# **Connected Components**

Partition an undirected graph into connected components (i.e., label the vertices belonging to a given component using a unique number). Output should be the number of components and the number of vertices in each component.

As defined by Wikipedia, connected component of an undirected graph is a subgraph in which any two vertices are connected to each other by some path(s), and which is connected to no additional vertices in the supergraph.

### Input:

First line of the Input will contain two space separated integers **V** and **E** representing **Number of Vertices** and **Number of Edges** respectively.

Next *E* lines will contain space separate integers representing vertices which possess an edge in between them.

Note: Vertices will be labeled starting from 1. For example, if V=5, the set of vertices is {1,2,3,4,5}

## Output:

First line of output will contain a single integer N representing the number of connected components. Next N lines will each contain a number C<sub>i</sub> representing the number of vertices in the i<sup>th</sup> component. These should be printed in the decreasing order of the number of vertices in the component.

#### Constraints:

 $2 \le V \le 10^5$  $0 \le E \le min[10^6, (V^*(V-1)/2)]$ 

## Sample Input

10 7

12

2.3

108

45

56

78

89

## Sample Output

3

4

3

3

#### **Explanation**

On interpreting the input and constructing the graph we get: