

1. agile	(adj.) able to move quickly and easily (adj.) able to think quickly and clearly Monkeys are very ____ climbers. For a man of 80, he has a remarkably ____ mind.	10. file for bankruptcy	to make an official request for something such as divorce or bankruptcy In theory, the ability to ____ can benefit an overall economy by giving persons and businesses a second chance to gain access to consumer credit and by providing creditors with a measure of debt repayment
2. allotment	(n.) the process of sharing something, or the amount that you get The ____ of the company's shares to its employees is still to be decided. We have used up this year's ____ of funds.	11. gratify	(v.) to please someone, or to satisfy a wish or need He was ____ to see how well his students had done.
3. at a rapid rate	quickly, fast, speedily The plague is spreading _____. It is moving from city to city extremely quickly.	12. gross income	(n.) the total amount of a person's or organization's income in a particular period before tax is paid on it The house is rented out and brings in a ____ each month of \$1,300.
4. coil	(n.) a length of rope, hair, or wire, arranged into a series of circles, one above the other (v.) to arrange something in a coil A ____ of rope lay on the beach. The snake ____ed itself tightly around the deer.	13. harsh	(adj.) unpleasant, unkind, cruel, or more severe than is necessary The children had had a ____ upbringing. We thought the punishment was rather ____ for such a minor offence.
5. dean	(n.) an official of high rank in a college or university who is responsible for the organization of a department or departments (n.) someone among a group of people who has worked the longest in the particular job or activity they share, and who is their unofficial leader She is the new ____ of the Faculty of Social Sciences. Parsons is the ____ of the TV news correspondents at Channel Nine.	14. hollow	(adj.) having a hole or empty space inside (adj.) (of situations, feelings, or words) without value, or not true or sincere ____ blocks are used because they are lighter. Even sex had become a ____ pleasure.
6. deviate	(v.) to do something that is different from the usual or common way of behaving The recent pattern of weather ____s from the norm for this time of year.	15. infusion	(n.) the act of adding one thing to another to make it stronger or better (n.) a drink made by leaving tea leaves or herbs in hot water An ____ of \$100,000 into the company is required. She drinks an ____ of herbs.
7. do damage	harm or injury Recent discoveries about corruption have ____ serious ____ to the company's reputation.	16. insolvency	(n.) bankruptcy The country will face ____ unless the government adopts cost-cutting measures.
8. downfall	(n.) (something that causes) the usually sudden destruction of a person, organization, or government and their loss of power, money, or health Rampant corruption brought about the ____ of the government In the end, it was the continual drinking that was his ____.	17. literally	(adv.) exactly; actually (adv.) If you translate ____, you translate each word in a text separately, without looking at how the words are used together in a phrase or sentence. I was ____ bowled over by the news. Translations that are done too ____ often don't flow well or don't sound natural.
9. even out	to become equal, or to make something equal The league is divided into two skill levels in order to ____ the competition.	18. loosely	(adv.) not tightly; not in a way that fits closely to the body or the thing that is covered; in a way that is not firmly held or attached The parcel had only been ____ wrapped, and the paper had come off.

19. offset	(v.) to balance one influence against an opposing influence, so that there is no great difference as a result The extra cost of travelling to work is ____ by the lower price of houses here.	30. subside	(v.) If a condition ____s, it becomes less strong or extreme: As the pain in my foot ____ed, I was able to walk the short distance to the car.
20. optimal	(adj.) best; most likely to bring success or advantage Companies benefit from the ____ use of their resources and personnel.	31. swell	(v.) to become larger and rounder than usual; to (cause to) increase in size or amount It was obvious she had broken her toe, because it immediately started to ____ (up).
21. outpace	(v.) to move or develop faster than someone or something else The company has completely ____ its rivals in the market	32. timeline	(n.) a plan or idea of how much time something will or should take Despite the short ____, supporters gathered enough signatures to get the measure on the ballot
22. outsell	(v.) (of a product) to be sold in greater numbers than another product Last spring, horticultural stock (plants) ____ manufactured goods (tools, sheds, and chemicals) by 57% to 46%.	33. uncover	(v.) to make known; reveal; expose The investigation ____ed evidence of a large-scale illegal trade in wild birds.
23. piece by piece	in gradual stages Tomorrow, we'll start breaking picture down ____ _ ____, starting with the living expenses. I intend to approach this problem ____ _ ____.	34. vitality	(adv.) in a way that is extremely important, or necessary for the success or continued existence of something It's not ____ important that we get extra funding for the project, but it would help.
24. profit margin	(n.) net income/net sales Many small companies operate on very narrow ____ ____s.		
25. proportion	(n.) the number or amount of a group or part of something when compared to the whole A higher ____ of men are willing to share household responsibilities than used to be the case.		
26. proportionate	(adj.) If two amounts are ____, they change at the same rate so that the relationship between them does not change. Weight is ____ to size.		
27. signify	(v.) to be a sign of something; to mean The number 30 on a road sign ____s that the speed limit is 30 miles an hour.		
28. split	(v.) to (cause to) divide into two or more parts, especially along a particular line (n.) a long, thin hole in something where it has broken apart The teacher ____ the children (up) into three groups. Rain was getting in through a ____ in the plastic sheeting.		
29. steeply	(adv.) at a sharp angle (adv.) suddenly or by a large amount The beach slopes ____ down to the sea. The value of the land has risen ____.		