[This question paper contains 8 printed pages.]

Vour	Roll	No
R CLERK	RACHE	140

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 1216

1

Unique Paper Code

: 2342011202

Name of the Paper

: Discrete Mathematical

Structures

Name of the Course

: B.Sc. (Hons.) Computer

Science (NEP-UGCF-2022)

Semester

: II

Duration: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 90

## Instructions for Candidates

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- 2. Question No. 1 (Section-A) is compulsory.
- 3. Attempt any four questions from Section-B.
- 4. Parts of a question should be attempted together.
- 5. Use of simple calculator is allowed.

## SECTION A

1. (a) Determine whether the following function is one-to-one and onto from  $\mathbb{R}^+$  to  $\mathbb{R}^+$ 

$$f(x) = -3x^2 + 7$$

Also, check whether it is invertible. If invertible, find its inverse. Justify your answer in each case. (5)

- (b) Show that ¬(p ∨ (¬p ∧ q) and (¬p ∧ ¬q) are logically equivalent by developing a series of logical equivalences.
- (c) Evaluate 7<sup>644</sup> mod 645 using Fast Modular exponentiation algorithm. (5)
- (d) Prove that if any 14 numbers from 1 to 25 are chosen then one of them will be the multiple of another. (5)

- (e) State whether the K<sub>5</sub> graph is/has a
  - (i) Tree
  - (ii) Euler Path
  - (iii) Euler circuit

Justify your answer. (5)

(f) Let a be a numeric function such that (5)

$$a_{r} = \begin{cases} 2 & 0 \le r \le 3 \\ 2^{-r} + 5 & r \ge 4 \end{cases}$$

- (i) Determine S<sup>2</sup>a.
- (ii) Determine Va.

## SECTION B

(a) Prove that the relation "congruence modulo m" over the set of positive integers is an equivalence relation.

- (b) If no three diagonals of a convex decagon meet at the same point inside the decagon, into how many line segments are the diagonals divided by their intersections?
- 3. (a) Prove the following statement using the Direct

  Proof method:

If m and n both are perfect squares, then m \* n is also a perfect square. (7)

(b) Using the principle of mathematical induction, prove that

$$1.2.3 + 2.3.4 + \cdots + n. (n + 1). (n + 2) = n(n + 1)$$

$$(n + 2)/3$$
(8)

- 4. (a) Using the Euclidean algorithm, find the GCD of 1529 and 14039. (7)
  - (b) The interest for money deposited in a saving bank account is paid at a rate of 0.5% per month, with interest compounded monthly. \$50 is deposited in the saving account each month for a period of 3 years, followed by \$20 each month for next 2 years. What is the total amount in the account
    - (i) 4 years after the first deposit?
    - (ii) 20 years after the first deposit?
    - Formulate the numeric functions for each. (8)
- 5. (a) Prove that a tree with n vertices has n 1 edges.

(b) For the following numeric functions: (8)

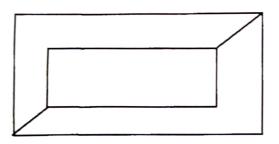
$$a_r = 2^r$$
 for all r

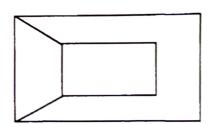
$$b_{r} = \begin{cases} 0 & 0 \le r \le 2\\ 2^{r} & r \ge 3 \end{cases}$$

Determine a \* b in either sketch or closed form expression.

- 6. (a) In how many ways can a cricket team of eleven be chosen out of a batch of 14 players? How many of them will:
  - (i) include a particular player?
  - (ii) exclude a particular player? (7)
  - (b) Define graph isomorphism. Check whether the

following pair of graphs are isomorphic. Give justification in support of your answer. (8)





- 7. (a) Is  $Q_3$  a planar graph? If planar, draw it in such a form. Verily your result using Euler formula also. (7)
  - (b) Draw Hasse Diagram for the relation R on  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ , whose relation matrix is given below

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Is it a totally ordered set? Justify your answer.

(8)