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| 1. account for | to explain the reason for something or the cause of something Can you ____ your absence last Friday? The teller could not ____ the error. | 12. cavity | (n.) a hole in a tooth (n.) a hole, or an empty space between two surfaces ____ or dental caries, damage to the structure of a tooth The gold was hidden in a secret ____. |
| 2. account for | to form the total of something Students ____ the vast majority of our customers. Mail-in orders ____ most of the company's gross revenue. | 13. Celsius | (n.) (of) a measurement of temperature on a standard in which 0° is the temperature at which water freezes, and 100° the temperature at which it boils Are the temperatures given in ____ or Fahrenheit? |
| 3. adjacent to | very near, next to, or touching The storage room is ____ the administrative offices. They lived in a house ____ the railway. | 14. chilly | (adj.) cold (adj.) unfriendly The bathroom gets ____ in the winter. I went to see the sales manager but got a rather ____ reception. |
| 4. adjourn | (v.) to have a pause or rest during a formal meeting or trial The meeting was ____ed an hour after it begin. | 15. collision | (n.) an accident that happens when two vehicles hit each other with force The cyclist was in a ____ with a bus. Fortunately, no one was hurt in the four-car ____. |
| 5. alternatively | (adv.) used to suggest another possibility We could go to the Indian restaurant, or ____, we could try that new Italian place. The money can go in a savings account; ____, it can be placed into an investment fund. | 16. compulsory | (adj.) If something is compulsory, you must do it because of a rule or law; obligatory Obtaining permission for home renovations is ____. The law made wearing seat belts in cars ____. |
| 6. arise | (v.) to happen Should the opportunity ____, I'd love to go to China. A number of employee complaints have ____. | 17. consent | (n.) permission or agreement They can't publish your name without your ____. A sale of the business will require the ____ of shareholders. |
| 7. assent | (v.) to agree to or give official approval to something (n.) official agreement to or approval of an idea, plan, or request The managers ____ed to giving everyone a small raise. The company's president gave her ____ for a planned construction project | 18. considerable | (adj.) very large or much The developer raised the capital after ____ effort |
| 8. attentive | (adj.) listening carefully Martin was very ____ while he discussed investment options with the adviser. | 19. convert into | to (cause something or someone to) change in form or character Saving accounts can be ____ed ____ mutual funds at no charge. Could we ____ the small bedroom ____ a second bathroom? |
| 9. authorship | (n.) the state or fact of being the person who wrote a particular book, article, play, etc. The ____ of the anonymously published study proved to be Mr. Tate. | 20. cozy | (adj.) comfortable and pleasant, especially (of a building) because of being small and warm This room is nice and ____ in the winter. He showed me into a ____ little room. |
| 10. banking | (n.) the business of operating a bank international ____/ ____ industry/sector | 21. deliberation | (n.) considering or discussing something The ____ about hiring new staff lasted for nearly two hours. |
| 11. cautiously optimistic | feeling that there are some reasons to hope for a good result, even if you do not expect complete success or improvement He said he was ____, predicting some growth in the new year. We are ____ about our prospects of winning the case. | | |

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| 22. delinquent | (adj.) late (in paying money owed); overdue The _____ account has been suspended. She has been _____ in paying her taxes. |
| 23. deplete | (v.) to reduce something in size or amount, especially supplies of energy, money, etc.; exhaust The area's water resources have been _____ed, causing a drop in produce. The illness _____s the body of important vitamins. |
| 24. deprivation | (n.) deficiency; a situation in which you do not have things or conditions that are usually considered necessary for a pleasant life Sleep _____ weakens the immune system. There were food shortages and other _____s during the Civil War. |
| 25. determine | (v.) to control or influence something directly, or to decide what will happen; decide The project participants gathered briefly to _____ their next course of action. |
| 26. determine the cause of | to discover the facts or truth about something The team met to _____ the chemical leak. |
| 27. dirt | (n.) dust, soil, or any substance that makes a surface not clean (n.) soil on the ground His coat was covered with _____. I've been digging in the _____, planting seeds. |
| 28. discharge | (v.) to send out a substance, especially waste liquid or gas (v.) to allow someone officially to leave somewhere, especially a hospital or a law court It is illegal to _____ industrial chemicals into the environment. Patients were _____ed from the hospital because the beds were needed by other people. |
| 29. drape with | to be loosely covered with a cloth The decorator _____ed the living room windows with a silk curtain. The coffins were all _____ed _____ the national flag. |
| 30. duration | (n.) the length of time that something lasts He planned a stay of two years' _____. The _____ of the illness may vary from one person to the next. |
| 31. dwell | (v.) to live in a place or in a particular way She _____ in remote parts of Asia for many years. |
| 32. elementary | (adj.) basic I have an _____ knowledge of physics. They made some _____ mistakes. |

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| 33. excessive | (adj.) too much _____ exercise can sometimes cause health problems. _____ garbage is a serious problem for many mega-cities. |
| 34. expressly | (adv.) in a way that is clear (adv.) for a particular purpose I _____ told you to be home by midnight. The farmer put up the fence _____ to stop people walking across his field. |
| 35. fireplace | (n.) a space in the wall of a room for a fire to burn in, or the decorated part that surrounds this space We usually stack some wood next to the f_____. |
| 36. float | (v.) to stay on the surface of a liquid and not sink (v.) to (cause to) move easily through, or along the surface of a liquid, or to (cause to) move easily through air You can _____ very easily in/on the Dead Sea because it's so salty. The children enjoy _____ing their boats on the pond in the park. |
| 37. hood | (n.) the metal cover over the part of a car where the engine is I looked under the _____ and clouds of smoke poured out. |
| 38. humid | (adj.) moist; containing extremely small drops of water in the air New York is very hot and _____ in the summer. a hot and _____ climate |
| 39. improbable | (adj.) not likely to happen or be true Mr. Jenkins is an _____ candidate for the job, as he lacks experience. |
| 40. induce | (v.) to cause something to happen (v.) to persuade someone to do something Users were warned that the medication may _____ drowsiness. They _____ed her to take the job by promising editorial freedom. |
| 41. inducement | (n.) incentive They offered him a large pay increase as an _____ for him to stay. |
| 42. inflict | (v.) to force someone to experience something very unpleasant The new dam has _____ed considerable damage on the local communities. The suffering _____ed on these children was unimaginable. |

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| 43. informative | (adj.) providing a lot of useful information This is an interesting and highly _____ book. |
| 44. informed | (adj.) having a lot of knowledge or information about something Seeking legal advice will help you make an _____ decision. |
| 45. inherently | (adv.) in a way that exists as a natural or basic part of something; essentially Stock market investment is considered _____ risky. She felt that the system was _____ unfair and unequal. |
| 46. inhibition | (n.) a feeling of embarrassment or worry that prevents you from saying or doing what you want; restraint With training, Roy lost all his _____s about public speaking. After a couple of drinks he lost his _____ and started talking and laughing loudly. |
| 47. innate | (adj.) An _____ quality or ability is one that you were born with, not one you have learned. Cyril's most impressive quality was his _____ goodness. Mr. Rogers has an _____ ability to predict market fluctuations. |
| 48. intensively | (adv.) in a way that involves a lot of effort or activity in a short period of time or small area She is studying _____, working toward her degree. The wind blew _____ for hours during the storm. |
| 49. in the interest of | sth that brings advantages to or affects sb or sth _____s _____ safety, please do not smoke. |
| 50. inward | (adv.) towards the inside After the accident, her thoughts began to turn _____ (= to her own interests or problems). Fold the outside edges _____. |
| 51. ironing | (n.) the activity of making clothes flat and smooth, using an iron I must do some/the _____ tonight. |
| 52. lastingly | (adv.) continually The now environmental bill promises to _____ protect the nation's waterways. |
| 53. payable to | If a cheque is _____ a particular person or organization, his, her, or its name is written on it and the money will be paid to him, her, or it Make all checks _____ Everson Ltd. Please make your cheque _____ WWF. |

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| 54. place an emphasis on | the particular importance or attention that is given to something The speaker _____ed _____ economic development |
| 55. plaza | (n.) an open, public area in a city or town, or a group of buildings with stores, often including an open, public area New York City's Rockefeller _____ |
| 56. pleasing | (adj.) giving a feeling of satisfaction or enjoyment Trees in city parks are not only _____ to see, but environmentally beneficial. It was _____ to know that the presentation had gone so well. |
| 57. pollutant | (n.) a substance that pollutes Automotive exhaust introduces harmful _____s into the air. harmful _____s such as sulphur dioxide or CFCs |
| 58. premium | (n.) an amount of money paid to get insurance Car insurance _____s have increased this year. Monthly medical insurance _____s will rise next year. |
| 59. preside over | to be in charge of a formal meeting, ceremony, or trial The chief of human resources will _____ the annual staff gathering. |
| 60. prevalent | (adj.) existing very commonly or happening often These diseases are more _____ among young children. Analysts watch the most _____ trends in the market |
| 61. prominently | (adv.) in a way that can easily be seen or noticed The newspaper featured the apology _____ on page 1. Traffic control signs are _____ displayed along the highway. |
| 62. radically | (adv.) completely or extremely Our approach is _____ different to that of our competitors. Several divisions will be _____ restructured. |
| 63. refutation | (n.) the act of saying or proving that a person, statement, opinion, etc. is wrong or false She published a _____ in the newspapers two days later. Here is a simple _____ of that argument |

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| 64. refute | (v.) to say or prove that a person, statement, opinion, etc. is wrong or false; to prove incorrect Mr. Geiger did not ____ the allegations made against him. |
| 65. remedy | (n.) a successful way of curing an illness or dealing with a problem or difficulty an effective herbal ____ for headaches The best ____ for grief is hard work. |
| 66. rope | (n.) (a piece of) strong, thick string made of long twisted threads (v.) to tie things together with ____ A sailor threw a ____ ashore and we tied the boat to a post. I'll ____ my horse to your car and pull you out of the ditch. |
| 67. safeguard | (n.) a law, rule, or something that is done to protect someone or something from harm or damage (v.) to protect something from harm The disk has built-in ____s to prevent certain errors. The industry has been criticized for not providing adequate ____s against poisoning. The union ____s the interests of all its members. |
| 68. scatter | (v.) to (cause to) move far apart in different directions (v.) to cover a surface with things that are far apart and in no particular arrangement The protesters ____ed at the sound of gunshots. ____ the powder around the plants. |
| 69. seating chart | (n.) a chart with the legislators' and participant' names A ____ ____ is a way to visualize where people will sit in given room or during an event. |
| 70. smoking section | (n.) an area where smoking is allowed A ____ ____ (smoking room) is a area which is specifically provided and furnished for smoking, generally in buildings where smoking is otherwise prohibited. |
| 71. solely | (adv.) only and not involving anyone or anything else Their interest was ____ in foreign investment The product's success cannot be attributable ____ to the ads. |

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| 72. susceptible | (adj.) able to be influenced; easily influenced or harmed by something A weakened immune system makes one ____ to colds. These plants are particularly ____ to frost. |
| 73. take into account | to consider or remember something when judging a situation A good architect ____s ____ the building's surroundings. Banks always ____ security ____. |
| 74. unprecedented | (adj.) never having happened or existed in the past Housing prices in the region rose an ____ 50 percent in just six months. This century has witnessed environmental destruction on an ____ scale. |
| 75. veranda | (n.) a raised, covered, sometimes partly closed area, often made of wood, on the front or side of a building Every evening we sat on the ____ watching the sun go down. |
| 76. a vested interest | a strong personal interest in something because you could get an advantage from it As both a teacher and parent, she had ____ in seeing the school remain open. |