Quizlet Day 12 生產

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1.	arable	(adj.) farming land is used for, or is suitable for, growing crops: The country is rich in land.	11. ge	enerator	(n.) a machine that produces electrical power The hospital's emergencys are designed to cope with power cuts.
2.	broadly	(adv.) in a general way, without considering specific examples or all the details speaking, don't you think women make better drivers than men?	_	o out of oduction	to stop being made The airplane has
			13. gr	grease	(n.) animal or vegetable fat that is soft after melting, or more generally, any thick oil-like substance The dinner plates were thick with You'll have to put some on those ball bearings.
3.	combustible	(adj.) able to burn easily Wood and coal are both substances.			
4.	come apart	to separate into several pieces I picked up the book and it in my hands. My boots areing at the seams.			
			14. identically	(adv.) in a way that is exactly the same, or very similar	
5.	continuity	(n.) the fact of something continuing for a long period of time without being changed or stopped There has been no in that class - they've had six different teachers.	15. int	15. integration	The two sisters were always dressed (n.) the action or process of successfully joining
				or mixing with a different group of people To promote, several schools' catchment areas were merged.	
6.	disassemble	(v.) to separate something into its different parts This video shows you how to a television set	16. liq	quidity	(n.) the fact of being available in the form of money, rather than investments or property, or of being able to be changed into money easily
7.	fabricate	(v.) to invent or produce something false in order to deceive someone (v.) to produce a product, especially in an industrial process: He was late, so heed an excuse to avoid trouble. An electronic circuit ised on a silicon		This problem is very serious for small and medium-sized business.	
				ade-to- der	(adj.) used to describe something made in a particular way because a customer asked for it to be made in that way The image consultancy also supplies clothes for its clients.
8.	fitted	wafer. (adj.) made to fit the shape of someone or something; tailor-made (adj.) permanently fixed in position We're having a new kitchen put in. a jacket/shirt a wardrobe/cupboard		18. make an exception	to not treat someone or something according to the usual rules We don't usually accept late applications, but in
			19. make		this case we will to say or publish something in order that
				public	everyone knows or hears about it The annual financial disclosure report was yesterday. (n.) a combination of things that form
9.	flow chart	(n.) a drawing that shows the stages of a process or activity from the beginning to the end using different shapes connected by lines Datas are a very effective tool for information systems analysis.	20 m :	akeup	
			20. 1116	ane op	something: The committee's membership does not reflect the city's racial
10.	gem	(n.) a precious stone, esp. when cut into a regular shape; jewel (n.) someone or something that is very good, pleasing, or useful The necklace was studded with diamonds, rubies, and other _s. He's a real you'd be a fool to break up with him.	21. mi	iniature	(adj.) used to describe something that is a very small copy of an object I bought some furniture for my niece's doll's house.
			on	uch to ne's rprise	used to say that someone is very surprised by something our, she refused.
		The coffee house is a hidden (= something that not a lot of people know about).			

23. neatly	(adv.) in a tidy way (adv.) in a clever and simple way His clothes are all folded in their drawers. The announcement was timed to coincide with the release of their new album.	34. ready-made	(adj.) bought or found in a finished form and available to use immediately a frozen meal When she married Giles, she acquired a family - two teenage sons and a daughter.
24. nimble	(adj.) quick and exact either in movement or thoughts His mind calculated the answer before I could key the numbers into my computer.	35. recede	(v.) to move further away into the distance, or to become less clear (v.) to get lower in value, amount, or number McLaughlin expects to go home again when the flood waters Although oil pricesed somewhat in June, they rose again this week.
25. obfuscate	(v.) to make something less clear and harder to understand, especially intentionally She was criticized for using arguments thated the main issue.		
26. on the spot	at the place where an event is happening or has recently happened The police were called and they were within three minutes.	36. representation	(n.) the way that someone or something is shown or described (n.) a person or organization that speaks, acts, or is present officially for someone else He gave a talk on the of women in 19th-century art Can he afford legal?
27. outlast	(v.) to live or exist, or to stay energetic and determined, longer than another person or thing The empressed all her children. The Oriolesed the Yankees, finally winning 10 to 9.		
28. output	(n.) an amount of something produced by a person, machine, factory, country, etc. Last year manufacturing fell by 14 percent	37. reproduction	 (n.) a copy of something, especially a painting, or the process of copying something (n.) the process of having babies, producing young, or producing new plants The book contains excellent colors of Monet's paintings. We are researching in/of elephants.
29. pack away	to put something into a bag or container, or to put something in the place where it is usually kept: Come on, children, it's time to your toys.		
30. perturbed	(adj.) worried or troubled He didn't seem unduly/overly by the news. Ms. McCurdy was too to pay attention.	38. scale model	(n.) A is most generally a physical representation of an object that maintains accurate relationships between all important aspects of the model, although absolute values of the original properties need not be preserved.
31. pragmatic	(adj.) solving problems in a sensible way that suits the conditions that really exist now, rather than obeying fixed theories, ideas, or rules In business, the approach to problems is often more successful than an idealistic one. (v.) to be or go before something or someone in time or space Kofi Annaned Ban Ki-moon as the Secretary-General of the UN. It would be helpful if you were to the report with an introduction.		
		39. settle on	to agree on a decision Have youed _ a name for the baby?
32. precede		40. sort out	an occasion when you put things in order or in their correct place: I've had a in the bedroom - it's looking rather better.
		41. squeak	(v.) to make a short, very high cry or sound (v.) to only just succeed in something such as a test or competition:
33. prevail	(v.) to get control or influence (v.) to be common among a group of people or area at a particular time And did reason over (= become a more powerful influence than) emotion? This attitude stills among the middle classes.		The mice in the cupboarded. Heed through the exam.

42. synthetic	(adj.) products are made from artificial substances, often copying a natural product (adj.) false or artificial fibres She criticized the charm of TV hosts.
43. tie up	(v.) to fasten together two ends of a piece of string or other long, thin material, or to (cause to) hold together with a long, thin piece of string, material, etc. (n.) a connection or agreement that joins two things or organizations: your shoelaces, or you'll trip over them. Cambridge University Press arranged a with the German publisher Klett
44. unfailingly	(adv.) surely; invariably;certainly; in a way that shows itself at all times She's cheerful no matter what the circumstances. The party supports the president
45. unmet	(adj.) not satisfied, or achieved: These children have many needs. The demand for affordable housing is largely
46. Upon	prep can be used to show that something happens soon after, and often because of, something else hearing the good news, we all congratulated Murphy.
47. wear and tear	the damage that happens to an object in ordinary use during a period Seat covers on buses take a lot of
48. welding	(n.) the activity of joining metal parts together is a fabrication or sculptural process that joins materials, usually metals or thermoplastics, by using high heat to melt the parts together and allowing them to cool causing fusion.
49. workbench	(n.) A strong table used for working with tools and materials A is a sturdy table at which manual work is done.