Tree search algorithms for the sequential ordering problem

<u>Luc Libralesso</u> - Abdel-Malik Bouhassoun Hadrien Cambazard - Vincent Jost June, 30, 2020 - CNIA 2020

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Context & Methodology

Conventional wisdom - Exact Methods and Metaheuristics

Two ways to solve a problem

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- (Meta-)heuristics: local-search, genetic algorithms, ant colony ...

Conventional wisdom - about Tree Search

Mathematical Programming Solver based on Local Search ([1]):

"Tree search approaches like branch-and-bound are in essence designed to prove optimality [...] Moreover, tree search has an exponential behavior which makes it not scalable faced with real-world combinatorial problems inducing millions of binary decisions."

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We believe it is false considering anytime tree searches

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- · Some famous ones: LDS, Beam Search, wA* ...
- · Some recent: Anytime pack search, Anytime Focal Search

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Similar in purpose and definitions to meta-heuristics
Still not used much compared to classical meta-heuristics

why anytime tree searches are not used more?

two hypothesis:

- 1. They are not efficient?
- 2. They are underestimated?

We believe the latter is true

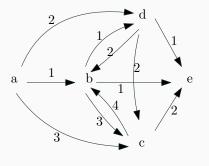
Our experiment

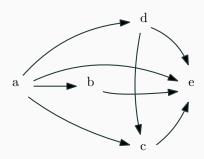
- We consider a well known benchmark (SOP)
- Apply anytime tree searches

Sequential Ordering Problem

SOP - problem definition

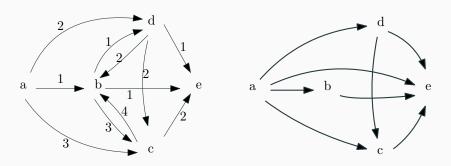
Asymmetric Traveling Salesman Problem with precedence constraints





SOP - problem definition

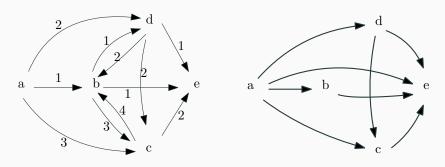
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• a,d,c,b,e is a feasible and costs 9

SOP - problem definition

Asymmetric Traveling Salesman Problem with precedence constraints



- a,d,c,b,e is a feasible and costs 9
- · a,b,c,d,e is not feasible

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- Standard for meta-heuristics
- "Large" instances (200 to 700 cities)
- · Different densities (1, 15, 30, 60) % precedence constraints
- 15% precedence-dense instances remain open (7 instances)

Literature

Many methods implemented during the 30 last years to solve SOP

Exact Methods:

- · Branch and cuts
- · Decision diagrams + CP
- Branch & Bounds with advanced bounds/fathomings

Meta-heuristics:

- Local searches (3-opt)
- · Ant Colony Optimization
- · Various heuristics (GA, ABC, parallel roll-out, LKH ...)

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Exact Methods:

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Meta-heuristics:

- Local searches (3-opt)
- Ant Colony Optimization
- · Various heuristics (GA, ABC, parallel roll-out, LKH ...)
- Exact methods tend to build stronger bounds
- Meta-heuristics strongly rely on 3-opt (local search)

Our anytime Branch-and-Bound

Tree Search

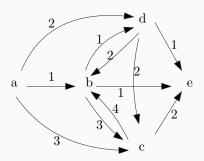
Two parts:

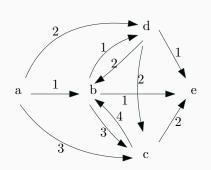
Implicit tree: how to branch, bounds ...

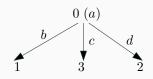
Search strategy: DFS, best-first, Beam Search ...

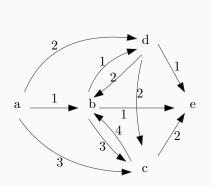
Forward branching + Prefix bounds

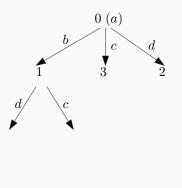
0(a)

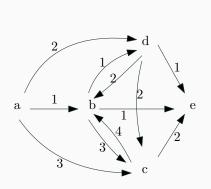


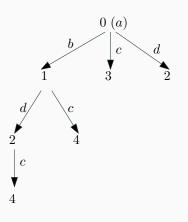


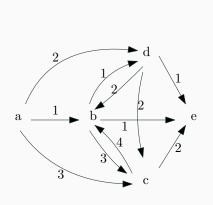


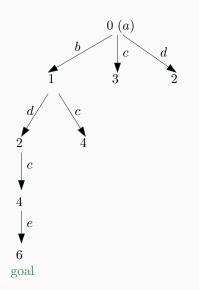


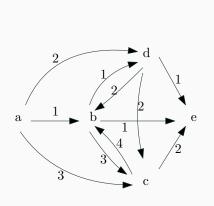


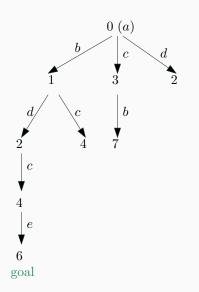


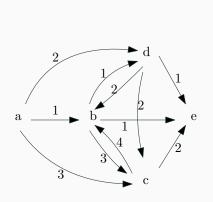


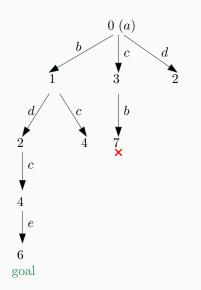


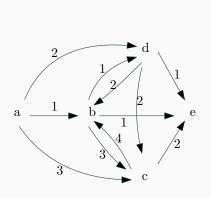


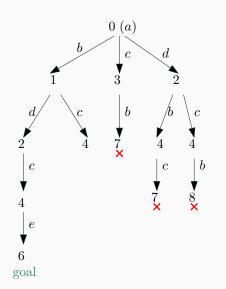












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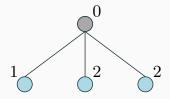
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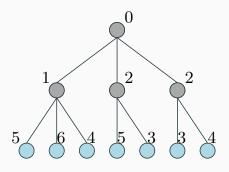
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- Iterative Beam Search (next slide)

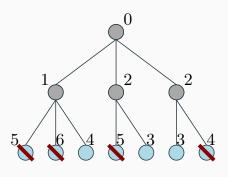
Beam Search (D = 3)

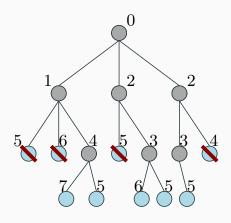


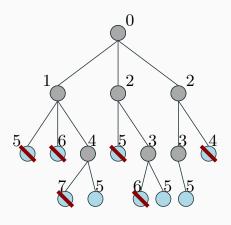
Beam Search (D = 3)











Iterative Beam Search

- · Runs a beam of size 1 (greedy)
- Then runs a beam of size 2, then 4, then 8 ...

Stops when no heuristic fathoming is done (proves optimality)

Integrating exact-method techniques within heuristics

Dominance fathomings. Inspired from dynamic programming

Example, two partial equivalent solutions:

- 1. **a,b,c,d** cost 10
- 2. **a,c,b,d** cost 12

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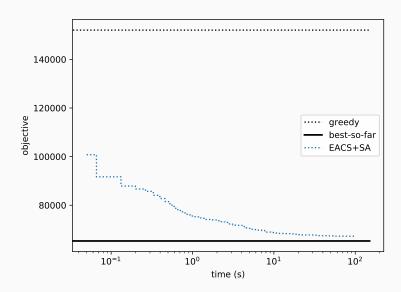
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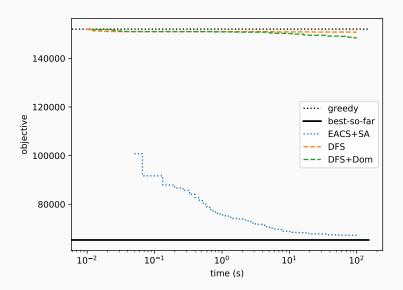
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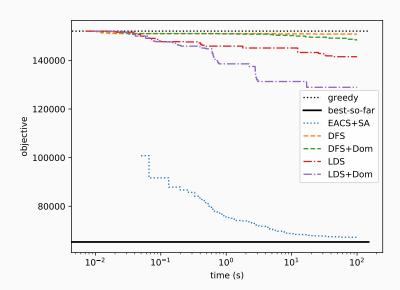
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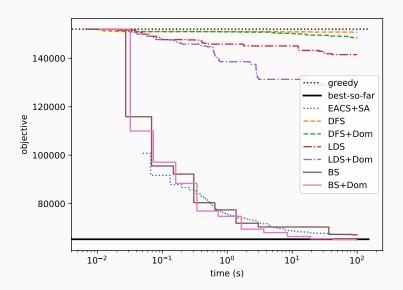
Discard (2) as it is "dominated" by (1). Maintain each entry in a *Hash table*

Numerical Results









Results - New best-so-far solutions

6 out of 7 new-best-so-far solutions (the best known solution for the 7th is maybe already optimal)

Instance	best known	BS+Dom (600s)
R.500.100.15	5.284	5.261
R.500.1000.15	49.504	49.366
R.600.100.15	5.472	5.469
R.600.1000.15	55.213	54.994
R.700.100.15	7.021	7.020
R.700.1000.15	65.305	64.777

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Wrapping-up

Conclusions

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- · The search-strategy choice is crucial

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References

[1] Frédéric Gardi, Thierry Benoist, Julien Darlay, Bertrand Estellon, and Romain Megel. *Mathematical programming solver based on local search*. Wiley Online Library, 2014.