# Supervised Learning from the Data Perspective

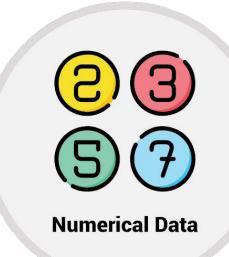


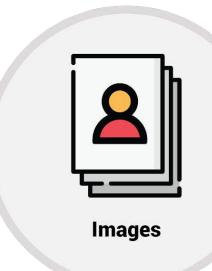
## **Topic Outline**

- Types of Data
- Data in Different Use Cases
- Definition of Labelled Data
- How does a Machine Learn in Supervised Learning?







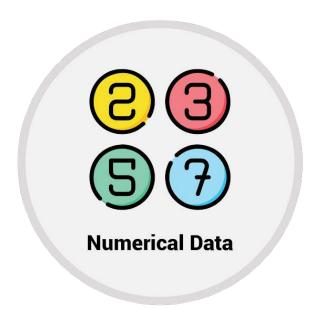








## **Types of Data**



Measurable attributes of an item. Normally stored as txt or csv format. People might refer to as csv data.

File ending format: csv, txt, xlsx, xlsm

### **Numerical Data Example**

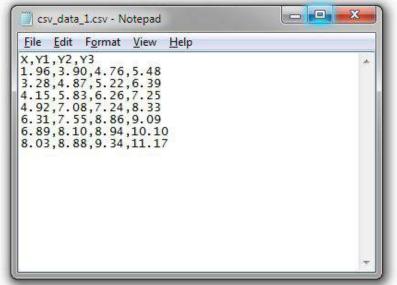


Ficheiro Editar Formatar Ver Ajuda

Ex	emp	lo
1	2	3
1	2	4
1	2	5
1	2	6
1	2	7
1	2	8
1	2	9
1	2	10
1	3	4
1	3	5
1	3	6
1	3	7
1	3	8
1	3	9
1	3	10
1	4	5
1	4	6
1	4	7
1	4	8
1	4	9
1	4	10
1	5	6
1	5	7
1	5	8
1	5	9
1	5	10



d	A	В	C	D	E
1	Row 1 -	Store 👻	Product A ~	Product B ▼	Product C =
2	1	Store A	23	93	48
3	2	Store B	24	95	87
4	3	Store C	67	49	97
5	4	Store D	53	73	50
6	5	Store E	72	.5	18
7	6	Store F	30	33	64
8	7	Store G	88	96	15
9	8	Store H	92	84	79
10	9	Store I	4	72	58
11	10	Store J	39	85	79
12	11	Store K	65	69	4
13	12	Store L	61	99	8
14	13	Store M	38	56	21
15	14	Store N	27	4	1
16	15	Store O	44	87	30
17	16	Store P	55	45	7
18	17	Store O	23	13	11





## **Types of Data**



Abundant pictures about objects or scenes.
Normally grey images is sufficient.

File ending format: png, jpeg, jpg, bmp, tif



# **Images Data Example**







## **Types of Data**

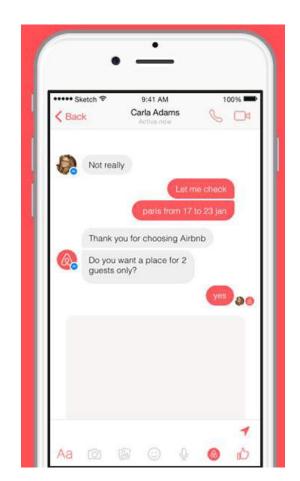


Language-based unstructured data. Example: English,Malay, and Spanish.

File ending format: csv, txt, doc, docx

### **Textual Data Example**

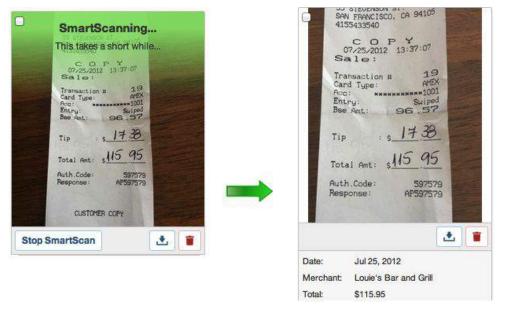




Chatbot



**Translation** 



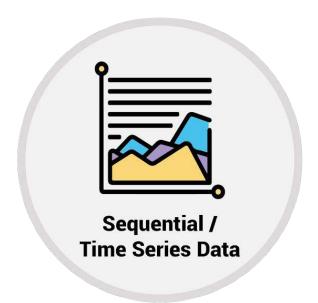
**Optical Character Recognition** 

https://gifer.com/en/ARix

https://mc.ai/parsing-in-tongues-neural-machine-translation/ https://www.pcworld.com/article/228342/expensify\_receipt\_scanning.html



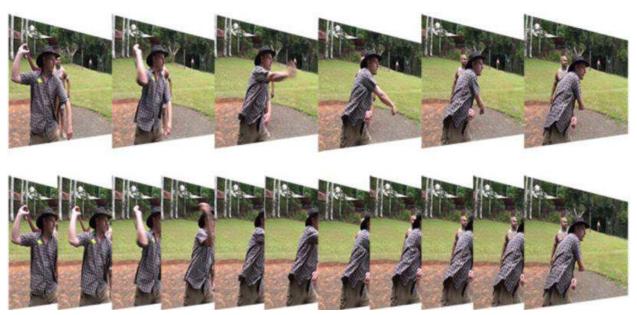
## **Types of Data**



Aforementioned data with the addition of time element.



## **Sequential / Time Series Data**



2800 2600 2400 2200 4/20/2018 6/9/2018 7/29/2018 9/17/2018 11/6/2018 12/26/2018 2/14/2019 4/5/2019 5/25/2019

**Video (image frames stacked together)** 

Stock (numbered data stacked over time)



Data types have to be aligned with use cases.



Discovery of disease through image detection approach (MRI, CT, and other image data)

Discovery of disease through segmentation approach (MRI, CT, and other image data)



Analyse trend of graph automatically (stock graph)

Algorithmic trading (transaction data, customer data)



Locate worker that violate the construction site rules (workers image, workers ppe image)

Automatic construction cost
estimating
(construction cost data, staff
experience data)



Auto generate set of examination question (past examination questions)

Automatic grading (answer schema)



Data types have to be aligned with use cases.





07 Petroleum

08 Sports

Locate chips inside the main board and define its types (images of chip)

Detect damaged chip during quality inspection (image of damaged chip)

**Optical Character Recognition** 

- 1. Computer Text ROI Generation
- 2. Computer Texts Labelling
- 3. Handwriting Texts Labelling
- 4. Handwriting Texts
  Generation

Monitor the traffic of ships and condition of weather (map of ship route, weather forecasting record)

Automatic fuel quality inspection (fuel data)

Evaluate the performance of athlete (image of people playing sports)

Sports media content (sports data)



Data types have to be aligned with use cases.



10 Airlines

Faces 12 Food Industry

Monitoring the activities of agriculture.

(image of agriculture activities)

Face Detection (Asian)

Detecting faces for devices unlock, attendance record, security screening (image of human faces)

Monitoring workers activities (image of normal factory activities)

Monitor the growth of weed seedlings (soil data, weed images)

Emotion Detection (Face)

**Gender Annotation** 

(Face)

Gesture Detection
(Hand signals)

Automatic face editing (human faces images, skin images)

Diet plan recommendations (customer data, food data, food images)



Data types have to be aligned with use cases.



14 Mining

Defect Detection (Quality Inspection for Manufacturing Sector images) Monitoring workers activities and their safety (image of normal workers activities)

Predictive cost maintenance (machines images and data)

Automatic self driving trucks (historical mining data, road images)

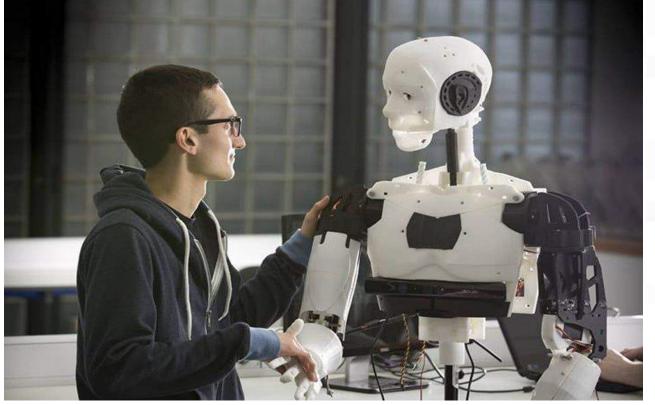
# **What is Labelled Data?**



#### **Definition of Labelled Data**

- Data (of various forms) get marked up to show the object of interest
- The object of interest is the target for the ML / DL algorithm to identify
  - Commonly comes with certain attributes, properties, characteristics

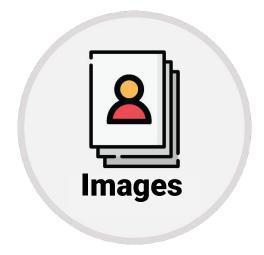
Think of it as: Human highlighting the target of interest for algorithm to learn.

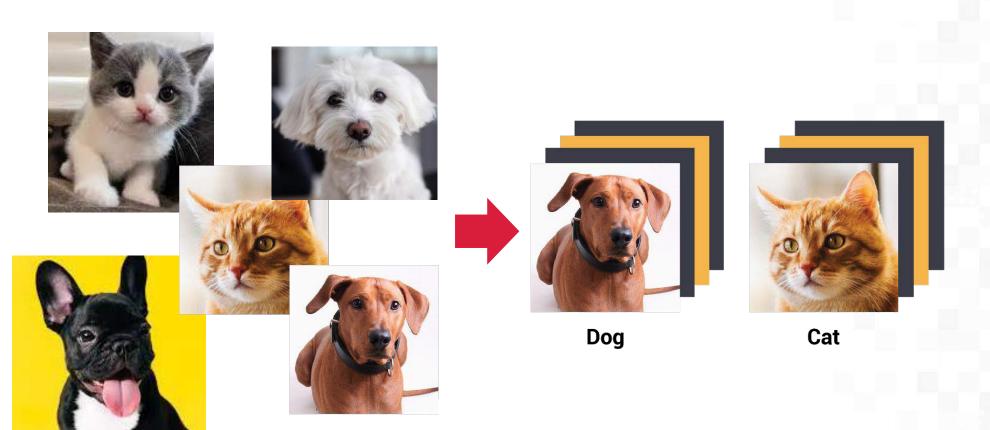


https://www.digitaltrends.com/cool-tech/research-shows-humans-like-robots-more-if-they-have-flaws/



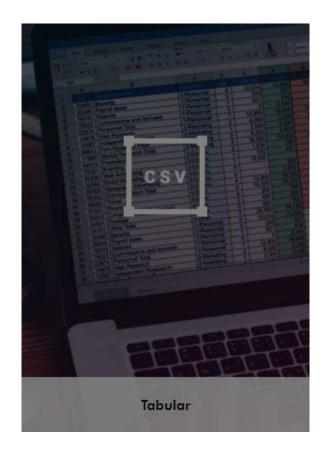
## Most data does not come labelled...

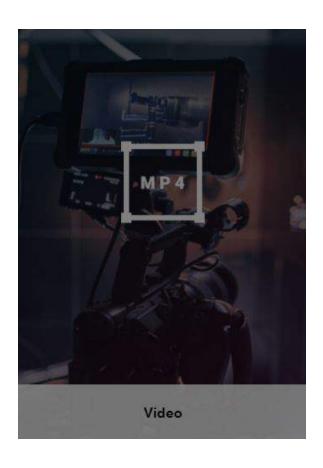


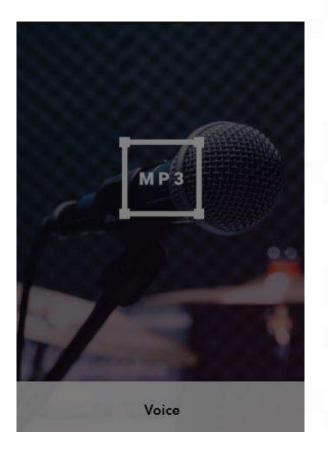




# **Other Types of Annotated Data**





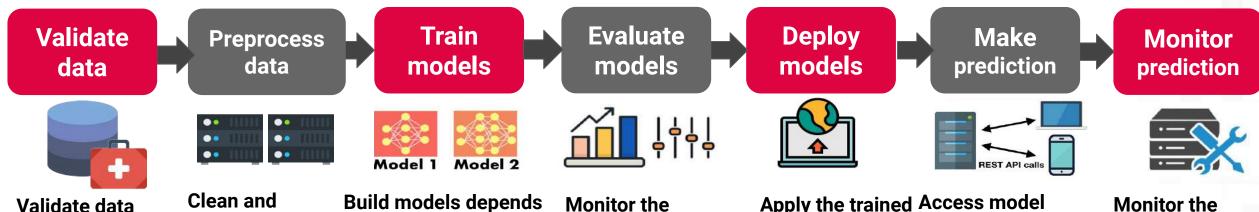




# How does a Machine Learn in Supervised Learning?



## The Machine Learning/ Deep Learning Workflow



Clean and Bu preprocess data on

healthiness

Build models depends on

- Problem Domain
- Amount of Data

Decide whether to build

- Classification
- Regression
- Forecasting

Monitor the performance of the model (Train the model if necessary)

Perform new hypothesis testing (Repeat the process from beginning again) Apply the trained Access model model to predict serving on cloud / new data on premise to get predictions

Monitor the production environment to ensure relevance to get accurate predictions



## **Topic Summary**

- Each use case mandates the usage of appropriate and relevant data types.
- Most data are not labelled, so a human may facilitate the computer or algorithm to understand the data through data annotation.
- A complete AI implementation with machine learning would generally progress in the following workflow - Validate data, preprocess data, train models, evaluate models, deploy models, make predictions and monitor predictions.