#### Loops solving in OpenRC

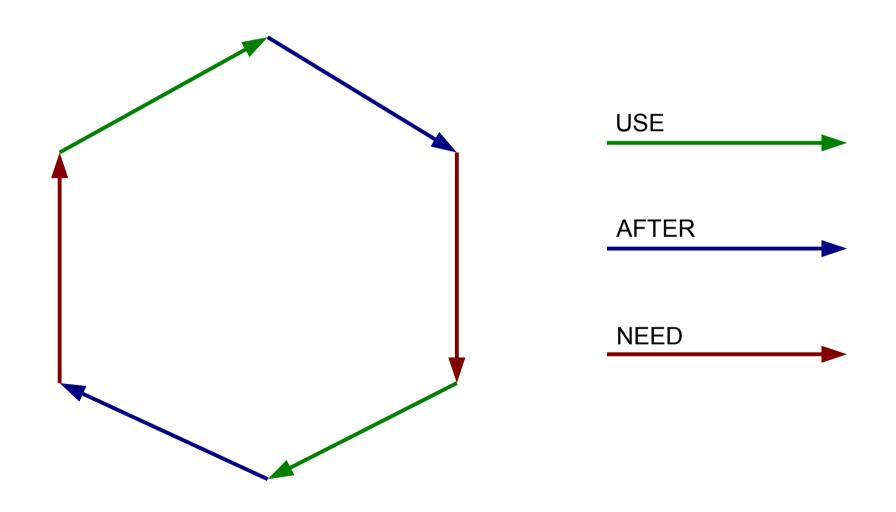
Dmitry Yu Okunev <a href="mailto:dyokunev@ut.mephi.ru">dyokunev@ut.mephi.ru</a> 0x8E30679C

Explanation of method that I used to detect loops in my patch for OpenRC "early loop detector".

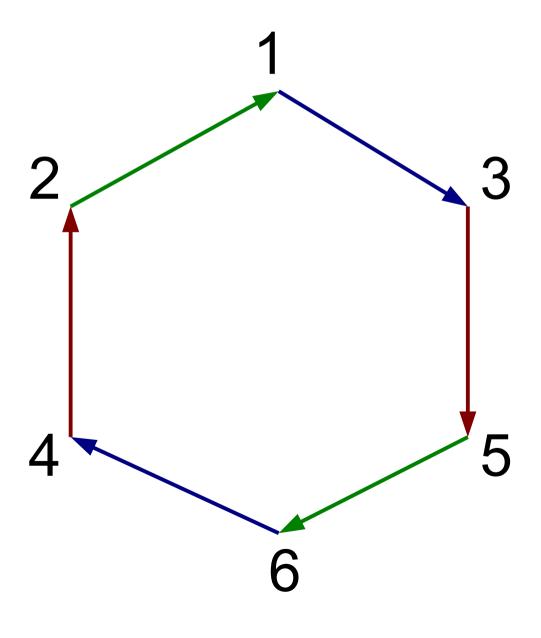
I don't know how is this algorithm called, because I solved the problem on piece of paper by myself. Sorry...

Also please sorry for my English.

#### Let's imagine a simple loop

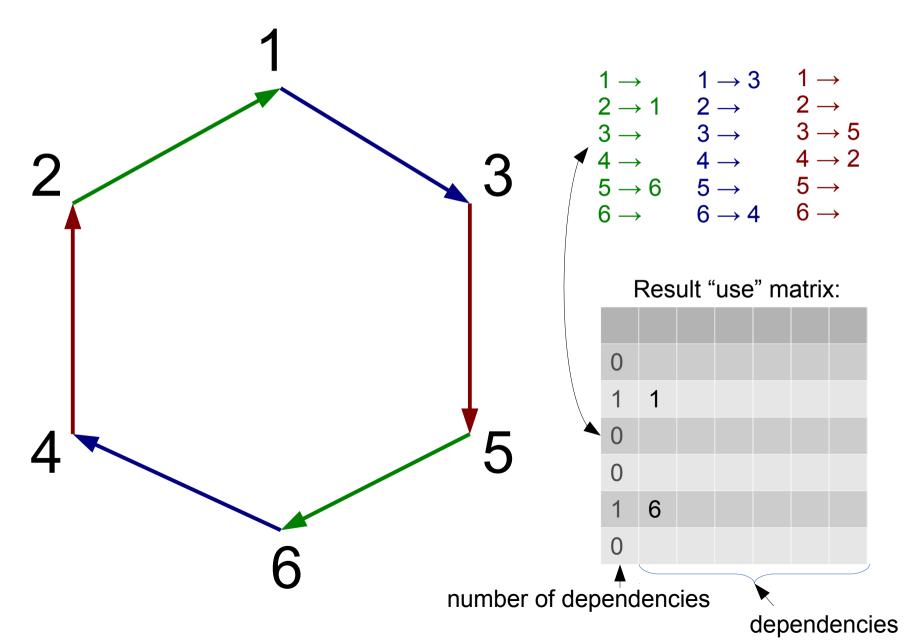


#### Enumerating vertices (services)

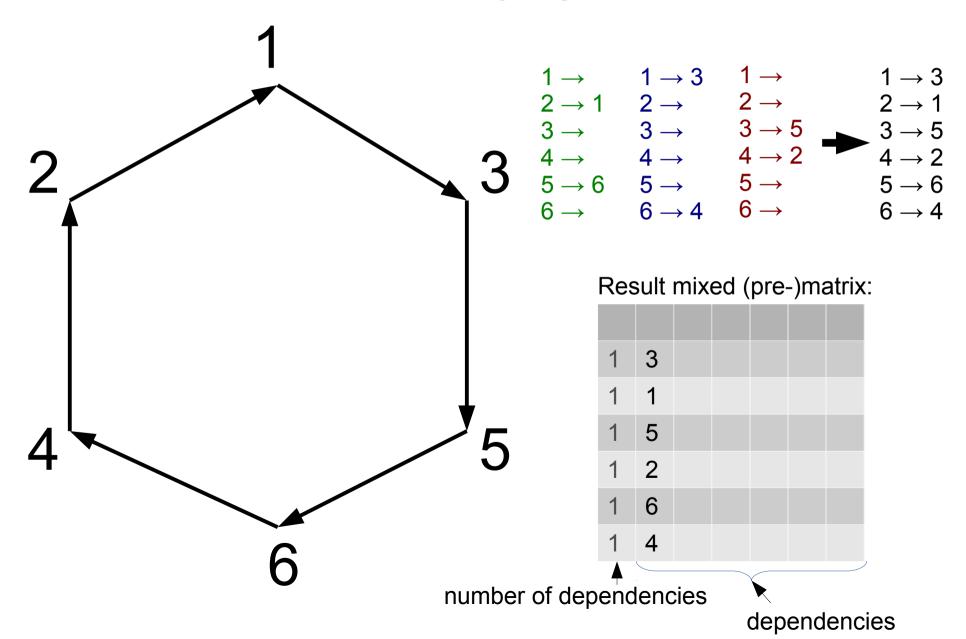


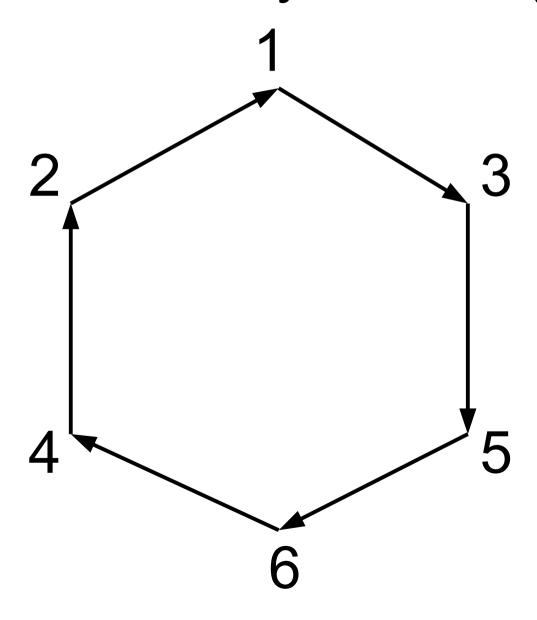
Numbering "doesn't know" anything about the loop, so it can not be done sequentially along the loop chain.

#### Building dependency pre-matrixes: "use", "after" and "need"

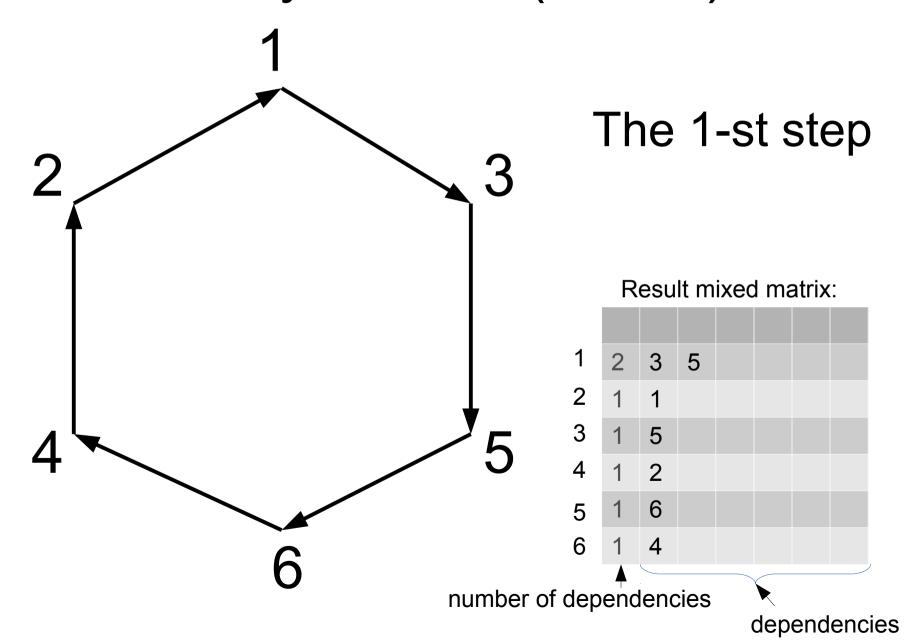


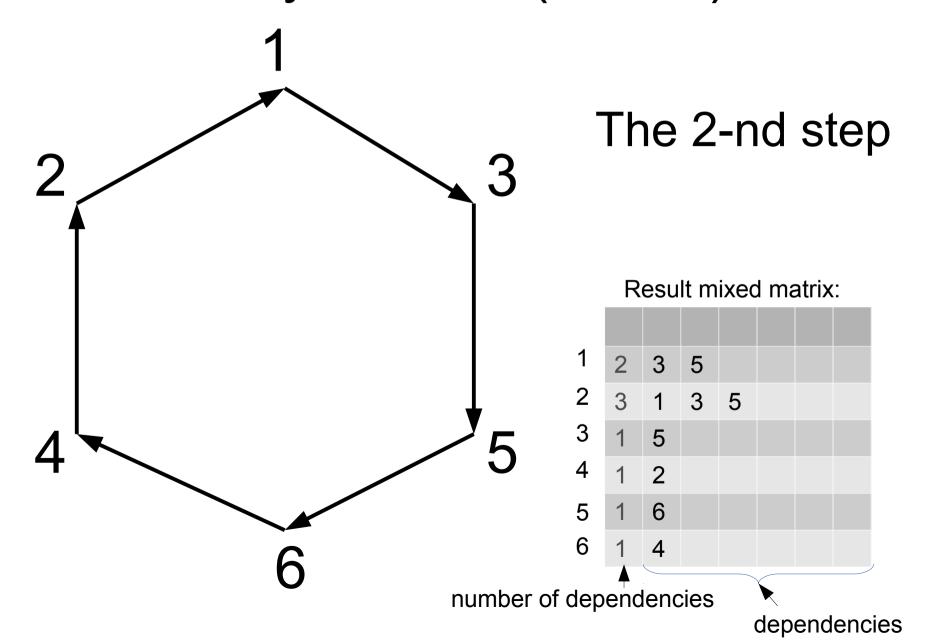
# Building mixed pre-matrix for all dependency types.

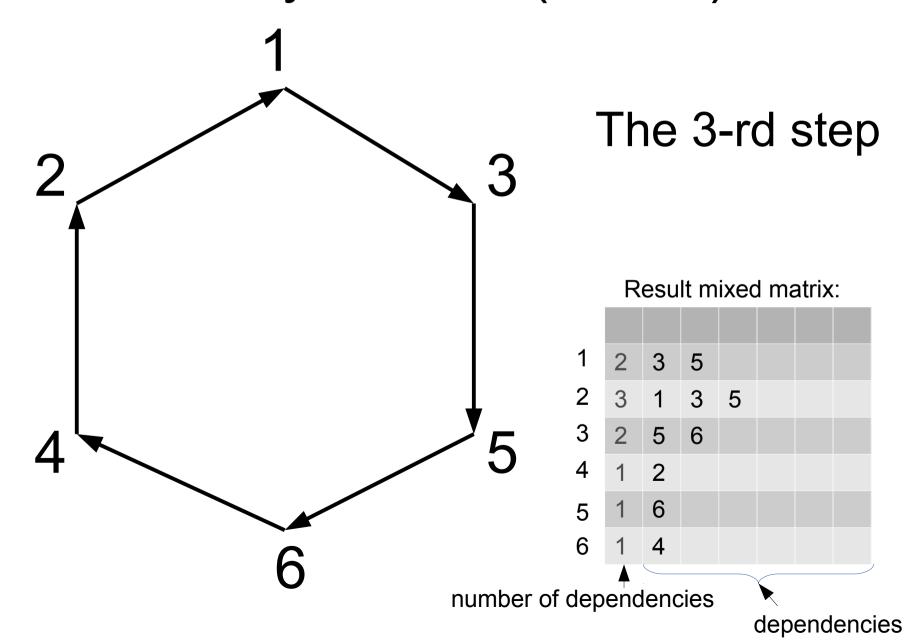


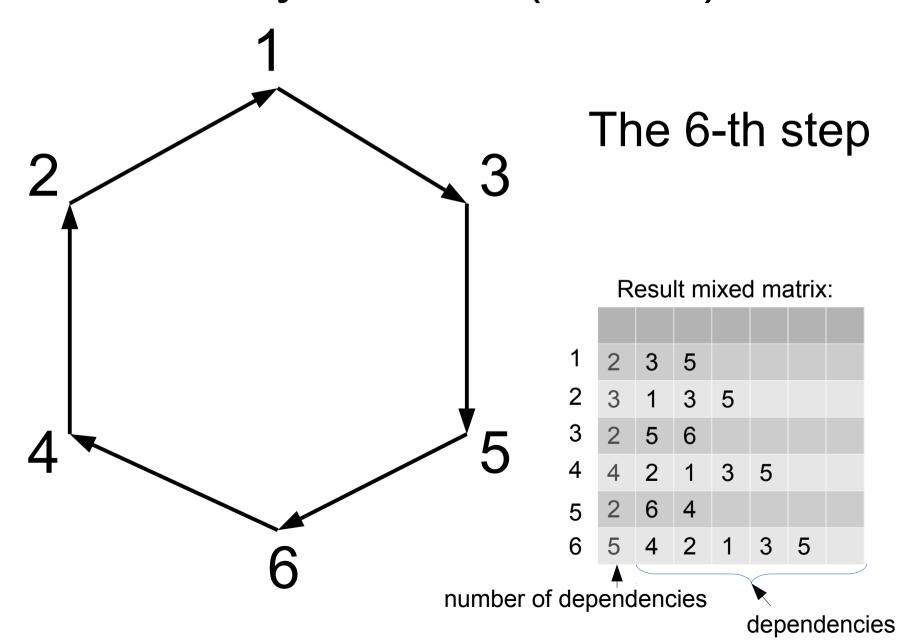


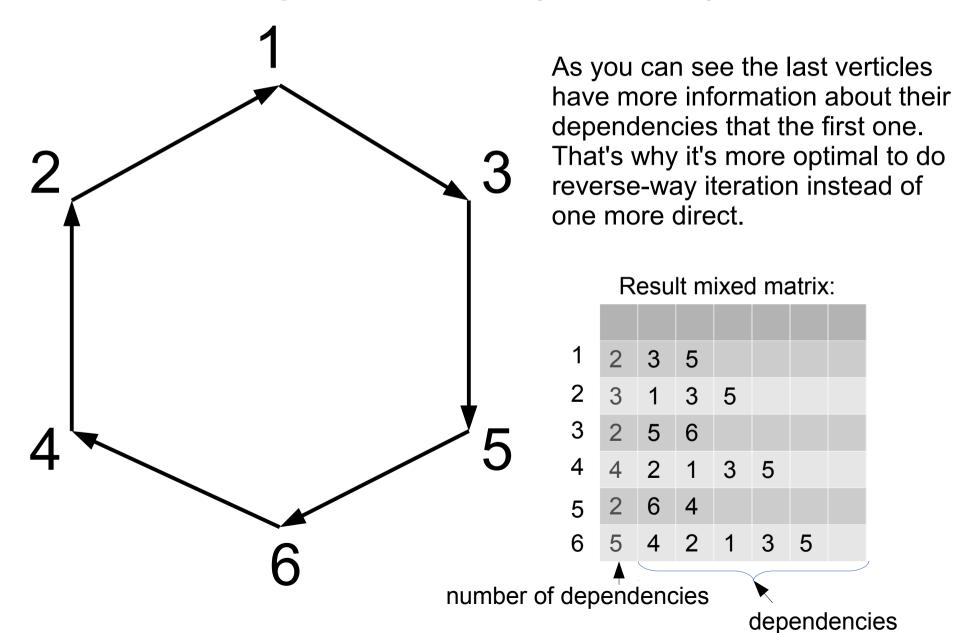
Loop through each vertex, and look into depending dependencies, this complementing their own dependencies.

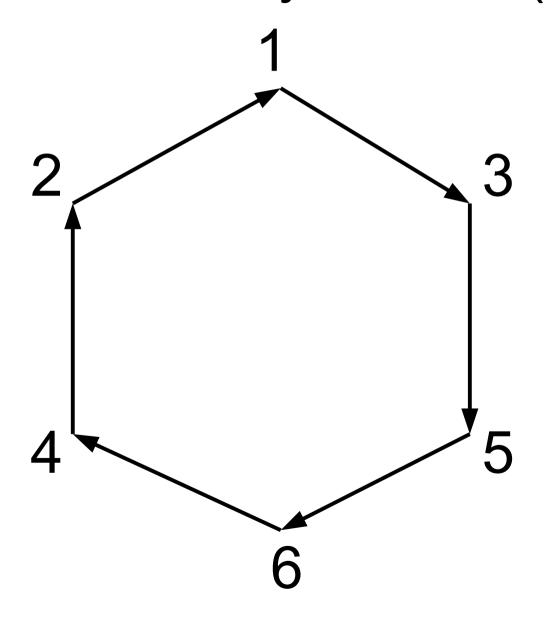






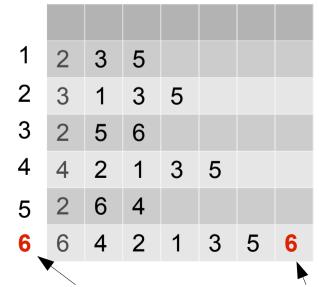




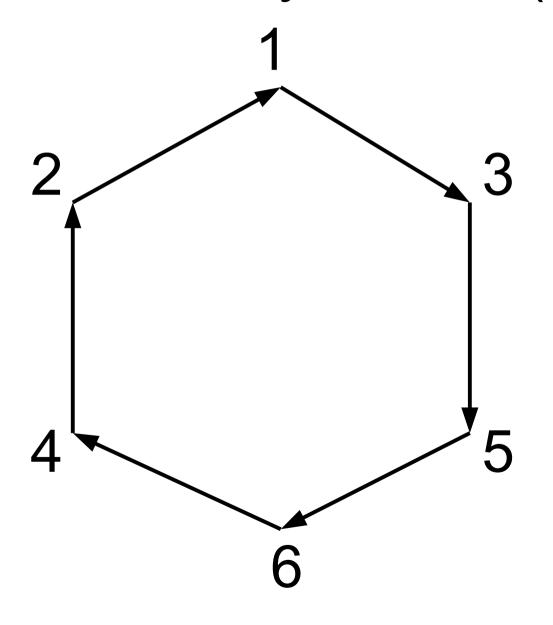


The 1-st step of the reverse-way iteration

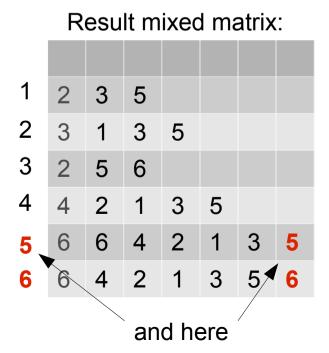
#### Result mixed matrix:

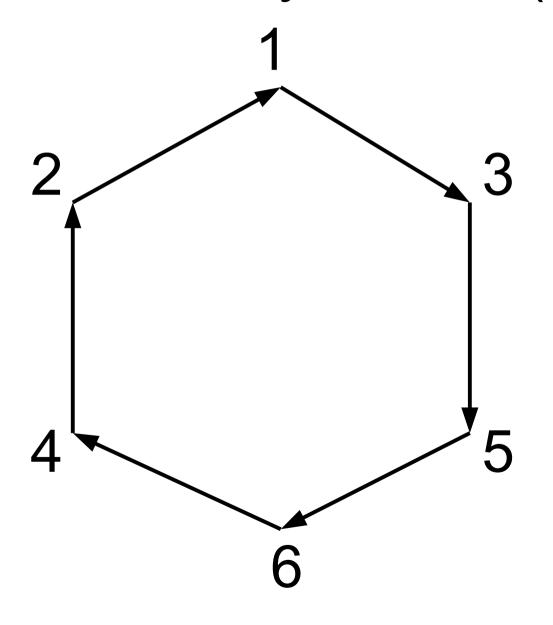


You can see a loop right here

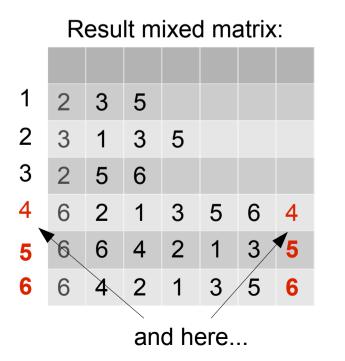


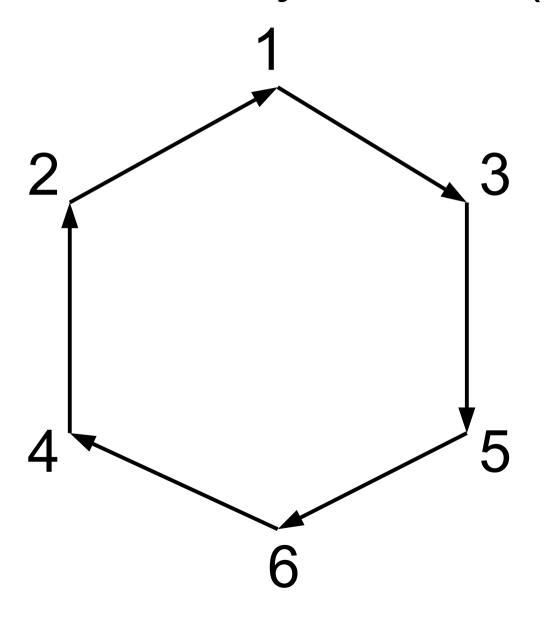
The 2-nd step of the reverse-way iteration



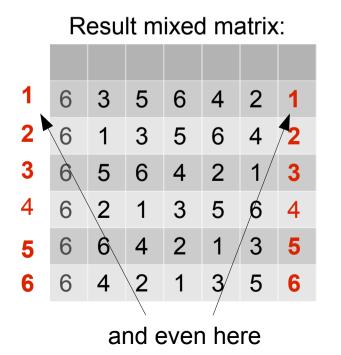


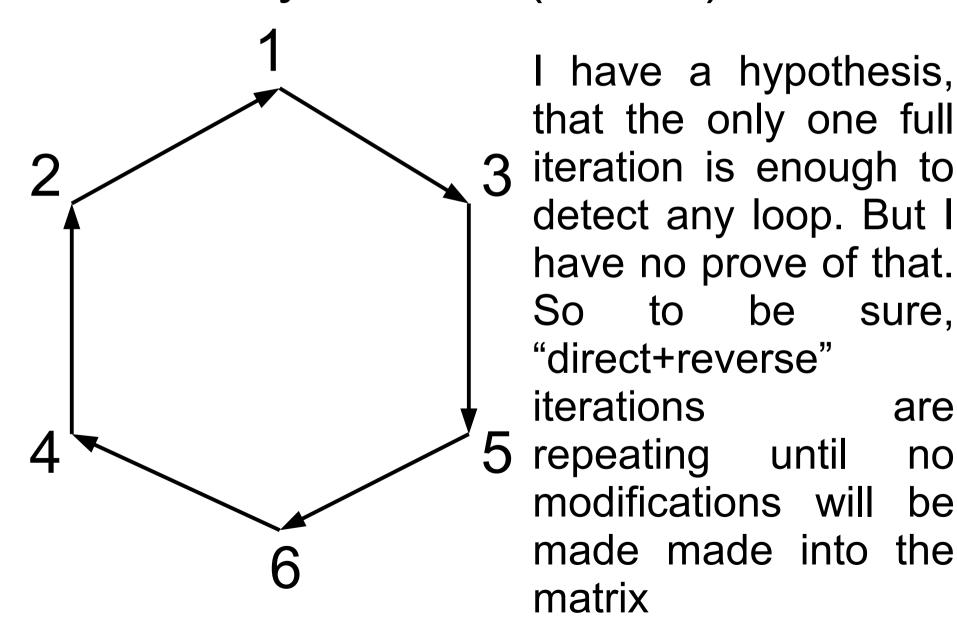
The 3-rd step of the reverse-way iteration





The 6-th step of the reverse-way iteration



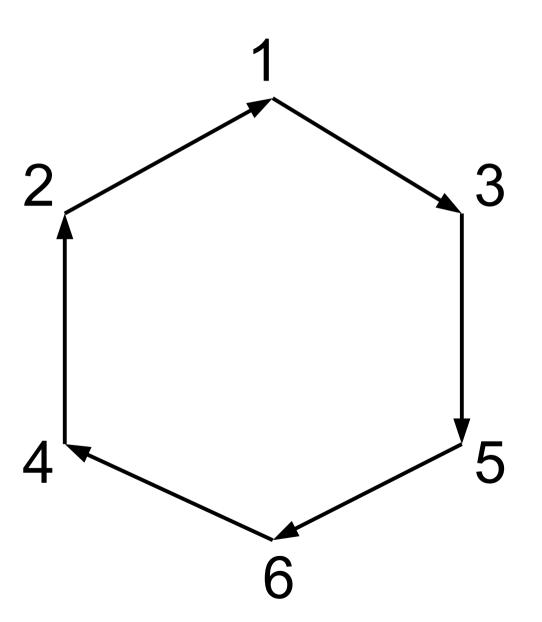


are

no

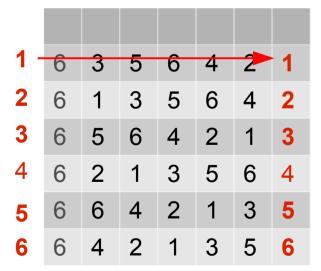
be

#### Detecting the loops

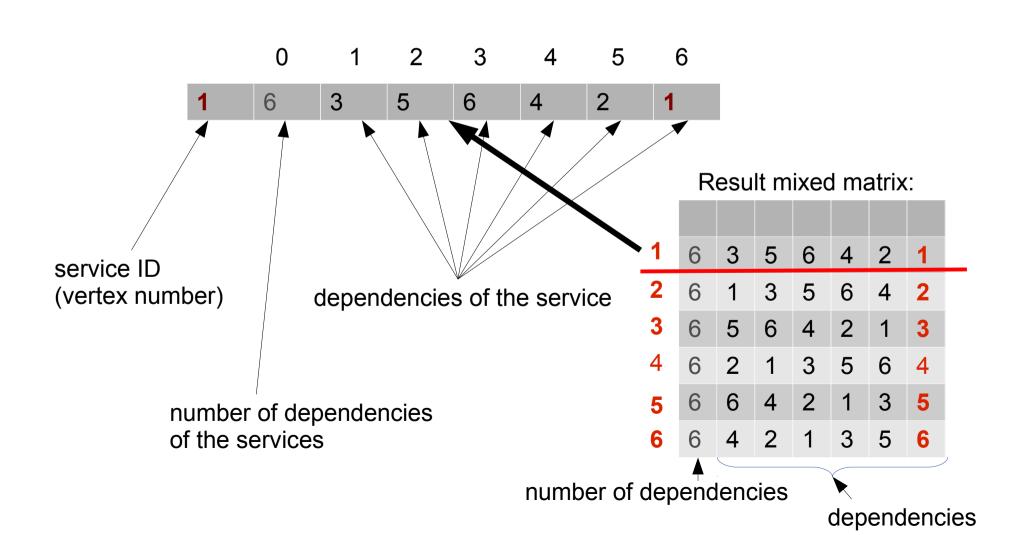


Detecting the loops after that is very simple task. It's just need to check if service (vertex) is depended on itself.

#### Result mixed matrix:

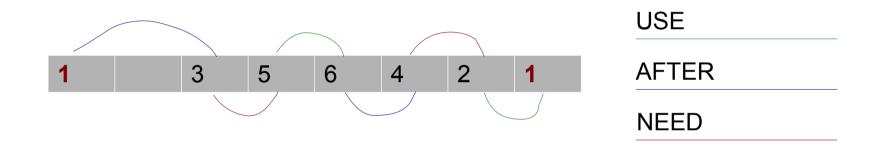


#### Solving the loops



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Any later dependency in a line of the matrix may be caused only by the earlier one (or by the service itself). So using pre-matrixes of dependencies of any type we can restore the picture of dependencies.



So the solver is searching a dependency to break with next rules:

- Try to break "use" dependency if it's possible, otherwise "after" dependency.
- Between dependencies of the same type, remove dependency with the least number of the parent dependencies in this chain.
- Ceteris paribus, break dependency the nearest to the service.

In this example the broken dependency will be  $5 \rightarrow 6$ .