Lab Report of Project 6 Banker's Algorithm

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1 Project Introduction

For this project, I will write a program that implements the bankers algorithm discussed in textbook. Customers request and release resources from the bank. The banker will grant a request only if it leaves the system in a safe state. A request that leaves the system in an unsafe state will be denied.

The banker will consider requests from n customers for m resources types. The banker will grant a request if it satisfies the safety algorithm: we choose a available job to run and iteratively check whether the allocation is satisfiable.

2 Banker's Algorithm Implementation

The main algorithm, we implement as CheckAvailable(). Basically it picks a available job and update the resource need function. If at a certain point, it cannot satisfy the need then we deny the request:

```
CheckAvailable() {
     int i, j, count = 0, copy[NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES];
     for (i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_CUSTOMERS; i++){
       flags[i] = 1;
     for (i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; i++)
       copy[i] = available[i];
     while (1) {
       for (i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_CUSTOMERS; i++){
         if (flags[i]) {
11
            for (j = 0; j < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; j++){
12
              if(available[j] < need[i][j])</pre>
13
            if(j == NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES){
              flags[i] = 0;
17
18
              count++;
              for(j = 0; j < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; j++)</pre>
19
                available[j] += allocation[i][j];
20
21
         }
22
23
       if (count == NUMBER_OF_CUSTOMERS) {
24
         for (i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; i++)
25
           available [i] = copy [i];
26
         return 1;
       if(count == 0)
29
30
         for(i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; i++)
31
           available[i] = copy[i];
32
         return 0;
33
34
35
36
```

banker.c

• Resource Request In this, we first check whether the resources is allocatable. If not, then directly deny the request. Second, we update the resources allocation and run banker's algorithm in CheckAvailable(). If check is not satisfiable, then deny the request. Otherwise, accept the request.

```
void update()
  {
    int i, j;
     for (i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_CUSTOMERS; i++)
       for(j = 0; j < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; j++)
         need[i][j] = maximum[i][j] - allocation[i][j];
  }
11
12
13
  int request_resources(int customer_num, int request[])
14
15
    for(i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; i++)</pre>
16
17
       if (request[i] > maximum[customer_num][i])
18
19
         printf("REQUEST EXCEED MAXIMUM\n");
20
         return 0;
21
       }
23
     for (i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; i++)
24
25
       allocation [customer_num][i] = request[i];
26
27
28
     update();
29
     return CheckAvailable();
30
```

banker.c

• Resource Release: in this, we first check whether the resources is enough to release. If not, then deny the release request. Otherwise, we update the allocation:

```
void release_resources(int customer_num, int release[])
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; i++)
       if(release[i] > allocation[customer_num][i])
         printf("RELEASE EXCEED ALLOCATION\n");
         return;
11
    for (i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; i++)
12
13
       allocation [customer_num][i] -= release[i];
14
       available[i] += release[i];
15
16
17
    update();
18
```

banker.c

In main(), we iteratively read the user input and run the corresponding functions:

```
while (fgets(cmd, 20, stdin))
{
    if (cmd[0] == '*')
    {
        display();
    }
    else if (cmd[1] == 'Q')
    {
        normalize(cmd, &target_thread, args);
        if (request_resources(target_thread, args))
        {
            printf("REQUEST COMMAND SAFE\n");
        }
}
```

```
}
else
13
14
15
          {
             printf("REQUEST COMMAND UNSAFE\n");
16
17
18
        else if (\operatorname{cmd}[1] = 'L')
19
20
          normalize(cmd, &target_thread, args);
21
          release_resources(target_thread, args);
22
23
        else if (\operatorname{cmd}[0] = '!')
24
25
          break;
26
27
```

banker.c

To compile these files, please input ${\tt make}$. To run this banker, please input ./banker.