Genomics data

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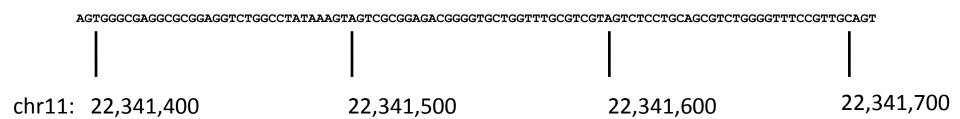
Genomics data

- Genome from the bioinformatics perspective
- . Where does the genomics data come from?
- Common genomics data formats
- Specialized tools for genomics data

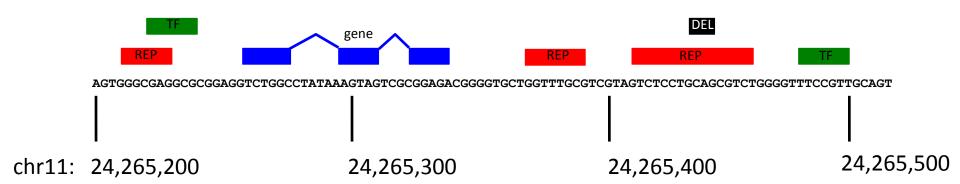
sequence

AGTGGGCGAGGCGCGAGGTCTGGCCTATAAAGTAGTCGCGGAGACGGGG TGCTGGTTTGCGTCGTAGTCTCCTGCAGCGTCTGGGGGTTTCCGTTGCAGT CCTCGGAACCAGGACCTCGGCGTGGCCTAGCGAGTTATGGCGACGAAGGC CGTGTGCGTGCTGAAGGGCGACGGCCCAGTGCAGGGCATCATTACG AGCAGAAGGCAAGGGCTGGGACGGAGGCTTGTTTGCGAGGCCGCTCCCAC TCGGGGCCGCCTGGTCCAGCGCCCGGTCCCGGCCCGTGCCGCCCGGTCG GTGCCTTCGCCCCCAGCGGTGCCGGTGCCCAAGTGCTGAGTCACCGGGCGG GCCCGGGCGCGGGCGTGGGACCGAGGCCGCCGCGGGGCTGGGCCTGCGC GGGCGTGCTGCCCTCTGTGGTCCTTGGGCCGCCGCCGCGGGTCTGTCGTG GTGCCTGGAGCGGCTGTGCTCGTCCCTTGCTTGGCCGTGTTCTCGTTCCT GAGGGTCCCGCGGACACCGAGTGGCGCAGTGCCAGGCCCAGCCCGGGGAT GGCGACTGCGCCTGGGCCCTGGTGTCTTCGCATCCCTCTCCGCTTTC CGGCTTCAGCGCTCTAGGTCAGGGAGTCTTCGCTTTTGTACAGCTCTAAG GCTAGGAATGGTTTTTATATTTTTAAAAGGCTTTTGGAAAACAAAAATACG CAACAGAGACCGTTTGTGTGACACTTTGCAGGGAAGTTTGCTGGCCTCTG TTCTAGGTCATGATTGGGCTGCAAGGGCAGAGAAGGTAGCCTTGAACAGA GGTCCTTTTCCTCCTCCTAAGCTCCGGGAGCCAGAGGTTTAACTGACCCT

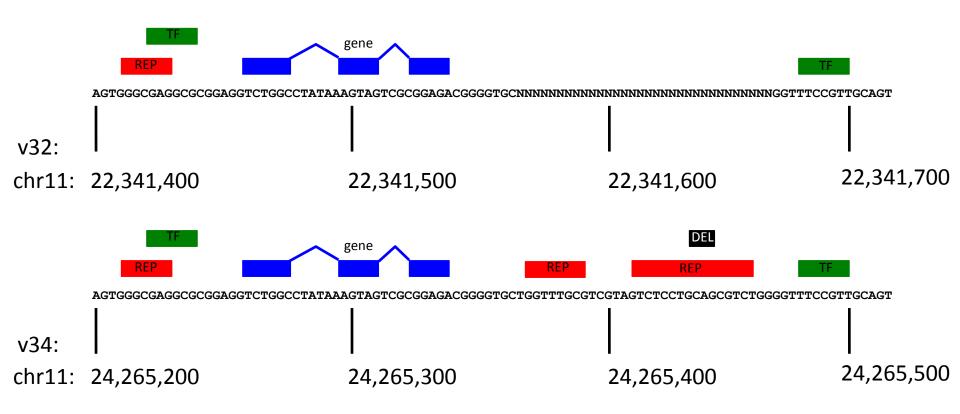
physical map



annotations



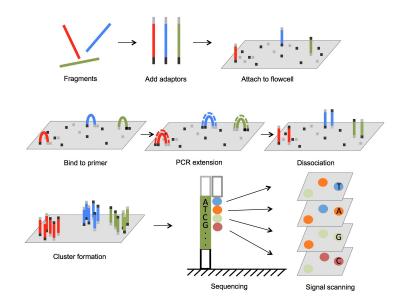
versioned reference

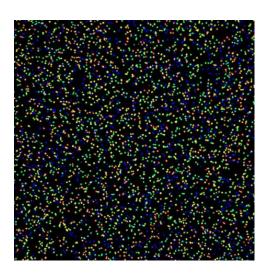


Where does the genomics data come from?

Get a sequence

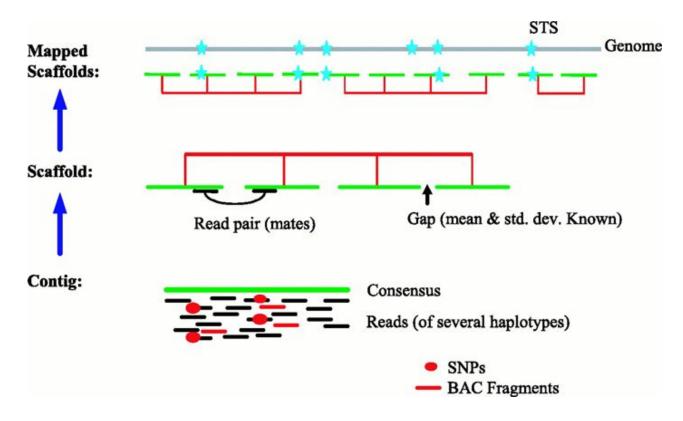
- Various methods:
 - NGS: Illumina, Ion Torrent (short reads)
 - TGS: PacBio, Oxford NanoPore (long reads)
- They all produce stretches of DNA (=<u>reads</u>) of various length (100s bp -100s kbp)
- Reads can be produced in <u>pairs</u> (i.e. physical distance known between them) which is used for assembly



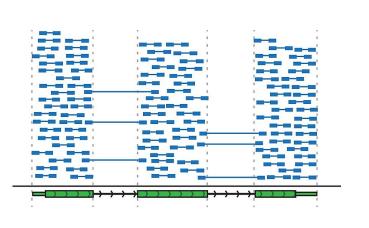


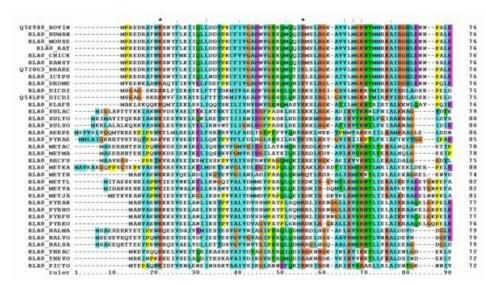
Map the sequence

- Reads are <u>assembled</u> into continuous <u>contigs</u>
- Paired-end reads help to create a <u>scaffold</u> of contigs
- Scaffolds are then mapped to <u>chromosomes</u>

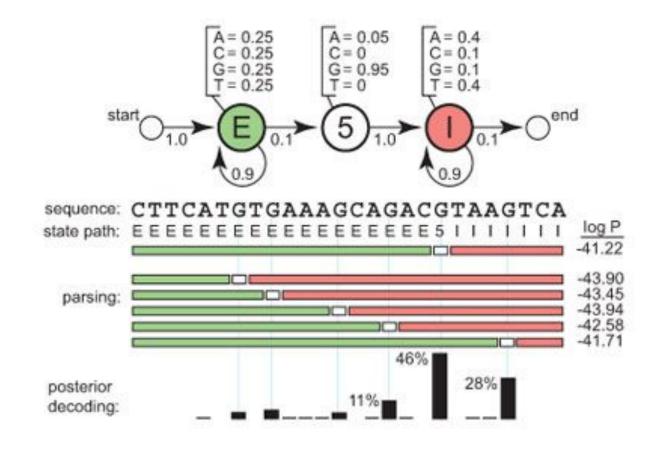


- sequence similarity:
 - to known features (sequence similarity to RNA-seq)
 - to homologous features in other organisms (homology gene/protein families)

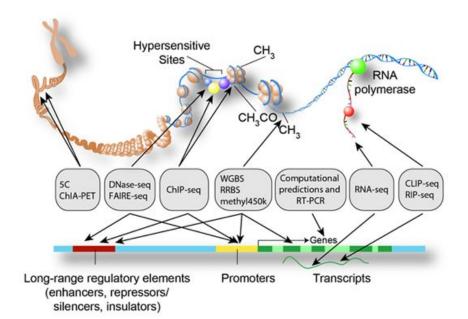


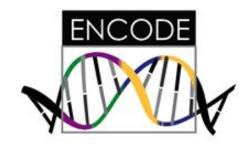


- feature prediction using models:
 - using Hidden Markov Models to predict gene structure



- Other non-coding functional elements, e.g. TF binding sites
 - interspecies sequence conservation
 - ChIP-seq (protein-DNA interaction)
 - DNAsel Hypersensitive Sites (open chromatin sites)





Other features

- Variation data (SNPs, INDELS)
- Structural variation data (CNVs)
- Repeat data (RepeatMasker)
- Epigenomics data (methylation, histone acetylation)
- Functional data (Gene Ontology, KEGG, ...)
- Gene Expression

Where are genomics data stored?







Common genomics data formats

Common genomics data formats

- Regular text files of a specific format
 - easy to open and explore
 - easy to work with
 - .fasta, .fastq, .sam, .bed, .gff, .gtf, .vcf, ...
- Binaries
 - more efficient for large datasets
 - fast retrieval by specific tools
 - .2bit, .gz, .bam, .bcf

Storing sequences: FASTA

>ID seq|specific info

Storing reads: FASTQ

+ ')%'* (***+)*''))*%%++50

ASCII Table

Dec Hex Oct Char Dec

O 0 0 0 32

Hex 0ct Char Char Hex Dec Hex 0ct 0ct Char 101 141 107 150 151 113 153 163 73 173 134 124 174 175 126 176

ASCII = American Standard Code for Information Interchange

FASTQ: ASCII to PHRED

```
.....
   ......
  !"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^ abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{|}~
33
                    73
                                                126
                                    104
       0.....9......40
0.2.....41
S - Sanger
        Phred+33, raw reads typically (0, 40)
         Solexa+64, raw reads typically (-5, 40)
X - Solexa
I - Illumina 1.3+ Phred+64, raw reads typically (0, 40)
J - Illumina 1.5+ Phred+64, raw reads typically (3, 40)
  with 0=unused, 1=unused, 2=Read Segment Quality Control Indicator (bold)
  (Note: See discussion above).
L - Illumina 1.8+ Phred+33, raw reads typically (0, 41)
```

PHRED: quality scores

Phred Quality Score	Probability of incorrect base call	Base call accuracy
10	1 in 10	90%
20	1 in 100	99%
30	1 in 1000	99.9%
40	1 in 10,000	99.99%

Storing annotations: GFF/GTF

- GFF
 - General Feature Format (any kind of annotation/feature)
- GTF
 - Gene Transfer Format (specific form of GFF used to store gene annotation)
- 9 TAB separated fields
- actual content of individual fields depends on the database and type of data

```
feature
                                   start
                                                            strand
                                                                     frame
                                                                             attribute
segname
          source
                                             end
                                                     score
          protein coding
                                   2419108
                                            2419128 .
                                                                             gene id "ENSG00000223972";
                          CDS
X
          protein coding
                          CDS
                                   1186934
                                            1440976 .
                                                                             gene id "ENSG00000123546";
```

```
gene_id "ENSG00000223972"; gene_name "DDX11L1"; gene_source "havana"; gene_biotype "protein_coding";

tag "value";
```

Storing annotations: BED

- 3/4/6/12 columns
- used by UCSC Genome Browser to visualize various features

chrom	chromStart	chromEnd	name	score	strand
2	2419108	2419128	ENSG00000223972	•	+
X	1186934	1440976	ENSG00000123546	•	-

Storing annotations: BED

• 0-based vs. 1-based coordinate system

chr1		Т		Α		C		G		Т		С		Α	
	Ī	I	ĺ	I	Ĩ	1	1	1	Ê		1	1	8	1	Ĩ
1-based		1		2		ا 3		4		5		6		7	
0-based	0		1		2		3		4		5		6		7

	1-based	0-based
Indicate a single nucleotide	chr1:4-4 G	chr1:3-4 G
Indicate a range of nucleotides	chr1:2-4 ACG	chr1:1-4 ACG
Indicate a single nucleotide variant	chr1:5-5 T/A	chr1:4-5 T/A

Storing variation data: VCF

Variant Call Format

```
##fileformat=VCFv4.0
##fileDate=20110705
##reference=1000GenomesPilot-NCBI37
##phasing=partial
##INFO=<ID=NS, Number=1, Type=Integer, Description="Number of Samples With Data">
##INFO=<ID=DP, Number=1, Type=Integer, Description="Total Depth">
##INFO=<ID=AF, Number=., Type=Float, Description="Allele Frequency">
##INFO=<ID=AA, Number=1, Type=String, Description="Ancestral Allele">
##INFO=<ID=DB, Number=0, Type=Flag, Description="dbSNP membership, build 129">
##INFO=<ID=H2, Number=0, Type=Flag, Description="HapMap2 membership">
##FILTER=<ID=q10, Description="Quality below 10">
##FILTER=<ID=s50,Description="Less than 50% of samples have data">
##FORMAT=<ID=GQ, Number=1, Type=Integer, Description="Genotype Quality">
##FORMAT=<ID=GT, Number=1, Type=String, Description="Genotype">
##FORMAT=<ID=DP, Number=1, Type=Integer, Description="Read Depth">
##FORMAT=<ID=HQ, Number=2, Type=Integer, Description="Haplotype Quality">
#CHROM POS
                        REF ALT
                                     QUAL FILTER INFO
                                                                                     FORMAT
                                                                                                 Sample1
       4370
            rs6057
                             A
                                     29
                                                                                     GT:GO:DP:HO 0|0:48:1:52,51
                                                  NS=2;DP=13;AF=0.5;DB;H2
       7330
                                                                                     GT:GQ:DP:HQ 1 | 0:46:3:58,50
                                          q10
                                                  NS=5;DP=12;AF=0.017
                                                  NS=2;DP=10;AF=0.333,0.667;AA=T;DB GT:GQ:DP:HQ 1|2:21:6:23,27
      110696 rs6055
                             G,T
                                     67 PASS
                                                                                     GT:GQ:DP:HQ 0|0:54:7:56,60
       130237 .
                                                  NS=2;DP=16;AA=T
      134567 microsat1 GTCT G,GTACT 50 PASS
                                                  NS=2;DP=9;AA=G
                                                                                     GT:GO:DP
                                                                                                 0/1:35:4
```

Storing variation data: VCF

Variant Call Format

```
##fileformat=VCFv4.0
##fileDate=20110705
##reference=1000GenomesPilot-NCBI37
##phasing=partial
##INFO=<ID=NS, Number=1, Type=Integer, Description="Number of Samples With Data">
                                                                                       Header part
##INFO=<ID=DP, Number=1, Type=Integer, Description="Total Depth">
##INFO=<ID=AF, Number=., Type=Float, Description="Allele Frequency">
                                                                                       (description of
##INFO=<ID=AA, Number=1, Type=String, Description="Ancestral Allele">
                                                                                       abbreviations used in
##INFO=<ID=DB, Number=0, Type=Flag, Description="dbSNP membership, build 129">
                                                                                       the data part)
##INFO=<ID=H2, Number=0, Type=Flag, Description="HapMap2 membership">
##FILTER=<ID=q10, Description="Quality below 10">
##FILTER=<ID=s50,Description="Less than 50% of samples have data">
##FORMAT=<ID=GQ, Number=1, Type=Integer, Description="Genotype Quality">
##FORMAT=<ID=GT, Number=1, Type=String, Description="Genotype">
##FORMAT=<ID=DP, Number=1, Type=Integer, Description="Read Depth">
##FORMAT=<ID=HQ, Number=2, Type=Integer, Description="Haplotype Quality">
#CHROM POS
                        REF ALT
                                      QUAL FILTER INFO
                                                                                     FORMAT
                                                                                                  Sample1
       4370
             rs6057
                             A
                                      29
                                                                                     GT:GO:DP:HO 0|0:48:1:52,51
                                                  NS=2;DP=13;AF=0.5;DB;H2
       7330
                                           q10
                                                  NS=5;DP=12;AF=0.017
                                                                                     GT:GQ:DP:HQ 1 | 0:46:3:58,50
                                                  NS=2;DP=10;AF=0.333,0.667;AA=T;DB GT:GQ:DP:HQ 1|2:21:6:23,27
       110696 rs6055
                             G,T
                                           PASS
       130237 .
                                                  NS=2;DP=16;AA=T
                                                                                     GT:GQ:DP:HQ 0|0:54:7:56,60
       134567 microsat1 GTCT G,GTACT 50
                                           PASS
                                                  NS=2;DP=9;AA=G
                                                                                     GT:GO:DP
                                                                                                  0/1:35:4
```

Storing variation data: VCF

Variant Call Format

```
##fileformat=VCFv4.0
##fileDate=20110705
##reference=1000GenomesPilot-NCBI37
##phasing=partial
##INFO=<ID=NS, Nu
                      Table: Variants (rows) vs. Samples (columns)
##INFO=<ID=DP, Nu
##INFO=<ID=AF, Nu
##INFO=<ID=AA, Number=1, Type=String, Description="Ancestral Allele">
                                                                                     abbreviations used in
                                                                                     the data Samples +
##INFO=<ID=DB, Number=0, Type=Flag, Description="dbSNP membership, build 129">
##INFO=<ID=H2, Number=0, Type=Flaq, Description="HapMap2 membership">
                                                                                              Genotypes
 FORMAT=<ID=GT, Number=1, Type=String, Description="Genotype">
##FORMAT=<ID=DP,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Read Depth">
##FORMAT=<ID=HQ, Number=2, Type=Integer, Description="Haplotype Quality">
                                                                                                Sample1
#CHROM POS
              ID
                                     QUAL FILTER INFO
                            ALT
                                                                                    FORMAT
       4370
              rs6057
                             A
                                     29
                                                                                    GT:GQ:DP:HQ 0|0:48:1:52,51
                                                 NS=2;DP=13;AF=0.5;DB;H2
       7330
                                                                                    GT:GQ:DP:HQ 1|0:46:3:58,50
                                          q10
                                                 NS=5; DP=12; AF=0.017
       110696 rs6055
                                                 NS=2;DP=10;AF=0.333,0.667;AA=T;DB GT:GQ:DP:HQ 1|2:21:6:23,27
                             G,T
                                          PASS
       130237 .
                                                 NS=2;DP=16;AA=T
                                                                                    GT:GQ:DP:HQ 0|0:54:7:56,60
       134567 microsat1 GTCT G,GTACT 50
                                          PASS
                                                                                                0/1:35:4
                                                 NS=2; DP=9; AA=G
                                                                                    GT:GO:DP
```

Specialized tools for genomics data

samtools

- Working with SAM/BAM files (i.e read alignment data)
- Manipulation with SAM/BAM (sorting, merging, subsetting)
- Summary statistics (read depth by position)
- Viewing read alignment in command line:

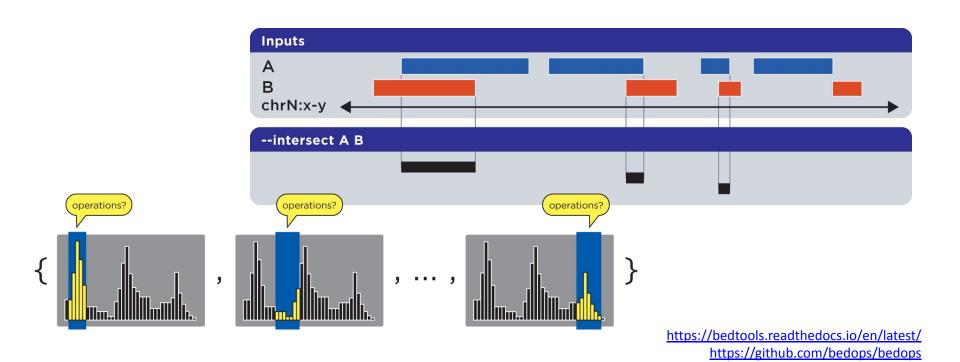


bcftools/vcftools

- variant call files (vcf/bcf)
- bcftools:
 - annotation, concatenation, merging, converting to different formats, filtering based on various criteria, variant calling
- vcftools:
 - mainly filtering/creating subsets
 - population genetics (allele frequency, Hardy-Weinberg, Fst, Pi, Tajima, linkage disequilibrium,...)

bedtools/bedops

- Operations with genomics data based on their physical position in genome (chromosome, feature start, feature end, strand)
- Usually intersections, overlaps, summary by specific regions (e.g. coverage), sliding window analysis, randomization



What have we learned?

- How does genome look from the bioinformatics perspective
- Where does the genomics data come from?
- Common genomics data formats
- Specialized tools for genomics data