

### **Grow With EDM**

# Database vs Data Warehouse vs Data Lake

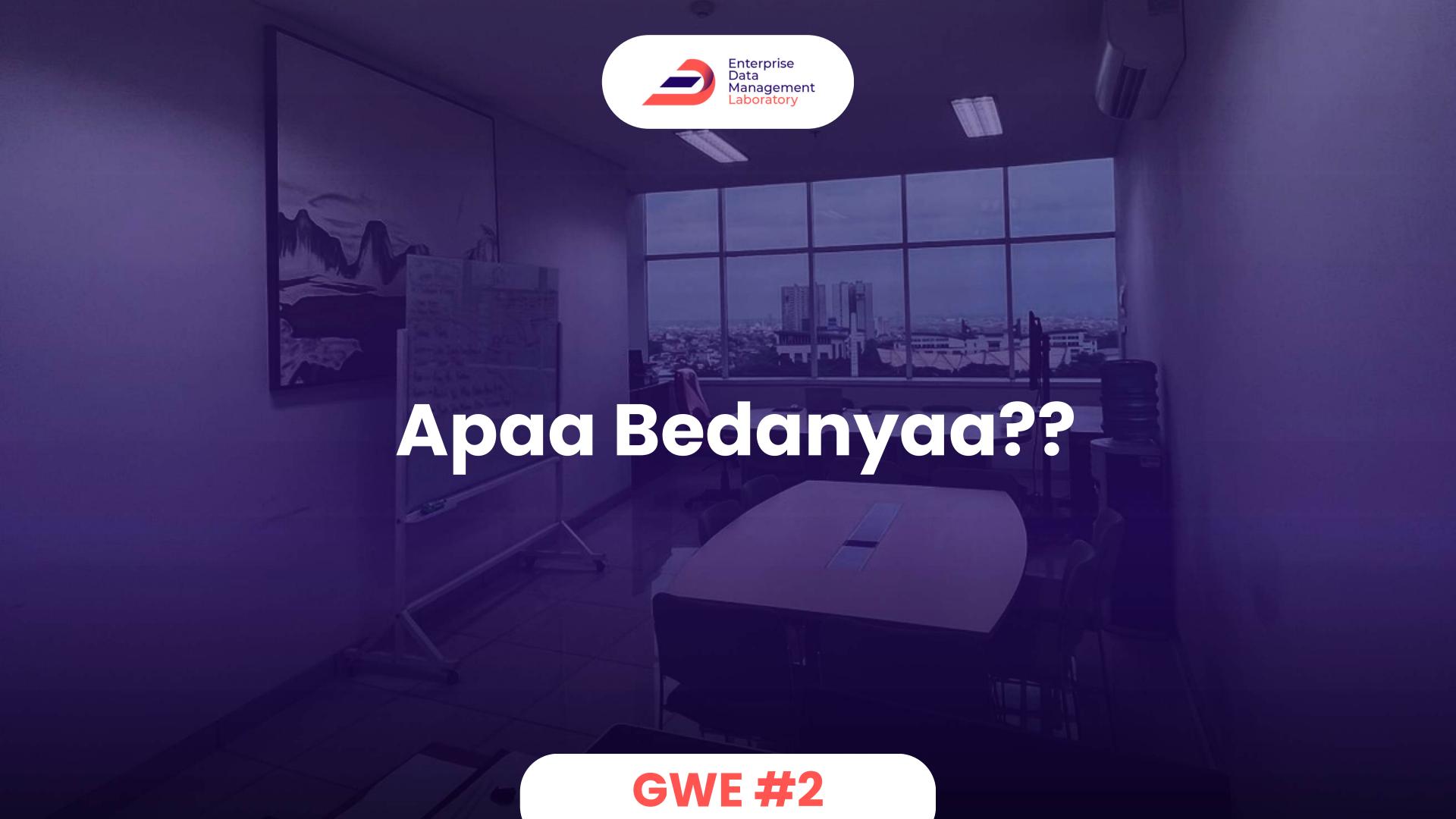


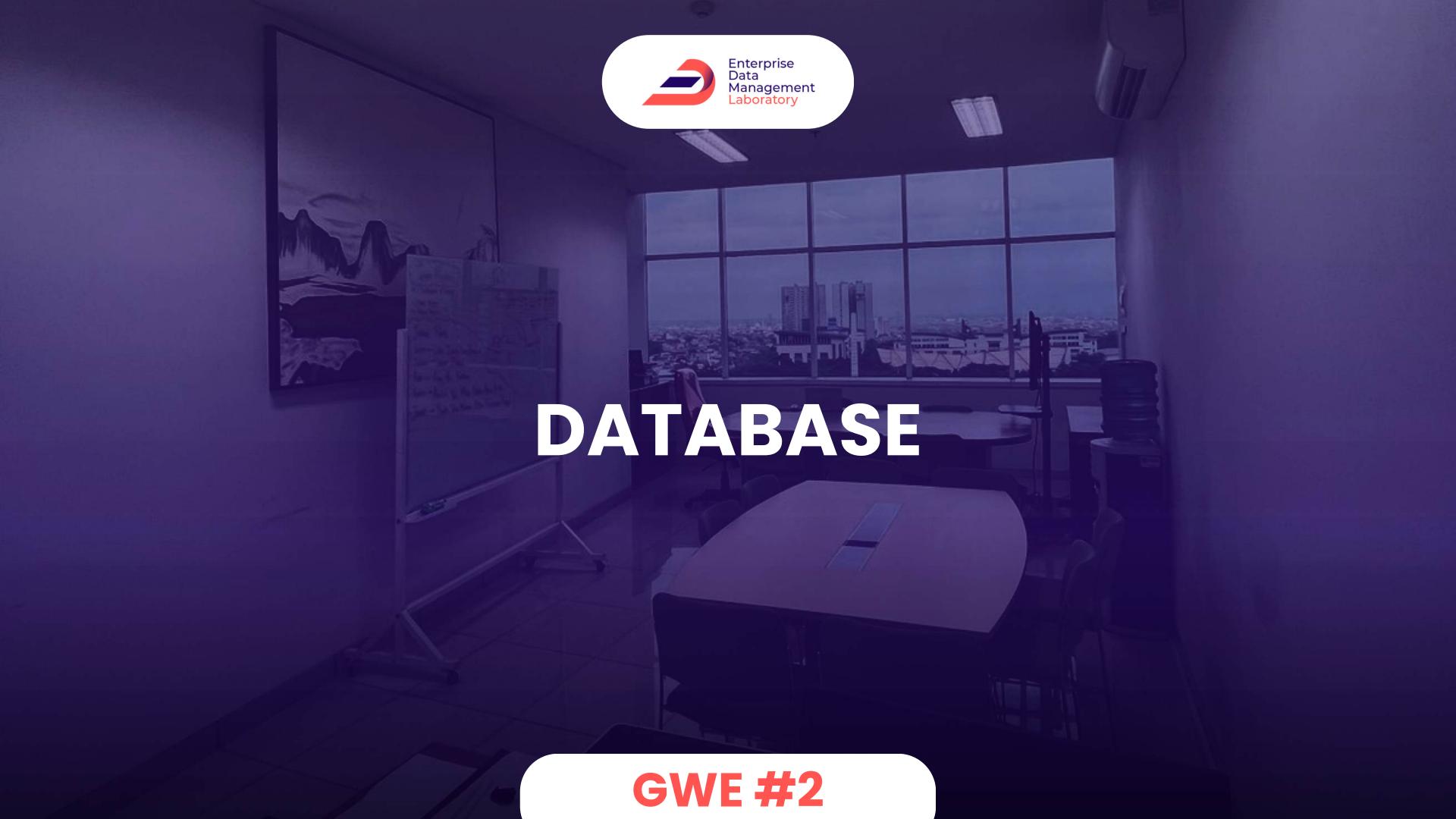
### DATA STORAGE

 Sebuah mekanisme atau tempat dimana data tersebut di simpan dengan konfigurasinya masing – masing.



DATABASES, DATA WAREHOUSES, DATA LAKES







Jenis Database: Terbagi menjadi 2 (Relatinoal DBMS dan NOSQL).

#### **Karakteristik:**

- OLTP
- real Time
- ACID Transactions
- Flexible Schema

#### Pros:

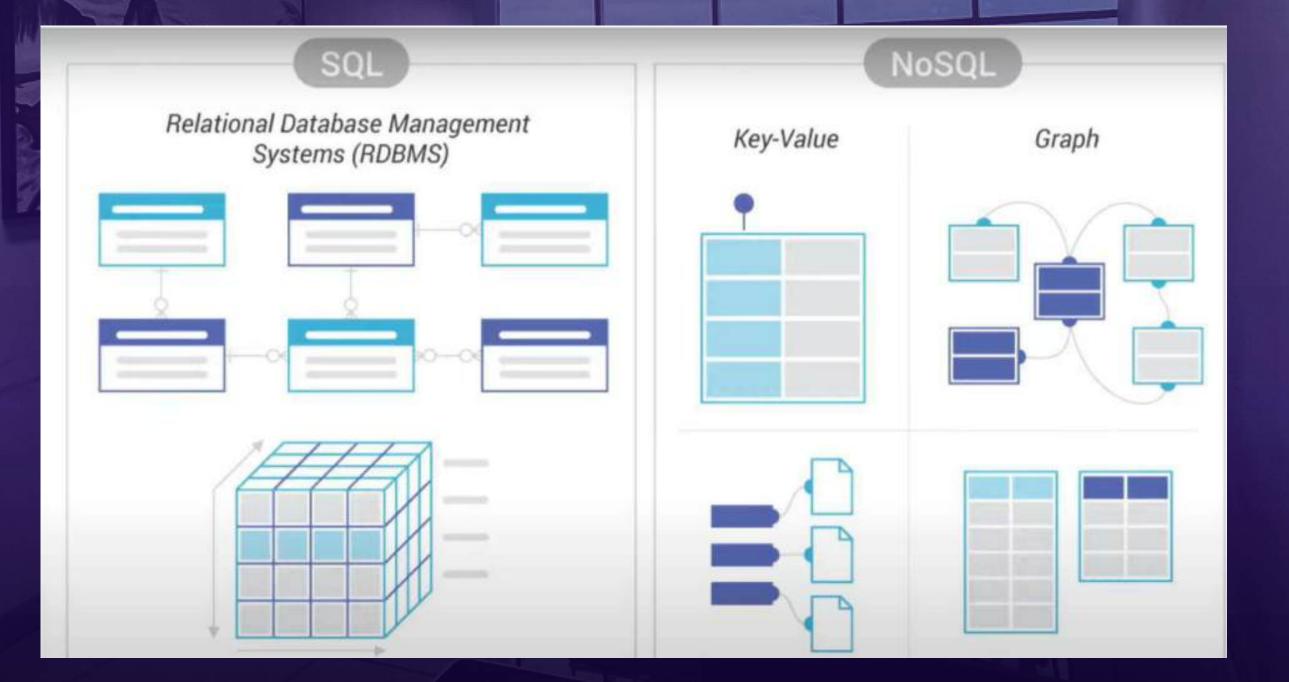
- Efisien
- Security
- Fast Queries

#### Cons:

- Keterbatasan Kapabilitas
- Kompleksitas
- Skalabilitas



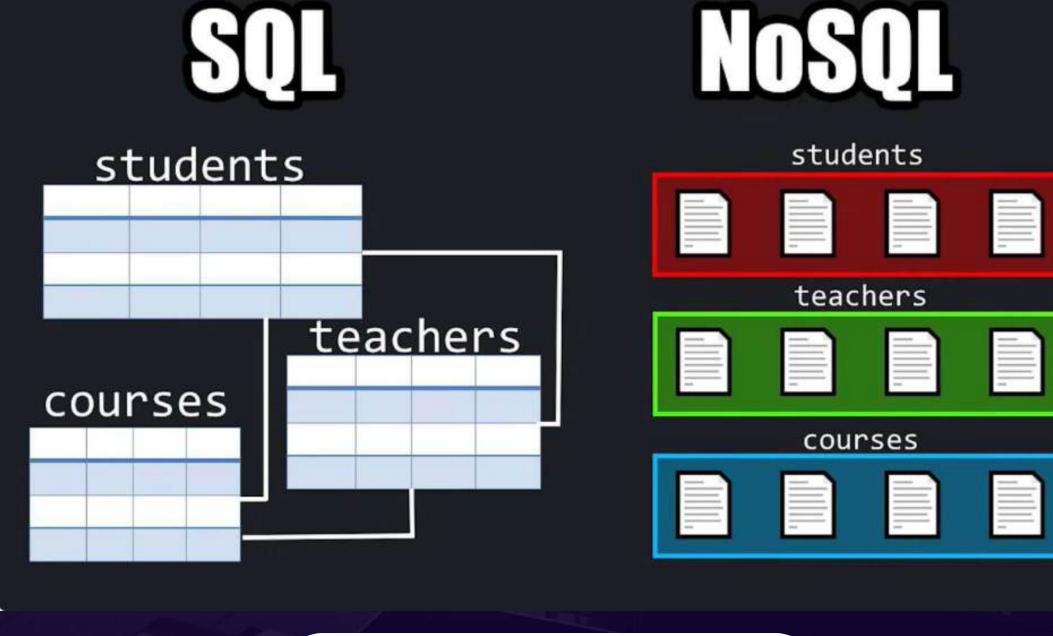
• • • •





....

DOUTE







### SQL

name	age	gpa	fullTime
Spongebob	32	3.2	false
Patrick	38	1.5	false
Sandy	27	4.0	true

### NoSQL

```
{
   name: 'Spongebob',
   age: 30,
   gpa: 3.2,
   fullTime: false,
},
{
   name: 'Patrick',
   age: 38,
   gpa: 1.5,
   fullTime: false,
},
{
   name: 'Sandy',
   age: 27,
   gpa: 4,
   fullTime: true,
}
```







BO ETH

....



SQL

**NOSQL** 

- + Query data relational lebih mudah
- + Data lebih terorganisir dan terstruktur,
- + Transaksi yang aman

- + Flexible
- +Penyimpanan cepat untuk data tidak terstruktur

- Prepared structure
- Hard to scale (horizontal scaling)

- -Kurang cocok untuk aplikasi yang memerlukan konsistensi tinggi
- Query kompleks





## DATA WAREHOUSE

- Digunakan untuk mendukung Online Analytical Processing (OLAP)
- Rigid Schema
- Data dipindahkan dari sumber aslinya ke warehouse melalui proses ETL.
- Dapat dihubungkan ke alat Business Intelligence (BI) seperti Tableau, Power BI, atau Looker.
- Bersifat Historical



### DATA WAREHOUSE

**PROS** 

CONS

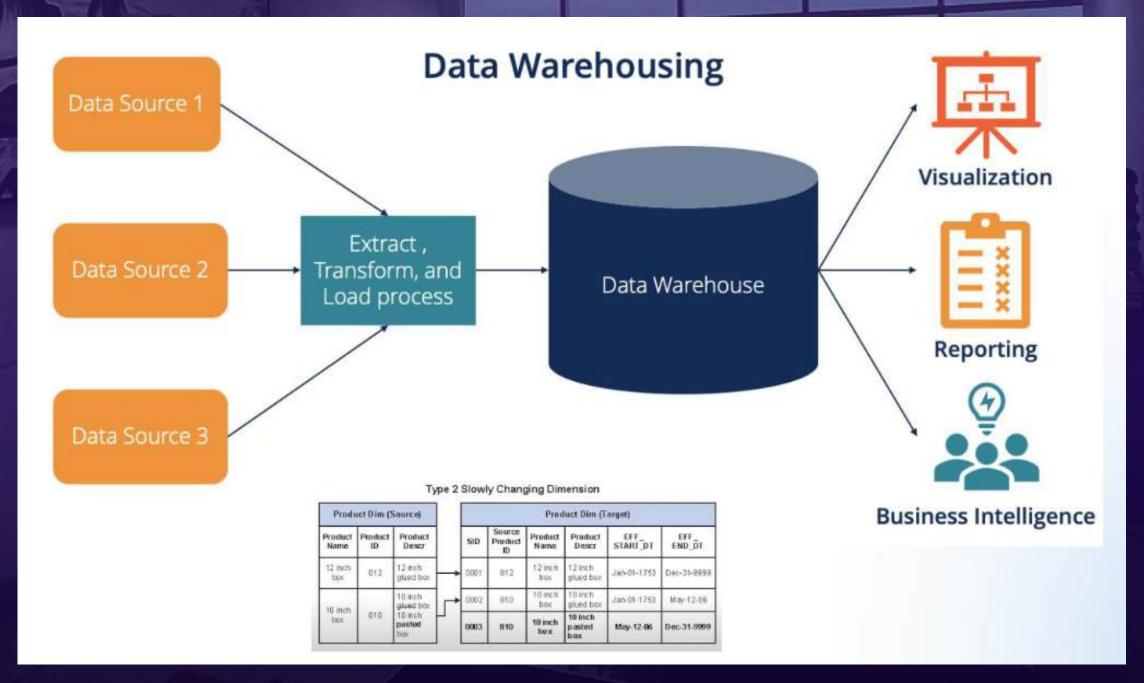
- + Mendukung Analisis Historis
- + Kinerja Optimal untuk OLAP
- + Data Konsisten dan Terorganisir
- + Mendukung Pengambilan Keputusan

- Tidak Mendukung Real-Time Data
- Tidak untuk Operasi Transaksional
- -Kompleksitas Implementasi
- -Kebutuhan Ruang Penyimpanan Besar

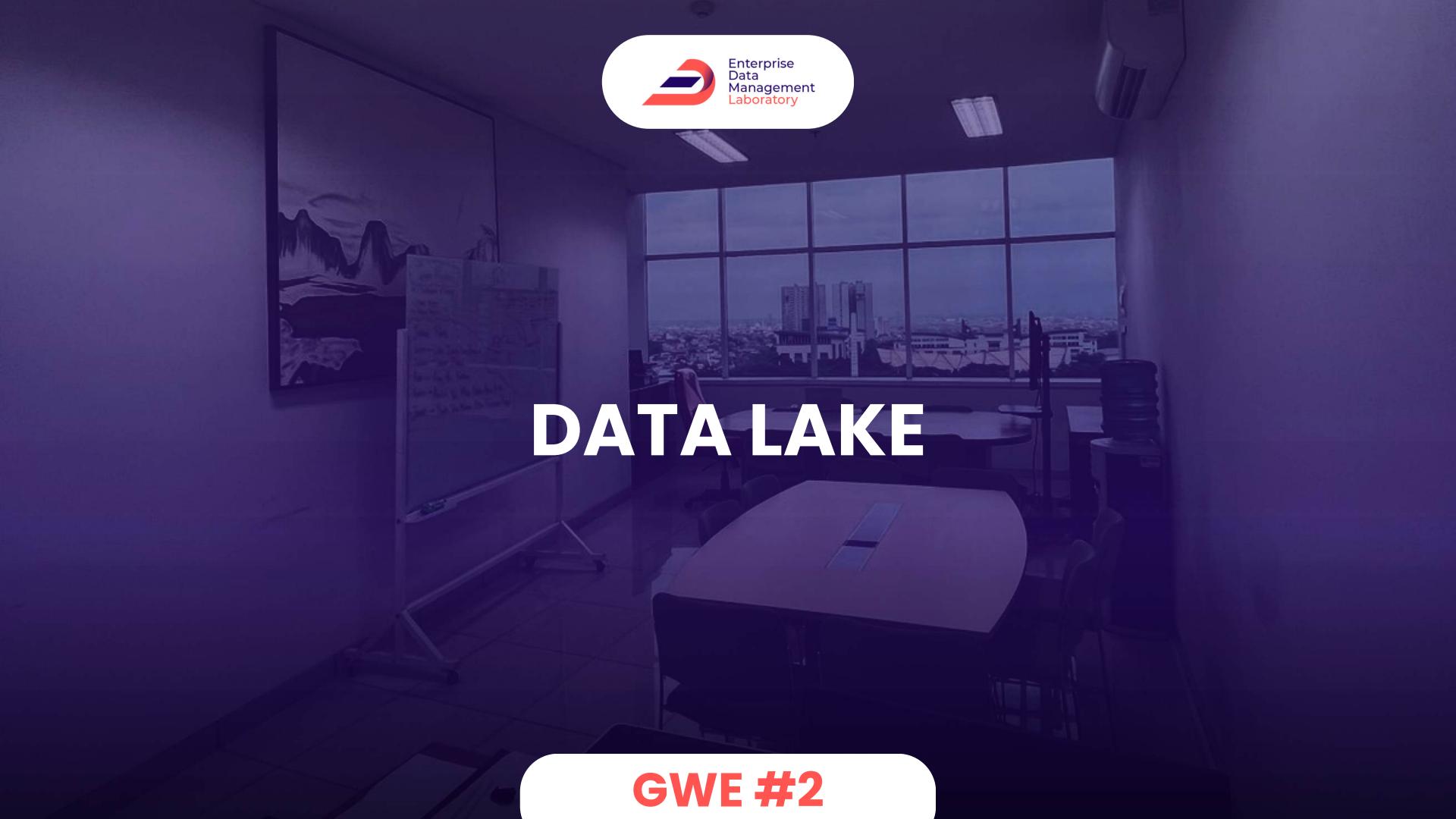


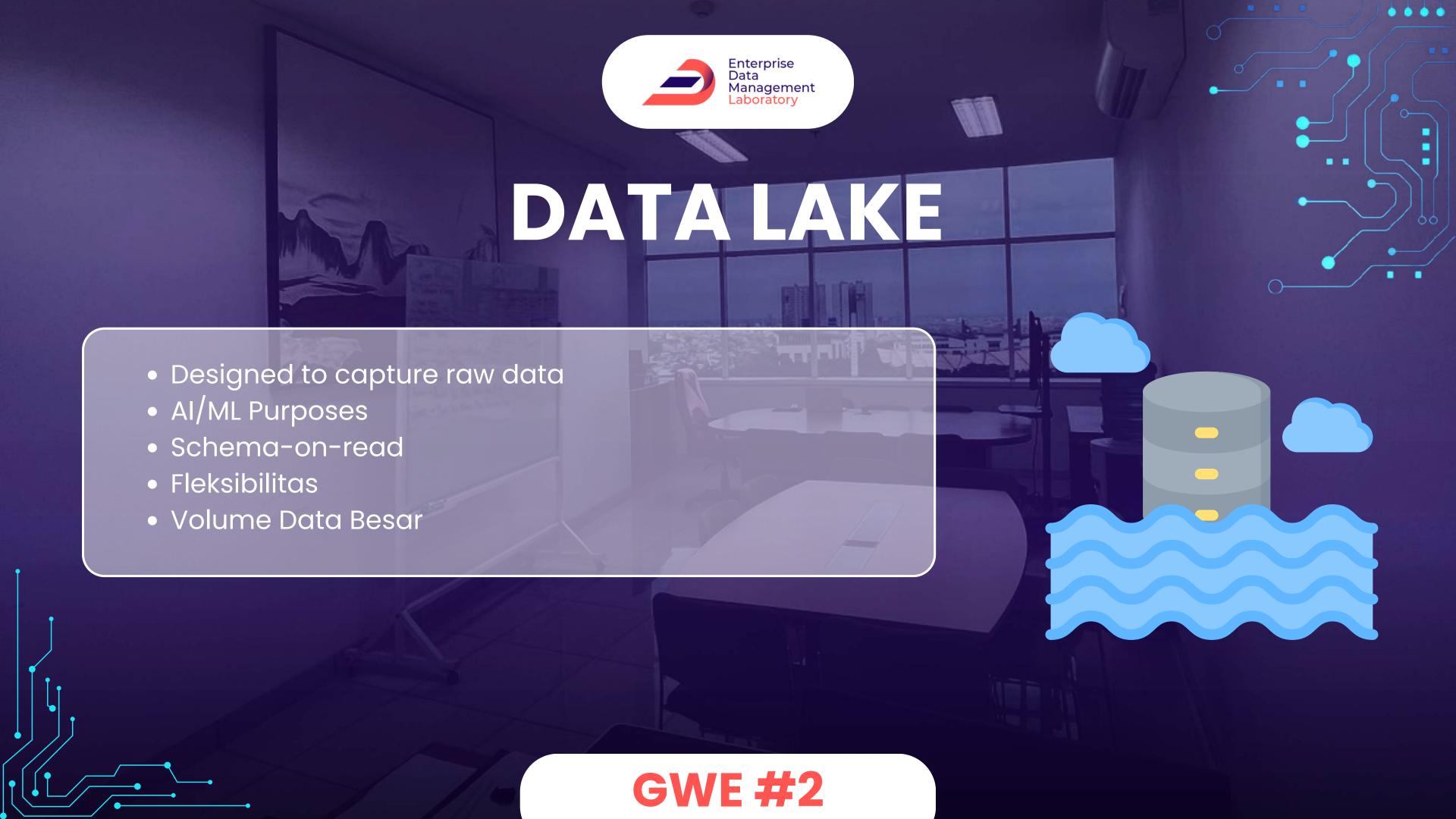
. . . .

# DATA WAREHOUSE











### DATA LAKE

**PROS** 

CONS

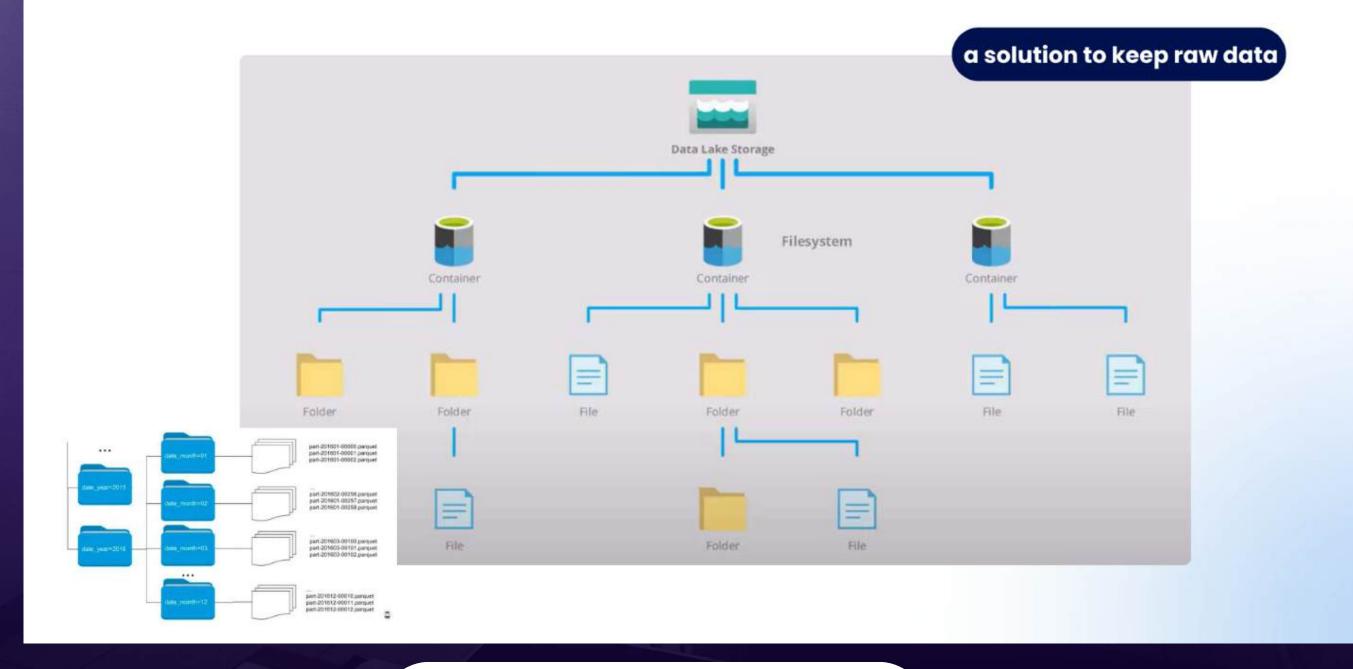
- + Mendukung berbagai format data
- + More Security and Governance
- + Mendukung Machine Learning dan analisis prediktif yang kompleks.
- + Mendukung Pengambilan Keputusan

- Data Swamp.
- Tidak seefisien data warehouse untuk analisis data yang terstruktur.
- -Tidak dioptimalkan untuk analisis data realtime atau kebutuhan transaksi.



...

# DATALAKE





# APA BEDANYA SAMA DATA WAREHOUSE?????

YG SATU GUDANG, YG SATU DANAU XIXIXI



#### **Data Lakes**

#### Data



unstructured

#### Users



Data Scientists, Data Analysts

#### Use cases



Stream Processing, Machine Learning, Real time analysis

#### **Data Warehouse**

#### Data



Structured

#### Users



**Business Analysts** 

#### Use cases



Batch Processing, BI, Reporting

#### Raw

Data Lakes contain unstructured, semi structured and structured data with minimal processing. It can be used to contain unconventional data such as log and sensor data

#### Large

Data Lakes contain vast amounts of data in the order of petabytes. Since the data can be in any form or size, large amounts of unstructured data can be stored indefinitely and can be transformed when in use only

#### Undefined

Data in data lakes can be used for a wide variety of applications, such as Machine Learning, Streaming analytics, and Al



#### Refined

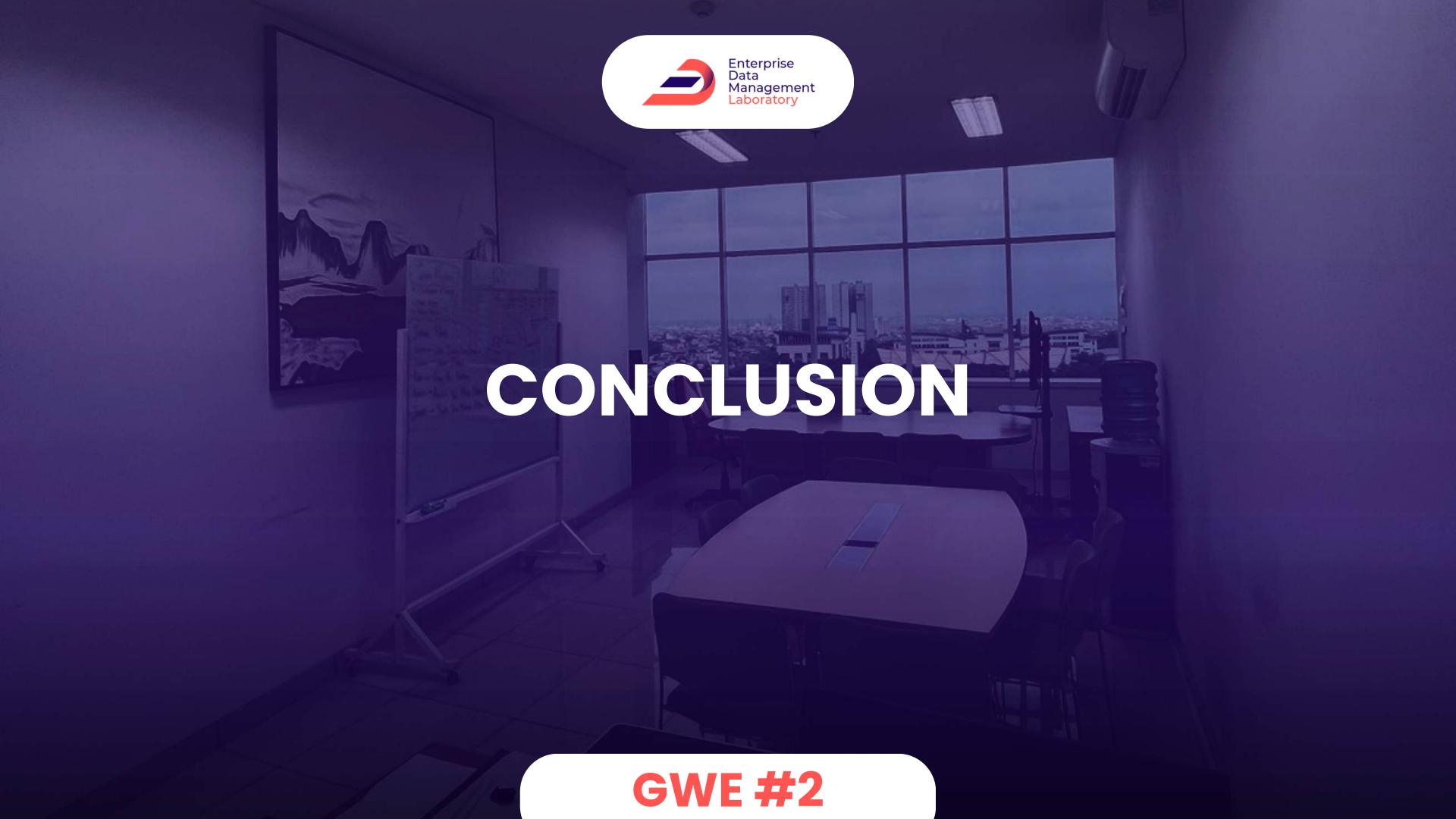
Data Warehouses contain highly structured data that is cleaned, pre-processed and refined. This data is stored for very specific use cases such as BI.

#### **Smaller**

Data Warehouses contain less data in the order of terabytes. In order to maintain data cleanliness and health of the warehouse, Data must be processed before ingestion and periodic purging of data is necessary

#### Relational

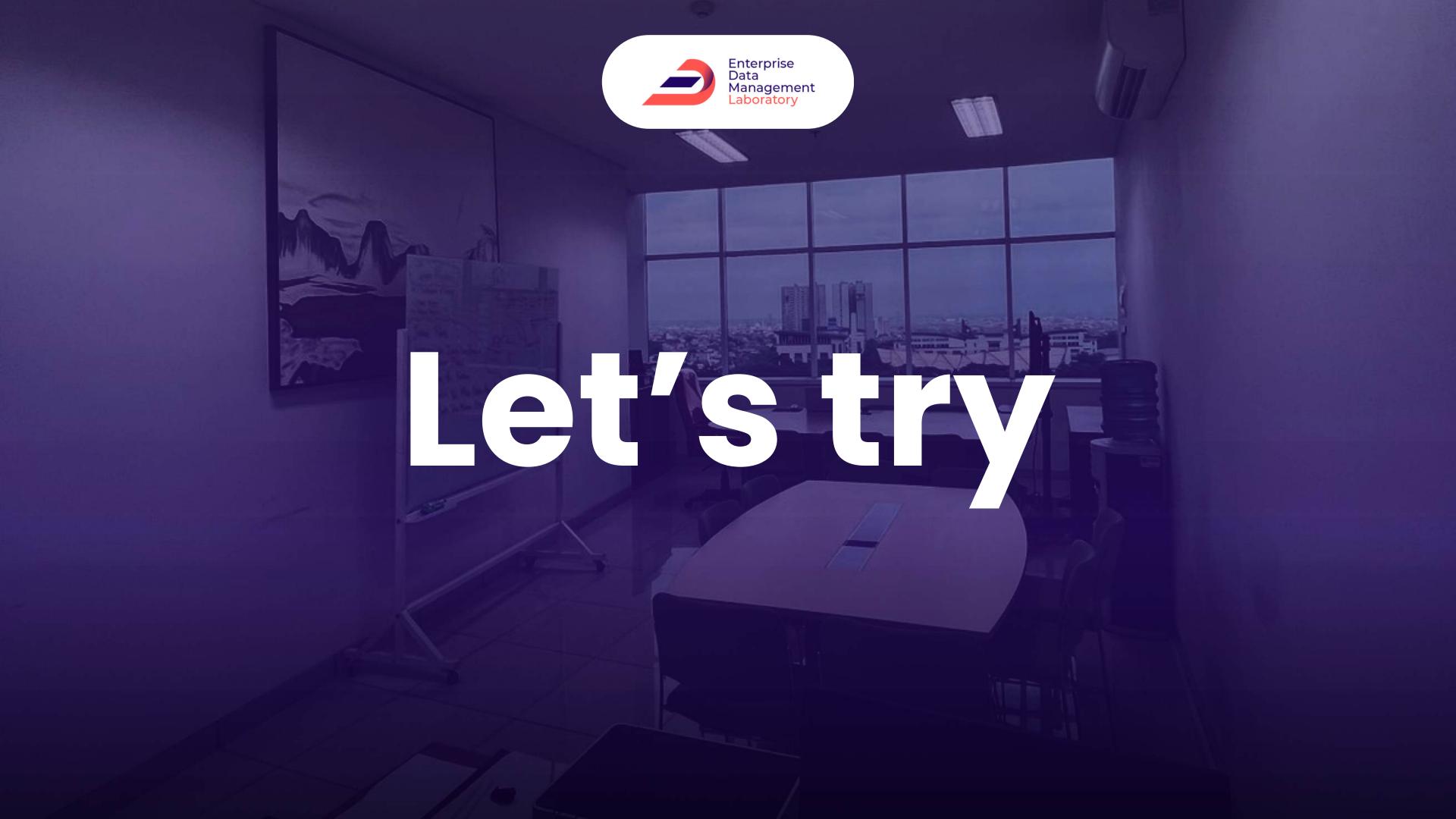
Data Warehouses contain historic and relational data, such as transaction systems, operations etc

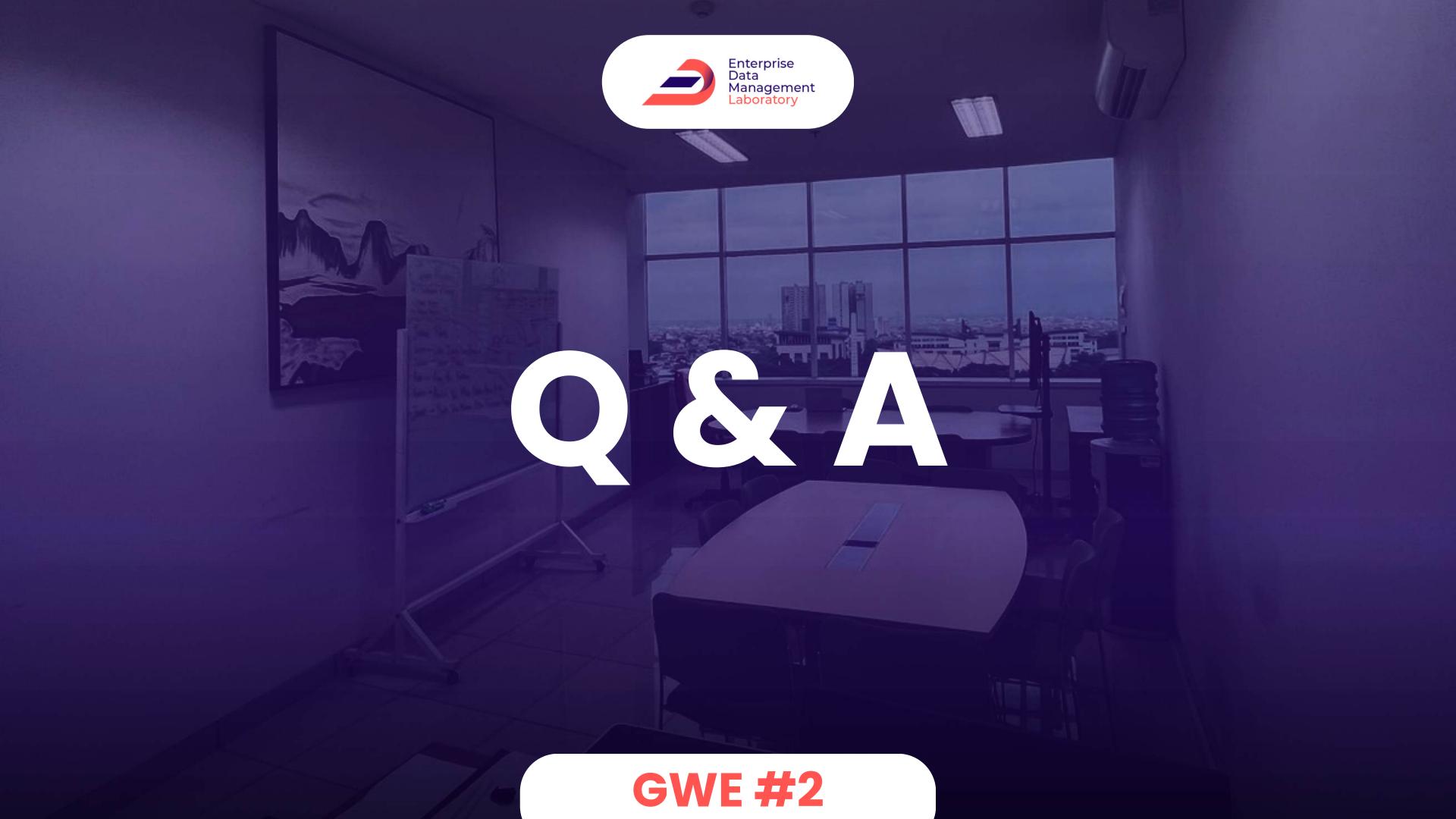


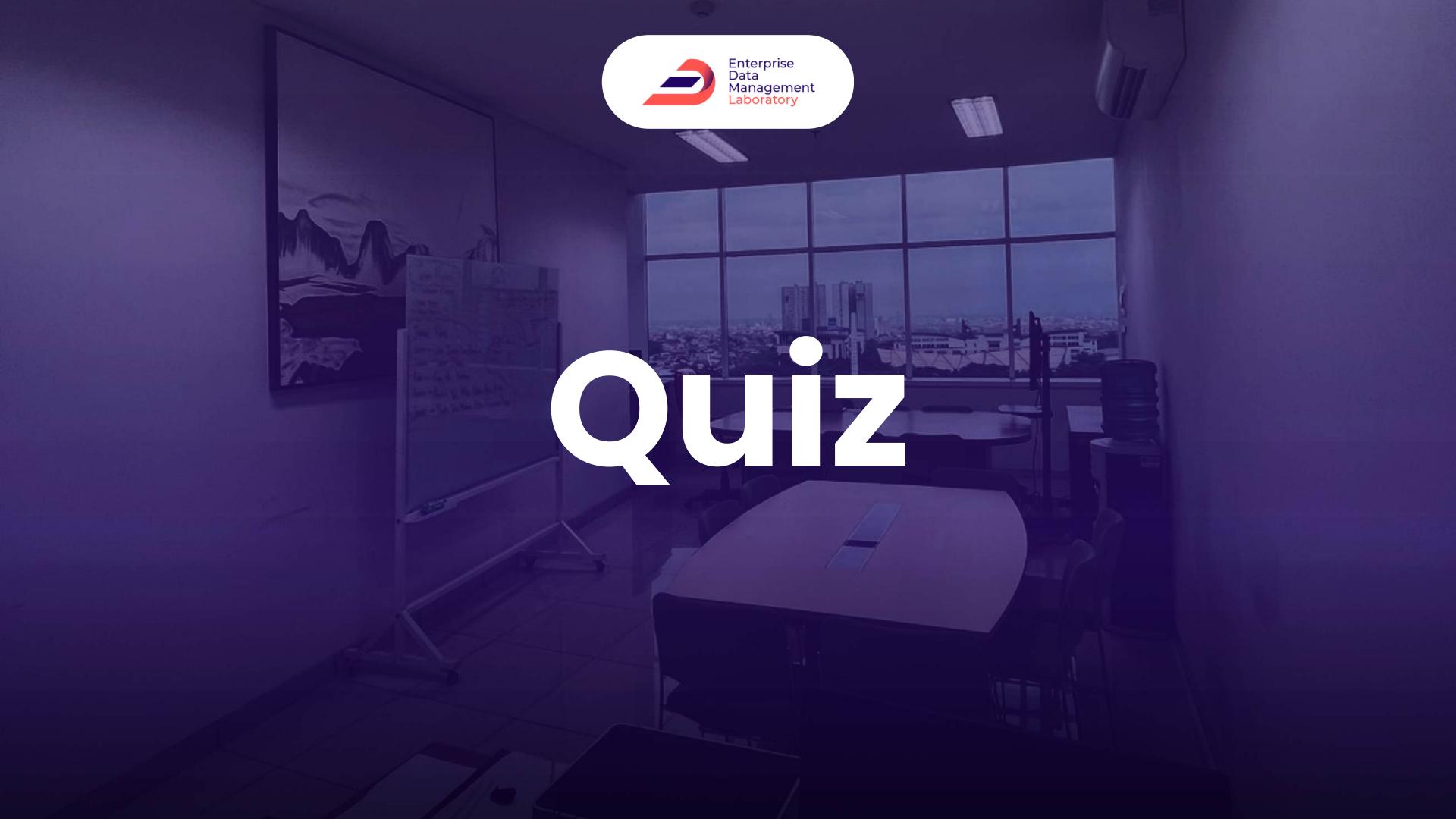


....

	DATABASE	DATA WAREHOUSE	DATA LAKES
WORKLOADS	TRANSACTIONAL	ANALYTICAL	ANALYTICAL
DATA TYPES	STRUCTURED	STRUCTURED	STRUCTURED, SEMI STRUCTURED, UNSTRUCTTURED
SCHEMA FLEXIBILITY	FLEXIBLE	RIGID	SCHEMA-ON-READ
DATA UPDATES	REAL TIME	BASED ON PROCESS	BASED ON PROCESS
USERS	DEVELOPER	DATA ANALYST, BUSINESS ANALYST	DATA SCIENTIST, AI/ML ENGINEER









# ABSENSI

**EDM Laboratory** 



