

R for Computational Sciences

Part 1. getting started, EDA, data wrangling

John Little

Center for Data & Visualization Sciences

R for computational sciences

getting started, EDA, data wrangling

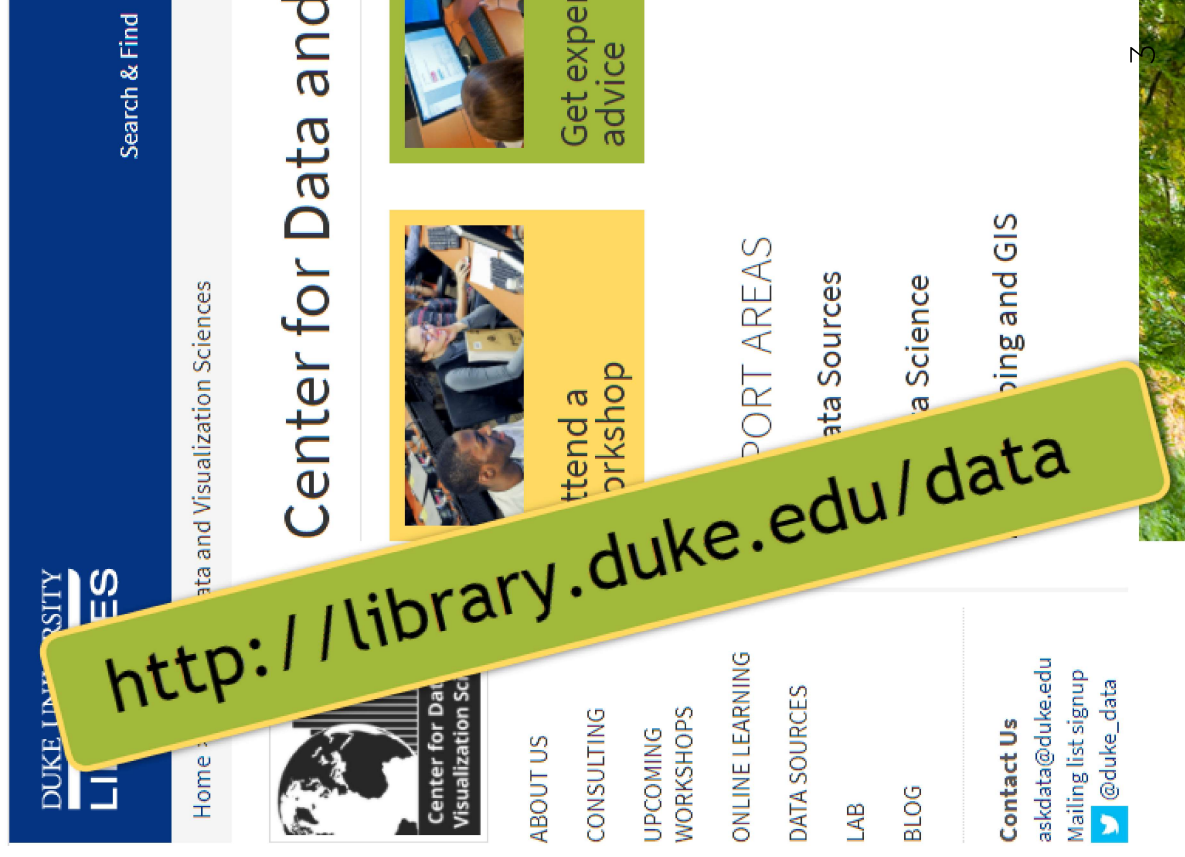
Flipped Workshop

Jan 20, 10am to Noon

15:00

Whoami

John Little
Data Science Librarian
Host of **Rfun.library.duke.edu**
Center for Data & Visualization Sciences

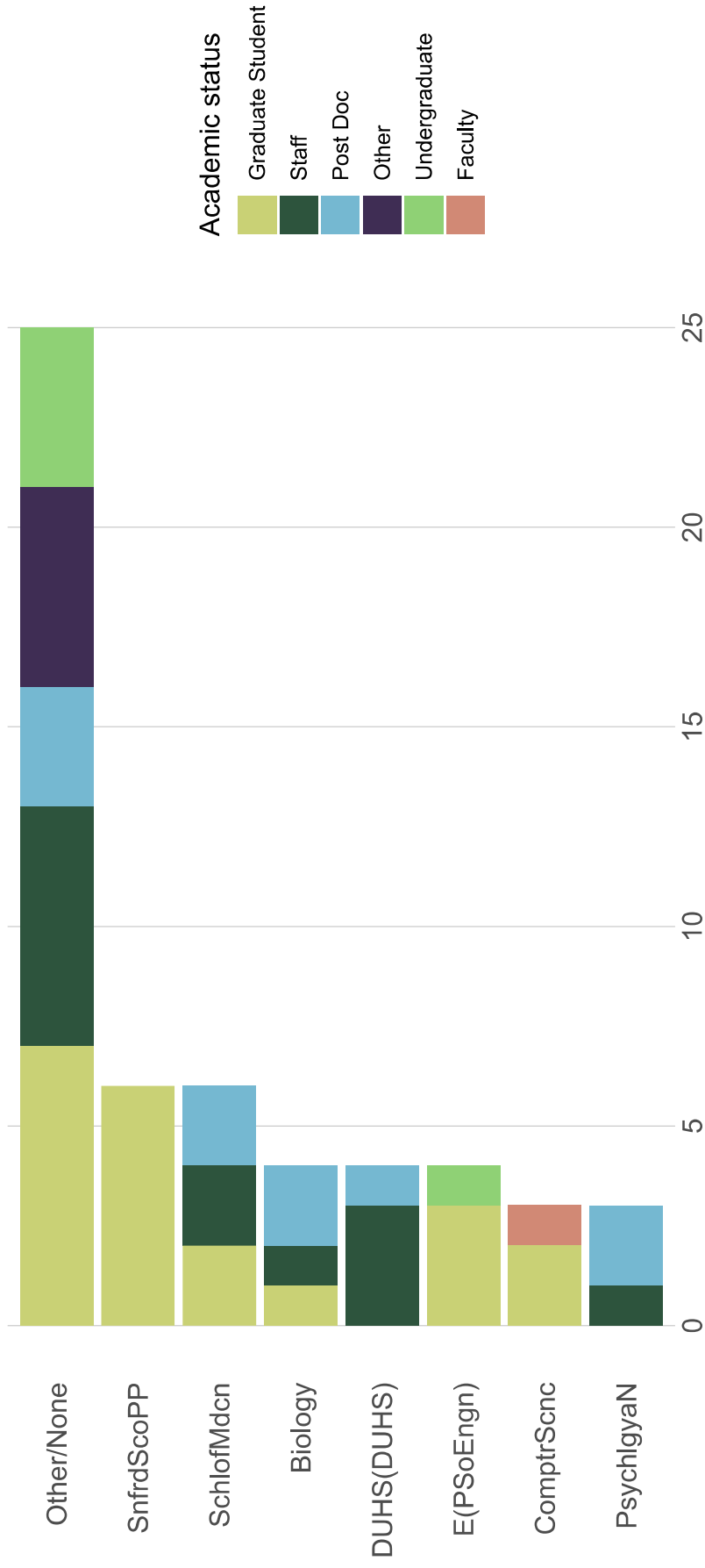


Duke University: Land Acknowledgement

I would like to take a moment to honor the land in Durham, NC. Duke University sits on the ancestral lands of the Shakori, Eno and Catawba people. This institution of higher education is built on land stolen from those peoples. These tribes were here before the colonizers arrived. Additionally this land has borne witness to over 400 years of the enslavement, torture, and systematic mistreatment of African people and their descendants. Recognizing this history is an honest attempt to breakout beyond persistent patterns of colonization and to rewrite the erasure of Indigenous and Black peoples. There is value in acknowledging the history of our occupied spaces and places. I hope we can glimpse an understanding of these histories by recognizing the origins of collective journeys.

Attendance by Discipline

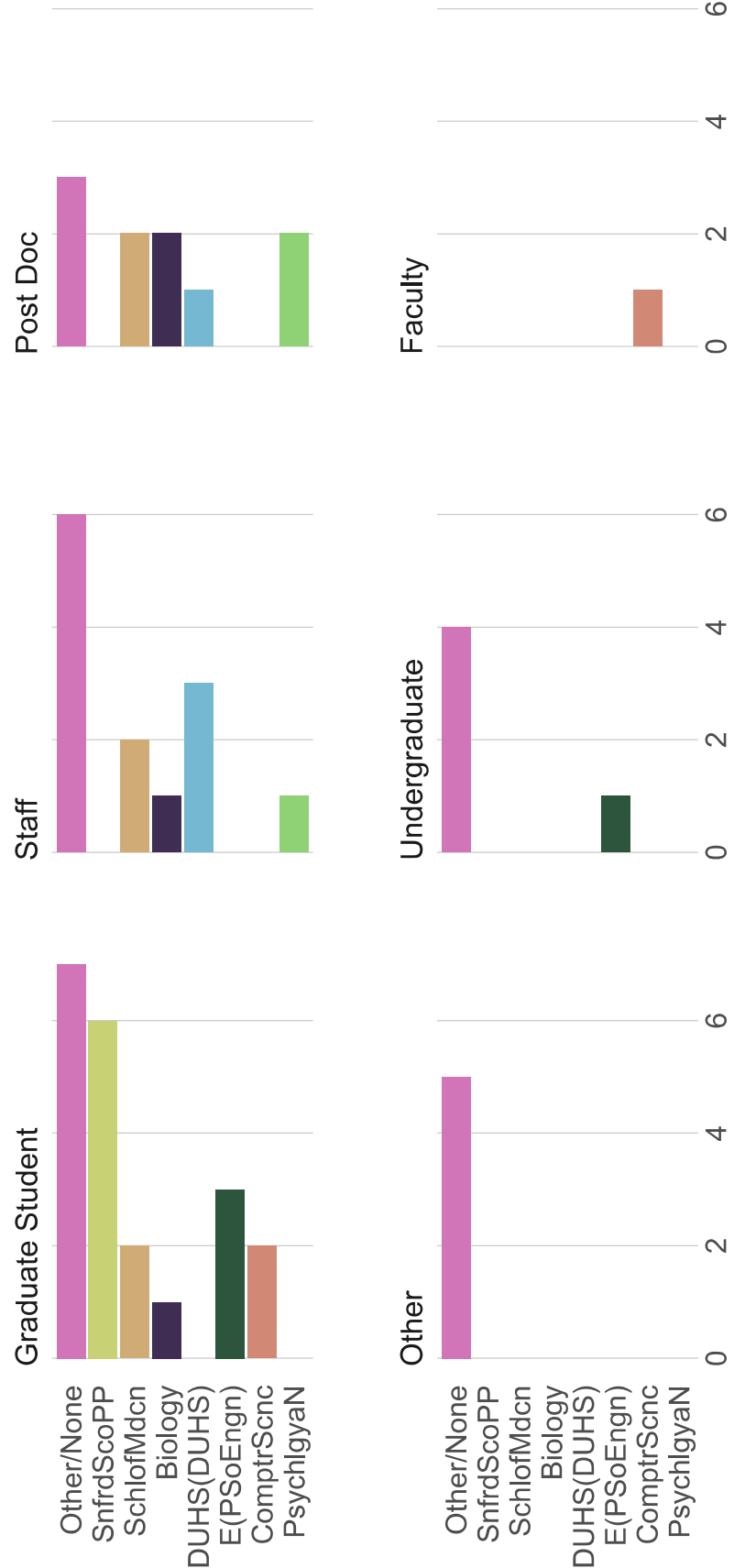
R for data science: getting started, EDA, data wrangling



Source: CDVS Workshop Registration

Attendance by Discipline

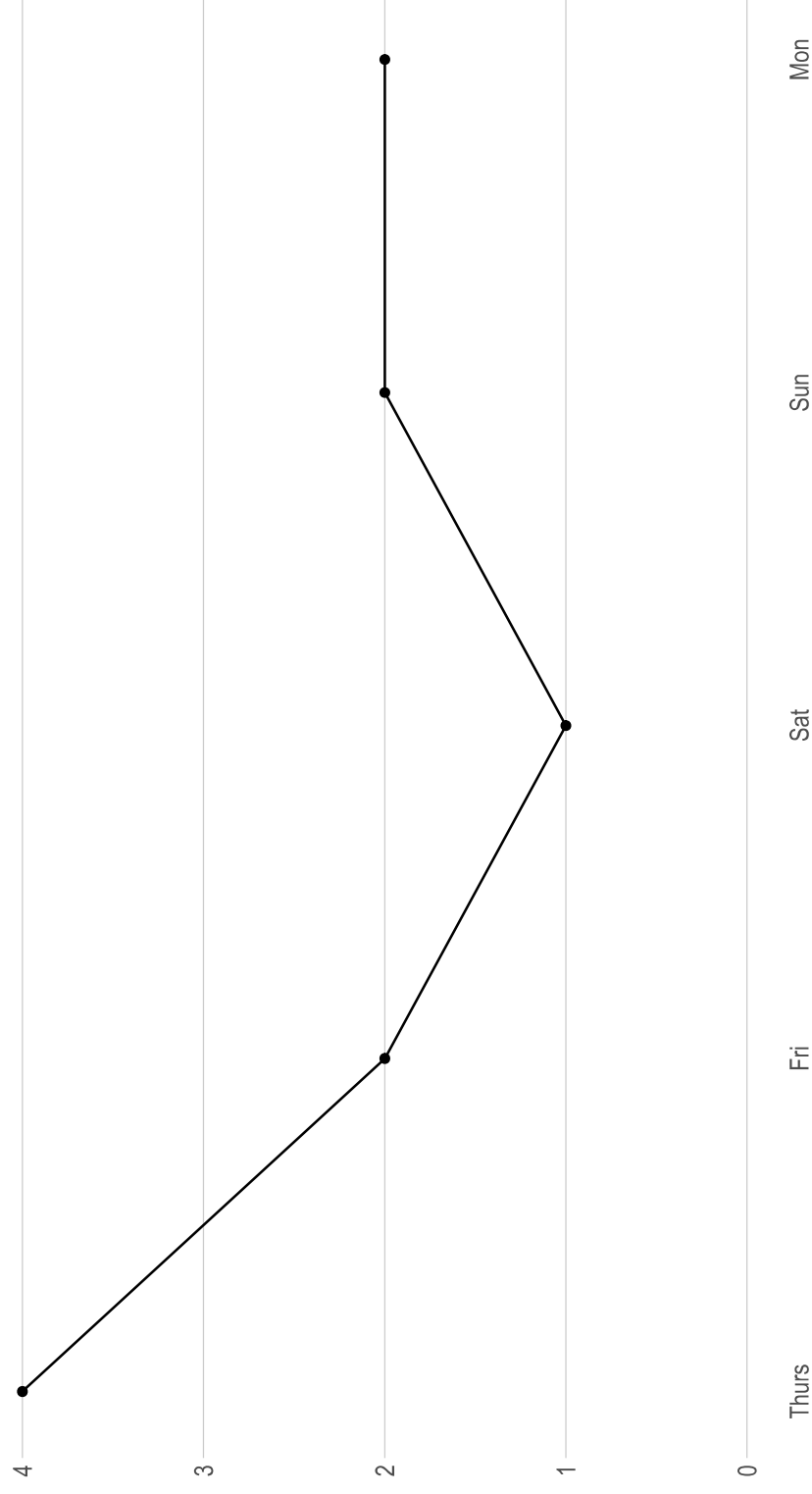
R for data science: getting started, EDA, data wrangling



Source: CDVS Workshop Registration

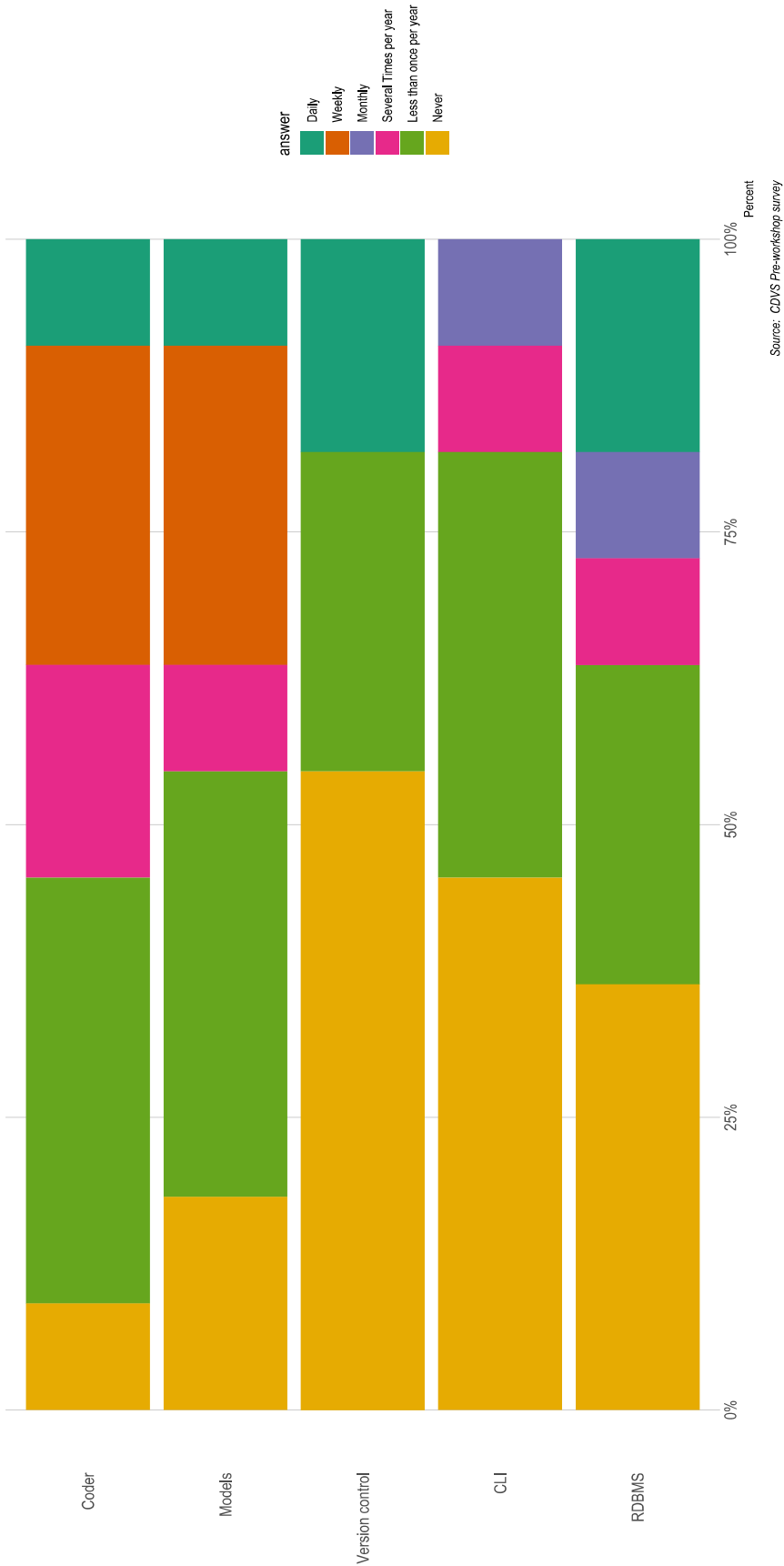
Response rate over time

n = 11 ; 20% response rate



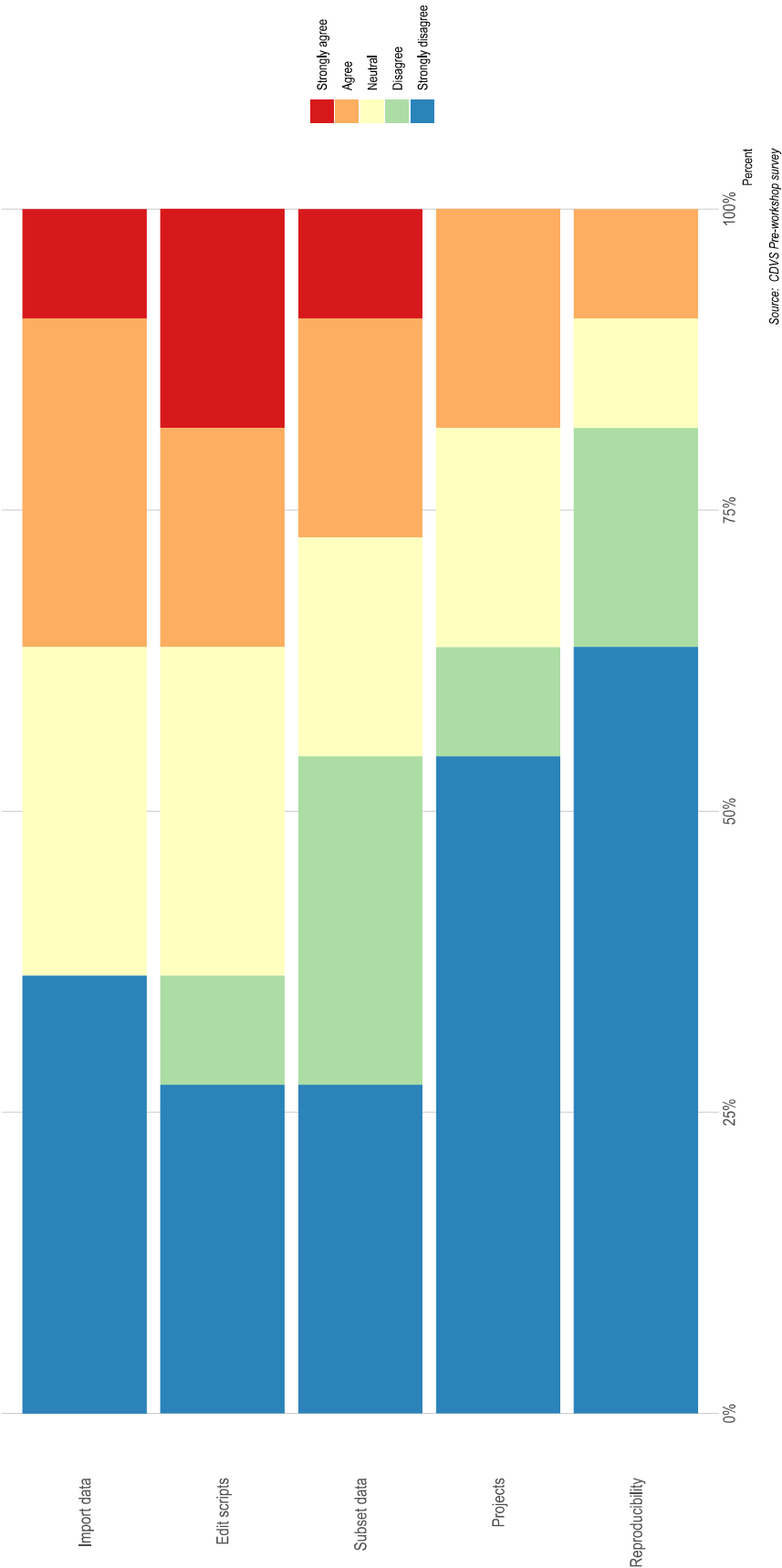
Self-reported tool usage

Respondent's use of a tool / technology / technique



Source: CDVS Pre-workshop survey

Self-reported R skills
Respondents feel capable of completing a Tidyverse task



Satisfaction with current Data Management workflow
self reported



Source: CDVS Pre-workshop survey

Satisfaction with current Data Management workflow

self reported



Source: CDVS Pre-workshop survey

Consulting and Assistance

Title		URL
Schedule me for consultations		https://is.gd/littleconsult
Consulting & AskData@Duke.edu		https://library.duke.edu/data/consulting

We're happy to consult with you

In a consultation, let us help make the details of R relevant to your project

Resources

It's all online

Title	URL
Code for this workshop exercises	https://github.com/libjohn/rfun_flipped
Rfun	https://github.com/libjohn/intro2r_exercises
Center for data & Viz	https://rfun.library.duke.edu
	https://library.duke.edu/data

Reprex

The most efficient way to get help

REPRoducible EXample and Code

<https://reprex.tidyverse.org>,

Use the smallest, simplest, most built-in data possible

Include commands on a strict “need to run” basis

Pipes and Assignment

A couple things to remember...

Assignment

Give an object name particular value

```
<-
```

```
"gets value from"
```

```
answer <- 5 * 5
```

```
mutate(answer2 = answer * 2)
```

Keyboard shortcut for <- is *alt-dash*

Pipe

Chain functions together (a tidyverse or magrittr conjunction)

%>%

"and then"

`answer %>% sqrt()`

Keyboard shortcut: *Ctrl/Cmd-Shift-M*

Definitions

R is a **data-first programming language** with mature sense of the *data life-cycle* and reproducibility

R - programming language / language interpreter

RStudio - an IDE or Integrated Development Environment

Tidyverse - a coherent and opinionated system of packages for data manipulation, exploration, and visualization

Definitions

Tidy data - a foundational concept governing the shape of your data. <https://vita.had.co.nz>

country	year	cases	population
Afghanistan	2000	245	1980071
Afghanistan	2000	266	209360
Brazil	1999	3737	17206362
Brazil	2000	8488	17404898
China	1999	21258	127215272
China	2000	2166	12808583

variables

country	year	cases	population
Afghanistan	2000	245	1980071
Afghanistan	2000	266	209360
Brazil	1999	3737	17206362
Brazil	2000	8488	17404898
China	1999	21258	127215272
China	2000	2166	12808583

observations

country	year	cases	population
Afghanistan	2000	245	1980071
Afghanistan	2000	266	209360
Brazil	1999	3737	17206362
Brazil	2000	8488	17404898
China	1999	21258	127215272
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values

Image Credit: [R for Data Science](https://github.com/jljohn/fun_flipped)

Outline

Reproducibility

RStudio projects

Literate coding

5 dplyr verbs

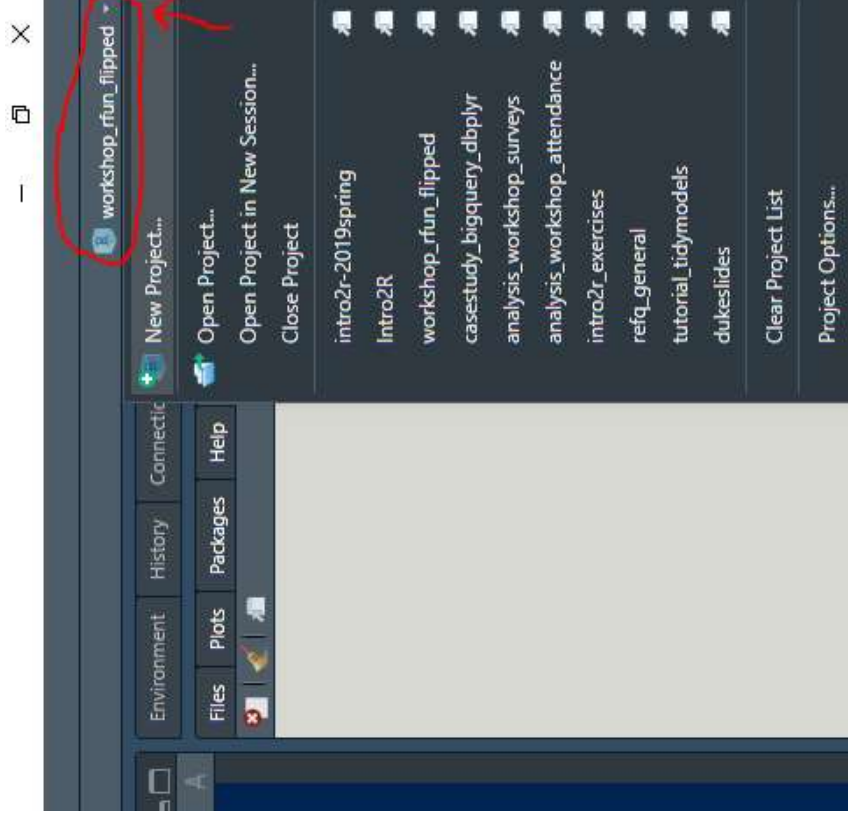
Reproducibility

*Obtaining computational results using the same
input data, computational steps, methods, code, and conditions
of analysis*

RStudio projects

Managing each project in a discrete directory that can be easily shared with others. That is, your projects can work on other computers without rewriting the code.

- Enables the use of relative paths instead of `setwd()`
- Using R Markdown to Restart R and run all chunks instead of `rm(lists = ls())`
- Integrates with version control (e.g. *Git*)



Literate coding

Integrate and intersperse prose with code. Explain your analysis with natural language. Ideally, render various outputs from the same code-prose document

R Markdown & Jupyter notebooks are an example of literate coding

Why

Using *reproducibility* and *literate code* techniques within *RStudio projects* + *version control* enables better workflows; workflows that are not dependent on cut & paste mousing

Today, we'll use .Rmd files to render R Markdown notebooks

dplyr

A grammar of data manipulation

- consistent verbs to solve common data transforms
- <https://dplyr.tidyverse.org/>

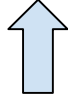
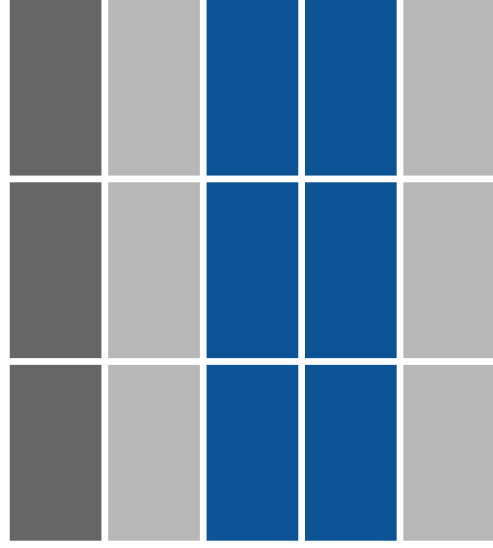
Five *dplyr* Verbs

Function	Usage
filter	subset rows
select	subset columns
arrange	sort rows by variables
mutate	change cell or variable values
count	
summarize	powerful when used with <code>group_by()</code>

There are many more dplyr functions

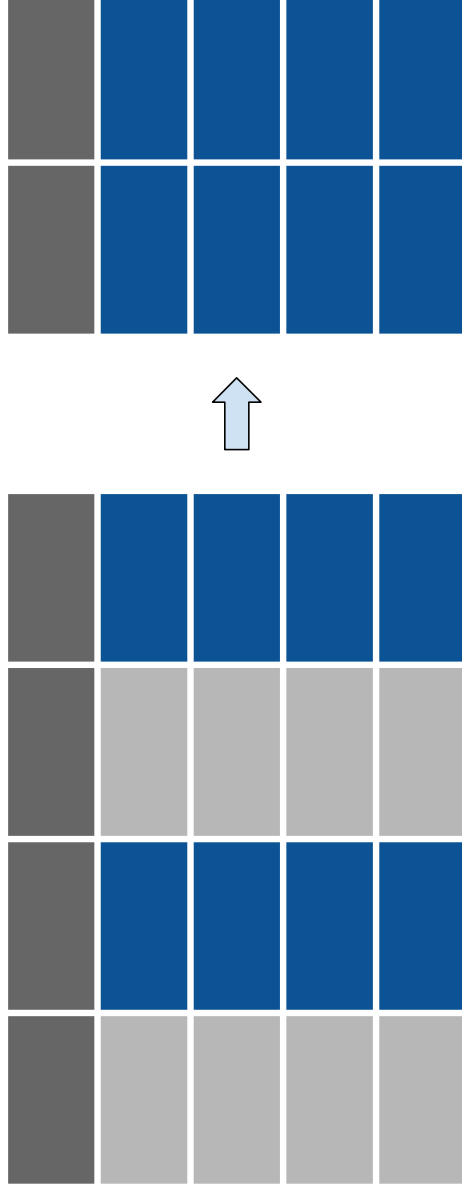
filter Subset **Rows** by variables

```
starwars %>% filter(eye_color == "orange")
```



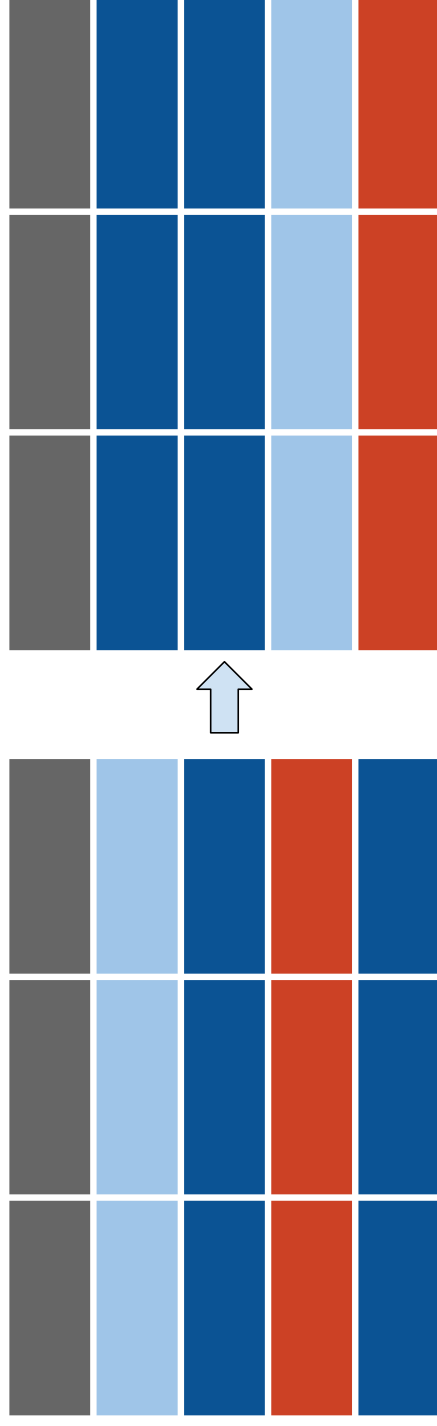
select subset by columns (variables)

```
starwars %>% select(hair_color, eye_color)
starwars %>% select(2:4)
starwars %>% select(name:mass, 10, 7, 4:6)
```



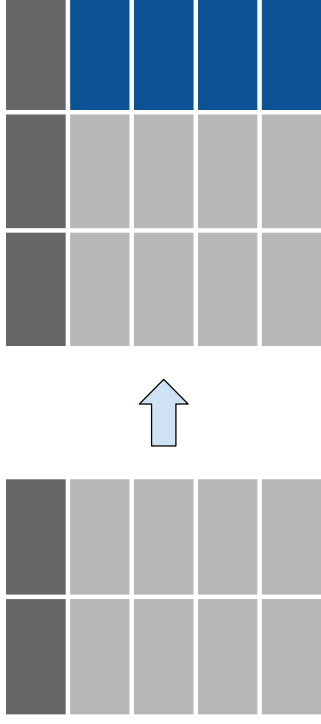
arrange Sort **Rows** by variables

```
starwars %>% arrange(eye_color)
starwars %>% arrange(desc(eye_color))
starwars %>% arrange(desc(eye_color), hair_color)
```



mutate Change cell values

```
starwars %>% mutate(big_mass = mass * 100)
starwars %>% mutate(BMI = (mass / (height/100)^2))
starwars %>% mutate(
  nickname = str_c("Big", str_to_upper(hair_color),
    sep = " ")
)
```



count Count observations by group

```
starwars %>% count(gender)
```

summarize Reduce multiple values down to a single line

```
starwars %>%  
  drop_na(height) %>%  
  summarise(n(), n_distinct(height), min(height), max(height))  
  
starwars %>%  
  drop_na(height) %>%  
  group_by(gender) %>%  
  summarise(Total = n(), n_distinct(height), min(height))
```



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Duke University Libraries

<https://johnlittle.info>
<https://pfun.library.duke.edu>
<https://library.duke.edu/data>



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