

1. affirmative	(adj.) relating to a statement that shows agreement or says "yes"; positive, or showing agreement (n.) a word or statement that shows agreement or says "yes": an _____ answer/response She asked the question expecting an _____.	10. fertile	(adj.) _____ land can produce a large number of good quality crops. (adj.) _____ animals or plants are able to produce (a lot of) young or fruit: The ploughed earth looked rich and dark and _____. People get less _____ as they get older.
2. along the shore	the land along the edge of a sea, lake, or wide river You can walk for miles _____.	11. fumes	(n.) strong, unpleasant, and sometimes dangerous gas or smoke Petrol _____ always make me feel ill. Neighbors complain about _____ from the nearby sewage treatment plant
3. atmospheric	(adj.) relating to the air or to the atmosphere (adj.) creating a special feeling, especially a mysterious or romantic feeling: Plants are the main source of _____ oxygen. I quite like fog because it's _____.	12. grasp	(v.) to quickly take something in your hand(s) and hold it firmly (n.) the act of holding onto someone or something (n.) the ability to get, achieve, or keep something Rosie suddenly _____ed my hand. He shook my hand with a very firm _____. I sometimes think that he's losing his _____ on reality (= his ability to judge what is real and what is not).
4. bay	(n.) a part of the coast where the land curves in so that the sea is surrounded by land on three sides (n.) a partly surrounded or marked space We sailed into a beautiful, secluded _____. A truck pulled into the loading _____.	13. grazing	(n.) land where farm animals feed on grass In agriculture, _____ is a method of animal husbandry whereby domestic livestock are used to convert grass and other forage into meat, milk, wool and other products, often on land unsuitable for arable farming.
5. body of water	(n.) A _____ is any significant accumulation of water, generally on a planet's surface. The term most often refers to oceans, seas, and lakes, but it includes smaller pools of water such as ponds, wetlands, or more rarely, puddles.	14. hail	(n.) small, hard balls of ice that fall from the sky like rain (v.) If it _____s, small, hard balls of ice fall from the sky: _____ is a form of solid precipitation. It is distinct from ice pellets, though the two are often confused. It _____ed for a few minutes this morning.
6. botanical	(adj.) involving or relating to plants or the study of plants Several new _____ species have been discovered in the last year.	15. inclement	(adj.) _____ weather is unpleasant, especially with cold wind and rain. The concert in the park was postponed because of the _____ weather.
7. cliff	(n.) a high area of rock with a very steep side, often on a coast Keep away from the edge of the _____ - you might fall.	16. irrigation system	(n.) The device to supply land with water so that crops and plants will grow _____ is the application of controlled amounts of water to plants at needed intervals.
8. depletion	(n.) a reduction in something Increased expenditure has caused a _____ in our capital/funds. the _____ of the ozone layer	17. lakefront	(n.) an area fronting on a lake We went for a walk down at the _____.
9. fade	(v.) to (cause to) lose color, brightness, or strength gradually (v.) If something _____s away/out, it becomes less clear and then disappears If you hang your clothes out in the bright sun, they will _____. The voice on the radio _____ed out	18. logging	(n.) the activity of cutting down trees in order to use their wood _____ is the process of cutting trees, processing them, and moving them to a location for transport

19. mining	(n.) the industry or activity of removing substances such as coal or metal from the ground by digging ____ is the extraction of valuable minerals or other geological materials from the Earth, usually from an ore body, lode, vein, seam, reef or placer deposit
20. mow the lawn	to cut the grass You can't __ __ grass/ __ if it's wet
21. natural habitat	(n.) the natural environment in which an animal or plant usually lives With so many areas of woodland being cut down, a lot of wildlife is losing its ____ .
22. nightfall	(n.) the time in the evening when it becomes dark; sunset With any luck, we'll find him by ____ or in the morning.
23. nourishment	(n.) food that you need to grow and stay healthy Young babies obtain all the ____ they need from their mother's milk.
24. nurture	(v.) to take care of, feed, and protect someone or something, especially young children or plants, and help him, her, or it to develop (v.) to help a plan or a person to develop and be successful She wants to stay at home and ____ her children. As a record company executive, his job is to ____ young talent
25. off the shore	the land along the edge of a sea, lake, or wide river The boat was about a mile __ __ __ when the engine suddenly died.
26. outskirts	(n.) the areas that form the edge of a town or city The factory is in/on the ____ of New Delhi.
27. outwardly	(adv.) in a way that relates to how people, situations, or things seem to be, rather than how they are inside You may have noticed that foreigners tend to ____ express their emotions more than Asian.

28. overflow	(v.) When a liquid ____s, it flows over the edges of a container, etc. because there is too much of it (v.) When a place ____s, or people or things ____ from somewhere, some people or things have to come out because it cannot contain them all: The milk ____ed when I poured it into the jug. The bar was so full that people were ____ing into/onto the street
29. potted plant	(n.) a plant which is grown in a pot How to care for ____s?
30. precipitation	(n.) water that falls from the clouds towards the ground, especially as rain or snow Hail and sleet are types of _____. The forecast is for dry, cloudy weather with no _____ expected.
31. promptness	(n.) the quality of doing something quickly and without delay, or at the arranged time _____ is a quality of arriving quickly or exactly when you're supposed to.
32. react to	to act in a particular way as a direct result of something else Many people ____ (badly) _ (= are made ill by) penicillin.
33. residue	(n.) the part that is left after the main part has gone or been taken away, or a substance that remains after a chemical process such as evaporation (n.) the part of a dead person's money and property that is left after taxes, debts, etc. have been paid She cut off the best meat and threw away the _____. The ____ (of the estate) went to her granddaughter.
34. revert	(v.) to return, go back He advocated ____ing to old ways. In the middle of his speech he ____ed to the unemployment issue.
35. revolve	(v.) to move or cause something to move around a central point or line The earth ____s around the sun. The gun turret ____ed until the gun was aimed at the advancing soldiers.

36. rugged	(adj.) (of land) wild and not even; not easy to travel over; rough (adj.) strong and simple; not delicate (adj.) If a man's face is ____, it is strongly and attractively formed. ____ landscape/terrain/hills/cliffs Jeeps are ____ vehicles, designed for rough conditions. She fell for his ____ good looks.
37. scenery	(n.) the general appearance of the natural environment, especially when it is beautiful They stopped at the top of the hill to admire the ____.
38. scenic	(adj.) having or allowing you to see beautiful natural features We took the ____ route home.
39. sewage	(n.) waste matter such as water or human urine or solid waste Raw/untreated ____ is being pumped into the sea, from where it pollutes our beaches. The storm caused raw ____ to flow into the bay.
40. sheer	(adj.) used to emphasize how very great, important, or powerful a quality or feeling is; nothing except; complete (adj.) extremely steep; almost vertical (adj.) ____ clothing or material is so thin, light, and delicate that you can see through it: His success was due to ____ willpower/determination. a ____ mountain side She wore a dress of the ____est silk.
41. shrub	(n.) a large plant with a rounded shape formed from many small branches growing either directly from the ground or from a hard stem, grown in gardens; bush; hedge She planted some roses and other flowering ____s.
42. slope	(n.) a surface that lies at an angle to the horizontal so that some points on it are higher than others (n.) (part of) the side of a hill or mountain The roof is at a ____ (= at an angle to a horizontal surface) of 30°. Snow had settled on some of the higher ____s.
43. splendor	(n.) great beauty that attracts admiration and attention; magnificence They bought a decaying 16th-century manor house and restored it to its original ____. We can only imagine the ____s of ancient Rome.

44. stream	(n.) water that flows naturally along a fixed route formed by a channel cut into rock or ground, usually at ground level (n.) any current of water or liquid (v.) to flow somewhere or produce liquid, quickly and in large amounts without stopping There's a bubbling ____ that flows through their property. the level of cholesterol in your blood ____ I've got a terrible cold and my nose has been ____ing all week.
45. sustainable	(adj.) able to be maintained or continued (adj.) causing little or no damage to the environment and therefore able to continue for a long time That sort of extreme diet is not ____ over a long period. A large international meeting was held with the aim of promoting ____ development in all countries.
46. sweep	(v.) to clean especially a floor by using a brush to collect the dirt into one place from which it can be removed (v.) to move, especially quickly and powerfully (n.) a movement, especially a quick, powerful one or one to search an area ____ the floor/ the leaves The fire ____ (= spread quickly) through the house. With a ____ (= horizontal movement) of its tail, the alligator knocked her under the water.
47. tangible	(adj.) real and not imaginary; able to be shown, touched, or experienced We need ____ evidence if we're going to take legal action. Other ____ benefits include an increase in salary and shorter working hours.
48. terrestrial	(adj.) relating to the earth (adj.) (of animals) living on the land rather than in the water or air (adj.) ____ television channels are broadcast from stations on the ground and do not use satellites. the search for ____ planets ____ carnivores have four or five clawed digits on each limb. ____ television was the first technology used for television broadcasting.

49. toxication	(n.) poisoning (n.) a process of metabolism whereby the metabolized drug or chemical is more toxic than the parent drug or chemical _____ or toxification is the conversion of a chemical compound into a more toxic form in living organisms or in substrates such as soil or water.
50. trimming	(n.) (a piece of) decorative material added around the edge of something I want a plain black cardigan with no fancy _____s.
51. trunk	(n.) the thick main stem of a tree, from which its branches grow (n.) the main part of a blood vessel or nerve This tree ____ sounds hollow. a nerve ____ injury
52. twilight	(n.) the period just before it becomes completely dark in the evening (adj.) used to describe a way of life that involves illegal or immoral activities, and is on the edge of normal society I could make out a dark figure in the _____. Leaving a secure job for the _____ world of pop music may have been a mistake.