CS 3500 – Programming Languages & Translators Homework Assignment #1

- This assignment is due by 11:59 p.m. on Friday, February 1, 2019
- This assignment will be worth 3% of your course grade.
- You are to work on this assignment by yourself.
- You should take a look at the sample input and output files posted on the Canvas website before you actually submit your assignment for grading.

Basic Instructions

For this assignment you are to use *flex* to create a C++ program that will perform *lexical* analysis for a small programming language called Mini-R (described below). If your *flex* file is named *minir.l*, you should be able to compile and execute it on one of the campus Linux machines (such as rcnnucs213.managed.mst.edu where nn is 01-32) using the following commands (where inputFileName is the name of some input file):

flex minir.l g++ lex.yy.c -o minir_lexer minir lexer < inputFileName

Your program should **output information about each token** that it encounters in the input source program. You will need a token type **UNKNOWN** for any tokens that cannot be properly categorized as an operator, keyword, identifier, etc.; effectively, these are lexical errors. Sample input and output are given at the end of this document.

Your program should **continue processing tokens** from the input file **until end-of-file is detected**. Note that your program should <u>NOT</u> do anything other than recognize tokens (e.g., no syntax checking, etc.), as that is the <u>only</u> purpose of lexical analysis.

Tokens for the Mini-R Programming Language

For now, all you need to be concerned with are the **tokens** in the Mini-R programming language.

An **identifier** in Mini-R must start with a letter (upper or lower case) or underscore, followed by any number of letters (upper or lower case), digits, and/or underscores.

An **integer constant** in Mini-R is a sequence of one or more digits, <u>optionally</u> preceded by + or -. Don't worry about a size limit on integer constants.

A **float constant** in Mini-R is a sequence of zero or more digits, followed by a period, followed by one or more digits; all of that <u>optionally</u> can be preceded by + or -. Don't worry about a size limit on float constants.

A **string constant** in Mini-R is the same as a valid string constant in C++. Note that a string constant that begins on one line must be terminated with an ending double quote character " on that <u>same</u> line. Don't worry about doing any special processing for characters preceded with a backslash character like \n, \t, or \".

The only **keywords** in Mini-R are the following: **if, else, while, function, for, in, next, break, TRUE, FALSE, quit, print, cat, read, list**. The language is case-sensitive, so those keywords must be in the case we have specified; otherwise, they should be recognized as identifiers.

The only **operator symbols** are the following: + - * / %% ^ < > <= >= != ! & | =

This programming language also uses **semicolons**, **commas**, **parentheses**, **brackets**, and **curly braces**, so you need to recognize: ; , () { } []. Don't check for matching parentheses, etc. as that is <u>not</u> the responsibility of a lexical analyzer.

Comments in this programming language are similar to the C++ // style of comments, except that # is used instead of //. Comments simply should be scanned over and ignored (i.e., <u>NOT</u> included in your output!).

Because we are using an automated script (program) for grading, you <u>MUST</u> use <u>EXACTLY</u> the same token names as we use; otherwise, you will receive a ZERO for this assignment!!! See the sample output for the token names you are to use.

Sample Input and Output

You should output the **token and lexeme information for** <u>every **token** processed in the input file even if the lexeme is not unique for the token (for example, the lexeme for every **WHILE** token will be **while**).</u>

Given below is some sample input and output (also posted as files on Canvas). With the exception of whitespace, the output produced by <u>your</u> program should be <u>identical</u> for this input!

Input:

```
+1234 | "hello" $what ;;
while TRUE "nice" ^99*
# how about a comment
print if else 7.8245 >= 7
-999 /== FALSE )]& list("one", 2, 3)
{ " hello" > 3 +}
"a in
bc" .097 next next_please <
!= _identifier_two - 5 +6
for ( break ) function =!
!TRUE cat =B0Jack "read" true then read</pre>
```

```
\%45 : i=2, \le 9 \# comment time [quit -000000000.1234567890
```

Output:

```
TOKEN: INTCONST
                     LEXEME: +1234
                     LEXEME: |
TOKEN: OR
                     LEXEME: "hello"
LEXEME: $
TOKEN: STRCONST
TOKEN: UNKNOWN
TOKEN: IDENT
                      LEXEME: what
TOKEN: SEMICOLON
                     LEXEME: ;
TOKEN: SEMICOLON
                     LEXEME: ;
LEXEME: while
TOKEN: WHILE
TOKEN: TRUE LEXEME: TRUE TOKEN: STRCONST LEXEME: "nice"
TOKEN: POWER
                     LEXEME: ^
                     LEXEME: 99
TOKEN: INTCONST
TOKEN: MULT
                     LEXEME: *
                   LEXEME: print
LEXEME: if
TOKEN: PRINT
TOKEN: IF
TOKEN: IF
TOKEN: ELSE
TOKEN: FLOATCONST
                    LEXEME: else
LEXEME: 7.8245
TOKEN: GE
                     LEXEME: >=
TOKEN: INTCONST
                     LEXEME: 7
TOKEN: INTCONST LEXEME: -999
TOKEN: DIV LEXEME: /
                     LEXEME: ==
LEXEME: FALSE
TOKEN: EO
TOKEN: FALSE
TOKEN: RPAREN LEADER.,
TOKEN: RBRACKET LEXEME: 
LEXEME: &
TOKEN: LIST
                     LEXEME: list
TOKEN: LPAREN
                     LEXEME: (
TOKEN: STRCONST
                     LEXEME: "one"
TOKEN: COMMA
                      LEXEME: ,
TOKEN: INTCONST
                     LEXEME: 2
TOKEN: COMMA
                      LEXEME: ,
                     LEXEME: 3
TOKEN: INTCONST
TOKEN: RPAREN
                     LEXEME: )
TOKEN: LBRACE
                      LEXEME: {
TOKEN: STRCONST
                     LEXEME: " hello"
TOKEN: GT
                      LEXEME: >
TOKEN: INTCONST
                     LEXEME: 3
TOKEN: ADD
                      LEXEME: +
TOKEN: RBRACE
                      LEXEME: }
                     LEXEME: "
TOKEN: UNKNOWN
                     LEXEME: a
TOKEN: IDENT
                     LEXEME: in
TOKEN: IN
TOKEN: IDENT
TOKEN: UNKNOWN
                     LEXEME: bc
                     LEXEME: "
                     LEXEME: .097
TOKEN: FLOATCONST
TOKEN: NEXT
                      LEXEME: next
```

```
TOKEN: IDENT

LEXEME: next_please

TOKEN: LT

LEXEME: !=

TOKEN: NE

LEXEME: _identifier_two

TOKEN: SUB

LEXEME: -

TOKEN: INTCONST

LEXEME: 5

TOKEN: INTCONST

LEXEME: +6

TOKEN: FOR

LEXEME: for

TOKEN: LPAREN

LEXEME: for

TOKEN: BREAK

LEXEME: break

TOKEN: RPAREN

LEXEME: )

TOKEN: FUNCTION

LEXEME: function

TOKEN: ASSIGN

LEXEME: =

TOKEN: NOT

LEXEME: !
TOKEN: ASSIGN

TOKEN: NOT

LEXEME: !

TOKEN: NOT

LEXEME: !

TOKEN: TRUE

TOKEN: TRUE

TOKEN: CAT

LEXEME: Cat

TOKEN: ASSIGN

LEXEME: =

TOKEN: IDENT

LEXEME: B0Jack

TOKEN: STRCONST

LEXEME: "read"

TOKEN: IDENT

LEXEME: true

TOKEN: IDENT

LEXEME: then

TOKEN: READ

LEXEME: read

TOKEN: MOD

LEXEME: %%

TOKEN: INTCONST

LEXEME: 45

TOKEN: UNKNOWN

LEXEME: :

TOKEN: IDENT

LEXEME: i

TOKEN: IDENT

LEXEME: 2

TOKEN: INTCONST

LEXEME: 2

TOKEN: INTCONST

LEXEME: 2

TOKEN: INTCONST

LEXEME: 2

TOKEN: LE

TOKEN: LE

LEXEME: 9

TOKEN: LE

TOKEN: LBRACKET

LEXEME: Quit

TOKEN: FLOATCONST

LEXEME: quit

TOKEN: FLOATCONST

LEXEME: -0000000000.1234567890
```

DO NOT OUTPUT THE NUMBER OF LINES PROCESSED!!!

You might find it helpful to use the *diff* command to compare your output with the sample output posted on Canvas. To do this, first *flex* and compile your program, and run it on the sample input file **hw1_input.txt** that is posted on Canvas, redirecting the output to a file named **myOutput.out** using the following commands:

```
flex minir.l
g++ lex.yy.c -o minir_lexer
minir lexer < hw1 input.txt > myOutput.out
```

Assuming there were no errors in that process, you can now compare your output (which should be in file **myOutput.out**) with the output file posted on Canvas

(hw1_input.txt.out), ignoring differences in spacing, using the following command (typed all on one line):

diff myOutput.out hw1_minir.txt.out --ignore-space-change --side-by-side --ignore-case --ignore-blank-lines

To learn more about the diff command, see http://ss64.com/bash/diff.html

What to Submit for Grading

Name your *flex* file using your last name followed by your first initial with the .l extension (e.g., Homer Simpson would name his file **simpsonh.l**). Do **NOT** submit your file using the name **minir.l** or **you will receive a ZERO on the assignment** (since no one's last name in this class is Mini).

Submit **only** your *flex* file (<u>not</u> your lex.yy.c file) via Canvas. You can submit multiple times before the deadline; only your last submission will be graded.

The grading rubric is given below so that you can see how many points each part of this assignment is worth. Note that the next assignment builds upon this one, so it is critical that this assignment works properly in all respects!

	Points Possible	Mostly or completely incorrect (0% of points possible)	Needs improvement (70% of points possible)	Adequate, but still some deficiencies (80% of points possible)	Mostly or completely correct (100% of points possible)
Comments correctly processed and ignored	5				
Identifiers correctly recognized and identified (IDENT)	5				
Signed and unsigned integers correctly recognized and identified (INTCONST)	5				
Unsigned and unsigned floats correctly recognized and identified (FLOATCONST)	5				
String constants correctly recognized and identified (STRCONST)	5				
Arithmetic operators (+, -, *, /, ^, %%) correctly recognized and identified (ADD, SUB, MULT, DIV, POW, MOD)	15				
Relational and logical operators (<, >=, etc.) correctly recognized and identified (LT, GE, etc.)	10				
Keywords correctly recognized and identified (IF, WHILE, PRINT, etc.)	15				

Parentheses, brackets, semicolons, and comma correctly recognized and identified	6		
Unknown tokens correctly processed and identified as UNKNOWN	5		
Program processes an entire input file and correctly handles end-of-file	5		
Program outputs both token type and lexeme information for all tokens	14		
Whitespace correctly processed and ignored	5		