

### Homework. 1: Bash and Build System

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To do this homework you will need to download the files from e-Campus. All the needed files are in the homework\_1.zip file.

Once you have forked https://gitlab.igg.uni-bonn.de/teaching/cpp-homeworks and cloned your own repository extract the homework\_1.zip archive into cpp-homework/homework\_1 folder:

```
$ git clone https://gitlab.igg.uni-bonn.de/<YOUR_USER_NAME>/cpp-homeworks
$ cd cpp-homeworks/homework_1
$ mv ~/Downloads/homework_1.zip . # or replace ~/Downloads with your path
$ unzip homework_1.zip && rm homework_1.zip
```

Once you successfuly extracted the files, your working directory should look like the following:

## A Using the terminal (4 points)

This exercise focuses on using the terminal efficiently.

Every question in this exercise must be answered with a command on a single line. You should save each of these lines into the file homework\_1/task\_1/commands.sh.

Make sure all commands run from within homework\_1/task\_1/ folder correctly.

- 1. (1 points) Count how many lines are there in "data.dat".
- 2. (1 points) Count how many lines of those contain "dolor" or "dalor"?
- 3. (1 points) Count how many words are there in "data.dat"?
- 4. (1 points) Count how many of those start with "mol"?

Hint: you might want to use wc command.

# B Build + Link Exercise (6 points)

This guide is for those who just started working on software development and don't have much knowledge about build systems. Build systems are just **tools**, and one shouldn't get lost learning how to deal with it, it is what it is, a tool. And one just need to learn how to use it.

#### What is the exercise about

You have one very very simple main program, that invoke 2 methods from one library ipb\_arithmetic. You need to build the main program, the library objects and link all together for a desktop target. There is an example binary in order to try it before you start working.

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#### **Directory Structure**

I tried to make the directories as similar as they would look in real world applications:

• Source Files: This is usually the place where you put your source code:

```
|-- src
|-- substract.cpp
|-- sum.cpp
`-- main.cpp
```

• Include: This is usually where the API of your application/library is.

• Results Artifacts: Here you should put the output binaries and the output libraries.

```
|-- results
|-- lib
|-- bin
| -- binary_example
```

NOTE: If it happens that you are working with third part libraries, that are not open-source, it's very likely that you will be given only the header files (#include) and the result artifacts: the library and some binaries. It's quite a good idea to keep this in mind, and know how thoe libraries were built.

### B.1 Exercise 1: Build by hand [2 points]

In this exercise you should suffer a little bit. Build the library and the main program in a really old fashion way. When you invoke the compiler, it normally does preprocessing, compilation, assembly and linking. The overall options allow you to stop this process at an intermediate stage. For example, the -c option says not to run the linker. Then the output consists of object files output by the assembler.

- This means that you will need to use the -c flag to compile objects without the need of the linker
- You will also need to specify the compiler where to look for header files, use the -I./include/ option for this purpose.
- To pick a proper name for this artifact, use the -o option

#### Prepare your results for submission

This is the easiest task, once you have manually completed all the stepts, and you are completly sure that you've built both the library and the example program successfuly, you need to provide a build script.

What is this? In your case will be a simple bash script with all the comands you need to run, taking into account that the starting working directory is the root of this repository. Here is a build.sh example

```
#!/usr/bin/env bash
echo "This is a bash script, this is the first line"
echo "This is the second one, it will run after the first one"
```

NOTE: make sure your build script is called build.sh and it's located on the root of this reposiotry.

#### B.1.1 Task 1: Build the ipb arithmetic library [1 point]

- 1. Create an empty directory in your source tree, let's call it ./build.
- 2. Compile the two objects needed for building the library **ipb\_arithmetic**: So far your build command should look something like:

```
c++ -c -Idir/ src/<filenmae.cpp> -o build/<name.o>
```

Once you have the two objects built for the library your **build** directory should look something like:

```
build
|-- subtract.o
-- sum.o
```

3. Now it's time to make an archive of these two objects and create your first library:

```
# always start the name of your library with 'lib'
ar rcs build/libipb_arithmetic.a build/sum.o build/subtract.o
```





### Task 2: Build the example program [1 point]

Now you can build your main program, for this, you will need to link this program with the library you have just created. After your build is ready, you must places the binaries that came from the build process in the results/ directory.

#### B.2Exercise 2: Welcome to CMake [2 points]

NOTE: CMake is always evolving and changing, this means than when searching for online documentation you should always check which version of the documentation you are reading, otherwise you will struggle a lot. On Ubuntu 20.04 it's version 3.21.3, this means that this is the manual you should read: https://cmake.org/cmake/help/v3.21/

Building everything manually is tough right? That's why humans have created something that we call build-systems. CMake is pretty popular nowadays and it's the defacto build system generator for C++ projects.

Complete the Exercise 1 but this time using CMake. Remember, google is your friend in these cases.

You need to provide as many CMakeLists.txt files as you think are neccessary, just putting the right files in your repository and making sure that everything builds propperly would be enough.

#### Exercise 3: Install your library [2 points]

It's very unlikely that you will be writing libraries during this course, but it's a good idea to have some insights of what's going on whenever you install someone else's library on your system.

- 1. Create a ./install/ directory on this same repository
- 2. Provide a install.sh script that install all the necessary files to ship your library and share it it others(basically, everything that's in the results directory, now you see the convinience of having this directory)
- 3. Update your CMakeLists.txt files to add a new target such as when you run make install the build system will install the required files for you on the install directory.

HINT 1: You should use the CMAKE INSTALL PREFIX variable to point to the local ./install directory, otherwise cmake will attempt to install the library on your system (and for that you need super user access)

**HINT 2**: the install function might be of help

HINT 3: After solving this exercises myself, this is how my working directory looks like (before running cmake):

```
|-- libipb_arithmetic.a
   |-- main.o
   |-- subtract.o
   |-- sum.o
   `-- test_ipb_arithmetic
|-- build.sh
|-- CMakeLists.txt
|-- include
  |-- ipb_arithmetic
  | |-- subtract.hpp
       -- sum.hpp
   `-- ipb_arithmetic.hpp
|-- install
   |-- include
       |-- ipb_arithmetic
   - 1
           |-- subtract.hpp
           `-- sum.hpp
       `-- ipb_arithmetic.hpp
       `-- libipb_arithmetic.a
|-- LICENSE
|-- README.md
|-- results
   I-- bin
       |-- example_output
       `-- test_ipb_arithmetic
   1
    -- lib
        `-- libipb_arithmetic.a
   |-- CMakeLists.txt
   |-- main.cpp
   |-- subtract.cpp
   -- sum.cpp
```