For example, the inventory collection contains the following document:

```
{ "_id" : 5, "type" : "food", "item" : "aaa", "ratings" : [ 5, 8, 9 ] }
```

Then the following operation uses the \$slice projection operator to return just the first two elements in the ratings array.

```
db.inventory.find( { _id: 5 }, { ratings: { $slice: 2 } } )
```

\$elemMatch, \$slice, and \$ are the *only* way to project *portions* of an array. For instance, you *cannot* project a portion of an array using the array index; e.g. { "ratings.0": 1 } projection will *not* project the array with the first element.

SEE ALSO:

Query Documents

Documentation

Search Documentation