OSAL User's Guide

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2 OSAL Introduction

The goal of this library is to promote the creation of portable and reusable real time embedded system software. Given the necessary OS abstraction layer implementations, the same embedded software should compile and run on a number of platforms ranging from spacecraft computer systems to desktop PCs.

The OS Application Program Interfaces (APIs) are broken up into core, file system, loader, network, and timer APIs. See the related document sections for full descriptions.

Note

The majority of these APIs should be called from a task running in the context of an OSAL application and in general should not be called from an ISR. There are a few exceptions, such as the ability to give a binary semaphore from an ISR.

3 Version Numbers

Version Number Semantics

The version number is a sequence of four numbers, generally separated by dots when written. These are, in order, the Major number, the Minor number, the Revision number, and the Mission Revision number. Missions may modify the Mission Revision information as needed to suit their needs.

It is important to note that Major, Minor, and Revision numbers are only updated upon official releases of tagged versions, **NOT** on development builds. We aim to follow the Semantic Versioning v2.0 specification with our versioning.

The MAJOR number shall be incremented on release to indicate when there is a change to an API that may cause existing, correctly-written cFS components to stop working. It may also be incremented for a release that contains changes deemed to be of similar impact, even if there are no actual changes to the API.

The MINOR number shall be incremented on release to indicate the addition of features to the API which do not break the existing code. It may also be incremented for a release that contains changes deemed to be of similar impact, even if there are no actual updates to the API.

The REVISION number shall be incremented on changes that benefit from unique identification such as bug fixes or major documentation updates. The Revision number may also be updated if there are other changes contained within a release that make it desirable for applications to distinguish one release from another. WARNING: The revision number is set to the number 99 in development builds. To distinguish between development builds refer to the BUILD_NUMBER and BUILD_BASELINE detailed in the section "Identifying Development Builds".

The Major, Minor, and Revision numbers are provided in this header file as part of the API definition; this macro must expand to a simple integer value, so that it can be used in simple if directives by the macro preprocessor.

The Mission Version number shall be set to zero in all officially released packages, and is entirely reserved for the use of the mission. The Mission Version is provided as a simple macro defined in the cfe platform cfg.h header file.

Version Number Flexibility

The major number may increment when there is no breaking change to the API, if the changes are significant enough to warrant the same level of attention as a breaking API change.

The minor number may increment when there have been no augmentations to the API, if changes are as significant as additions to the public API.

The revision numbers may increment in implementations where no actual implementation-specific code has changed, if there are other changes within the release with similar significance.

How and Where Defined

The Major, Minor, and Revision components of the version are provided as simple macros defined in the cfe_version.h header file as part of the API definition; these macros must expand to simple integer values, so that they can be used in simple if directives by the macro preprocessor.

The Mission Version is provided as a simple macro defined in the cfe_platform_cfg.h header file. As delivered in official releases, these macros must expand to simple integer values, so that they can be used in simple macro preprocessor conditions, but delivered code should not prevent a mission from, for example, deciding that the Mission Version is actually a text string.

Identifying Development Builds

In order to distinguish between development versions, we also provide a BUILD NUMBER.

The BUILD_NUMBER reflects the number of commits since the BUILD_BASELINE, a baseline git tag, for each particular component. The BUILD_NUMBER integer increases monotonically for a given development cycle. The BUILD_BAS ELINE identifies the current development cycle and is a git tag with format vX.Y.Z. The Codename used in the version string also refers to the current development cycle. When a new baseline tag and codename are created, the the BUILD_NUMBER resets to zero and begins increasing from a new baseline.

Templates for the version and version string

The following templates are the code to be used in cfe_version.h for either official releases or development builds. The apps and repositories follow the same pattern by replacing the CFE_prefix with the appropriate name; for example, osal uses OS_, psp uses CFE_PSP_IMPL, and so on.

Template for Official Releases

```
/*<! Official Release Version Number */
#define CFE_SRC_VERSION \
    CFE_STR(CFE_MAJOR_VERSION) "." \
    CFE_STR(CFE_MINOR_VERSION) "." \
    CFE_STR(CFE_REVISION) "." \
    CFE_STR(CFE_MISSION_REV)
#define CFE_VERSION_STRING \
    "cFE version " CFE_SRC_VERSION</pre>
```

Template for Development Builds

4 File System Overview

The File System API is a thin wrapper around a selection of POSIX file APIs. In addition the File System API presents a common directory structure and volume view regardless of the underlying system type. For example, vxWorks uses MS-DOS style volume names and directories where a vxWorks RAM disk might have the volume "RAM:0". With this File System API, volumes are represented as Unix-style paths where each volume is mounted on the root file system:

- RAM:0/file1.dat becomes /mnt/ram/file1.dat
- FL:0/file2.dat becomes /mnt/fl/file2.dat

This abstraction allows the applications to use the same paths regardless of the implementation and it also allows file systems to be simulated on a desktop system for testing. On a desktop Linux system, the file system abstraction can be set up to map virtual devices to a regular directory. This is accomplished through the OS_mkfs call, OS_mount call, and a BSP specific volume table that maps the virtual devices to real devices or underlying file systems.

In order to make this file system volume abstraction work, a "Volume Table" needs to be provided in the Board Support Package of the application. The table has the following fields:

- Device Name: This is the name of the virtual device that the Application uses. Common names are "ramdisk1", "flash1", or "volatile1" etc. But the name can be any unique string.
- Physical Device Name: This is an implementation specific field. For vxWorks it is not needed and can be left blank. For a File system based implementation, it is the "mount point" on the root file system where all of the volume will be mounted. A common place for this on Linux could be a user's home directory, "/tmp", or even the current working directory ".". In the example of "/tmp" all of the directories created for the volumes would be under "/tmp" on the Linux file system. For a real disk device in Linux, such as a RAM disk, this field is the device name "/dev/ram0".
- Volume Type: This field defines the type of volume. The types are: FS_BASED which uses the existing file system,
 RAM_DISK which uses a RAM_DISK device in vxWorks, RTEMS, or Linux, FLASH_DISK_FORMAT which uses
 a flash disk that is to be formatted before use, FLASH_DISK_INIT which uses a flash disk with an existing format
 that is just to be initialized before it's use, EEPROM which is for an EEPROM or PROM based system.
- Volatile Flag: This flag indicates that the volume or disk is a volatile disk (RAM disk) or a non-volatile disk, that retains its contents when the system is rebooted. This should be set to TRUE or FALSE.
- · Free Flag: This is an internal flag that should be set to FALSE or zero.
- Is Mounted Flag: This is an internal flag that should be set to FALSE or zero. Note that a "pre-mounted" FS_B → ASED path can be set up by setting this flag to one.
- · Volume Name: This is an internal field and should be set to a space character " ".
- · Mount Point Field: This is an internal field and should be set to a space character " ".
- · Block Size Field: This is used to record the block size of the device and does not need to be set by the user.

5 File Descriptors In Osal

The OSAL uses abstracted file descriptors. This means that the file descriptors passed back from the OS_open and OS_creat calls will only work with other OSAL OS_* calls. The reasoning for this is as follows:

Because the OSAL now keeps track of all file descriptors, OSAL specific information can be associated with a specific file descriptor in an OS independent way. For instance, the path of the file that the file descriptor points to can be easily retrieved. Also, the OSAL task ID of the task that opened the file can also be retrieved easily. Both of these pieces of information are very useful when trying to determine statistics for a task, or the entire system. This information can all be retrieved with a single API, OS FDGetInfo.

All of possible file system calls are not implemented. "Special" files requiring OS specific control/operations are by nature not portable. Abstraction in this case is is not possible, so the raw OS calls should be used (including open/close/etc).

6 Timer Overview 7

Mixing with OSAL calls is not supported for such cases. OS_TranslatePath is available to support using open directly by an app and maintain abstraction on the file system.

There are some small drawbacks with the OSAL file descriptors. Because the related information is kept in a table, there is a define called OS_MAX_NUM_OPEN_FILES that defines the maximum number of file descriptors available. This is a configuration parameter, and can be changed to fit your needs.

Also, if you open or create a file not using the OSAL calls (OS_open or OS_creat) then none of the other OS_* calls that accept a file descriptor as a parameter will work (the results of doing so are undefined). Therefore, if you open a file with the underlying OS's open call, you must continue to use the OS's calls until you close the file descriptor. Be aware that by doing this your software may no longer be OS agnostic.

6 Timer Overview

The timer API is a generic interface to the OS timer facilities. It is implemented using the POSIX timers on Linux and vxWorks and the native timer API on RTEMS. The number of timers supported is controlled by the configuration parameter OS MAX TIMERS.

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10 Module Documentation

10.1 OSAL Semaphore State Defines

Macros

• #define OS_SEM_FULL 1

Semaphore full state.

• #define OS_SEM_EMPTY 0

Semaphore empty state.

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10.1.2.1 OS_SEM_EMPTY

#define OS_SEM_EMPTY 0

Semaphore empty state.

Definition at line 37 of file osapi-binsem.h.

10.1.2.2 OS_SEM_FULL

#define OS_SEM_FULL 1

Semaphore full state.

Definition at line 36 of file osapi-binsem.h.

10.2 OSAL Binary Semaphore APIs

Functions

• int32 OS_BinSemCreate (osal_id_t *sem_id, const char *sem_name, uint32 sem_initial_value, uint32 options)

Creates a binary semaphore.

• int32 OS_BinSemFlush (osal_id_t sem_id)

Unblock all tasks pending on the specified semaphore.

· int32 OS BinSemGive (osal id t sem id)

Increment the semaphore value.

int32 OS_BinSemTake (osal_id_t sem_id)

Decrement the semaphore value.

int32 OS_BinSemTimedWait (osal_id_t sem_id, uint32 msecs)

Decrement the semaphore value with a timeout.

int32 OS_BinSemDelete (osal_id_t sem_id)

Deletes the specified Binary Semaphore.

• int32 OS_BinSemGetIdByName (osal_id_t *sem_id, const char *sem_name)

Find an existing semaphore ID by name.

• int32 OS_BinSemGetInfo (osal_id_t sem_id, OS_bin_sem_prop_t *bin_prop)

Fill a property object buffer with details regarding the resource.

10.2.1 Detailed Description

10.2.2 Function Documentation

10.2.2.1 OS_BinSemCreate()

Creates a binary semaphore.

Creates a binary semaphore with initial value specified by sem_initial_value and name specified by sem_name. sem_id will be returned to the caller

Parameters

out	sem_id	will be set to the non-zero ID of the newly-created resource
in	sem_name	the name of the new resource to create
in	sem_initial_value	the initial value of the binary semaphore
in	options	Reserved for future use, should be passed as 0.

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if sen name or sem_id are NULL
OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME
OS_ERR_NO_FREE_IDS	if all of the semaphore ids are taken
OS_ERR_NAME_TAKEN	if this is already the name of a binary semaphore
OS_SEM_FAILURE	if the OS call failed

10.2.2.2 OS_BinSemDelete()

Deletes the specified Binary Semaphore.

This is the function used to delete a binary semaphore in the operating system. This also frees the respective sem_id to be used again when another semaphore is created.

Parameters

in	sem←	The object ID to delete
	_id	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the id passed in is not a valid binary semaphore
OS_SEM_FAILURE	the OS call failed

10.2.2.3 OS_BinSemFlush()

Unblock all tasks pending on the specified semaphore.

The function unblocks all tasks pending on the specified semaphore. However, this function does not change the state of the semaphore.

Parameters

in	sem⇔	The object ID to operate on
	_id	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the id passed in is not a binary semaphore
OS_SEM_FAILURE	if an unspecified failure occurs

10.2.2.4 OS_BinSemGetIdByName()

Find an existing semaphore ID by name.

This function tries to find a binary sem Id given the name of a bin_sem The id is returned through sem_id

Parameters

out	sem_id	will be set to the ID of the existing resource
in	sem_name	the name of the existing resource to find

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	is semid or sem_name are NULL pointers
OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME
OS_ERR_NAME_NOT_FOUND	if the name was not found in the table

10.2.2.5 OS_BinSemGetInfo()

Fill a property object buffer with details regarding the resource.

This function will pass back a pointer to structure that contains all of the relevant info(name and creator) about the specified binary semaphore.

Parameters

in	sem_id	The object ID to operate on
out	bin_prop	The property object buffer to fill

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the id passed in is not a valid semaphore
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if the bin_prop pointer is null

10.2.2.6 OS_BinSemGive()

Increment the semaphore value.

The function unlocks the semaphore referenced by sem_id by performing a semaphore unlock operation on that semaphore. If the semaphore value resulting from this operation is positive, then no threads were blocked waiting for the semaphore to become unlocked; the semaphore value is simply incremented for this semaphore.

Parameters

in	sem⊷	The object ID to operate on
	id	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_SEM_FAILURE	the semaphore was not previously initialized or is not in the array of semaphores defined
	by the system
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the id passed in is not a binary semaphore

10.2.2.7 OS_BinSemTake()

Decrement the semaphore value.

The locks the semaphore referenced by sem_id by performing a semaphore lock operation on that semaphore. If the semaphore value is currently zero, then the calling thread shall not return from the call until it either locks the semaphore or the call is interrupted.

Parameters

in	sem←	The object ID to operate on
	_id	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	the ld passed in is not a valid binary semaphore
OS_SEM_FAILURE	if the OS call failed

10.2.2.8 OS_BinSemTimedWait()

Decrement the semaphore value with a timeout.

The function locks the semaphore referenced by sem_id. However, if the semaphore cannot be locked without waiting for another process or thread to unlock the semaphore, this wait shall be terminated when the specified timeout, msecs, expires.

Parameters

in	sem⊷ _id	The object ID to operate on
in	msecs	The maximum amount of time to block, in milliseconds

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_SEM_TIMEOUT if semaphore was not relinquished in time	
OS_SEM_FAILURE	the semaphore was not previously initialized or is not in the array of semaphores defined by the system
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the ID passed in is not a valid semaphore ID

10.3 OSAL BSP low level access APIs

Functions

```
    uint32 OS BSP GetArgC (void)
```

```
    char *const * OS_BSP_GetArgV (void)
```

```
• void OS_BSP_SetExitCode (int32 code)
```

10.3.1 Detailed Description

These are for OSAL internal BSP information access to pass any BSP-specific boot/command line/startup arguments through to the application, and return a status code back to the OS after exit.

Not intended for user application use

10.3.2 Function Documentation

10.3.2.1 OS_BSP_GetArgC()

10.3.2.2 OS_BSP_GetArgV()

10.3.2.3 OS_BSP_SetExitCode()

10.4 OSAL Real Time Clock APIs

Functions

int32 OS_GetLocalTime (OS_time_t *time_struct)

Get the local time.

int32 OS_SetLocalTime (const OS_time_t *time_struct)

Set the local time.

static int64 OS TimeGetTotalSeconds (OS time t tm)

Get interval from an OS_time_t object normalized to whole number of seconds.

static int64 OS TimeGetTotalMilliseconds (OS time t tm)

Get interval from an OS_time_t object normalized to millisecond units.

static int64 OS_TimeGetTotalMicroseconds (OS_time_t tm)

Get interval from an OS_time_t object normalized to microsecond units.

static int64 OS TimeGetTotalNanoseconds (OS time t tm)

Get interval from an OS time t object normalized to nanosecond units.

static int64 OS TimeGetFractionalPart (OS time t tm)

Get subseconds portion (fractional part only) from an OS_time_t object.

static uint32 OS TimeGetSubsecondsPart (OS time t tm)

Get 32-bit normalized subseconds (fractional part only) from an OS_time_t object.

static uint32 OS TimeGetMillisecondsPart (OS time t tm)

Get milliseconds portion (fractional part only) from an OS time t object.

static uint32 OS_TimeGetMicrosecondsPart (OS_time_t tm)

Get microseconds portion (fractional part only) from an OS time t object.

static uint32 OS_TimeGetNanosecondsPart (OS_time_t tm)

Get nanoseconds portion (fractional part only) from an OS_time_t object.

static OS_time_t OS_TimeAssembleFromNanoseconds (int64 seconds, uint32 nanoseconds)

Assemble/Convert a number of seconds + nanoseconds into an OS_time_t interval.

static OS time t OS TimeAssembleFromMicroseconds (int64 seconds, uint32 microseconds)

Assemble/Convert a number of seconds + microseconds into an OS_time_t interval.

static OS_time_t OS_TimeAssembleFromMilliseconds (int64 seconds, uint32 milliseconds)

Assemble/Convert a number of seconds + milliseconds into an OS_time_t interval.

• static OS_time_t OS_TimeAssembleFromSubseconds (int64 seconds, uint32 subseconds)

Assemble/Convert a number of seconds + subseconds into an OS_time_t interval.

static OS_time_t OS_TimeAdd (OS_time_t time1, OS_time_t time2)

Computes the sum of two time intervals.

static OS_time_t OS_TimeSubtract (OS_time_t time1, OS_time_t time2)

Computes the difference between two time intervals.

10.4.1 Detailed Description

10.4.2 Function Documentation

10.4.2.1 OS_GetLocalTime()

Get the local time.

This function gets the local time from the underlying OS.

Note

Mission time management typically uses the cFE Time Service

Parameters

	out	time_struct	An OS_time_t that will be set to the current time
--	-----	-------------	---

Returns

Get local time status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.4.2.2 OS_SetLocalTime()

Set the local time.

This function sets the local time on the underlying OS.

Note

Mission time management typically uses the cFE Time Services

Parameters

in	time_struct	An OS_time_t containing the current time
----	-------------	--

Returns

Set local time status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.4.2.3 OS_TimeAdd()

Computes the sum of two time intervals.

Parameters

in	time1	The first interval
in	time2	The second interval

Returns

The sum of the two intervals (time1 + time2)

Definition at line 386 of file osapi-clock.h.

References OS_time_t::ticks.

10.4.2.4 OS_TimeAssembleFromMicroseconds()

Assemble/Convert a number of seconds + microseconds into an OS_time_t interval.

This creates an OS_time_t value using a whole number of seconds and a fractional part in units of microseconds. This is the inverse of OS_TimeGetTotalSeconds() and OS_TimeGetMicrosecondsPart(), and should recreate the original OS_time_t value from these separate values (aside from any potential conversion losses due to limited resolution of the data types/units).

See also

OS_TimeGetTotalSeconds(), OS_TimeGetMicrosecondsPart()

Parameters

in	seconds	Whole number of seconds
in	microseconds	Number of microseconds (fractional part only)

Returns

The input arguments represented as an OS time t interval

Definition at line 321 of file osapi-clock.h.

References OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_SECOND, OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_USEC, and OS_time_t::ticks.

10.4.2.5 OS_TimeAssembleFromMilliseconds()

Assemble/Convert a number of seconds + milliseconds into an OS time t interval.

This creates an OS_time_t value using a whole number of seconds and a fractional part in units of milliseconds. This is the inverse of OS_TimeGetTotalSeconds() and OS_TimeGetMillisecondsPart(), and should recreate the original O S_time_t value from these separate values (aside from any potential conversion losses due to limited resolution of the data types/units).

See also

OS_TimeGetTotalSeconds(), OS_TimeGetMillisecondsPart()

Parameters

in	seconds	Whole number of seconds
in	milliseconds	Number of milliseconds (fractional part only)

Returns

The input arguments represented as an OS_time_t interval

Definition at line 345 of file osapi-clock.h.

References OS TIME TICKS PER MSEC, OS TIME TICKS PER SECOND, and OS time t::ticks.

10.4.2.6 OS_TimeAssembleFromNanoseconds()

Assemble/Convert a number of seconds + nanoseconds into an OS time t interval.

This creates an OS_time_t value using a whole number of seconds and a fractional part in units of nanoseconds. This is the inverse of OS_TimeGetTotalSeconds() and OS_TimeGetNanosecondsPart(), and should recreate the original O S_time_t value from these separate values (aside from any potential conversion losses due to limited resolution of the data types/units).

See also

OS_TimeGetTotalSeconds(), OS_TimeGetNanosecondsPart()

Parameters

in	seconds	Whole number of seconds
in	nanoseconds	Number of nanoseconds (fractional part only)

Returns

The input arguments represented as an OS_time_t interval

Definition at line 297 of file osapi-clock.h.

References OS_TIME_TICK_RESOLUTION_NS, OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_SECOND, and OS_time_t::ticks.

10.4.2.7 OS_TimeAssembleFromSubseconds()

Assemble/Convert a number of seconds + subseconds into an OS_time_t interval.

This creates an OS_time_t value using a whole number of seconds and a fractional part in units of sub-seconds $(1/2^32)$. This is the inverse of OS_TimeGetTotalSeconds() and OS_TimeGetSubsecondsPart(), and should recreate the original OS_time_t value from these separate values (aside from any potential conversion losses due to limited resolution of the data types/units).

See also

OS_TimeGetTotalSeconds(), OS_TimeGetNanosecondsPart()

Parameters

in	seconds	Whole number of seconds	
in	subseconds	Number of subseconds (32 bit fixed point fractional part)	

Returns

The input arguments represented as an OS_time_t interval

Definition at line 368 of file osapi-clock.h.

References OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_SECOND, and OS_time_t::ticks.

10.4.2.8 OS_TimeGetFractionalPart()

Get subseconds portion (fractional part only) from an OS_time_t object.

Extracts the fractional part from a given OS_time_t object. Units returned are in ticks, not normalized to any standard time unit.

Parameters

```
in tm Time interval value
```

Returns

Fractional/subsecond portion of time interval in ticks

Definition at line 189 of file osapi-clock.h.

References OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_SECOND, and OS_time_t::ticks.

Referenced by OS_TimeGetMicrosecondsPart(), OS_TimeGetMillisecondsPart(), OS_TimeGetNanosecondsPart(), and OS_TimeGetSubsecondsPart().

10.4.2.9 OS_TimeGetMicrosecondsPart()

Get microseconds portion (fractional part only) from an OS_time_t object.

Extracts the fractional part from a given OS_time_t object normalized to units of microseconds.

This function may be used to adapt applications initially implemented using an older OSAL version where OS_time_t was a structure containing a "seconds" and "microsecs" field.

This function will obtain a value that is compatible with the "microsecs" field of OS_time_t as it was defined in previous versions of OSAL, as well as the "tv_usec" field of POSIX-style "struct timeval" values.

See also

OS TimeGetTotalSeconds()

Parameters

in	tm	Time interval value

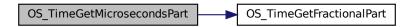
Returns

Number of microseconds in time interval

Definition at line 257 of file osapi-clock.h.

References OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_USEC, and OS_TimeGetFractionalPart().

Here is the call graph for this function:



10.4.2.10 OS_TimeGetMillisecondsPart()

Get milliseconds portion (fractional part only) from an OS_time_t object.

Extracts the fractional part from a given OS_time_t object normalized to units of milliseconds.

See also

OS_TimeGetTotalSeconds()

Parameters

```
in tm Time interval value
```

Returns

Number of milliseconds in time interval

Definition at line 232 of file osapi-clock.h.

References OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_MSEC, and OS_TimeGetFractionalPart().

Here is the call graph for this function:



10.4.2.11 OS_TimeGetNanosecondsPart()

Get nanoseconds portion (fractional part only) from an OS_time_t object.

Extracts the only number of nanoseconds from a given OS_time_t object.

This function will obtain a value that is compatible with the "tv_nsec" field of POSIX-style "struct timespec" values.

See also

OS_TimeGetTotalSeconds()

Parameters

in	tm	Time interval value
----	----	---------------------

Returns

Number of nanoseconds in time interval

Definition at line 276 of file osapi-clock.h.

References OS_TIME_TICK_RESOLUTION_NS, and OS_TimeGetFractionalPart().

Here is the call graph for this function:



10.4.2.12 OS_TimeGetSubsecondsPart()

Get 32-bit normalized subseconds (fractional part only) from an OS_time_t object.

Extracts the fractional part from a given OS_time_t object in maximum precision, with units of $2^{(-32)}$ sec. This is a base-2 fixed-point fractional value with the point left-justified in the 32-bit value (i.e. left of MSB).

This is (mostly) compatible with the CFE "subseconds" value, where 0x80000000 represents exactly one half second, and 0 represents a full second.

Parameters

in <i>tn</i>	Time interval value
--------------	---------------------

Returns

Fractional/subsecond portion of time interval as 32-bit fixed point value

Definition at line 208 of file osapi-clock.h.

References OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_SECOND, and OS_TimeGetFractionalPart().

Here is the call graph for this function:



10.4.2.13 OS_TimeGetTotalMicroseconds()

Get interval from an OS_time_t object normalized to microsecond units.

Note this refers to the complete interval, not just the fractional part.

Parameters

in	tm	Time interval value
----	----	---------------------

Returns

Whole number of microseconds in time interval

Definition at line 156 of file osapi-clock.h.

References OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_USEC, and OS_time_t::ticks.

10.4.2.14 OS_TimeGetTotalMilliseconds()

Get interval from an OS_time_t object normalized to millisecond units.

Note this refers to the complete interval, not just the fractional part.

Parameters

in tm Time interval va	lue
------------------------	-----

Returns

Whole number of milliseconds in time interval

Definition at line 142 of file osapi-clock.h.

References OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_MSEC, and OS_time_t::ticks.

10.4.2.15 OS_TimeGetTotalNanoseconds()

Get interval from an OS_time_t object normalized to nanosecond units.

Note this refers to the complete interval, not just the fractional part.

Note

There is no protection against overflow of the 64-bit return value. Applications must use caution to ensure that the interval does not exceed the representable range of a signed 64 bit integer - approximately 140 years.

Parameters

in	tm	Time interval value
----	----	---------------------

Returns

Whole number of microseconds in time interval

Definition at line 174 of file osapi-clock.h.

References OS_TIME_TICK_RESOLUTION_NS, and OS_time_t::ticks.

10.4.2.16 OS_TimeGetTotalSeconds()

Get interval from an OS time t object normalized to whole number of seconds.

Extracts the number of whole seconds from a given OS_time_t object, discarding any fractional component.

This may also replace a direct read of the "seconds" field from the OS_time_t object from previous versions of OSAL, where the structure was defined with separate seconds/microseconds fields.

See also

OS_TimeGetMicrosecondsPart()

Parameters

in	tm	Time interval value
----	----	---------------------

Returns

Whole number of seconds in time interval

Definition at line 128 of file osapi-clock.h.

References OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_SECOND, and OS_time_t::ticks.

10.4.2.17 OS_TimeSubtract()

Computes the difference between two time intervals.

Parameters

in	time1	The first interval
in	time2	The second interval

Returns

The difference of the two intervals (time1 - time2)

Definition at line 400 of file osapi-clock.h.

References OS_time_t::ticks.

10.5 OSAL Core Operation APIs

Functions

void OS Application Startup (void)

Application startup.

void OS Application Run (void)

Application run.

int32 OS_API_Init (void)

Initialization of API.

• void OS_API_Teardown (void)

Teardown/de-initialization of OSAL API.

void OS_IdleLoop (void)

Background thread implementation - waits forever for events to occur.

void OS_DeleteAllObjects (void)

delete all resources created in OSAL.

void OS_ApplicationShutdown (uint8 flag)

Initiate orderly shutdown.

void OS_ApplicationExit (int32 Status)

Exit/Abort the application.

int32 OS_RegisterEventHandler (OS_EventHandler_t handler)

Callback routine registration.

10.5.1 Detailed Description

These are for OSAL core operations for startup/initialization, running, and shutdown. Typically only used in bsps, unit tests, psps, etc.

Not intended for user application use

10.5.2 Function Documentation

10.5.2.1 OS_API_Init()

```
int32 OS_API_Init (
     void )
```

Initialization of API.

This function returns initializes the internal data structures of the OS Abstraction Layer. It must be called in the application startup code before calling any other OS routines.

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines. Any error code (negative) means the OSAL can not be initialized. Typical platform specific response is to abort since additional OSAL calls will have undefined behavior.

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERROR	Failed execution.

10.5.2.2 OS_API_Teardown()

Teardown/de-initialization of OSAL API.

This is the inverse of OS_API_Init(). It will release all OS resources and return the system to a state similar to what it was prior to invoking OS_API_Init() initially.

Normally for embedded applications, the OSAL is initialized after boot and will remain initialized in memory until the processor is rebooted. However for testing and developement purposes, it is potentially useful to reset back to initial conditions.

For testing purposes, this API is designed/intended to be compatible with the UtTest_AddTeardown() routine provided by the UT-Assert subsystem.

Note

This is a "best-effort" routine and it may not always be possible/guaranteed to recover all resources, particularly in the case of off-nominal conditions, or if a resource is used outside of OSAL.

For example, while this will attempt to unload all dynamically-loaded modules, doing so may not be possible and/or may induce undefined behavior if resources are in use by tasks/functions outside of OSAL.

Returns

None

10.5.2.3 OS_Application_Run()

Application run.

Run abstraction such that the same BSP can be used for operations and testing.

10.5.2.4 OS_Application_Startup()

Application startup.

Startup abstraction such that the same BSP can be used for operations and testing.

10.5.2.5 OS_ApplicationExit()

Exit/Abort the application.

Indicates that the OSAL application should exit and return control to the OS This is intended for e.g. scripted unit testing where the test needs to end without user intervention.

This function does not return. Production code typically should not ever call this.

Note

This exits the entire process including tasks that have been created.

10.5.2.6 OS_ApplicationShutdown()

Initiate orderly shutdown.

Indicates that the OSAL application should perform an orderly shutdown of ALL tasks, clean up all resources, and exit the application.

This allows the task currently blocked in OS_IdleLoop() to wake up, and for that function to return to its caller.

This is preferred over e.g. OS_ApplicationExit() which exits immediately and does not provide for any means to clean up first.

Parameters

in	flag	set to true to initiate shutdown, false to cancel
----	------	---

10.5.2.7 OS_DeleteAllObjects()

delete all resources created in OSAL.

provides a means to clean up all resources allocated by this instance of OSAL. It would typically be used during an orderly shutdown but may also be helpful for testing purposes.

10.5.2.8 OS_ldleLoop()

```
void OS_IdleLoop (
     void )
```

Background thread implementation - waits forever for events to occur.

This should be called from the BSP main routine or initial thread after all other board and application initialization has taken place and all other tasks are running.

Typically just waits forever until "OS_shutdown" flag becomes true.

10.5.2.9 OS_RegisterEventHandler()

Callback routine registration.

This hook enables the application code to perform extra platform-specific operations on various system events such as resource creation/deletion.

Note

Some events are invoked while the resource is "locked" and therefore application-defined handlers for these events should not block or attempt to access other OSAL resources.

Parameters

in	handler	The application-provided event handler
----	---------	--

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines.

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS ERROR	Failed execution.

10.6 OSAL Counting Semaphore APIs

Functions

- int32 OS_CountSemCreate (osal_id_t *sem_id, const char *sem_name, uint32 sem_initial_value, uint32 options)

 Creates a counting semaphore.
- int32 OS_CountSemGive (osal_id_t sem_id)

Increment the semaphore value.

int32 OS_CountSemTake (osal_id_t sem_id)

Decrement the semaphore value.

int32 OS_CountSemTimedWait (osal_id_t sem_id, uint32 msecs)

Decrement the semaphore value with timeout.

• int32 OS_CountSemDelete (osal_id_t sem_id)

Deletes the specified counting Semaphore.

• int32 OS_CountSemGetIdByName (osal_id_t *sem_id, const char *sem_name)

Find an existing semaphore ID by name.

• int32 OS_CountSemGetInfo (osal_id_t sem_id, OS_count_sem_prop_t *count_prop)

Fill a property object buffer with details regarding the resource.

10.6.1 Detailed Description

10.6.2 Function Documentation

10.6.2.1 OS_CountSemCreate()

Creates a counting semaphore.

Creates a counting semaphore with initial value specified by sem_initial_value and name specified by sem_name. sem_id will be returned to the caller

Parameters

out	sem_id	will be set to the non-zero ID of the newly-created resource
in	sem_name	the name of the new resource to create
in	sem_initial_value	the initial value of the counting semaphore
in	options	Reserved for future use, should be passed as 0.

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.	
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if sen name or sem_id are NULL	
OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME	
OS_ERR_NO_FREE_IDS	if all of the semaphore ids are taken	
OS_ERR_NAME_TAKEN	if this is already the name of a counting semaphore	
OS_SEM_FAILURE	if the OS call failed	
OS_INVALID_SEM_VALUE	if the semaphore value is too high	

10.6.2.2 OS_CountSemDelete()

Deletes the specified counting Semaphore.

Parameters

in	sem⊷	The object ID to delete
	_id	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the id passed in is not a valid counting semaphore
OS_SEM_FAILURE	the OS call failed

10.6.2.3 OS_CountSemGetIdByName()

Find an existing semaphore ID by name.

This function tries to find a counting sem Id given the name of a count_sem The id is returned through sem_id

Parameters

	out	sem_id	will be set to the ID of the existing resource
Ī	in	sem_name	the name of the existing resource to find

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	is semid or sem_name are NULL pointers
OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME
OS_ERR_NAME_NOT_FOUND	if the name was not found in the table

10.6.2.4 OS_CountSemGetInfo()

Fill a property object buffer with details regarding the resource.

This function will pass back a pointer to structure that contains all of the relevant info(name and creator) about the specified counting semaphore.

Parameters

in	sem_id	The object ID to operate on	
out	count_prop	The property object buffer to fill	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the id passed in is not a valid semaphore
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if the count_prop pointer is null

10.6.2.5 OS_CountSemGive()

Increment the semaphore value.

The function unlocks the semaphore referenced by sem_id by performing a semaphore unlock operation on that semaphore. If the semaphore value resulting from this operation is positive, then no threads were blocked waiting for the semaphore to become unlocked; the semaphore value is simply incremented for this semaphore.

Parameters

in	sem←	The object ID to operate on
	_id	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_SEM_FAILURE	the semaphore was not previously initialized or is not in the array of semaphores defined by the system
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the id passed in is not a counting semaphore

10.6.2.6 OS_CountSemTake()

Decrement the semaphore value.

The locks the semaphore referenced by sem_id by performing a semaphore lock operation on that semaphore. If the semaphore value is currently zero, then the calling thread shall not return from the call until it either locks the semaphore or the call is interrupted.

Parameters

in	sem←	The object ID to operate on
	_id	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	the ld passed in is not a valid counting semaphore
OS_SEM_FAILURE	if the OS call failed

10.6.2.7 OS_CountSemTimedWait()

Decrement the semaphore value with timeout.

The function locks the semaphore referenced by sem_id. However, if the semaphore cannot be locked without waiting for another process or thread to unlock the semaphore, this wait shall be terminated when the specified timeout, msecs, expires.

Parameters

in	sem← _id	The object ID to operate on
in	msecs	The maximum amount of time to block, in milliseconds

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_SEM_TIMEOUT if semaphore was not relinquished in time	
OS_SEM_FAILURE the semaphore was not previously initialized or is not in the array of semaphores do by the system	
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the ID passed in is not a valid semaphore ID

10.7 OSAL Directory APIs

Functions

int32 OS_DirectoryOpen (osal_id_t *dir_id, const char *path)

Opens a directory.

int32 OS_DirectoryClose (osal_id_t dir_id)

Closes an open directory.

int32 OS_DirectoryRewind (osal_id_t dir_id)

Rewinds an open directory.

int32 OS_DirectoryRead (osal_id_t dir_id, os_dirent_t *dirent)

Reads the next name in the directory.

• int32 OS_mkdir (const char *path, uint32 access)

Makes a new directory.

• int32 OS_rmdir (const char *path)

Removes a directory from the file system.

10.7.1 Detailed Description

10.7.2 Function Documentation

10.7.2.1 OS_DirectoryClose()

Closes an open directory.

The directory referred to by dir_id will be closed

Parameters

in	dir⊷	The handle ID of the directory
	_id	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.7.2.2 OS_DirectoryOpen()

Opens a directory.

Prepares for reading the files within a directory

Parameters

out	dir⊷	The non-zero handle ID of the directory
	_id	
in	path	The directory to open

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.7.2.3 OS_DirectoryRead()

Reads the next name in the directory.

Obtains directory entry data for the next file from an open directory

Parameters

in	dir⊷ _id	The handle ID of the directory
out	dirent	Buffer to store directory entry information

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.7.2.4 OS_DirectoryRewind()

Rewinds an open directory.

Resets a directory read handle back to the first file.

Parameters

in	dir⇔	The handle ID of the directory	
	_id		

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.7.2.5 OS_mkdir()

Makes a new directory.

Makes a directory specified by path.

Parameters

in	path	The new directory name	
in	access	The permissions for the directory (reserved for future use)	

Note

Current implementations do not utilize the "access" parameter. Applications should still pass the intended value (OS_READ_WRITE or OS_READ_ONLY) to be compatible with future implementations.

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if path is NULL
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_TOO_LONG	if the path is too long to be stored locally
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_INVALID	if path cannot be parsed
OS_ERROR	if the OS call fails

10.7.2.6 OS_rmdir()

Removes a directory from the file system.

Removes a directory from the structure. The directory must be empty prior to this operation.

Parameters

in	path	The directory to remove
----	------	-------------------------

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if path is NULL
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_INVALID	if path cannot be parsed
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_TOO_LONG	
OS_ERROR	if the directory remove operation failed

10.8 OSAL Return Code Defines

```
Macros
```

```
    #define OS SUCCESS (0)

     Successful execution.
• #define OS_ERROR (-1)
     Failed execution.

    #define OS INVALID POINTER (-2)

     Invalid pointer.

    #define OS_ERROR_ADDRESS_MISALIGNED (-3)

     Address misalignment.
• #define OS_ERROR_TIMEOUT (-4)
     Error timeout.

    #define OS_INVALID_INT_NUM (-5)

     Invalid Interrupt number.

    #define OS_SEM_FAILURE (-6)

     Semaphore failure.

    #define OS_SEM_TIMEOUT (-7)

     Semaphore timeout.
• #define OS_QUEUE_EMPTY (-8)
     Queue empty.
• #define OS_QUEUE_FULL (-9)
     Queue full.
• #define OS_QUEUE_TIMEOUT (-10)
     Queue timeout.

    #define OS_QUEUE_INVALID_SIZE (-11)

     Queue invalid size.

    #define OS_QUEUE_ID_ERROR (-12)

     Queue ID error.
• #define OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG (-13)
     name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME

    #define OS_ERR_NO_FREE_IDS (-14)

     No free IDs.
• #define OS ERR NAME TAKEN (-15)
     Name taken.

    #define OS_ERR_INVALID_ID (-16)

    #define OS ERR NAME NOT FOUND (-17)

     Name not found.

    #define OS_ERR_SEM_NOT_FULL (-18)

     Semaphore not full.

    #define OS ERR INVALID PRIORITY (-19)

     Invalid priority.
• #define OS_INVALID_SEM_VALUE (-20)
```

Invalid semaphore value.#define OS_ERR_FILE (-27)

File error.

• #define OS_ERR_NOT_IMPLEMENTED (-28)

Not implemented.

• #define OS_TIMER_ERR_INVALID_ARGS (-29)

Timer invalid arguments.

• #define OS TIMER ERR TIMER ID (-30)

Timer ID error.

• #define OS_TIMER_ERR_UNAVAILABLE (-31)

Timer unavailable.

#define OS_TIMER_ERR_INTERNAL (-32)

Timer internal error.

#define OS_ERR_OBJECT_IN_USE (-33)

Object in use.

#define OS ERR BAD ADDRESS (-34)

Bad address.

#define OS_ERR_INCORRECT_OBJ_STATE (-35)

Incorrect object state.

• #define OS_ERR_INCORRECT_OBJ_TYPE (-36)

Incorrect object type.

#define OS_ERR_STREAM_DISCONNECTED (-37)

Stream disconnected.

#define OS_ERR_OPERATION_NOT_SUPPORTED (-38)

Requested operation not support on supplied object(s)

• #define OS_ERR_INVALID_SIZE (-40)

Invalid Size.

• #define OS_ERR_OUTPUT_TOO_LARGE (-41)

Size of output exceeds limit.

• #define OS_FS_ERR_PATH_TOO_LONG (-103)

FS path too long.

• #define OS_FS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG (-104)

FS name too long.

#define OS_FS_ERR_DRIVE_NOT_CREATED (-106)

FS drive not created.

• #define OS_FS_ERR_DEVICE_NOT_FREE (-107)

FS device not free.

• #define OS_FS_ERR_PATH_INVALID (-108)

FS path invalid.

10.8.1 Detailed Description

10.8.2 Macro Definition Documentation

10.8.2.1 OS_ERR_BAD_ADDRESS

```
#define OS_ERR_BAD_ADDRESS (-34)
```

Bad address.

Definition at line 83 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.2 OS_ERR_FILE

```
#define OS_ERR_FILE (-27)
```

File error.

Definition at line 76 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.3 OS_ERR_INCORRECT_OBJ_STATE

```
#define OS_ERR_INCORRECT_OBJ_STATE (-35)
```

Incorrect object state.

Definition at line 84 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.4 OS_ERR_INCORRECT_OBJ_TYPE

```
#define OS_ERR_INCORRECT_OBJ_TYPE (-36)
```

Incorrect object type.

Definition at line 85 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.5 OS_ERR_INVALID_ID

```
#define OS_ERR_INVALID_ID (-16)
```

Invalid ID.

Definition at line 71 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.6 OS_ERR_INVALID_PRIORITY

#define OS_ERR_INVALID_PRIORITY (-19)

Invalid priority.

Definition at line 74 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.7 OS_ERR_INVALID_SIZE

#define OS_ERR_INVALID_SIZE (-40)

Invalid Size.

Definition at line 88 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.8 OS_ERR_NAME_NOT_FOUND

#define OS_ERR_NAME_NOT_FOUND (-17)

Name not found.

Definition at line 72 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.9 OS_ERR_NAME_TAKEN

#define OS_ERR_NAME_TAKEN (-15)

Name taken.

Definition at line 70 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.10 OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG

#define OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG (-13)

name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME

Definition at line 68 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.11 OS_ERR_NO_FREE_IDS

```
#define OS_ERR_NO_FREE_IDS (-14)
```

No free IDs.

Definition at line 69 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.12 OS_ERR_NOT_IMPLEMENTED

```
#define OS_ERR_NOT_IMPLEMENTED (-28)
```

Not implemented.

Definition at line 77 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.13 OS_ERR_OBJECT_IN_USE

```
#define OS_ERR_OBJECT_IN_USE (-33)
```

Object in use.

Definition at line 82 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.14 OS_ERR_OPERATION_NOT_SUPPORTED

```
#define OS_ERR_OPERATION_NOT_SUPPORTED (-38)
```

Requested operation not support on supplied object(s)

Definition at line 87 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.15 OS_ERR_OUTPUT_TOO_LARGE

```
#define OS_ERR_OUTPUT_TOO_LARGE (-41)
```

Size of output exceeds limit.

Definition at line 89 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.16 OS_ERR_SEM_NOT_FULL

#define OS_ERR_SEM_NOT_FULL (-18)

Semaphore not full.

Definition at line 73 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.17 OS_ERR_STREAM_DISCONNECTED

#define OS_ERR_STREAM_DISCONNECTED (-37)

Stream disconnected.

Definition at line 86 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.18 OS_ERROR

#define OS_ERROR (-1)

Failed execution.

Definition at line 56 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.19 OS_ERROR_ADDRESS_MISALIGNED

#define OS_ERROR_ADDRESS_MISALIGNED (-3)

Address misalignment.

Definition at line 58 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.20 OS_ERROR_TIMEOUT

#define OS_ERROR_TIMEOUT (-4)

Error timeout.

Definition at line 59 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.21 OS_FS_ERR_DEVICE_NOT_FREE

#define OS_FS_ERR_DEVICE_NOT_FREE (-107)

FS device not free.

Definition at line 102 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.22 OS_FS_ERR_DRIVE_NOT_CREATED

#define OS_FS_ERR_DRIVE_NOT_CREATED (-106)

FS drive not created.

Definition at line 101 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.23 OS_FS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG

#define OS_FS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG (-104)

FS name too long.

Definition at line 100 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.24 OS_FS_ERR_PATH_INVALID

#define OS_FS_ERR_PATH_INVALID (-108)

FS path invalid.

Definition at line 103 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.25 OS_FS_ERR_PATH_TOO_LONG

#define OS_FS_ERR_PATH_TOO_LONG (-103)

FS path too long.

Definition at line 99 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.26 OS_INVALID_INT_NUM

#define OS_INVALID_INT_NUM (-5)

Invalid Interrupt number.

Definition at line 60 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.27 OS_INVALID_POINTER

#define OS_INVALID_POINTER (-2)

Invalid pointer.

Definition at line 57 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.28 OS_INVALID_SEM_VALUE

#define OS_INVALID_SEM_VALUE (-20)

Invalid semaphore value.

Definition at line 75 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.29 OS_QUEUE_EMPTY

#define OS_QUEUE_EMPTY (-8)

Queue empty.

Definition at line 63 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.30 OS_QUEUE_FULL

#define OS_QUEUE_FULL (-9)

Queue full.

Definition at line 64 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.31 OS_QUEUE_ID_ERROR

```
#define OS_QUEUE_ID_ERROR (-12)
```

Queue ID error.

Definition at line 67 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.32 OS_QUEUE_INVALID_SIZE

```
#define OS_QUEUE_INVALID_SIZE (-11)
```

Queue invalid size.

Definition at line 66 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.33 OS_QUEUE_TIMEOUT

```
#define OS_QUEUE_TIMEOUT (-10)
```

Queue timeout.

Definition at line 65 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.34 OS_SEM_FAILURE

```
#define OS_SEM_FAILURE (-6)
```

Semaphore failure.

Definition at line 61 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.35 OS_SEM_TIMEOUT

```
#define OS_SEM_TIMEOUT (-7)
```

Semaphore timeout.

Definition at line 62 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.36 OS_SUCCESS

#define OS_SUCCESS (0)

Successful execution.

Definition at line 55 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.37 OS_TIMER_ERR_INTERNAL

#define OS_TIMER_ERR_INTERNAL (-32)

Timer internal error.

Definition at line 81 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.38 OS_TIMER_ERR_INVALID_ARGS

#define OS_TIMER_ERR_INVALID_ARGS (-29)

Timer invalid arguments.

Definition at line 78 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.39 OS_TIMER_ERR_TIMER_ID

#define OS_TIMER_ERR_TIMER_ID (-30)

Timer ID error.

Definition at line 79 of file osapi-error.h.

10.8.2.40 OS_TIMER_ERR_UNAVAILABLE

#define OS_TIMER_ERR_UNAVAILABLE (-31)

Timer unavailable.

Definition at line 80 of file osapi-error.h.

10.9 OSAL Error Info APIs

Functions

• int32 OS_GetErrorName (int32 error_num, os_err_name_t *err_name)

Convert an error number to a string.

- 10.9.1 Detailed Description
- 10.9.2 Function Documentation

10.9.2.1 OS_GetErrorName()

Convert an error number to a string.

Parameters

in	error_num	Error number to convert
out	err_name	Buffer to store error string

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.10 OSAL File Access Option Defines

Macros

- #define OS_READ_ONLY 0
- #define OS_WRITE_ONLY 1
- #define OS_READ_WRITE 2

10.10.1 Detailed Description

10.10.2 Macro Definition Documentation

10.10.2.1 OS_READ_ONLY

#define OS_READ_ONLY 0

Read only file access

Definition at line 37 of file osapi-file.h.

10.10.2.2 OS_READ_WRITE

#define OS_READ_WRITE 2

Read write file access

Definition at line 39 of file osapi-file.h.

10.10.2.3 OS_WRITE_ONLY

#define OS_WRITE_ONLY 1

Write only file access

Definition at line 38 of file osapi-file.h.

10.11 OSAL Reference Point For Seek Offset Defines

Macros

- #define OS_SEEK_SET 0
- #define OS_SEEK_CUR 1
- #define OS_SEEK_END 2
- 10.11.1 Detailed Description
- 10.11.2 Macro Definition Documentation

10.11.2.1 OS_SEEK_CUR

#define OS_SEEK_CUR 1

Seek offset current

Definition at line 46 of file osapi-file.h.

10.11.2.2 OS_SEEK_END

#define OS_SEEK_END 2

Seek offset end

Definition at line 47 of file osapi-file.h.

10.11.2.3 OS_SEEK_SET

#define OS_SEEK_SET 0

Seek offset set

Definition at line 45 of file osapi-file.h.

10.12 OSAL Standard File APIs

```
Functions
```

```
• int32 OS_OpenCreate (osal_id_t *filedes, const char *path, int32 flags, int32 access)
```

Open or create a file.

int32 OS_close (osal_id_t filedes)

Closes an open file handle.

• int32 OS_read (osal_id_t filedes, void *buffer, size_t nbytes)

Read from a file handle.

• int32 OS_write (osal_id_t filedes, const void *buffer, size_t nbytes)

Write to a file handle.

int32 OS TimedRead (osal id t filedes, void *buffer, size t nbytes, int32 timeout)

File/Stream input read with a timeout.

int32 OS TimedWrite (osal id t filedes, const void *buffer, size t nbytes, int32 timeout)

File/Stream output write with a timeout.

• int32 OS_chmod (const char *path, uint32 access)

Changes the permissions of a file.

int32 OS_stat (const char *path, os_fstat_t *filestats)

Obtain information about a file or directory.

• int32 OS_lseek (osal_id_t filedes, int32 offset, uint32 whence)

Seeks to the specified position of an open file.

int32 OS_remove (const char *path)

Removes a file from the file system.

• int32 OS_rename (const char *old_filename, const char *new_filename)

Renames a file.

int32 OS_cp (const char *src, const char *dest)

Copies a single file from src to dest.

int32 OS_mv (const char *src, const char *dest)

Move a single file from src to dest.

int32 OS_FDGetInfo (osal_id_t filedes, OS_file_prop_t *fd_prop)

Obtain information about an open file.

int32 OS_FileOpenCheck (const char *Filename)

Checks to see if a file is open.

int32 OS_CloseAllFiles (void)

Close all open files.

int32 OS_CloseFileByName (const char *Filename)

Close a file by filename.

10.12.1 Detailed Description

10.12.2 Function Documentation

10.12.2.1 OS_chmod()

Changes the permissions of a file.

Parameters

in	path	File to change	
in	access	Desired access mode - see OSAL File Access Option Defines	

Note

Some file systems do not implement permissions

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.12.2.2 OS_close()

Closes an open file handle.

This closes regular file handles and any other file-like resource, such as network streams or pipes.

Parameters

	<i>eu</i> ,	T
in	filedes	The handle ID to operate on

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERROR	if file descriptor could not be closed
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the file descriptor passed in is invalid

10.12.2.3 OS_CloseAllFiles()

Close all open files.

Closes All open files that were opened through the OSAL

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.	
OS_ERROR	if one or more file close returned an error	

10.12.2.4 OS_CloseFileByName()

Close a file by filename.

Allows a file to be closed by name. This will only work if the name passed in is the same name used to open the file.

Parameters

in <i>Filename</i>	The file to close
--------------------	-------------------

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_INVALID	if the file is not found
OS_ERROR	if the file close returned an error

10.12.2.5 OS_cp()

Copies a single file from src to dest.

Note

The behvior of this API on an open file is not defined at the OSAL level due to dependencies on the underlying OS which may or may not allow the related operation based on a varienty of potential configurations. For portability, it is recommended that applications ensure the file is closed prior to removal.

Parameters

in	src	The source file to operate on
in	dest	The destination file

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERROR	if the file could not be accessed
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if src or dest are NULL
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_INVALID	if path cannot be parsed
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_TOO_LONG	if the paths given are too long to be stored locally
OS_FS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	if the dest name is too long to be stored locally

10.12.2.6 OS_FDGetInfo()

Obtain information about an open file.

Copies the information of the given file descriptor into a structure passed in

Parameters

in	filedes	The handle ID to operate on
out	fd_prop	Storage buffer for file information

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the file descriptor passed in is invalid

10.12.2.7 OS_FileOpenCheck()

Checks to see if a file is open.

This function takes a filename and determines if the file is open. The function will return success if the file is open.

Parameters

name The file to operate on	in <i>Filename</i>
-----------------------------	--------------------

Returns

OS_SUCCESS if the file is open, or appropriate error code

Return values

```
OS_ERROR if the file is not open
```

10.12.2.8 OS_lseek()

Seeks to the specified position of an open file.

Sets the read/write pointer to a specific offset in a specific file.

Parameters

	in	filedes	The handle ID to operate on	
	in	offset	The file offset to seek to	
Г	in	whence	The reference point for offset, see OSAL Reference Point For Seek Offset Defines	

Returns

Byte offset from the beginning of the file or appropriate error code, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the file descriptor passed in is invalid
OS_ERROR	if OS call failed

10.12.2.9 OS_mv()

Move a single file from src to dest.

This first attempts to rename the file, which is faster if the source and destination reside on the same file system.

If this fails, it falls back to copying the file and removing the original.

Note

The behvior of this API on an open file is not defined at the OSAL level due to dependencies on the underlying OS which may or may not allow the related operation based on a varienty of potential configurations. For portability, it is recommended that applications ensure the file is closed prior to removal.

Parameters

in	src	The source file to operate on
in	dest	The destination file

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERROR	if the file could not be renamed.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if src or dest are NULL
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_INVALID	if path cannot be parsed
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_TOO_LONG	if the paths given are too long to be stored locally
OS_FS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	if the dest name is too long to be stored locally

10.12.2.10 OS_OpenCreate()

Open or create a file.

Implements the same as OS_open/OS_creat but follows the OSAL paradigm of outputting the ID/descriptor separately from the return value, rather than relying on the user to convert it back.

Parameters

out	filedes	The handle ID (OS_OBJECT_ID_UNDEFINED on failure)
in	path	File name to create or open
in	flags	The file permissions - see OS_file_flag_t
in	access	Intended access mode - see OSAL File Access Option Defines

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERROR	if the command was not executed properly

10.12.2.11 OS_read()

Read from a file handle.

Reads up to nbytes from a file, and puts them into buffer.

Parameters

in	filedes	The handle ID to operate on
out	buffer	Storage location for file data
in	nbytes	Maximum number of bytes to read

Note

All OSAL error codes are negative int32 values. Failure of this call can be checked by testing if the result is less than 0.

Returns

A non-negative byte count or appropriate error code, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_INVALID_POINTER	if buffer is a null pointer
OS_ERROR	if OS call failed
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the file descriptor passed in is invalid

10.12.2.12 OS_remove()

Removes a file from the file system.

Removes a given filename from the drive

Note

The behvior of this API on an open file is not defined at the OSAL level due to dependencies on the underlying OS which may or may not allow the related operation based on a varienty of potential configurations. For portability, it is recommended that applications ensure the file is closed prior to removal.

Parameters

in	path	The file to operate on
----	------	------------------------

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERROR	if there is no device or the driver returns error
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if path is NULL
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_TOO_LONG	if path is too long to be stored locally
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_INVALID	if path cannot be parsed
OS_FS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	if the name of the file to remove is too long

10.12.2.13 OS_rename()

Renames a file.

Changes the name of a file, where the source and destination reside on the same file system.

Note

The behvior of this API on an open file is not defined at the OSAL level due to dependencies on the underlying OS which may or may not allow the related operation based on a varienty of potential configurations. For portability, it is recommended that applications ensure the file is closed prior to removal.

Parameters

in	old_filename	The original filename	
in	new_filename	The desired filename	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERROR	if the file could not be opened or renamed.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if old or new are NULL
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_INVALID	if path cannot be parsed
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_TOO_LONG	if the paths given are too long to be stored locally
OS_FS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	if the new name is too long to be stored locally

10.12.2.14 OS_stat()

Obtain information about a file or directory.

Returns information about a file or directory in a os_fstat_t structure

Parameters

in	path	The file to operate on
out	filestats	Buffer to store file information

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if path or filestats is NULL
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_TOO_LONG	if the path is too long to be stored locally
OS_FS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	if the name of the file is too long to be stored
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_INVALID	if path cannot be parsed
OS_ERROR	if the OS call failed

10.12.2.15 OS_TimedRead()

File/Stream input read with a timeout.

This implements a time-limited read and is primarily intended for use with sockets but may also work with any other stream-like resource that the underlying OS supports.

If data is immediately available on the file/socket, this will return that data along with the actual number of bytes that were immediately available. It will not block.

If no data is immediately available, this will wait up to the given timeout for data to appear. If no data appears within the timeout period, then this returns an error code (not zero).

In all cases this will return successfully as soon as at least 1 byte of actual data is available. It will not attempt to read the entire input buffer.

If an EOF condition occurs prior to timeout, this function returns zero.

Parameters

in	filedes	The handle ID to operate on
in	buffer	Source location for file data
in	nbytes	Maximum number of bytes to read
in	timeout	Maximum time to wait, in milliseconds (OS_PEND = forever)

Returns

Byte count on success, zero for timeout, or appropriate error code, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.12.2.16 OS_TimedWrite()

File/Stream output write with a timeout.

This implements a time-limited write and is primarily intended for use with sockets but may also work with any other stream-like resource that the underlying OS supports.

If output buffer space is immediately available on the file/socket, this will place data into the buffer and return the actual number of bytes that were queued for output. It will not block.

If no output buffer space is immediately available, this will wait up to the given timeout for space to become available. If no space becomes available within the timeout period, then this returns an error code (not zero).

In all cases this will return successfully as soon as at least 1 byte of actual data is output. It will *not* attempt to write the entire output buffer.

If an EOF condition occurs prior to timeout, this function returns zero.

Parameters

in	filedes	The handle ID to operate on
in	buffer	Source location for file data
in	nbytes	Maximum number of bytes to read
in	timeout	Maximum time to wait, in milliseconds (OS_PEND = forever)

Returns

Byte count on success, zero for timeout, or appropriate error code, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.12.2.17 OS_write()

Write to a file handle.

Writes to a file. copies up to a maximum of nbytes of buffer to the file described in filedes

Parameters

in	filedes	The handle ID to operate on
in	buffer	Source location for file data
in	nbytes	Maximum number of bytes to read

Note

All OSAL error codes are negative int32 values. Failure of this call can be checked by testing if the result is less than 0.

Returns

A non-negative byte count or appropriate error code, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_INVALID_POINTER	if buffer is NULL
OS_ERROR	if OS call failed
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the file descriptor passed in is invalid

10.13 OSAL File System Level APIs

Functions

• int32 OS_FileSysAddFixedMap (osal_id_t *filesys_id, const char *phys_path, const char *virt_path)

Create a fixed mapping between an existing directory and a virtual OSAL mount point.

 int32 OS_mkfs (char *address, const char *devname, const char *volname, size_t blocksize, osal_blockcount_t numblocks)

Makes a file system on the target.

int32 OS mount (const char *devname, const char *mountpoint)

Mounts a file system.

 int32 OS_initfs (char *address, const char *devname, const char *volname, size_t blocksize, osal_blockcount_t numblocks)

Initializes an existing file system.

int32 OS rmfs (const char *devname)

Removes a file system.

int32 OS unmount (const char *mountpoint)

Unmounts a mounted file system.

int32 OS_FileSysStatVolume (const char *name, OS_statvfs_t *statbuf)

Obtains information about size and free space in a volume.

int32 OS chkfs (const char *name, bool repair)

Checks the health of a file system and repairs it if necessary.

int32 OS_FS_GetPhysDriveName (char *PhysDriveName, const char *MountPoint)

Obtains the physical drive name associated with a mount point.

• int32 OS_TranslatePath (const char *VirtualPath, char *LocalPath)

Translates a OSAL Virtual file system path to a host Local path.

int32 OS_GetFsInfo (os_fsinfo_t *filesys_info)

Returns information about the file system.

10.13.1 Detailed Description

10.13.2 Function Documentation

10.13.2.1 OS_chkfs()

Checks the health of a file system and repairs it if necessary.

Checks the drives for inconsistencies and optionally also repairs it

Note

not all operating systems implement this function

Parameters

in	name	The device/path to operate on
in	repair	Whether to also repair inconsistencies

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	Name is NULL
OS_ERR_NOT_IMPLEMENTED	Not implemented.
OS_ERROR	Failed execution.

10.13.2.2 OS_FileSysAddFixedMap()

Create a fixed mapping between an existing directory and a virtual OSAL mount point.

This mimics the behavior of a "FS_BASED" entry in the VolumeTable but is registered at runtime. It is intended to be called by the PSP/BSP prior to starting the application.

Note

OSAL virtual mount points are required to be a single, non-empty top-level directory name. Virtual path names always follow the form /<virt_mount_point>/<relative_path>/<file>. Only the relative path may be omitted/empty (i.e. /<virt_mount_point>/<file>) but the virtual mount point must be present and not an empty string. In particular this means it is not possible to directly refer to files in the "root" of the native file system from OSAL. However it is possible to create a virtual map to the root, such as by calling:

```
OS_FileSysAddFixedMap(&fs_id, "/", "/root");
```

Parameters

out	filesys_id	A non-zero OSAL ID reflecting the file system
in	phys_path	The native system directory (an existing mount point)
in virt_path The virtual mount point of this filesystem		

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.13.2.3 OS_FileSysStatVolume()

Obtains information about size and free space in a volume.

Populates the supplied OS_statvfs_t structure, which includes the block size and total/free blocks in a file system volume.

This replaces two older OSAL calls:

OS_fsBlocksFree() is determined by reading the blocks_free output struct member OS_fsBytesFree() is determined by multiplying blocks_free by the block_size member

Parameters

in	name	The device/path to operate on
out	statbuf	Output structure to populate

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if name or statbuf is NULL
OS_ERROR	if the OS call failed

10.13.2.4 OS_FS_GetPhysDriveName()

Obtains the physical drive name associated with a mount point.

Returns the name of the physical volume associated with the drive, when given the OSAL mount point of the drive

Parameters

out	PhysDriveName	Buffer to store physical drive name
in	MountPoint	OSAL mount point

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if either parameter is NULL
OS_ERROR	if the mountpoint could not be found

10.13.2.5 OS_GetFsInfo()

Returns information about the file system.

Returns information about the file system in an os_fsinfo_t. This includes the number of open files and file systems

Parameters

out	filesys_info	Buffer to store filesystem information
-----	--------------	--

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if filesys_info is NULL

10.13.2.6 OS_initfs()

```
const char * devname,
const char * volname,
size_t blocksize,
osal_blockcount_t numblocks )
```

Initializes an existing file system.

Initializes a file system on the target.

Note

The "volname" parameter of RAM disks should always begin with the string "RAM", e.g. "RAMDISK" or "RA⊷ M0","RAM1", etc if multiple devices are created. The underlying implementation uses this to select the correct filesystem type/format, and this may also be used to differentiate between RAM disks and real physical disks.

Parameters

in	address	The address at which to start the new disk. If address == 0, then space will be allocated by the OS
in	devname	The underlying kernel device to use, if applicable.
in	volname	The name of the volume (see note)
in	blocksize	The size of a single block on the drive
in	numblocks	The number of blocks to allocate for the drive

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if devname or volname are NULL
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_TOO_LONG	if the name is too long
OS_FS_ERR_DEVICE_NOT_FREE	if the volume table is full
OS_FS_ERR_DRIVE_NOT_CREATED	on error

10.13.2.7 OS_mkfs()

Makes a file system on the target.

Makes a file system on the target. Highly dependent on underlying OS and dependent on OS volume table definition.

Note

The "volname" parameter of RAM disks should always begin with the string "RAM", e.g. "RAMDISK" or "RA ← M0", "RAM1", etc if multiple devices are created. The underlying implementation uses this to select the correct filesystem type/format, and this may also be used to differentiate between RAM disks and real physical disks.

Parameters

in	address	The address at which to start the new disk. If address == 0 space will be allocated by the OS.
in	devname	The underlying kernel device to use, if applicable.
in	volname	The name of the volume (see note)
in	blocksize	The size of a single block on the drive
in	numblocks	The number of blocks to allocate for the drive

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_INVALID_POINTER	if devname is NULL
OS_FS_ERR_DRIVE_NOT_CREATED	if the OS calls to create the the drive failed
OS_FS_ERR_DEVICE_NOT_FREE	if the volume table is full
OS_SUCCESS	on creating the disk

10.13.2.8 OS_mount()

Mounts a file system.

Mounts a file system / block device at the given mount point.

Parameters

i	.n	devname	The name of the drive to mount. devname is the same from OS_mkfs
i	.n	n mountpoint The name to call this disk from now on	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.13.2.9 OS_rmfs()

Removes a file system.

This function will remove or un-map the target file system. Note that this is not the same as un-mounting the file system.

Parameters

in devname The name of the "gene

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if devname is NULL
OS_ERROR	is the drive specified cannot be located

10.13.2.10 OS_TranslatePath()

Translates a OSAL Virtual file system path to a host Local path.

Translates a virtual path to an actual system path name

Parameters

in	VirtualPath	OSAL virtual path name
out	LocalPath	Buffer to store native/translated path name

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if either parameter is NULL

10.13.2.11 OS_unmount()

Unmounts a mounted file system.

This function will unmount a drive from the file system and make all open file descriptors useless.

Note

Any open file descriptors referencing this file system should be closed prior to unmounting a drive

Parameters

in	mountpoint	The mount point to remove from OS_mount
----	------------	---

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if name is NULL
OS_FS_ERR_PATH_TOO_LONG	if the absolute path given is too long
OS_ERROR	if the OS calls failed

10.14 OSAL Heap APIs

Functions

• int32 OS_HeapGetInfo (OS_heap_prop_t *heap_prop)

Return current info on the heap.

- 10.14.1 Detailed Description
- 10.14.2 Function Documentation

10.14.2.1 OS_HeapGetInfo()

Return current info on the heap.

Parameters

out	heap_prop	Storage buffer for heap info
-----	-----------	------------------------------

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.15 OSAL Object Type Defines

Macros

• #define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_UNDEFINED 0x00

Object type undefined.

• #define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_TASK 0x01

Object task type.

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_QUEUE 0x02
 Object queue type.

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_COUNTSEM 0x03
 Object counting semaphore type.

• #define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_BINSEM 0x04

Object binary semaphore type.

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_MUTEX 0x05
 Object mutex type.

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_STREAM 0x06
 Object stream type.

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_DIR 0x07

Object directory type.

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_TIMEBASE 0x08
 Object timebase type.

• #define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_TIMECB 0x09

Object timer callback type.

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_MODULE 0x0A
 Object module type.

• #define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_FILESYS 0x0B Object file system type.

• #define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_CONSOLE 0x0C

Object console type.

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_USER 0x10
 Object user type.

10.15.1 Detailed Description

10.15.2 Macro Definition Documentation

10.15.2.1 OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_BINSEM

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_BINSEM 0x04

Object binary semaphore type.

Definition at line 44 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.15.2.2 OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_CONSOLE

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_CONSOLE 0x0C

Object console type.

Definition at line 52 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.15.2.3 OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_COUNTSEM

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_COUNTSEM 0x03

Object counting semaphore type.

Definition at line 43 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.15.2.4 OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_DIR

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_DIR 0x07

Object directory type.

Definition at line 47 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.15.2.5 OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_FILESYS

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_FILESYS 0x0B

Object file system type.

Definition at line 51 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.15.2.6 OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_MODULE

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_MODULE 0x0A

Object module type.

Definition at line 50 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.15.2.7 OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_MUTEX

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_MUTEX 0x05

Object mutex type.

Definition at line 45 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.15.2.8 OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_QUEUE

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_QUEUE 0x02

Object queue type.

Definition at line 42 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.15.2.9 OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_STREAM

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_STREAM 0x06

Object stream type.

Definition at line 46 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.15.2.10 OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_TASK

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_TASK 0x01

Object task type.

Definition at line 41 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.15.2.11 OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_TIMEBASE

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_TIMEBASE 0x08

Object timebase type.

Definition at line 48 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.15.2.12 OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_TIMECB

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_TIMECB 0x09

Object timer callback type.

Definition at line 49 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.15.2.13 OS_OBJECT_TYPE_UNDEFINED

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_UNDEFINED 0x00

Object type undefined.

Definition at line 40 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.15.2.14 OS_OBJECT_TYPE_USER

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_USER 0x10

Object user type.

Definition at line 53 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.16 OSAL Object ID Utility APIs

Functions

static unsigned long OS ObjectIdToInteger (osal id t object id)

Obtain an integer value corresponding to an object ID.

static osal id t OS ObjectIdFromInteger (unsigned long value)

Obtain an osal ID corresponding to an integer value.

static bool OS ObjectIdEqual (osal id t object id1, osal id t object id2)

Check two OSAL object ID values for equality.

static bool OS ObjectIdDefined (osal id t object id)

Check if an object ID is defined.

• int32 OS_GetResourceName (osal_id_t object_id, char *buffer, size_t buffer_size)

Obtain the name of an object given an arbitrary object ID.

osal_objtype_t OS_IdentifyObject (osal_id_t object_id)

Obtain the type of an object given an arbitrary object ID.

int32 OS_ConvertToArrayIndex (osal_id_t object_id, osal_index_t *ArrayIndex)

Converts an abstract ID into a number suitable for use as an array index.

int32 OS_ObjectIdToArrayIndex (osal_objtype_t idtype, osal_id_t object_id, osal_index_t *ArrayIndex)

Converts an abstract ID into a number suitable for use as an array index.

void OS_ForEachObject (osal_id_t creator_id, OS_ArgCallback_t callback_ptr, void *callback_arg)

call the supplied callback function for all valid object IDs

 void OS_ForEachObjectOfType (osal_objtype_t objtype, osal_id_t creator_id, OS_ArgCallback_t callback_ptr, void *callback_arg)

call the supplied callback function for valid object IDs of a specific type

10.16.1 Detailed Description

10.16.2 Function Documentation

10.16.2.1 OS_ConvertToArrayIndex()

Converts an abstract ID into a number suitable for use as an array index.

This will return a unique zero-based integer number in the range of [0,MAX) for any valid object ID. This may be used by application code as an array index for indexing into local tables.

Note

This does NOT verify the validity of the ID, that is left to the caller. This is only the conversion logic.

This routine accepts any object type, and returns a value based on the maximum number of objects for that type. This is equivalent to invoking OS_ObjectIdToArrayIndex() with the idtype set to OS_OBJECT_TYPE_UNDEFINED.

See also

OS_ObjectIdToArrayIndex

Parameters

in	object_id	The object ID to operate on
out	*ArrayIndex	The Index to return

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INCORRECT_OBJ_TYPE	Incorrect object type.

Referenced by OS_ObjectIdDefined().

10.16.2.2 OS_ForEachObject()

call the supplied callback function for all valid object IDs

Loops through all defined OSAL objects of all types and calls callback_ptr on each one If creator_id is nonzero then only objects with matching creator id are processed.

Parameters

i	.n	creator_id	Filter objects to those created by a specific task This may be passed as OS_OBJECT_CREATOR_ANY to return all objects	
i	.n	callback_ptr	Function to invoke for each matching object ID	
i	.n	callback_arg	Opaque Argument to pass to callback function	

Referenced by OS_ObjectIdDefined().

10.16.2.3 OS_ForEachObjectOfType()

```
OS_ArgCallback_t callback_ptr,
void * callback_arg )
```

call the supplied callback function for valid object IDs of a specific type

Loops through all defined OSAL objects of a specific type and calls callback_ptr on each one If creator_id is nonzero then only objects with matching creator id are processed.

Parameters

in	objtype	The type of objects to iterate
in	creator_id	Filter objects to those created by a specific task This may be passed as
		OS_OBJECT_CREATOR_ANY to return all objects
in	callback_ptr	Function to invoke for each matching object ID
in	callback_arg	Opaque Argument to pass to callback function

Referenced by OS_ObjectIdDefined().

10.16.2.4 OS_GetResourceName()

Obtain the name of an object given an arbitrary object ID.

All OSAL resources generally have a name associated with them. This allows application code to retrieve the name of any valid OSAL object ID.

Parameters

in	object_id	The object ID to operate on
out	buffer	Buffer in which to store the name
in buffer_size		Size of the output storage buffer

Returns

OS_SUCCESS if successful OS_ERR_INVALID_ID if the passed-in ID is not a valid OSAL ID OS_INVALID
_POINTER if the passed-in buffer is invalid OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG if the name will not fit in the buffer provided

Referenced by OS_ObjectIdDefined().

10.16.2.5 OS_IdentifyObject()

Obtain the type of an object given an arbitrary object ID.

Given an arbitrary object ID, get the type of the object

Parameters

in	object⊷	The object ID to operate on
	_id	

Returns

The object type portion of the object_id, see OSAL Object Type Defines for expected values

Referenced by OS_ObjectIdDefined().

10.16.2.6 OS_ObjectIdDefined()

Check if an object ID is defined.

The OSAL ID values should be treated as abstract values by applications, and not directly manipulated using standard C operators.

This returns false if the ID is NOT a defined resource (i.e. free/empty/invalid).

Note

OS_ObjectIdDefined(OS_OBJECT_ID_UNDEFINED) is always guaranteed to be false.

Parameters

in	object⊷	The first object ID
	_id	

Definition at line 141 of file osapi-idmap.h.

 $References\ OS_ConvertToArrayIndex(),\ OS_ForEachObject(),\ OS_ForEachObjectOfType(),\ OS_GetResourceName(),\ OS_IdentifyObject(),\ and\ OS_ObjectIdToArrayIndex().$

10.16.2.7 OS_ObjectIdEqual()

Check two OSAL object ID values for equality.

The OSAL ID values should be treated as abstract values by applications, and not directly manipulated using standard C operators.

This checks two values for equality, replacing the "==" operator.

Parameters

in	object_id1	The first object ID
in	object_id2	The second object ID

Returns

true if the object IDs are equal

Definition at line 120 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.16.2.8 OS_ObjectIdFromInteger()

```
static osal_id_t OS_ObjectIdFromInteger (
          unsigned long value ) [inline], [static]
```

Obtain an osal ID corresponding to an integer value.

Provides the inverse of OS ObjectIdToInteger(). Reconstitutes the original osal id type from an integer representation.

Parameters

	in	value	The integer representation of an OSAL ID	
--	----	-------	--	--

Returns

The ID value converted to an osal_id_t

Definition at line 99 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.16.2.9 OS_ObjectIdToArrayIndex()

Converts an abstract ID into a number suitable for use as an array index.

This will return a unique zero-based integer number in the range of [0,MAX) for any valid object ID. This may be used by application code as an array index for indexing into local tables.

This routine operates on a specific object type, and returns a value based on the maximum number of objects for that type.

If the idtype is passed as OS_OBJECT_TYPE_UNDEFINED, then object type verification is skipped and any object ID will be accepted and converted to an index. In this mode, the range of the output depends on the actual passed-in object type.

If the idtype is passed as any other value, the passed-in ID value is first confirmed to be the correct type. This check will guarantee that the output is within an expected range; for instance, if the type is passed as OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS ← _TASK, then the output index is guaranteed to be between 0 and OS_MAX_TASKS-1 after successful conversion.

Parameters

in	idtype	The object type to convert
in	object_id	The object ID to operate on
out	*ArrayIndex	The Index to return

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INCORRECT_OBJ_TYPE	Incorrect object type.

Referenced by OS_ObjectIdDefined().

10.16.2.10 OS_ObjectIdToInteger()

Obtain an integer value corresponding to an object ID.

Obtains an integer representation of an object id, generally for the purpose of printing to the console or system logs.

The returned value is of the type "unsigned long" for direct use with printf-style functions. It is recommended to use the "%lx" conversion specifier as the hexidecimal encoding clearly delineates the internal fields.

Note

This provides the raw integer value and is *not* suitable for use as an array index, as the result is not zero-based. See the OS_ConvertToArrayIndex() to obtain a zero-based index value.

Parameters

Ī	in	object⊷	The object ID
		_id	

Returns

integer value representation of object ID

Definition at line 81 of file osapi-idmap.h.

10.17 OSAL Dynamic Loader and Symbol APIs

Functions

- int32 OS_SymbolLookup (cpuaddr *symbol_address, const char *symbol_name)
 Find the Address of a Symbol.
- int32 OS_ModuleSymbolLookup (osal_id_t module_id, cpuaddr *symbol_address, const char *symbol_name) Find the Address of a Symbol within a module.
- int32 OS_SymbolTableDump (const char *filename, size_t size_limit)

Dumps the system symbol table to a file.

- int32 OS_ModuleLoad (osal_id_t *module_id, const char *module_name, const char *filename, uint32 flags)

 Loads an object file.
- int32 OS_ModuleUnload (osal_id_t module_id)

Unloads the module file.

• int32 OS_ModuleInfo (osal_id_t module_id, OS_module_prop_t *module_info)

Obtain information about a module.

10.17.1 Detailed Description

10.17.2 Function Documentation

10.17.2.1 OS_ModuleInfo()

Obtain information about a module.

Returns information about the loadable module

Parameters

in	module_id	OSAL ID of the previously the loaded module
out	module_info	Buffer to store module information

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the module id invalid
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if the pointer to the ModuleInfo structure is invalid

10.17.2.2 OS_ModuleLoad()

Loads an object file.

Loads an object file into the running operating system

The "flags" parameter may influence how the loaded module symbols are made available for use in the application. See OS MODULE FLAG LOCAL SYMBOLS and OS MODULE FLAG GLOBAL SYMBOLS for descriptions.

Parameters

out	module_id	Non-zero OSAL ID corresponding to the loaded module
in	module_name	Name of module
in	filename	File containing the object code to load
in	flags	Options for the loaded module

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERROR	if the module cannot be loaded
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if one of the parameters is NULL
OS_ERR_NO_FREE_IDS	if the module table is full
OS_ERR_NAME_TAKEN	if the name is in use

10.17.2.3 OS_ModuleSymbolLookup()

Find the Address of a Symbol within a module.

This is similar to OS_SymbolLookup() but for a specific module ID. This should be used to look up a symbol in a module that has been loaded with the OS_MODULE_FLAG_LOCAL_SYMBOLS flag.

Parameters

in	module_id	Module ID that should contain the symbol
out	symbol_address	Set to the address of the symbol
in	symbol_name	Name of the symbol to look up

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERROR	if the symbol could not be found
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if one of the pointers passed in are NULL

10.17.2.4 OS_ModuleUnload()

Unloads the module file.

Unloads the module file from the running operating system

Parameters

in	module↔	OSAL ID of the previously the loaded module
	_id	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCE	OS_SUCCESS Successful execution.	
OS_ERRO	OR	if the module is invalid or cannot be unloaded

10.17.2.5 OS_SymbolLookup()

```
int32 OS_SymbolLookup (
```

```
cpuaddr * symbol_address,
const char * symbol_name )
```

Find the Address of a Symbol.

This calls to the OS dynamic symbol lookup implementation, and/or checks a static symbol table for a matching symbol name.

The static table is intended to support embedded targets that do not have module loading capability or have it disabled.

Parameters

out	symbol_address	Set to the address of the symbol
in	symbol_name	Name of the symbol to look up

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERROR	if the symbol could not be found
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if one of the pointers passed in are NULL

10.17.2.6 OS_SymbolTableDump()

Dumps the system symbol table to a file.

Dumps the system symbol table to the specified filename

Parameters

in	filename	File to write to
in	size_limit	Maximum number of bytes to write

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_NOT_IMPLEMENTED	Not implemented.
OS_ERROR	if the symbol table could not be read or dumped

10.18 OSAL Mutex APIs

Functions

• int32 OS_MutSemCreate (osal_id_t *sem_id, const char *sem_name, uint32 options)

Creates a mutex semaphore.

int32 OS_MutSemGive (osal_id_t sem_id)

Releases the mutex object referenced by sem_id.

int32 OS_MutSemTake (osal_id_t sem_id)

Acquire the mutex object referenced by sem_id.

int32 OS_MutSemDelete (osal_id_t sem_id)

Deletes the specified Mutex Semaphore.

• int32 OS_MutSemGetIdByName (osal_id_t *sem_id, const char *sem_name)

Find an existing mutex ID by name.

• int32 OS_MutSemGetInfo (osal_id_t sem_id, OS_mut_sem_prop_t *mut_prop)

Fill a property object buffer with details regarding the resource.

10.18.1 Detailed Description

10.18.2 Function Documentation

10.18.2.1 OS_MutSemCreate()

Creates a mutex semaphore.

Mutex semaphores are always created in the unlocked (full) state.

Parameters

out sem_id will be set to the non-zero ID of the new		will be set to the non-zero ID of the newly-created resource
in	sem_name	the name of the new resource to create
in <i>options</i>		reserved for future use. Should be passed as 0.

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.18 OSAL Mutex APIs 95

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	SS Successful execution.	
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if sem_id or sem_name are NULL	
OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME	
OS_ERR_NO_FREE_IDS	if there are no more free mutex lds	
OS_ERR_NAME_TAKEN	if there is already a mutex with the same name	
OS_SEM_FAILURE	if the OS call failed	

10.18.2.2 OS_MutSemDelete()

Deletes the specified Mutex Semaphore.

Delete the semaphore. This also frees the respective sem_id such that it can be used again when another is created.

Parameters

in	sem←	The object ID to delete
	_id	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the id passed in is not a valid mutex
OS_SEM_FAILURE	if the OS call failed

10.18.2.3 OS_MutSemGetIdByName()

Find an existing mutex ID by name.

This function tries to find a mutex sem Id given the name of a mut_sem. The id is returned through sem_id

Parameters

out	sem_id	will be set to the ID of the existing resource
in	sem_name	the name of the existing resource to find

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	is semid or sem_name are NULL pointers
OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME
OS_ERR_NAME_NOT_FOUND	if the name was not found in the table

10.18.2.4 OS_MutSemGetInfo()

Fill a property object buffer with details regarding the resource.

This function will pass back a pointer to structure that contains all of the relevant info(name and creator) about the specified mutex semaphore.

Parameters

in	sem_id	The object ID to operate on
out	mut_prop	The property object buffer to fill

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the id passed in is not a valid semaphore
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if the mut_prop pointer is null

10.18 OSAL Mutex APIs 97

10.18.2.5 OS_MutSemGive()

Releases the mutex object referenced by sem_id.

If there are threads blocked on the mutex object referenced by mutex when this function is called, resulting in the mutex becoming available, the scheduling policy shall determine which thread shall acquire the mutex.

Parameters

in	sem⊷	The object ID to operate on
	_id	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the id passed in is not a valid mutex
OS_SEM_FAILURE	if an unspecified error occurs

10.18.2.6 OS_MutSemTake()

Acquire the mutex object referenced by sem_id.

If the mutex is already locked, the calling thread shall block until the mutex becomes available. This operation shall return with the mutex object referenced by mutex in the locked state with the calling thread as its owner.

Parameters

in	sem⊷	The object ID to operate on
	_id	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.	
OS_SEM_FAILURE	if the semaphore was not previously initialized or is not in the array of semaphores	
	defined by the system	
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	the id passed in is not a valid mutex	

10.19 Network ID APIs 99

10.19 Network ID APIs

Functions

• int32 OS NetworkGetID (void)

Gets the network ID of the local machine.

• int32 OS_NetworkGetHostName (char *host_name, size_t name_len)

Gets the local machine network host name.

10.19.1 Detailed Description

Provides some basic methods to query a network host name and ID

10.19.2 Function Documentation

10.19.2.1 OS_NetworkGetHostName()

Gets the local machine network host name.

If configured in the underlying network stack, this function retrieves the local hostname of the system.

Parameters

out	host_name	Buffer to hold name information
in	name_len	Maximum length of host name buffer

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.19.2.2 OS_NetworkGetID()

Gets the network ID of the local machine.

The ID is an implementation-defined value and may not be consistent in meaning across different platform types.

Note

This API may be removed in a future version of OSAL due to inconsistencies between platforms.

Returns

The ID or fixed value of -1 if the host id could not be found. Note it is not possible to differentiate between error codes and valid network IDs here. It is assumed, however, that -1 is never a valid ID.

10.20 OSAL Printf APIs 101

10.20 OSAL Printf APIs

Functions

```
    void OS_printf (const char *string,...) OS_PRINTF(1
        Abstraction for the system printf() call.
```

void void OS_printf_disable (void)

This function disables the output from OS_printf.

void OS printf enable (void)

This function enables the output from OS_printf.

10.20.1 Detailed Description

10.20.2 Function Documentation

10.20.2.1 OS_printf()

Abstraction for the system printf() call.

This function abstracts out the printf type statements. This is useful for using OS- specific thats that will allow non-polled print statements for the real time systems.

Operates in a manner similar to the printf() call defined by the standard C library and takes all the parameters and formatting options of printf. This abstraction may implement additional buffering, if necessary, to improve the real-time performance of the call.

Strings (including terminator) longer than OS_BUFFER_SIZE will be truncated.

The output of this routine also may be dynamically enabled or disabled by the OS_printf_enable() and OS_printf_edisable() calls, respectively.

Parameters

```
in string Format string, followed by additional arguments
```

10.20.2.2 OS_printf_disable()

This function disables the output from OS_printf.

```
10.20.2.3 OS_printf_enable()
void OS_printf_enable (
```

This function enables the output from OS_printf.

void)

10.21 OSAL Message Queue APIs

Functions

int32 OS_QueueCreate (osal_id_t *queue_id, const char *queue_name, osal_blockcount_t queue_depth, size
 —t data_size, uint32 flags)

Create a message queue.

int32 OS QueueDelete (osal id t queue id)

Deletes the specified message queue.

• int32 OS_QueueGet (osal_id_t queue_id, void *data, size_t size, size_t *size_copied, int32 timeout)

Receive a message on a message queue.

• int32 OS_QueuePut (osal_id_t queue_id, const void *data, size_t size, uint32 flags)

Put a message on a message queue.

• int32 OS_QueueGetIdByName (osal_id_t *queue_id, const char *queue_name)

Find an existing queue ID by name.

• int32 OS_QueueGetInfo (osal_id_t queue_id, OS_queue_prop_t *queue_prop)

Fill a property object buffer with details regarding the resource.

10.21.1 Detailed Description

10.21.2 Function Documentation

10.21.2.1 OS_QueueCreate()

Create a message queue.

This is the function used to create a queue in the operating system. Depending on the underlying operating system, the memory for the queue will be allocated automatically or allocated by the code that sets up the queue. Queue names must be unique; if the name already exists this function fails. Names cannot be NULL.

Parameters

out	queue_id	will be set to the non-zero ID of the newly-created resource
in	queue_name	the name of the new resource to create
in	queue_depth	the maximum depth of the queue
in	data_size	the size of each entry in the queue
in	flags	options for the queue (reserved for future use, pass as 0)

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if a pointer passed in is NULL
OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME
OS_ERR_NO_FREE_IDS	if there are already the max queues created
OS_ERR_NAME_TAKEN	if the name is already being used on another queue
OS_QUEUE_INVALID_SIZE	if the queue depth exceeds the limit
OS_ERROR	if the OS create call fails

10.21.2.2 OS_QueueDelete()

Deletes the specified message queue.

This is the function used to delete a queue in the operating system. This also frees the respective queue_id to be used again when another queue is created.

Note

If There are messages on the queue, they will be lost and any subsequent calls to QueueGet or QueuePut to this queue will result in errors

Parameters

in	queue⊷	The object ID to delete
	_id	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the id passed in does not exist
OS_ERROR	if the OS call to delete the queue fails

10.21.2.3 OS_QueueGet()

Receive a message on a message queue.

If a message is pending, it is returned immediately. Otherwise the calling task will block until a message arrives or the timeout expires.

Parameters

in	queue_id	The object ID to operate on
out	data	The buffer to store the received message
in	size	The size of the data buffer
out	size_copied	Set to the actual size of the message
in	timeout	The maximum amount of time to block, or OS_PEND to wait forever

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the given ID does not exist
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if a pointer passed in is NULL
OS_QUEUE_EMPTY	if the Queue has no messages on it to be recieved
OS_QUEUE_TIMEOUT	if the timeout was OS_PEND and the time expired
OS_QUEUE_INVALID_SIZE	if the size copied from the queue was not correct

10.21.2.4 OS_QueueGetIdByName()

Find an existing queue ID by name.

This function tries to find a queue Id given the name of the queue. The id of the queue is passed back in queue_id.

Parameters

out	queue_id	will be set to the ID of the existing resource
in	queue_name	the name of the existing resource to find

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if the name or id pointers are NULL
OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME
OS_ERR_NAME_NOT_FOUND	the name was not found in the table

10.21.2.5 OS_QueueGetInfo()

Fill a property object buffer with details regarding the resource.

This function will pass back a pointer to structure that contains all of the relevant info (name and creator) about the specified queue.

Parameters

in	queue_id	The object ID to operate on
out	queue_prop	The property object buffer to fill

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if queue_prop is NULL
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the ID given is not a valid queue

10.21.2.6 OS_QueuePut()

Put a message on a message queue.

Parameters

in	queue⊷	The object ID to operate on
	_id	
in	data	The buffer containing the message to put
in	size	The size of the data buffer
in	flags	Currently reserved/unused, should be passed as 0

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the queue id passed in is not a valid queue
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if the data pointer is NULL
OS_QUEUE_FULL	if the queue cannot accept another message
OS_ERROR	if the OS call returns an error

10.22 OSAL Select APIs

Functions

int32 OS_SelectMultiple (OS_FdSet *ReadSet, OS_FdSet *WriteSet, int32 msecs)

Wait for events across multiple file handles.

int32 OS_SelectSingle (osal_id_t objid, uint32 *StateFlags, int32 msecs)

Wait for events on a single file handle.

int32 OS_SelectFdZero (OS_FdSet *Set)

Clear a FdSet structure.

• int32 OS_SelectFdAdd (OS_FdSet *Set, osal_id_t objid)

Add an ID to an FdSet structure.

int32 OS_SelectFdClear (OS_FdSet *Set, osal_id_t objid)

Clear an ID from an FdSet structure.

bool OS_SelectFdlsSet (OS_FdSet *Set, osal_id_t objid)

Check if an FdSet structure contains a given ID.

10.22.1 Detailed Description

10.22.2 Function Documentation

10.22.2.1 OS_SelectFdAdd()

Add an ID to an FdSet structure.

After this call the set will contain the given OSAL ID

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.22.2.2 OS_SelectFdClear()

Clear an ID from an FdSet structure.

After this call the set will no longer contain the given OSAL ID

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.22 OSAL Select APIs 109

10.22.2.3 OS_SelectFdIsSet()

Check if an FdSet structure contains a given ID.

Returns

Boolean set status

Return values

true	FdSet structure contains ID
false	FDSet structure does not contain ID

10.22.2.4 OS_SelectFdZero()

Clear a FdSet structure.

After this call the set will contain no OSAL IDs

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.22.2.5 OS_SelectMultiple()

Wait for events across multiple file handles.

Wait for any of the given sets of IDs to be become readable or writable

This function will block until any of the following occurs:

- · At least one OSAL ID in the ReadSet is readable
- · At least one OSAL ID in the WriteSet is writable
- · The timeout has elapsed

The sets are input/output parameters. On entry, these indicate the file handle(s) to wait for. On exit, these are set to the actual file handle(s) that have activity.

If the timeout occurs this returns an error code and all output sets should be empty.

Note

This does not lock or otherwise protect the file handles in the given sets. If a filehandle supplied via one of the FdSet arguments is closed or modified by another while this function is in progress, the results are undefined. Because of this limitation, it is recommended to use OS_SelectSingle() whenever possible.

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.22.2.6 OS_SelectSingle()

Wait for events on a single file handle.

Wait for a single OSAL filehandle to change state

This function can be used to wait for a single OSAL stream ID to become readable or writable. On entry, the "StateFlags" parameter should be set to the desired state (OS_STREAM_STATE_READABLE and/or OS_STREAM_STATE_WR UTABLE) and upon return the flags will be set to the state actually detected.

As this operates on a single ID, the filehandle is protected during this call, such that another thread accessing the same handle will return an error. However, it is important to note that once the call returns then other threads may then also read/write and affect the state before the current thread can service it.

To mitigate this risk the application may prefer to use the OS_TimedRead/OS_TimedWrite calls.

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.23 OSAL Shell APIs 111

10.23 OSAL Shell APIs

Functions

• int32 OS_ShellOutputToFile (const char *Cmd, osal_id_t filedes)

Executes the command and sends output to a file.

10.23.1 Detailed Description

10.23.2 Function Documentation

10.23.2.1 OS_ShellOutputToFile()

Executes the command and sends output to a file.

Takes a shell command in and writes the output of that command to the specified file The output file must be opened previously with write access (OS_WRITE_ONLY or OS_READ_WRITE).

Parameters

in	Cmd	Command to pass to shell
in	filedes	File to send output to.

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERROR	if the command was not executed properly
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the file descriptor passed in is invalid

10.24 OSAL Socket Address APIs

Functions

```
    int32 OS_SocketAddrInit (OS_SockAddr_t *Addr, OS_SocketDomain_t Domain)
```

Initialize a socket address structure to hold an address of the given family.

int32 OS SocketAddrToString (char *buffer, size t buflen, const OS SockAddr t *Addr)

Get a string representation of a network host address.

int32 OS_SocketAddrFromString (OS_SockAddr_t *Addr, const char *string)

Set a network host address from a string representation.

int32 OS_SocketAddrGetPort (uint16 *PortNum, const OS_SockAddr_t *Addr)

Get the port number of a network address.

int32 OS_SocketAddrSetPort (OS_SockAddr_t *Addr, uint16 PortNum)

Set the port number of a network address.

10.24.1 Detailed Description

These functions provide a means to manipulate network addresses in a manner that is (mostly) agnostic to the actual network address type.

Every network address should be representable as a string (i.e. dotted decimal IP, etc). This can serve as a the "common denominator" to all address types.

10.24.2 Function Documentation

10.24.2.1 OS_SocketAddrFromString()

Set a network host address from a string representation.

The specific format of the output string depends on the address family.

The address structure should have been previously initialized using OS_SocketAddrInit() to set the address family type.

Note

For IPv4, this would typically be the dotted-decimal format (X.X.X.X). It is up to the discretion of the underlying implementation whether to accept hostnames, as this depends on the availability of DNS services. Since many embedded deployments do not have name services, this should not be relied upon.

Parameters

out	Addr	The address buffer to initialize
in	string	The string to initialize the address from.

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.24.2.2 OS_SocketAddrGetPort()

Get the port number of a network address.

For network prototcols that have the concept of a port number (such as TCP/IP and UDP/IP) this function gets the port number from the address structure.

Parameters

out	PortNum	Buffer to store the port number
in	Addr	The network address buffer

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.24.2.3 OS_SocketAddrInit()

Initialize a socket address structure to hold an address of the given family.

The address is set to a suitable default value for the family.

Parameters

out	Addr	The address buffer to initialize
in	Domain	The address family

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.24.2.4 OS_SocketAddrSetPort()

Set the port number of a network address.

For network protocols that have the concept of a port number (such as TCP/IP and UDP/IP) this function sets the port number from the address structure.

Parameters

in	PortNum	The port number to set
out	Addr	The network address buffer

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.24.2.5 OS_SocketAddrToString()

Get a string representation of a network host address.

The specific format of the output string depends on the address family.

This string should be suitable to pass back into OS_SocketAddrFromString() which should recreate the same network address, and it should also be meaningful to a user of printed or logged as a C string.

Note

For IPv4, this would typically be the dotted-decimal format (X.X.X.X).

Parameters

out	buffer	Buffer to hold the output string
in	buflen	Maximum length of the output string
in	Addr	The network address buffer to convert

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.25 OSAL Socket Management APIs

Functions

- int32 OS_SocketOpen (osal_id_t *sock_id, OS_SocketDomain_t Domain, OS_SocketType_t Type)
 Opens a socket.
- int32 OS SocketBind (osal id t sock id, const OS SockAddr t *Addr)

Binds a socket to a given local address.

int32 OS_SocketConnect (osal_id_t sock_id, const OS_SockAddr_t *Addr, int32 timeout)

Connects a socket to a given remote address.

int32 OS_SocketAccept (osal_id_t sock_id, osal_id_t *connsock_id, OS_SockAddr_t *Addr, int32 timeout)

Waits for and accept the next incoming connection on the given socket.

int32 OS_SocketRecvFrom (osal_id_t sock_id, void *buffer, size_t buflen, OS_SockAddr_t *RemoteAddr, int32 timeout)

Reads data from a message-oriented (datagram) socket.

int32 OS_SocketSendTo (osal_id_t sock_id, const void *buffer, size_t buflen, const OS_SockAddr_t *Remote←
 Addr)

Sends data to a message-oriented (datagram) socket.

• int32 OS_SocketGetIdByName (osal_id_t *sock_id, const char *sock_name)

Gets an OSAL ID from a given name.

int32 OS_SocketGetInfo (osal_id_t sock_id, OS_socket_prop_t *sock_prop)

Gets information about an OSAL Socket ID.

10.25.1 Detailed Description

These functions are loosely related to the BSD Sockets API but made to be more consistent with other OSAL API functions. That is, they operate on OSAL IDs (32-bit opaque number values) and return an OSAL error code.

OSAL Socket IDs are very closely related to File IDs and share the same ID number space. Additionally, the file OS_\(-\circ\) read() / OS_\(\circ\) calls also work on sockets.

Note that all of functions may return OS_ERR_NOT_IMPLEMENTED if network support is not configured at compile time.

10.25.2 Function Documentation

10.25.2.1 OS_SocketAccept()

Waits for and accept the next incoming connection on the given socket.

This is used for sockets operating in a "server" role. The socket must be a stream type (connection-oriented) and previously bound to a local address using OS_SocketBind(). This will block the caller up to the given timeout or until an incoming connection request occurs, whichever happens first.

The new stream connection is then returned to the caller and the original server socket ID can be reused for the next connection.

Parameters

in	sock_id	The server socket ID, previously bound using OS_SocketBind()
out	connsock←	The connection socket, a new ID that can be read/written
	_id	
in	Addr	The remote address of the incoming connection
in	timeout	The maximum amount of time to wait, or OS_PEND to wait forever

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.25.2.2 OS_SocketBind()

Binds a socket to a given local address.

The specified socket will be bound to the local address and port, if available.

If the socket is connectionless, then it only binds to the local address.

If the socket is connection-oriented (stream), then this will also put the socket into a listening state for incoming connections at the local address.

Parameters

	in	sock← id	The socket ID
Ì	in	Addr	The local address to bind to

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.25.2.3 OS_SocketConnect()

Connects a socket to a given remote address.

The socket will be connected to the remote address and port, if available. This only applies to stream-oriented sockets. Calling this on a datagram socket will return an error (these sockets should use SendTo/RecvFrom).

Parameters

in	sock⊷	The socket ID
	_id	
in	Addr	The remote address to connect to
in	timeout	The maximum amount of time to wait, or OS_PEND to wait forever

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.25.2.4 OS_SocketGetIdByName()

Gets an OSAL ID from a given name.

Note

OSAL Sockets use generated names according to the address and type.

See also

OS_SocketGetInfo()

Parameters

out	sock_id	Buffer to hold result
in	sock_name	Name of socket to find

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	is id or name are NULL pointers
OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME
OS_ERR_NAME_NOT_FOUND	if the name was not found in the table

10.25.2.5 OS_SocketGetInfo()

Gets information about an OSAL Socket ID.

OSAL Sockets use generated names according to the address and type. This allows applications to find the name of a given socket.

Parameters

in	sock_id	The socket ID
out	sock_prop	Buffer to hold socket information

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the id passed in is not a valid semaphore
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if the count_prop pointer is null

10.25.2.6 OS_SocketOpen()

Opens a socket.

A new, unconnected and unbound socket is allocated of the given domain and type.

Parameters

out	sock⊷	Buffer to hold the non-zero OSAL ID
	_id	
in	Domain	The domain / address family of the socket (INET or INET6, etc)
in	Туре	The type of the socket (STREAM or DATAGRAM)

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.25.2.7 OS_SocketRecvFrom()

Reads data from a message-oriented (datagram) socket.

If a message is already available on the socket, this should immediately return that data without blocking. Otherwise, it may block up to the given timeout.

Parameters

in	sock_id	The socket ID, previously bound using OS_SocketBind()	
out	buffer	Pointer to message data receive buffer	
in	buflen	The maximum length of the message data to receive	
out	RemoteAddr	Buffer to store the remote network address (may be NULL)	
in	timeout	The maximum amount of time to wait, or OS_PEND to wait forever	

Returns

Count of actual bytes received or error status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.25.2.8 OS_SocketSendTo()

Sends data to a message-oriented (datagram) socket.

This sends data in a non-blocking mode. If the socket is not currently able to queue the message, such as if its outbound buffer is full, then this returns an error code.

Parameters

in	sock_id	The socket ID, which must be of the datagram type
in	buffer	Pointer to message data to send
Generated by Pexygen		The length of the message data to send
in	RemoteAddr	Buffer containing the remote network address to send to

Returns

Count of actual bytes sent or error status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.26 OSAL Task APIs 123

10.26 OSAL Task APIs

Functions

int32 OS_TaskCreate (osal_id_t *task_id, const char *task_name, osal_task_entry function_pointer, osal_
 stackptr_t stack_pointer, size_t stack_size, osal_priority_t priority_ uint32 flags)

Creates a task and starts running it.

int32 OS_TaskDelete (osal_id_t task_id)

Deletes the specified Task.

void OS TaskExit (void)

Exits the calling task.

int32 OS_TaskInstallDeleteHandler (osal_task_entry function_pointer)

Installs a handler for when the task is deleted.

int32 OS_TaskDelay (uint32 millisecond)

Delay a task for specified amount of milliseconds.

int32 OS TaskSetPriority (osal id t task id, osal priority t new priority)

Sets the given task to a new priority.

osal_id_t OS_TaskGetId (void)

Obtain the task id of the calling task.

int32 OS TaskGetIdByName (osal id t *task id, const char *task name)

Find an existing task ID by name.

int32 OS_TaskGetInfo (osal_id_t task_id, OS_task_prop_t *task_prop)

Fill a property object buffer with details regarding the resource.

• int32 OS TaskFindIdBySystemData (osal id t *task id, const void *sysdata, size t sysdata size)

Reverse-lookup the OSAL task ID from an operating system ID.

10.26.1 Detailed Description

10.26.2 Function Documentation

10.26.2.1 OS_TaskCreate()

Creates a task and starts running it.

Creates a task and passes back the id of the task created. Task names must be unique; if the name already exists this function fails. Names cannot be NULL.

Parameters

out	task_id	will be set to the non-zero ID of the newly-created resource
in	task_name	the name of the new resource to create
in	function_pointer	the entry point of the new task
in	stack_pointer	pointer to the stack for the task, or NULL to allocate a stack from the system memory heap
in	stack_size	the size of the stack, or 0 to use a default stack size.
in	priority	initial priority of the new task
in	flags	initial options for the new task

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if any of the necessary pointers are NULL
OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME
OS_ERR_INVALID_PRIORITY	if the priority is bad
OS_ERR_NO_FREE_IDS	if there can be no more tasks created
OS_ERR_NAME_TAKEN	if the name specified is already used by a task
OS_ERROR	if an unspecified/other error occurs

10.26.2.2 OS_TaskDelay()

Delay a task for specified amount of milliseconds.

Causes the current thread to be suspended from execution for the period of millisecond. This is a scheduled wait (clock_nanosleep/rtems_task_wake_after/taskDelay), not a "busy" wait.

Parameters

in millisecond Amount of time to	o delay
----------------------------------	---------

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

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Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERROR	if sleep fails or millisecond = 0

10.26.2.3 OS_TaskDelete()

Deletes the specified Task.

The task will be removed from the local tables. and the OS will be configured to stop executing the task at the next opportunity.

Parameters

in	task⊷	The object ID to operate on
	_id	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the ID given to it is invalid
OS_ERROR	if the OS delete call fails

10.26.2.4 OS_TaskExit()

```
void OS_TaskExit (
     void )
```

Exits the calling task.

The calling thread is terminated. This function does not return.

10.26.2.5 OS_TaskFindIdBySystemData()

Reverse-lookup the OSAL task ID from an operating system ID.

This provides a method by which an external entity may find the OSAL task ID corresponding to a system-defined identifier (e.g. TASK_ID, pthread_t, rtems_id, etc).

Normally OSAL does not expose the underlying OS-specific values to the application, but in some circumstances, such as exception handling, the OS may provide this information directly to a BSP handler outside of the normal OSAL API.

Parameters

out	task_id	The buffer where the task id output is stored
in	sysdata	Pointer to the system-provided identification data
in	sysdata_size	Size of the system-provided identification data

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

10.26.2.6 OS_TaskGetId()

Obtain the task id of the calling task.

This function returns the task id of the calling task

Returns

Task ID, or zero if the operation failed (zero is never a valid task ID)

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10.26.2.7 OS_TaskGetIdByName()

Find an existing task ID by name.

This function tries to find a task Id given the name of a task

Parameters

	out	task_id	will be set to the ID of the existing resource
Ī	in	task_name	the name of the existing resource to find

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if the pointers passed in are NULL
OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME
OS_ERR_NAME_NOT_FOUND	if the name wasn't found in the table

10.26.2.8 OS_TaskGetInfo()

Fill a property object buffer with details regarding the resource.

This function will pass back a pointer to structure that contains all of the relevant info (creator, stack size, priority, name) about the specified task.

Parameters

in	task_id	The object ID to operate on
out	task_prop	The property object buffer to fill

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the ID passed to it is invalid
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if the task_prop pointer is NULL

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10.26.2.9 OS_TaskInstallDeleteHandler()

Installs a handler for when the task is deleted.

This function is used to install a callback that is called when the task is deleted. The callback is called when OS_Task ← Delete is called with the task ID. A task delete handler is useful for cleaning up resources that a task creates, before the task is removed from the system.

Parameters

in	function_pointer	function to be called when task exits
----	------------------	---------------------------------------

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.26.2.10 OS_TaskSetPriority()

Sets the given task to a new priority.

Parameters

in	task_id	The object ID to operate on
in	new_priority	Set the new priority

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the ID passed to it is invalid
OS_ERR_INVALID_PRIORITY	if the priority is greater than the max allowed
OS_ERROR	if the OS call to change the priority fails

10.27 OSAL Time Base APIs

Functions

Create an abstract Time Base resource.

• int32 OS_TimeBaseSet (osal_id_t timebase_id, uint32 start_time, uint32 interval_time)

Sets the tick period for simulated time base objects.

int32 OS TimeBaseDelete (osal id t timebase id)

Deletes a time base object.

int32 OS TimeBaseGetIdByName (osal id t*timebase id, const char *timebase name)

Find the ID of an existing time base resource.

int32 OS_TimeBaseGetInfo (osal_id_t timebase_id, OS_timebase_prop_t *timebase_prop)

Obtain information about a timebase resource.

int32 OS_TimeBaseGetFreeRun (osal_id_t timebase_id, uint32 *freerun_val)

Read the value of the timebase free run counter.

10.27.1 Detailed Description

10.27.2 Function Documentation

10.27.2.1 OS_TimeBaseCreate()

Create an abstract Time Base resource.

An OSAL time base is an abstraction of a "timer tick" that can, in turn, be used for measurement of elapsed time between events.

Time bases can be simulated by the operating system using the OS kernel-provided timing facilities, or based on a hardware timing source if provided by the BSP.

A time base object has a servicing task associated with it, that runs at elevated priority and will thereby interrupt user-level tasks when timing ticks occur.

If the external_sync function is passed as NULL, the operating system kernel timing resources will be utilized for a simulated timer tick.

If the external_sync function is not NULL, this should point to a BSP-provided function that will block the calling task until the next tick occurs. This can be used for synchronizing with hardware events.

Note

When provisioning a tunable RTOS kernel, such as RTEMS, the kernel should be configured to support at least (OS_MAX_TASKS + OS_MAX_TIMEBASES) threads, to account for the helper threads associated with time base objects.

Parameters

out	timebase_id	A non-zero ID corresponding to the timebase resource
in	timebase_name	The name of the time base
in	external_sync	A synchronization function for BSP hardware-based timer ticks

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.27.2.2 OS_TimeBaseDelete()

Deletes a time base object.

The helper task and any other resources associated with the time base abstraction will be freed.

Parameters

in	timebase⊷	The timebase resource to delete
	_id	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.27.2.3 OS_TimeBaseGetFreeRun()

Read the value of the timebase free run counter.

Poll the timer free-running time counter in a lightweight fashion.

The free run count is a monotonically increasing value reflecting the total time elapsed since the timebase inception. Units are the same as the timebase itself, usually microseconds.

Applications may quickly and efficiently calculate relative time differences by polling this value and subtracting the previous counter value.

The absolute value of this counter is not relevant, because it will "roll over" after 2^{32} units of time. For a timebase with microsecond units, this occurs approximately every 4294 seconds, or about 1.2 hours.

Note

To ensure consistency of results, the application should sample the value at a minimum of two times the roll over frequency, and calculate the difference between the consecutive samples.

Parameters

in	timebase⊷ _id	The timebase to operate on
out	freerun_val	Buffer to store the free run counter

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the id passed in is not a valid timebase

10.27.2.4 OS_TimeBaseGetIdByName()

Find the ID of an existing time base resource.

Given a time base name, find and output the ID associated with it.

Parameters

out	timebase_id	The timebase resource ID
in	timebase_name	The name of the timebase resource to find

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if timebase_id or timebase_name are NULL pointers
OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME
OS_ERR_NAME_NOT_FOUND	if the name was not found in the table

10.27.2.5 OS_TimeBaseGetInfo()

Obtain information about a timebase resource.

Fills the buffer referred to by the timebase_prop parameter with relevant information about the time base resource.

This function will pass back a pointer to structure that contains all of the relevant info(name and creator) about the specified timebase.

Parameters

in	timebase_id	The timebase resource ID
out	timebase_prop	Buffer to store timebase properties

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the id passed in is not a valid timebase
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if the timebase_prop pointer is null

10.27.2.6 OS_TimeBaseSet()

Sets the tick period for simulated time base objects.

This sets the actual tick period for timing ticks that are simulated by the RTOS kernel (i.e. the "external_sync" parameter on the call to OS_TimeBaseCreate() is NULL).

The RTOS will be configured to wake up the helper thread at the requested interval.

This function has no effect for time bases that are using a BSP-provided external_sync function.

Parameters

in	timebase_id	The timebase resource to configure
in	start_time	The amount of delay for the first tick, in microseconds.
in	interval_time	The amount of delay between ticks, in microseconds.

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.28 OSAL Timer APIs

Functions

int32 OS_TimerCreate (osal_id_t *timer_id, const char *timer_name, uint32 *clock_accuracy, OS_Timer
 — Callback_t callback_ptr)

Create a timer object.

int32 OS_TimerAdd (osal_id_t *timer_id, const char *timer_name, osal_id_t timebase_id, OS_ArgCallback_
 t callback ptr, void *callback arg)

Add a timer object based on an existing TimeBase resource.

int32 OS TimerSet (osal id t timer id, uint32 start time, uint32 interval time)

Configures a periodic or one shot timer.

· int32 OS TimerDelete (osal id t timer id)

Deletes a timer resource.

int32 OS TimerGetIdByName (osal id t *timer id, const char *timer name)

Locate an existing timer resource by name.

int32 OS TimerGetInfo (osal id t timer id, OS timer prop t *timer prop)

Gets information about an existing timer.

10.28.1 Detailed Description

10.28.2 Function Documentation

10.28.2.1 OS_TimerAdd()

Add a timer object based on an existing TimeBase resource.

A timer object is a resource that invokes the specified application-provided function upon timer expiration. Timers may be one-shot or periodic in nature.

This function uses an existing time base object to service this timer, which must exist prior to adding the timer. The precision of the timer is the same as that of the underlying time base object. Multiple timer objects can be created referring to a single time base object.

This routine also uses a different callback function prototype from OS_TimerCreate(), allowing a single opaque argument to be passed to the callback routine. The OSAL implementation does not use this parameter, and may be set NULL.

Warning

Depending on the OS, the callback_ptr function may be similar to an interrupt service routine. Calls that cause the code to block or require an application context (like sending events) are generally not supported.

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Parameters

out	timer_id	The non-zero resource ID of the timer object
in	timer_name	Name of the timer object
in	timebase← _id	The time base resource to use as a reference
in	callback_ptr	Application-provided function to invoke
in	callback_arg	Opaque argument to pass to callback function

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

10.28.2.2 OS_TimerCreate()

Create a timer object.

A timer object is a resource that invokes the specified application-provided function upon timer expiration. Timers may be one-shot or periodic in nature.

This function creates a dedicated (hidden) time base object to service this timer, which is created and deleted with the timer object itself. The internal time base is configured for an OS simulated timer tick at the same interval as the timer.

Note

clock_accuracy comes from the underlying OS tick value. The nearest integer microsecond value is returned, so may not be exact.

Warning

Depending on the OS, the callback_ptr function may be similar to an interrupt service routine. Calls that cause the code to block or require an application context (like sending events) are generally not supported.

Parameters

out	timer_id	The non-zero resource ID of the timer object	
in	timer_name	Name of the timer object	
out	clock_accuracy	Expected precision of the timer, in microseconds. This is the underlying tick value	
		rounded to the nearest microsecond integer.	
in	callback_ptr	The function pointer of the timer callback or ISR that will be called by the timer. The	
		user's function is declared as follows: void timer_callback(uint32	
Generated	by Doxygen	timer_id) Where the timer_id is passed in to the function by the OSAL	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if any parameters are NULL
OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME
OS_ERR_NAME_TAKEN	if the name is already in use by another timer.
OS_ERR_NO_FREE_IDS	if all of the timers are already allocated.
OS_TIMER_ERR_INVALID_ARGS	if the callback pointer is zero.
OS_TIMER_ERR_UNAVAILABLE	if the timer cannot be created.

10.28.2.3 OS_TimerDelete()

Deletes a timer resource.

The application callback associated with the timer will be stopped, and the resources freed for future use.

Parameters

in	timer←	The timer ID to operate on
	_id	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the timer_id is invalid.
OS_TIMER_ERR_INTERNAL	if there was a problem deleting the timer in the host OS.

10.28.2.4 OS_TimerGetIdByName()

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Locate an existing timer resource by name.

Outputs the ID associated with the given timer, if it exists.

Parameters

out	timer_id	The timer ID corresponding to the name
in	timer_name	The timer name to find

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if timer_id or timer_name are NULL pointers
OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG	name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME
OS_ERR_NAME_NOT_FOUND	if the name was not found in the table

10.28.2.5 OS_TimerGetInfo()

Gets information about an existing timer.

This function takes timer_id, and looks it up in the OS table. It puts all of the information known about that timer into a structure pointer to by timer_prop.

Parameters

in	timer_id	The timer ID to operate on	
out	timer_prop	Buffer containing timer properties	
		creator: the OS task ID of the task that created this timer	
		name: the string name of the timer	
		 start_time: the start time in microseconds, if any 	
		 interval_time: the interval time in microseconds, if any 	
		accuracy: the accuracy of the timer in microseconds	

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the id passed in is not a valid timer
OS_INVALID_POINTER	if the timer_prop pointer is null

10.28.2.6 OS_TimerSet()

Configures a periodic or one shot timer.

This function programs the timer with a start time and an optional interval time. The start time is the time in microseconds when the user callback function will be called. If the interval time is non-zero, the timer will be reprogrammed with that interval in microseconds to call the user callback function periodically. If the start time and interval time are zero, the function will return an error.

For a "one-shot" timer, the start_time configures the expiration time, and the interval_time should be passed as zero to indicate the timer is not to be automatically reset.

Note

The resolution of the times specified is limited to the clock accuracy returned in the OS_TimerCreate call. If the times specified in the start_msec or interval_msec parameters are less than the accuracy, they will be rounded up to the accuracy of the timer.

Parameters

in	timer_id	The timer ID to operate on
in	start_time	Time in microseconds to the first expiration
in	interval_time	Time in microseconds between subsequent intervals, value of zero will only call the user callback function once after the start_msec time.

Returns

Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines

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Return values

OS_SUCCESS	Successful execution.
OS_ERR_INVALID_ID	if the timer_id is not valid.
OS_TIMER_ERR_INTERNAL	if there was an error programming the OS timer.
OS_ERROR	if both start time and interval time are zero.

11 Data Structure Documentation

11.1 OS_bin_sem_prop_t Struct Reference

OSAL binary semaphore properties.

```
#include <osapi-binsem.h>
```

Data Fields

- char name [OS_MAX_API_NAME]
- · osal id t creator
- int32 value

11.1.1 Detailed Description

OSAL binary semaphore properties.

Definition at line 41 of file osapi-binsem.h.

11.1.2 Field Documentation

11.1.2.1 creator

```
osal_id_t OS_bin_sem_prop_t::creator
```

Definition at line 44 of file osapi-binsem.h.

11.1.2.2 name

```
char OS_bin_sem_prop_t::name[OS_MAX_API_NAME]
```

Definition at line 43 of file osapi-binsem.h.

11.1.2.3 value

```
int32 OS_bin_sem_prop_t::value
```

Definition at line 45 of file osapi-binsem.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• osal/src/os/inc/osapi-binsem.h

11.2 OS_count_sem_prop_t Struct Reference

OSAL counting semaphore properties.

```
#include <osapi-countsem.h>
```

Data Fields

- char name [OS_MAX_API_NAME]
- · osal id t creator
- int32 value

11.2.1 Detailed Description

OSAL counting semaphore properties.

Definition at line 34 of file osapi-countsem.h.

11.2.2 Field Documentation

11.2.2.1 creator

```
osal_id_t OS_count_sem_prop_t::creator
```

Definition at line 37 of file osapi-countsem.h.

11.2.2.2 name

```
char OS_count_sem_prop_t::name[OS_MAX_API_NAME]
```

Definition at line 36 of file osapi-countsem.h.

11.2.2.3 value

```
int32 OS_count_sem_prop_t::value
```

Definition at line 38 of file osapi-countsem.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

osal/src/os/inc/osapi-countsem.h

11.3 os_dirent_t Struct Reference

Directory entry.

```
#include <osapi-dir.h>
```

Data Fields

char FileName [OS_MAX_FILE_NAME]

11.3.1 Detailed Description

Directory entry.

Definition at line 34 of file osapi-dir.h.

11.3.2 Field Documentation

11.3.2.1 FileName

```
char os_dirent_t::FileName[OS_MAX_FILE_NAME]
```

Definition at line 36 of file osapi-dir.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• osal/src/os/inc/osapi-dir.h

11.4 OS_FdSet Struct Reference

An abstract structure capable of holding several OSAL IDs.

```
#include <osapi-select.h>
```

Data Fields

• uint8 object_ids [(OS_MAX_NUM_OPEN_FILES+7)/8]

11.4.1 Detailed Description

An abstract structure capable of holding several OSAL IDs.

This is part of the select API and is manipulated using the related API calls. It should not be modified directly by applications.

Note: Math is to determine uint8 array size needed to represent single bit OS_MAX_NUM_OPEN_FILES objects, + 7 rounds up and 8 is the size of uint8.

See also

```
OS_SelectFdZero(), OS_SelectFdAdd(), OS_SelectFdClear(), OS_SelectFdIsSet()
```

Definition at line 45 of file osapi-select.h.

11.4.2 Field Documentation

11.4.2.1 object_ids

```
uint8 OS_FdSet::object_ids[(OS_MAX_NUM_OPEN_FILES+7)/8]
```

Definition at line 47 of file osapi-select.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

osal/src/os/inc/osapi-select.h

11.5 OS_file_prop_t Struct Reference

OSAL file properties.

```
#include <osapi-file.h>
```

Data Fields

- char Path [OS_MAX_PATH_LEN]
- osal_id_t User
- · uint8 IsValid

11.5.1 Detailed Description

OSAL file properties.

Definition at line 51 of file osapi-file.h.

11.5.2 Field Documentation

```
11.5.2.1 IsValid
```

```
uint8 OS_file_prop_t::IsValid
```

Definition at line 55 of file osapi-file.h.

```
11.5.2.2 Path
```

```
char OS_file_prop_t::Path[OS_MAX_PATH_LEN]
```

Definition at line 53 of file osapi-file.h.

11.5.2.3 User

```
osal_id_t OS_file_prop_t::User
```

Definition at line 54 of file osapi-file.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• osal/src/os/inc/osapi-file.h

11.6 os_fsinfo_t Struct Reference

OSAL file system info.

```
#include <osapi-filesys.h>
```

Data Fields

uint32 MaxFds

Total number of file descriptors.

• uint32 FreeFds

Total number that are free.

• uint32 MaxVolumes

Maximum number of volumes.

• uint32 FreeVolumes

Total number of volumes free.

11.6.1 Detailed Description

OSAL file system info.

Definition at line 37 of file osapi-filesys.h.

11.6.2 Field Documentation

11.6.2.1 FreeFds

```
uint32 os_fsinfo_t::FreeFds
```

Total number that are free.

Definition at line 40 of file osapi-filesys.h.

11.6.2.2 FreeVolumes

```
uint32 os_fsinfo_t::FreeVolumes
```

Total number of volumes free.

Definition at line 42 of file osapi-filesys.h.

11.6.2.3 MaxFds

```
uint32 os_fsinfo_t::MaxFds
```

Total number of file descriptors.

Definition at line 39 of file osapi-filesys.h.

11.6.2.4 MaxVolumes

```
uint32 os_fsinfo_t::MaxVolumes
```

Maximum number of volumes.

Definition at line 41 of file osapi-filesys.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· osal/src/os/inc/osapi-filesys.h

11.7 os_fstat_t Struct Reference

File system status.

```
#include <osapi-file.h>
```

Data Fields

- uint32 FileModeBits
- OS_time_t FileTime
- size_t FileSize

11.7.1 Detailed Description

File system status.

Note

This used to be directly typedef'ed to the "struct stat" from the C library

Some C libraries (glibc in particular) actually define member names to reference into sub-structures, so attempting to reuse a name like "st_mtime" might not work.

Definition at line 66 of file osapi-file.h.

11.7.2 Field Documentation

11.7.2.1 FileModeBits

```
uint32 os_fstat_t::FileModeBits
```

Definition at line 68 of file osapi-file.h.

11.7.2.2 FileSize

```
size_t os_fstat_t::FileSize
```

Definition at line 70 of file osapi-file.h.

11.7.2.3 FileTime

```
OS_time_t os_fstat_t::FileTime
```

Definition at line 69 of file osapi-file.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• osal/src/os/inc/osapi-file.h

11.8 OS_heap_prop_t Struct Reference

OSAL heap properties.

```
#include <osapi-heap.h>
```

Data Fields

- size_t free_bytes
- osal_blockcount_t free_blocks
- size_t largest_free_block

11.8.1 Detailed Description

OSAL heap properties.

See also

OS_HeapGetInfo()

Definition at line 38 of file osapi-heap.h.

11.8.2 Field Documentation

11.8.2.1 free_blocks

```
osal_blockcount_t OS_heap_prop_t::free_blocks
```

Definition at line 41 of file osapi-heap.h.

11.8.2.2 free_bytes

```
size_t OS_heap_prop_t::free_bytes
```

Definition at line 40 of file osapi-heap.h.

11.8.2.3 largest_free_block

```
size_t OS_heap_prop_t::largest_free_block
```

Definition at line 42 of file osapi-heap.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• osal/src/os/inc/osapi-heap.h

11.9 OS_module_address_t Struct Reference

OSAL module address properties.

```
#include <osapi-module.h>
```

Data Fields

- · uint32 valid
- uint32 flags
- · cpuaddr code address
- · cpuaddr code_size
- cpuaddr data_address
- cpuaddr data_size
- cpuaddr bss_address
- · cpuaddr bss_size

11.9.1 Detailed Description

OSAL module address properties.

Definition at line 80 of file osapi-module.h.

11.9.2 Field Documentation

```
11.9.2.1 bss_address
```

```
cpuaddr OS_module_address_t::bss_address
```

Definition at line 88 of file osapi-module.h.

11.9.2.2 bss_size

```
cpuaddr OS_module_address_t::bss_size
```

Definition at line 89 of file osapi-module.h.

11.9.2.3 code_address

```
cpuaddr OS_module_address_t::code_address
```

Definition at line 84 of file osapi-module.h.

11.9.2.4 code_size

```
cpuaddr OS_module_address_t::code_size
```

Definition at line 85 of file osapi-module.h.

11.9.2.5 data_address

```
cpuaddr OS_module_address_t::data_address
```

Definition at line 86 of file osapi-module.h.

11.9.2.6 data_size

```
cpuaddr OS_module_address_t::data_size
```

Definition at line 87 of file osapi-module.h.

11.9.2.7 flags

```
uint32 OS_module_address_t::flags
```

Definition at line 83 of file osapi-module.h.

11.9.2.8 valid

```
uint32 OS_module_address_t::valid
```

Definition at line 82 of file osapi-module.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• osal/src/os/inc/osapi-module.h

11.10 OS_module_prop_t Struct Reference

OSAL module properties.

```
#include <osapi-module.h>
```

Data Fields

- · cpuaddr entry point
- cpuaddr host_module_id
- char filename [OS_MAX_PATH_LEN]
- char name [OS_MAX_API_NAME]
- OS_module_address_t addr

11.10.1 Detailed Description

OSAL module properties.

Definition at line 93 of file osapi-module.h.

11.10.2 Field Documentation

```
11.10.2.1 addr
```

```
OS_module_address_t OS_module_prop_t::addr
```

Definition at line 99 of file osapi-module.h.

11.10.2.2 entry_point

```
cpuaddr OS_module_prop_t::entry_point
```

Definition at line 95 of file osapi-module.h.

11.10.2.3 filename

```
char OS_module_prop_t::filename[OS_MAX_PATH_LEN]
```

Definition at line 97 of file osapi-module.h.

11.10.2.4 host_module_id

```
cpuaddr OS_module_prop_t::host_module_id
```

Definition at line 96 of file osapi-module.h.

11.10.2.5 name

```
char OS_module_prop_t::name[OS_MAX_API_NAME]
```

Definition at line 98 of file osapi-module.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• osal/src/os/inc/osapi-module.h

11.11 OS_mut_sem_prop_t Struct Reference

OSAL mutex properties.

```
#include <osapi-mutex.h>
```

Data Fields

```
• char name [OS_MAX_API_NAME]
```

• osal_id_t creator

11.11.1 Detailed Description

OSAL mutex properties.

Definition at line 34 of file osapi-mutex.h.

11.11.2 Field Documentation

11.11.2.1 creator

```
osal_id_t OS_mut_sem_prop_t::creator
```

Definition at line 37 of file osapi-mutex.h.

11.11.2.2 name

```
char OS_mut_sem_prop_t::name[OS_MAX_API_NAME]
```

Definition at line 36 of file osapi-mutex.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• osal/src/os/inc/osapi-mutex.h

11.12 OS_queue_prop_t Struct Reference

OSAL queue properties.

```
#include <osapi-queue.h>
```

Data Fields

- char name [OS_MAX_API_NAME]
- · osal_id_t creator

11.12.1 Detailed Description

OSAL queue properties.

Definition at line 34 of file osapi-queue.h.

11.12.2 Field Documentation

11.12.2.1 creator

```
osal_id_t OS_queue_prop_t::creator
```

Definition at line 37 of file osapi-queue.h.

11.12.2.2 name

```
char OS_queue_prop_t::name[OS_MAX_API_NAME]
```

Definition at line 36 of file osapi-queue.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• osal/src/os/inc/osapi-queue.h

11.13 OS_SockAddr_t Struct Reference

Encapsulates a generic network address.

```
#include <osapi-sockets.h>
```

Data Fields

size_t ActualLength

Length of the actual address data.

OS_SockAddrData_t AddrData

Abstract Address data.

11.13.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates a generic network address.

This is just an abstract buffer type that holds a network address. It is allocated for the worst-case size defined by OS_SOCKADDR_MAX_LEN, and the real size is stored within.

Definition at line 101 of file osapi-sockets.h.

11.13.2 Field Documentation

11.13.2.1 ActualLength

```
size_t OS_SockAddr_t::ActualLength
```

Length of the actual address data.

Definition at line 103 of file osapi-sockets.h.

11.13.2.2 AddrData

```
OS_SockAddrData_t OS_SockAddr_t::AddrData
```

Abstract Address data.

Definition at line 104 of file osapi-sockets.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• osal/src/os/inc/osapi-sockets.h

11.14 OS_SockAddrData_t Union Reference

Storage buffer for generic network address.

```
#include <osapi-sockets.h>
```

Data Fields

• uint8 Buffer [OS_SOCKADDR_MAX_LEN]

Ensures length of at least OS_SOCKADDR_MAX_LEN.

• uint32 AlignU32

Ensures uint32 alignment.

void * AlignPtr

Ensures pointer alignment.

11.14.1 Detailed Description

Storage buffer for generic network address.

This is a union type that helps to ensure a minimum alignment value for the data storage, such that it can be cast to the system-specific type without increasing alignment requirements.

Definition at line 87 of file osapi-sockets.h.

11.14.2 Field Documentation

11.14.2.1 AlignPtr

```
void* OS_SockAddrData_t::AlignPtr
```

Ensures pointer alignment.

Definition at line 91 of file osapi-sockets.h.

11.14.2.2 AlignU32

```
uint32 OS_SockAddrData_t::AlignU32
```

Ensures uint32 alignment.

Definition at line 90 of file osapi-sockets.h.

11.14.2.3 Buffer

```
uint8 OS_SockAddrData_t::Buffer[OS_SOCKADDR_MAX_LEN]
```

Ensures length of at least OS_SOCKADDR_MAX_LEN.

Definition at line 89 of file osapi-sockets.h.

The documentation for this union was generated from the following file:

osal/src/os/inc/osapi-sockets.h

11.15 OS_socket_prop_t Struct Reference

Encapsulates socket properties.

```
#include <osapi-sockets.h>
```

Data Fields

• char name [OS_MAX_API_NAME]

Name of the socket.

· osal id t creator

OSAL TaskID which opened the socket.

11.15.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates socket properties.

This is for consistency with other OSAL resource types. Currently no extra properties are exposed here but this could change in a future revision of OSAL as needed.

Definition at line 114 of file osapi-sockets.h.

11.15.2 Field Documentation

11.15.2.1 creator

```
osal_id_t OS_socket_prop_t::creator
```

OSAL TaskID which opened the socket.

Definition at line 117 of file osapi-sockets.h.

11.15.2.2 name

```
char OS_socket_prop_t::name[OS_MAX_API_NAME]
```

Name of the socket.

Definition at line 116 of file osapi-sockets.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

osal/src/os/inc/osapi-sockets.h

11.16 OS_static_symbol_record_t Struct Reference

Associates a single symbol name with a memory address.

```
#include <osapi-module.h>
```

Data Fields

- const char * Name
- void(* Address)(void)
- const char * Module

11.16.1 Detailed Description

Associates a single symbol name with a memory address.

If the OS_STATIC_SYMBOL_TABLE feature is enabled, then an array of these structures should be provided by the application. When the application needs to find a symbol address, the static table will be checked in addition to (or instead of) the OS/library-provided lookup function.

This static symbol allows systems that do not implement dynamic module loading to maintain the same semantics as dynamically loaded modules.

Definition at line 115 of file osapi-module.h.

11.16.2 Field Documentation

11.16.2.1 Address

```
void(* OS_static_symbol_record_t::Address) (void)
```

Definition at line 118 of file osapi-module.h.

11.16.2.2 Module

```
const char* OS_static_symbol_record_t::Module
```

Definition at line 119 of file osapi-module.h.

11.16.2.3 Name

```
const char* OS_static_symbol_record_t::Name
```

Definition at line 117 of file osapi-module.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• osal/src/os/inc/osapi-module.h

11.17 OS_statvfs_t Struct Reference

```
#include <osapi-filesys.h>
```

Data Fields

- size_t block_size
- osal_blockcount_t total_blocks
- osal_blockcount_t blocks_free

11.17.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 51 of file osapi-filesys.h.

11.17.2 Field Documentation

```
11.17.2.1 block_size
```

```
size_t OS_statvfs_t::block_size
```

Block size of underlying FS

Definition at line 53 of file osapi-filesys.h.

11.17.2.2 blocks_free

```
osal_blockcount_t OS_statvfs_t::blocks_free
```

Available blocks in underlying FS

Definition at line 55 of file osapi-filesys.h.

```
11.17.2.3 total_blocks
```

```
osal_blockcount_t OS_statvfs_t::total_blocks
```

Total blocks in underlying FS

Definition at line 54 of file osapi-filesys.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• osal/src/os/inc/osapi-filesys.h

11.18 OS_task_prop_t Struct Reference

OSAL task properties.

```
#include <osapi-task.h>
```

Data Fields

- char name [OS_MAX_API_NAME]
- · osal id t creator
- size_t stack_size
- · osal_priority_t priority

11.18.1 Detailed Description

OSAL task properties.

Definition at line 59 of file osapi-task.h.

11.18.2 Field Documentation

11.18.2.1 creator

```
osal_id_t OS_task_prop_t::creator
```

Definition at line 62 of file osapi-task.h.

11.18.2.2 name

```
char OS_task_prop_t::name[OS_MAX_API_NAME]
```

Definition at line 61 of file osapi-task.h.

11.18.2.3 priority

```
osal_priority_t OS_task_prop_t::priority
```

Definition at line 64 of file osapi-task.h.

11.18.2.4 stack_size

```
size_t OS_task_prop_t::stack_size
```

Definition at line 63 of file osapi-task.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• osal/src/os/inc/osapi-task.h

11.19 OS_time_t Struct Reference

OSAL time interval structure.

```
#include <osapi-clock.h>
```

Data Fields

· int64 ticks

11.19.1 Detailed Description

OSAL time interval structure.

This is used to represent a basic time interval.

When used with OS_GetLocalTime/OS_SetLocalTime, this represents the interval from the OS's epoch point, typically 01 Jan 1970 00:00:00 UTC on systems that have a persistent real time clock (RTC), or the system boot time if there is no RTC available.

Applications should not directly access fields within this structure, as the definition may change in future versions of OSAL. Instead, applications should use the accessor/conversion methods defined below.

Definition at line 47 of file osapi-clock.h.

11.19.2 Field Documentation

11.19.2.1 ticks

int64 OS_time_t::ticks

Ticks elapsed since reference point

Definition at line 49 of file osapi-clock.h.

Referenced by OS_TimeAdd(), OS_TimeAssembleFromMicroseconds(), OS_TimeAssembleFromMilliseconds(), O \leftarrow S_TimeAssembleFromNanoseconds(), OS_TimeAssembleFromSubseconds(), OS_TimeGetFractionalPart(), OS_ \leftarrow TimeGetTotalMicroseconds(), OS_TimeGetTotalMilliseconds(), OS_TimeGetTotalNanoseconds(), OS_TimeGetTotalConds(), OS_TimeGetTotalConds(),

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• osal/src/os/inc/osapi-clock.h

11.20 OS_timebase_prop_t Struct Reference

Time base properties.

#include <osapi-timebase.h>

Data Fields

- char name [OS_MAX_API_NAME]
- · osal_id_t creator
- uint32 nominal_interval_time
- uint32 freerun_time
- · uint32 accuracy

11.20.1 Detailed Description

Time base properties.

Definition at line 39 of file osapi-timebase.h.

11.20.2 Field Documentation

```
11.20.2.1 accuracy
```

```
uint32 OS_timebase_prop_t::accuracy
```

Definition at line 45 of file osapi-timebase.h.

11.20.2.2 creator

```
osal_id_t OS_timebase_prop_t::creator
```

Definition at line 42 of file osapi-timebase.h.

11.20.2.3 freerun_time

```
uint32 OS_timebase_prop_t::freerun_time
```

Definition at line 44 of file osapi-timebase.h.

11.20.2.4 name

```
char OS_timebase_prop_t::name[OS_MAX_API_NAME]
```

Definition at line 41 of file osapi-timebase.h.

11.20.2.5 nominal_interval_time

```
uint32 OS_timebase_prop_t::nominal_interval_time
```

Definition at line 43 of file osapi-timebase.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• osal/src/os/inc/osapi-timebase.h

11.21 OS_timer_prop_t Struct Reference

Timer properties.

```
#include <osapi-timer.h>
```

Data Fields

- char name [OS_MAX_API_NAME]
- osal_id_t creator
- uint32 start_time
- · uint32 interval time
- · uint32 accuracy

11.21.1 Detailed Description

Timer properties.

Definition at line 39 of file osapi-timer.h.

11.21.2 Field Documentation

11.21.2.1 accuracy

```
uint32 OS_timer_prop_t::accuracy
```

Definition at line 45 of file osapi-timer.h.

11.21.2.2 creator

```
osal_id_t OS_timer_prop_t::creator
```

Definition at line 42 of file osapi-timer.h.

11.21.2.3 interval_time

```
uint32 OS_timer_prop_t::interval_time
```

Definition at line 44 of file osapi-timer.h.

11.21.2.4 name

```
char OS_timer_prop_t::name[OS_MAX_API_NAME]
```

Definition at line 41 of file osapi-timer.h.

11.21.2.5 start_time

```
uint32 OS_timer_prop_t::start_time
```

Definition at line 43 of file osapi-timer.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· osal/src/os/inc/osapi-timer.h

12 File Documentation

12.1 build/doc/osconfig-example.h File Reference

Macros

#define OS_MAX_TASKS

Configuration file Operating System Abstraction Layer.

#define OS_MAX_QUEUES

The maximum number of queues to support.

• #define OS_MAX_COUNT_SEMAPHORES

The maximum number of counting semaphores to support.

• #define OS_MAX_BIN_SEMAPHORES

The maximum number of binary semaphores to support.

#define OS_MAX_MUTEXES

The maximum number of mutexes to support.

#define OS_MAX_MODULES

The maximum number of modules to support.

• #define OS_MAX_TIMEBASES

The maximum number of timebases to support.

#define OS_MAX_TIMERS

The maximum number of timer callbacks to support.

#define OS MAX NUM OPEN FILES

The maximum number of concurrently open files to support.

#define OS_MAX_NUM_OPEN_DIRS

The maximum number of concurrently open directories to support.

#define OS_MAX_FILE_SYSTEMS

The maximum number of file systems to support.

#define OS_MAX_SYM_LEN

The maximum length of symbols.

#define OS MAX FILE NAME

The maximum length of OSAL file names.

#define OS_MAX_PATH_LEN

The maximum length of OSAL path names.

#define OS MAX API NAME

The maximum length of OSAL resource names.

#define OS SOCKADDR MAX LEN

The maximum size of the socket address structure.

• #define OS_BUFFER_SIZE

The maximum size of output produced by a single OS_printf()

• #define OS BUFFER MSG DEPTH

The maximum number of OS_printf() output strings to buffer.

#define OS UTILITYTASK PRIORITY

Priority level of the background utility task.

• #define OS_UTILITYTASK_STACK_SIZE

The stack size of the background utility task.

• #define OS_MAX_CMD_LEN

The maximum size of a shell command.

#define OS QUEUE MAX DEPTH

The maximum depth of OSAL queues.

• #define OS_SHELL_CMD_INPUT_FILE_NAME ""

The name of the temporary file used to store shell commands.

• #define OS_PRINTF_CONSOLE_NAME ""

The name of the primary console device.

• #define OS MAX CONSOLES 1

The maximum number of console devices to support.

• #define OS_MODULE_FILE_EXTENSION ".so"

The system-specific file extension used on loadable module files.

- #define OS_FS_DEV_NAME_LEN 32
- #define OS_FS_PHYS_NAME_LEN 64
- #define OS_FS_VOL_NAME_LEN 32

12.1.1 Macro Definition Documentation

12.1.1.1 OS_BUFFER_MSG_DEPTH

#define OS_BUFFER_MSG_DEPTH

The maximum number of OS_printf() output strings to buffer.

Based on the OSAL CONFIG PRINTF BUFFER DEPTH configuration option

Definition at line 199 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.2 OS_BUFFER_SIZE

```
#define OS_BUFFER_SIZE
```

The maximum size of output produced by a single OS_printf()

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_PRINTF_BUFFER_SIZE configuration option

Definition at line 192 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.3 OS_FS_DEV_NAME_LEN

```
#define OS_FS_DEV_NAME_LEN 32
```

Device name length

Definition at line 284 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.4 OS_FS_PHYS_NAME_LEN

```
#define OS_FS_PHYS_NAME_LEN 64
```

Physical drive name length

Definition at line 285 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.5 OS_FS_VOL_NAME_LEN

```
#define OS_FS_VOL_NAME_LEN 32
```

Volume name length

Definition at line 286 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.6 OS_MAX_API_NAME

```
#define OS_MAX_API_NAME
```

The maximum length of OSAL resource names.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_MAX_API_NAME configuration option

Note

This value must include a terminating NUL character

Definition at line 175 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.7 OS_MAX_BIN_SEMAPHORES

#define OS_MAX_BIN_SEMAPHORES

The maximum number of binary semaphores to support.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_MAX_BIN_SEMAPHORES configuration option

Definition at line 84 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.8 OS_MAX_CMD_LEN

#define OS_MAX_CMD_LEN

The maximum size of a shell command.

This limit is only applicable if shell support is enabled.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_MAX_CMD_LEN configuration option

Note

This value must include a terminating NUL character

Definition at line 230 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.9 OS_MAX_CONSOLES

#define OS_MAX_CONSOLES 1

The maximum number of console devices to support.

Fixed value based on current OSAL implementation, not user configurable.

Definition at line 272 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.10 OS_MAX_COUNT_SEMAPHORES

#define OS_MAX_COUNT_SEMAPHORES

The maximum number of counting semaphores to support.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_MAX_COUNT_SEMAPHORES configuration option

Definition at line 77 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.11 OS_MAX_FILE_NAME

#define OS_MAX_FILE_NAME

The maximum length of OSAL file names.

This limit applies specifically to the file name portion, not the directory portion, of a path name.

Based on the OSAL CONFIG MAX FILE NAME configuration option

Note

This value must include a terminating NUL character

Definition at line 154 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.12 OS_MAX_FILE_SYSTEMS

#define OS_MAX_FILE_SYSTEMS

The maximum number of file systems to support.

Based on the $OSAL_CONFIG_MAX_FILE_SYSTEMS$ configuration option

Definition at line 133 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.13 OS_MAX_MODULES

#define OS_MAX_MODULES

The maximum number of modules to support.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_MAX_MODULES configuration option

Definition at line 98 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.14 OS_MAX_MUTEXES

#define OS_MAX_MUTEXES

The maximum number of mutexes to support.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_MAX_MUTEXES configuration option

Definition at line 91 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.15 OS_MAX_NUM_OPEN_DIRS

#define OS_MAX_NUM_OPEN_DIRS

The maximum number of concurrently open directories to support.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_MAX_NUM_OPEN_DIRS configuration option

Definition at line 126 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.16 OS_MAX_NUM_OPEN_FILES

#define OS_MAX_NUM_OPEN_FILES

The maximum number of concurrently open files to support.

Based on the OSAL CONFIG MAX NUM OPEN FILES configuration option

Definition at line 119 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.17 OS_MAX_PATH_LEN

#define OS_MAX_PATH_LEN

The maximum length of OSAL path names.

This limit applies to the overall length of a path name, including the file name and directory portions.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_MAX_PATH_LEN configuration option

Note

This value must include a terminating NUL character

Definition at line 166 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.18 OS_MAX_QUEUES

#define OS_MAX_QUEUES

The maximum number of queues to support.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_MAX_QUEUES configuration option

Definition at line 70 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.19 OS_MAX_SYM_LEN

#define OS_MAX_SYM_LEN

The maximum length of symbols.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_MAX_SYM_LEN configuration option

Note

This value must include a terminating NUL character

Definition at line 142 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.20 OS_MAX_TASKS

#define OS_MAX_TASKS

Configuration file Operating System Abstraction Layer.

The specific definitions in this file may only be modified by setting the respective OSAL configuration options in the CMake build.

Any direct modifications to the generated copy will be overwritten each time CMake executes.

Note

This file was automatically generated by CMake from /home/runner/work/cFS/cFS/cfe/default_config.cmake The maximum number of to support

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_MAX_TASKS configuration option

Definition at line 63 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.21 OS_MAX_TIMEBASES

#define OS_MAX_TIMEBASES

The maximum number of timebases to support.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_MAX_TIMEBASES configuration option

Definition at line 105 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.22 OS_MAX_TIMERS

```
#define OS_MAX_TIMERS
```

The maximum number of timer callbacks to support.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_MAX_TIMERS configuration option

Definition at line 112 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.23 OS_MODULE_FILE_EXTENSION

```
#define OS_MODULE_FILE_EXTENSION ".so"
```

The system-specific file extension used on loadable module files.

Fixed value based on system selection, not user configurable.

Definition at line 279 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.24 OS_PRINTF_CONSOLE_NAME

```
#define OS_PRINTF_CONSOLE_NAME ""
```

The name of the primary console device.

This is the device to which OS_printf() output is written. The output may be configured to tag each line with this prefix for identification.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_PRINTF_CONSOLE_NAME configuration option

Definition at line 257 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.25 OS_QUEUE_MAX_DEPTH

```
#define OS_QUEUE_MAX_DEPTH
```

The maximum depth of OSAL queues.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_QUEUE_MAX_DEPTH configuration option

Definition at line 237 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.26 OS_SHELL_CMD_INPUT_FILE_NAME

```
#define OS_SHELL_CMD_INPUT_FILE_NAME ""
```

The name of the temporary file used to store shell commands.

This configuration is only applicable if shell support is enabled, and only necessary/relevant on some OS implementations.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_SHELL_CMD_INPUT_FILE_NAME configuration option

Definition at line 247 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.27 OS_SOCKADDR_MAX_LEN

```
#define OS_SOCKADDR_MAX_LEN
```

The maximum size of the socket address structure.

This is part of the Socket API, and should be set large enough to hold the largest address type in use on the target system.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_SOCKADDR_MAX_LEN configuration option

Definition at line 185 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.28 OS_UTILITYTASK_PRIORITY

#define OS_UTILITYTASK_PRIORITY

Priority level of the background utility task.

This task is responsible for writing buffered output of OS_printf to the actual console device, and any other future maintenance task.

Based on the OSAL CONFIG UTILITYTASK PRIORITY configuration option

Definition at line 209 of file osconfig-example.h.

12.1.1.29 OS_UTILITYTASK_STACK_SIZE

```
#define OS_UTILITYTASK_STACK_SIZE
```

The stack size of the background utility task.

This task is responsible for writing buffered output of OS_printf to the actual console device, and any other future maintenance task.

Based on the OSAL_CONFIG_UTILITYTASK_STACK_SIZE configuration option

Definition at line 219 of file osconfig-example.h.

- 12.2 cfe/docs/src/cfs_versions.dox File Reference
- 12.3 cfe/docs/src/osal_fs.dox File Reference
- 12.4 cfe/docs/src/osal_timer.dox File Reference
- 12.5 cfe/docs/src/osalmain.dox File Reference
- 12.6 osal/src/os/inc/common types.h File Reference

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
```

Macros

- #define CompileTimeAssert(Condition, Message) typedef char Message[(Condition) ? 1 : -1]
- #define EXTENSION
- #define OS_USED
- #define OS PRINTF(n, m)
- #define OSAL_SIZE_C(X) ((size_t)(X))
- #define OSAL_BLOCKCOUNT_C(X) ((osal_blockcount_t)(X))
- #define OSAL_INDEX_C(X) ((osal_index_t)(X))
- #define OSAL_OBJTYPE_C(X) ((osal_objtype_t)(X))

Typedefs

- typedef int8_t int8
- typedef int16_t int16
- typedef int32_t int32
- typedef int64 t int64
- typedef uint8_t uint8
- typedef uint16_t uint16
- typedef uint32_t uint32
- typedef uint64_t uint64
- typedef intptr_t intptr
- typedef uintptr t cpuaddr
- typedef size_t cpusize
- typedef ptrdiff_t cpudiff
- typedef uint32 t osal id t
- typedef size_t osal_blockcount_t
- typedef uint32 osal index t
- typedef uint32 osal_objtype_t
- typedef void(* OS_ArgCallback_t) (osal_id_t object_id, void *arg)

General purpose OSAL callback function.

Functions

- CompileTimeAssert (sizeof(uint8)==1, TypeUint8WrongSize)
- CompileTimeAssert (sizeof(uint16)==2, TypeUint16WrongSize)
- CompileTimeAssert (sizeof(uint32)==4, TypeUint32WrongSize)
- CompileTimeAssert (sizeof(uint64)==8, TypeUint64WrongSize)
- CompileTimeAssert (sizeof(int8)==1, Typeint8WrongSize)
- CompileTimeAssert (sizeof(int16)==2, Typeint16WrongSize)
- CompileTimeAssert (sizeof(int32)==4, Typeint32WrongSize)
- CompileTimeAssert (sizeof(int64)==8, Typeint64WrongSize)
- CompileTimeAssert (sizeof(cpuaddr) >=sizeof(void *), TypePtrWrongSize)

12.6.1 Detailed Description

Purpose: Unit specification for common types.

Design Notes: Assumes make file has defined processor family

12.6.2 Macro Definition Documentation

```
12.6.2.1 _EXTENSION_
```

```
#define _EXTENSION_
```

Definition at line 67 of file common_types.h.

12.6.2.2 CompileTimeAssert

Definition at line 50 of file common_types.h.

12.6.2.3 OS_PRINTF

```
#define OS_PRINTF( n_{\star} m )
```

Definition at line 69 of file common_types.h.

12.6.2.4 OS_USED

```
#define OS_USED
```

Definition at line 68 of file common_types.h.

12.6.2.5 OSAL_BLOCKCOUNT_C

Definition at line 155 of file common_types.h.

12.6.2.6 OSAL_INDEX_C

Definition at line 156 of file common_types.h.

12.6.2.7 OSAL_OBJTYPE_C

Definition at line 157 of file common_types.h.

12.6.2.8 OSAL_SIZE_C

Definition at line 154 of file common_types.h.

12.6.3 Typedef Documentation

12.6.3.1 cpuaddr

```
typedef uintptr_t cpuaddr
```

Definition at line 90 of file common_types.h.

12.6.3.2 cpudiff

```
typedef ptrdiff_t cpudiff
```

Definition at line 92 of file common_types.h.

12.6.3.3 cpusize

```
typedef size_t cpusize
```

Definition at line 91 of file common_types.h.

12.6.3.4 int16

```
typedef int16_t int16
```

Definition at line 82 of file common_types.h.

12.6.3.5 int32

```
typedef int32_t int32
```

Definition at line 83 of file common_types.h.

12.6.3.6 int64

```
typedef int64_t int64
```

Definition at line 84 of file common_types.h.

```
12.6.3.7 int8
```

```
typedef int8_t int8
```

Definition at line 81 of file common_types.h.

12.6.3.8 intptr

```
typedef intptr_t intptr
```

Definition at line 89 of file common_types.h.

12.6.3.9 OS_ArgCallback_t

```
typedef void(* OS_ArgCallback_t) (osal_id_t object_id, void *arg)
```

General purpose OSAL callback function.

This may be used by multiple APIS

Definition at line 126 of file common_types.h.

```
12.6.3.10 osal_blockcount_t
```

```
typedef size_t osal_blockcount_t
```

A type used to represent a number of blocks or buffers

This is used with file system and queue implementations.

Definition at line 104 of file common_types.h.

12.6.3.11 osal_id_t

```
typedef uint32_t osal_id_t
```

A type to be used for OSAL resource identifiers.

Definition at line 97 of file common_types.h.

```
12.6.3.12 osal_index_t
typedef uint32 osal_index_t
```

A type used to represent an index into a table structure

This is used when referring directly to a table index as opposed to an object ID. It is primarily intended for internal use, but is also output from public APIs such as OS_ObjectIdToArrayIndex().

Definition at line 114 of file common_types.h.

```
12.6.3.13 osal_objtype_t
typedef uint32 osal_objtype_t
```

A type used to represent the runtime type or category of an OSAL object

Definition at line 119 of file common_types.h.

```
12.6.3.14 uint16
```

```
typedef uint16_t uint16
```

Definition at line 86 of file common_types.h.

```
12.6.3.15 uint32
```

```
typedef uint32_t uint32
```

Definition at line 87 of file common_types.h.

12.6.3.16 uint64

```
typedef uint64_t uint64
```

Definition at line 88 of file common_types.h.

12.6.3.17 uint8

```
typedef uint8_t uint8
```

Definition at line 85 of file common_types.h.

12.6.4 Function Documentation

```
12.6.4.1 CompileTimeAssert() [1/9]
CompileTimeAssert (
             sizeof(uint8) = =1,
             TypeUint8WrongSize )
12.6.4.2 CompileTimeAssert() [2/9]
CompileTimeAssert (
             sizeof(uint16) = =2,
             TypeUint16WrongSize )
12.6.4.3 CompileTimeAssert() [3/9]
CompileTimeAssert (
             sizeof(uint32) = =4,
             TypeUint32WrongSize )
12.6.4.4 CompileTimeAssert() [4/9]
CompileTimeAssert (
             sizeof(uint64) = =8,
             TypeUint64WrongSize )
12.6.4.5 CompileTimeAssert() [5/9]
CompileTimeAssert (
             sizeof(int8) = =1,
             Typeint8WrongSize )
12.6.4.6 CompileTimeAssert() [6/9]
CompileTimeAssert (
             sizeof(int16) = =2,
             Typeint16WrongSize )
```

12.7 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-binsem.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Data Structures

struct OS_bin_sem_prop_t
 OSAL binary semaphore properties.

Macros

#define OS_SEM_FULL 1
 Semaphore full state.
 #define OS_SEM_EMPTY 0
 Semaphore empty state.

Functions

- int32 OS_BinSemCreate (osal_id_t *sem_id, const char *sem_name, uint32 sem_initial_value, uint32 options) Creates a binary semaphore.
- int32 OS_BinSemFlush (osal_id_t sem_id)

Unblock all tasks pending on the specified semaphore.

int32 OS BinSemGive (osal id t sem id)

Increment the semaphore value.

int32 OS_BinSemTake (osal_id_t sem_id)

Decrement the semaphore value.

int32 OS BinSemTimedWait (osal id t sem id, uint32 msecs)

Decrement the semaphore value with a timeout.

int32 OS_BinSemDelete (osal_id_t sem_id)

Deletes the specified Binary Semaphore.

int32 OS_BinSemGetIdByName (osal_id_t *sem_id, const char *sem_name)

Find an existing semaphore ID by name.

int32 OS_BinSemGetInfo (osal_id_t sem_id, OS_bin_sem_prop_t *bin_prop)

Fill a property object buffer with details regarding the resource.

12.7.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for binary semaphores

12.8 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-bsp.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Functions

- uint32 OS BSP GetArgC (void)
- char *const * OS_BSP_GetArgV (void)
- void OS_BSP_SetExitCode (int32 code)

12.8.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for OSAL BSP

12.9 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-clock.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Data Structures

struct OS time t

OSAL time interval structure.

Enumerations

enum { OS_TIME_TICK_RESOLUTION_NS = 100, OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_SECOND = 1000000000 / OS_TI

 ME_TICK_RESOLUTION_NS, OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_MSEC = 1000000 / OS_TIME_TICK_RESOLUTION_
 NS, OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_USEC = 1000 / OS_TIME_TICK_RESOLUTION_NS }

Multipliers/divisors to convert ticks into standardized units.

Functions

int32 OS_GetLocalTime (OS_time_t *time_struct)

Get the local time.

int32 OS_SetLocalTime (const OS_time_t *time_struct)

Set the local time.

static int64 OS_TimeGetTotalSeconds (OS_time_t tm)

Get interval from an OS_time_t object normalized to whole number of seconds.

static int64 OS_TimeGetTotalMilliseconds (OS_time_t tm)

Get interval from an OS time t object normalized to millisecond units.

static int64 OS TimeGetTotalMicroseconds (OS time t tm)

Get interval from an OS time t object normalized to microsecond units.

static int64 OS_TimeGetTotalNanoseconds (OS_time_t tm)

Get interval from an OS_time_t object normalized to nanosecond units.

static int64 OS_TimeGetFractionalPart (OS_time_t tm)

Get subseconds portion (fractional part only) from an OS_time_t object.

static uint32 OS_TimeGetSubsecondsPart (OS_time_t tm)

Get 32-bit normalized subseconds (fractional part only) from an OS_time_t object.

static uint32 OS TimeGetMillisecondsPart (OS time t tm)

Get milliseconds portion (fractional part only) from an OS_time_t object.

static uint32 OS TimeGetMicrosecondsPart (OS time t tm)

Get microseconds portion (fractional part only) from an OS_time_t object.

static uint32 OS_TimeGetNanosecondsPart (OS_time_t tm)

Get nanoseconds portion (fractional part only) from an OS_time_t object.

static OS time t OS TimeAssembleFromNanoseconds (int64 seconds, uint32 nanoseconds)

Assemble/Convert a number of seconds + nanoseconds into an OS_time_t interval.

static OS_time_t OS_TimeAssembleFromMicroseconds (int64 seconds, uint32 microseconds)

Assemble/Convert a number of seconds + microseconds into an OS_time_t interval.

static OS time t OS TimeAssembleFromMilliseconds (int64 seconds, uint32 milliseconds)

Assemble/Convert a number of seconds + milliseconds into an OS_time_t interval.

static OS_time_t OS_TimeAssembleFromSubseconds (int64 seconds, uint32 subseconds)

Assemble/Convert a number of seconds + subseconds into an OS_time_t interval.

static OS_time_t OS_TimeAdd (OS_time_t time1, OS_time_t time2)

Computes the sum of two time intervals.

static OS_time_t OS_TimeSubtract (OS_time_t time1, OS_time_t time2)

Computes the difference between two time intervals.

12.9.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for osapi-clock module

12.9.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

12.9.2.1 anonymous enum

```
anonymous enum
```

Multipliers/divisors to convert ticks into standardized units.

Various fixed conversion factor constants used by the conversion routines

A 100ns tick time allows max intervals of about +/- 14000 years in a 64-bit signed integer value.

Note

Applications should not directly use these values, but rather use conversion routines below to obtain standardized units (seconds/microseconds/etc).

Enumerator

OS_TIME_TICK_RESOLUTION_NS	
OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_SECOND	
OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_MSEC	
OS_TIME_TICKS_PER_USEC	

Definition at line 63 of file osapi-clock.h.

12.10 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-common.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Typedefs

• typedef int32(* OS_EventHandler_t) (OS_Event_t event, osal_id_t object_id, void *data)

A callback routine for event handling.

Enumerations

enum OS_Event_t {
 OS_EVENT_RESERVED = 0, OS_EVENT_RESOURCE_ALLOCATED, OS_EVENT_RESOURCE_CREATED,
 OS_EVENT_RESOURCE_DELETED,
 OS_EVENT_TASK_STARTUP, OS_EVENT_MAX }

A set of events that can be used with BSP event callback routines.

Functions

void OS_Application_Startup (void)

Application startup.

void OS_Application_Run (void)

Application run.

• int32 OS_API_Init (void)

Initialization of API.

• void OS_API_Teardown (void)

Teardown/de-initialization of OSAL API.

void OS_IdleLoop (void)

Background thread implementation - waits forever for events to occur.

• void OS_DeleteAllObjects (void)

delete all resources created in OSAL.

· void OS_ApplicationShutdown (uint8 flag)

Initiate orderly shutdown.

void OS_ApplicationExit (int32 Status)

Exit/Abort the application.

• int32 OS_RegisterEventHandler (OS_EventHandler_t handler)

Callback routine registration.

12.10.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for general OSAL functions that are not part of a subsystem

12.10.2 Typedef Documentation

```
12.10.2.1 OS_EventHandler_t
```

```
typedef int32(* OS_EventHandler_t) (OS_Event_t event, osal_id_t object_id, void *data)
```

A callback routine for event handling.

Parameters

in	event	The event that occurred
in	object⊷	The associated object_id, or 0 if not associated with an object
	_id	
in,out	data	An abstract data/context object associated with the event, or NULL.

Returns

status Execution status, see OSAL Return Code Defines.

Definition at line 100 of file osapi-common.h.

12.10.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

12.10.3.1 OS_Event_t

enum OS_Event_t

A set of events that can be used with BSP event callback routines.

Enumerator

OS_EVENT_RESOURCE_ALLOCATED OS_EVENT_RESOURCE_ALLOCATED Tresource/id has been newly allocated but not yet created. This event is invoked from WITHIN the locked region, in the context of the task which is allocating the resource. If the handler returns non-success, the error will be returned to the caller and the creation process is aborted. OS_EVENT_RESOURCE_CREATED Tresource/id has been fully created/finalized. Invoked outside locked region, in the context of the task which created the resource. Data object is not used, passed as NULL. Return value is ignored - this is for information purposes only. OS_EVENT_RESOURCE_DELETED Tresource/id has been deleted. Invoked outside locked region, in the context of the task which deleted the resource. Data object is not used, passed as NULL. Return value is ignored - this is for information purposes only. OS_EVENT_TASK_STARTUP New task is starting. Invoked outside locked region, in the context of the task which is currently starting, before the entry point is called. Data object is not used, passed as NULL. If the handler returns non-success, task startup is aborted and the entry point is not called. OS_EVENT_MAX Placeholder for end of enum, not used		
This event is invoked from WITHIN the locked region, in the context of the task which is allocating the resource. If the handler returns non-success, the error will be returned to the caller and the creation process is aborted. OS_EVENT_RESOURCE_CREATED resource/id has been fully created/finalized. Invoked outside locked region, in the context of the task which created the resource. Data object is not used, passed as NULL. Return value is ignored - this is for information purposes only. OS_EVENT_RESOURCE_DELETED resource/id has been deleted. Invoked outside locked region, in the context of the task which deleted the resource. Data object is not used, passed as NULL. Return value is ignored - this is for information purposes only. OS_EVENT_TASK_STARTUP New task is starting. Invoked outside locked region, in the context of the task which is currently starting, before the entry point is called. Data object is not used, passed as NULL. If the handler returns non-success, task startup is aborted and the entry point is not called.	OS_EVENT_RESERVED	no-op/reserved event id value
Invoked outside locked region, in the context of the task which created the resource. Data object is not used, passed as NULL. Return value is ignored - this is for information purposes only. OS_EVENT_RESOURCE_DELETED resource/id has been deleted. Invoked outside locked region, in the context of the task which deleted the resource. Data object is not used, passed as NULL. Return value is ignored - this is for information purposes only. OS_EVENT_TASK_STARTUP New task is starting. Invoked outside locked region, in the context of the task which is currently starting, before the entry point is called. Data object is not used, passed as NULL. If the handler returns non-success, task startup is aborted and the entry point is not called.	OS_EVENT_RESOURCE_ALLOCATED	This event is invoked from WITHIN the locked region, in the context of the task which is allocating the resource. If the handler returns non-success, the error will be returned to the
Invoked outside locked region, in the context of the task which deleted the resource. Data object is not used, passed as NULL. Return value is ignored - this is for information purposes only. OS_EVENT_TASK_STARTUP New task is starting. Invoked outside locked region, in the context of the task which is currently starting, before the entry point is called. Data object is not used, passed as NULL. If the handler returns non-success, task startup is aborted and the entry point is not called.	OS_EVENT_RESOURCE_CREATED	Invoked outside locked region, in the context of the task which created the resource. Data object is not used, passed as NULL.
Invoked outside locked region, in the context of the task which is currently starting, before the entry point is called. Data object is not used, passed as NULL. If the handler returns non-success, task startup is aborted and the entry point is not called.	OS_EVENT_RESOURCE_DELETED	Invoked outside locked region, in the context of the task which deleted the resource. Data object is not used, passed as NULL.
OS_EVENT_MAX placeholder for end of enum, not used	OS_EVENT_TASK_STARTUP	Invoked outside locked region, in the context of the task which is currently starting, before the entry point is called. Data object is not used, passed as NULL. If the handler returns non-success, task startup is aborted and the
	OS_EVENT_MAX	placeholder for end of enum, not used

Definition at line 36 of file osapi-common.h.

12.11 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-constants.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Macros

- #define OS_PEND (-1)
- #define OS_CHECK (0)
- #define OS_OBJECT_ID_UNDEFINED ((osal_id_t) {0})

Initializer for the osal_id_t type which will not match any valid value.

• #define OS_OBJECT_CREATOR_ANY OS_OBJECT_ID_UNDEFINED

Constant that may be passed to OS_ForEachObject()/OS_ForEachObjectOfType() to match any creator (i.e. get all objects)

#define OS_MAX_LOCAL_PATH_LEN (OS_MAX_PATH_LEN + OS_FS_PHYS_NAME_LEN)

Maximum length of a local/native path name string.

12.11.1 Detailed Description

General constants for OSAL that are shared across subsystems

12.11.2 Macro Definition Documentation

12.11.2.1 OS_CHECK

```
#define OS_CHECK (0)
```

Definition at line 37 of file osapi-constants.h.

12.11.2.2 OS_MAX_LOCAL_PATH_LEN

```
#define OS_MAX_LOCAL_PATH_LEN (OS_MAX_PATH_LEN + OS_FS_PHYS_NAME_LEN)
```

Maximum length of a local/native path name string.

This is a concatenation of the OSAL virtual path with the system mount point or device name

Definition at line 56 of file osapi-constants.h.

```
12.11.2.3 OS_OBJECT_CREATOR_ANY
```

```
#define OS_OBJECT_CREATOR_ANY OS_OBJECT_ID_UNDEFINED
```

Constant that may be passed to OS_ForEachObject()/OS_ForEachObjectOfType() to match any creator (i.e. get all objects)

Definition at line 48 of file osapi-constants.h.

12.11.2.4 OS_OBJECT_ID_UNDEFINED

```
#define OS_OBJECT_ID_UNDEFINED ((osal_id_t) {0})
```

Initializer for the osal_id_t type which will not match any valid value.

Definition at line 42 of file osapi-constants.h.

12.11.2.5 OS_PEND

```
#define OS_PEND (-1)
```

Definition at line 36 of file osapi-constants.h.

12.12 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-countsem.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Data Structures

• struct OS_count_sem_prop_t

OSAL counting semaphore properties.

Functions

- int32 OS_CountSemCreate (osal_id_t *sem_id, const char *sem_name, uint32 sem_initial_value, uint32 options)

 Creates a counting semaphore.
- int32 OS_CountSemGive (osal_id_t sem_id)

Increment the semaphore value.

int32 OS_CountSemTake (osal_id_t sem_id)

Decrement the semaphore value.

int32 OS_CountSemTimedWait (osal_id_t sem_id, uint32 msecs)

Decrement the semaphore value with timeout.

int32 OS_CountSemDelete (osal_id_t sem_id)

Deletes the specified counting Semaphore.

int32 OS_CountSemGetIdByName (osal_id_t *sem_id, const char *sem_name)

Find an existing semaphore ID by name.

int32 OS_CountSemGetInfo (osal_id_t sem_id, OS_count_sem_prop_t *count_prop)

Fill a property object buffer with details regarding the resource.

12.12.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for counting semaphores

12.13 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-dir.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Data Structures

struct os_dirent_t
 Directory entry.

Macros

• #define OS_DIRENTRY_NAME(x) ((x).FileName)

Access filename part of the dirent structure.

Functions

• int32 OS DirectoryOpen (osal id t *dir id, const char *path)

Opens a directory.

int32 OS_DirectoryClose (osal_id_t dir_id)

Closes an open directory.

• int32 OS DirectoryRewind (osal id t dir id)

Rewinds an open directory.

• int32 OS_DirectoryRead (osal_id_t dir_id, os_dirent_t *dirent)

Reads the next name in the directory.

int32 OS mkdir (const char *path, uint32 access)

Makes a new directory.

int32 OS_rmdir (const char *path)

Removes a directory from the file system.

12.13.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for directories

12.13.2 Macro Definition Documentation

12.13.2.1 OS_DIRENTRY_NAME

Access filename part of the dirent structure.

Definition at line 40 of file osapi-dir.h.

12.14 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-error.h File Reference

```
#include "common_types.h"
```

Macros

#define OS_ERROR_NAME_LENGTH 35

Error string name length.

• #define OS_SUCCESS (0)

Successful execution.

• #define OS_ERROR (-1)

Failed execution.

• #define OS_INVALID_POINTER (-2)

Invalid pointer.

#define OS_ERROR_ADDRESS_MISALIGNED (-3)

Address misalignment.

#define OS_ERROR_TIMEOUT (-4)

Error timeout.

• #define OS INVALID INT NUM (-5)

Invalid Interrupt number.

• #define OS_SEM_FAILURE (-6)

Semaphore failure.

#define OS_SEM_TIMEOUT (-7)

Semaphore timeout.

#define OS_QUEUE_EMPTY (-8)

Queue empty.

#define OS_QUEUE_FULL (-9)

Queue full.

#define OS_QUEUE_TIMEOUT (-10)

Queue timeout.

#define OS_QUEUE_INVALID_SIZE (-11)

Queue invalid size.

#define OS_QUEUE_ID_ERROR (-12)

Queue ID error.

#define OS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG (-13)

name length including null terminator greater than OS_MAX_API_NAME

```
    #define OS_ERR_NO_FREE_IDS (-14)

     No free IDs.

    #define OS_ERR_NAME_TAKEN (-15)

     Name taken.

    #define OS_ERR_INVALID_ID (-16)

     Invalid ID.

    #define OS ERR NAME NOT FOUND (-17)

     Name not found.

    #define OS_ERR_SEM_NOT_FULL (-18)

     Semaphore not full.

    #define OS_ERR_INVALID_PRIORITY (-19)

     Invalid priority.

    #define OS INVALID SEM VALUE (-20)

     Invalid semaphore value.

    #define OS_ERR_FILE (-27)

     File error.

    #define OS ERR NOT IMPLEMENTED (-28)

     Not implemented.

    #define OS_TIMER_ERR_INVALID_ARGS (-29)

     Timer invalid arguments.

    #define OS_TIMER_ERR_TIMER_ID (-30)

     Timer ID error.

    #define OS_TIMER_ERR_UNAVAILABLE (-31)

     Timer unavailable.

    #define OS_TIMER_ERR_INTERNAL (-32)

     Timer internal error.
• #define OS_ERR_OBJECT_IN_USE (-33)
     Object in use.
• #define OS_ERR_BAD_ADDRESS (-34)
     Bad address.

    #define OS_ERR_INCORRECT_OBJ_STATE (-35)

     Incorrect object state.

    #define OS_ERR_INCORRECT_OBJ_TYPE (-36)

     Incorrect object type.

    #define OS ERR STREAM DISCONNECTED (-37)

     Stream disconnected.

    #define OS_ERR_OPERATION_NOT_SUPPORTED (-38)

     Requested operation not support on supplied object(s)

    #define OS ERR INVALID SIZE (-40)

     Invalid Size.

    #define OS_ERR_OUTPUT_TOO_LARGE (-41)

     Size of output exceeds limit.

    #define OS FS ERR PATH TOO LONG (-103)

     FS path too long.
• #define OS_FS_ERR_NAME_TOO_LONG (-104)
     FS name too long.

    #define OS FS ERR DRIVE NOT CREATED (-106)
```

FS drive not created.

• #define OS_FS_ERR_DEVICE_NOT_FREE (-107)

FS device not free.

• #define OS_FS_ERR_PATH_INVALID (-108)

FS path invalid.

Typedefs

• typedef char os_err_name_t[OS_ERROR_NAME_LENGTH]

For the OS_GetErrorName() function, to ensure everyone is making an array of the same length.

Functions

• int32 OS_GetErrorName (int32 error_num, os_err_name_t *err_name)

Convert an error number to a string.

12.14.1 Detailed Description

OSAL error code definitions

12.14.2 Macro Definition Documentation

12.14.2.1 OS_ERROR_NAME_LENGTH

#define OS_ERROR_NAME_LENGTH 35

Error string name length.

The sizes of strings in OSAL functions are built with this limit in mind. Always check the uses of os_err_name_t when changing this value.

Definition at line 37 of file osapi-error.h.

12.14.3 Typedef Documentation

```
12.14.3.1 os_err_name_t
typedef char os_err_name_t[OS_ERROR_NAME_LENGTH]
```

For the OS_GetErrorName() function, to ensure everyone is making an array of the same length.

Implementation note for developers:

The sizes of strings in OSAL functions are built with this OS_ERROR_NAME_LENGTH limit in mind. Always check the uses of os_err_name_t when changing this value.

Definition at line 49 of file osapi-error.h.

12.15 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-file.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
#include "osapi-clock.h"
```

Data Structures

- struct OS_file_prop_t
 - OSAL file properties.
- struct os_fstat_t

File system status.

Macros

- #define OS READ ONLY 0
- #define OS WRITE ONLY 1
- #define OS_READ_WRITE 2
- #define OS_SEEK_SET 0
- #define OS_SEEK_CUR 1
- #define OS_SEEK_END 2
- #define OS_FILESTAT_MODE(x) ((x).FileModeBits)

Access file stat mode bits.

#define OS_FILESTAT_ISDIR(x) ((x).FileModeBits & OS_FILESTAT_MODE_DIR)

File stat is directory logical.

#define OS_FILESTAT_EXEC(x) ((x).FileModeBits & OS_FILESTAT_MODE_EXEC)

File stat is executable logical.

#define OS_FILESTAT_WRITE(x) ((x).FileModeBits & OS_FILESTAT_MODE_WRITE)

File stat is write enabled logical.

#define OS_FILESTAT_READ(x) ((x).FileModeBits & OS_FILESTAT_MODE_READ)

File stat is read enabled logical.

#define OS_FILESTAT_SIZE(x) ((x).FileSize)

Access file stat size field.

#define OS_FILESTAT_TIME(x) (OS_TimeGetTotalSeconds((x).FileTime))

Access file stat time field as a whole number of seconds.

Enumerations

enum { OS_FILESTAT_MODE_EXEC = 0x00001, OS_FILESTAT_MODE_WRITE = 0x00002, OS_FILESTAT
 — MODE_READ = 0x00004, OS_FILESTAT_MODE_DIR = 0x10000 }

File stat mode bits.

enum OS_file_flag_t { OS_FILE_FLAG_NONE = 0x00, OS_FILE_FLAG_CREATE = 0x01, OS_FILE_FLAG_T
 RUNCATE = 0x02 }

Flags that can be used with opening of a file (bitmask)

Functions

int32 OS_OpenCreate (osal_id_t *filedes, const char *path, int32 flags, int32 access)

Open or create a file.

int32 OS_close (osal_id_t filedes)

Closes an open file handle.

int32 OS_read (osal_id_t filedes, void *buffer, size_t nbytes)

Read from a file handle.

int32 OS_write (osal_id_t filedes, const void *buffer, size_t nbytes)

Write to a file handle.

int32 OS_TimedRead (osal_id_t filedes, void *buffer, size_t nbytes, int32 timeout)

File/Stream input read with a timeout.

int32 OS_TimedWrite (osal_id_t filedes, const void *buffer, size_t nbytes, int32 timeout)

File/Stream output write with a timeout.

int32 OS chmod (const char *path, uint32 access)

Changes the permissions of a file.

• int32 OS_stat (const char *path, os_fstat_t *filestats)

Obtain information about a file or directory.

• int32 OS_lseek (osal_id_t filedes, int32 offset, uint32 whence)

Seeks to the specified position of an open file.

int32 OS remove (const char *path)

Removes a file from the file system.

• int32 OS rename (const char *old filename, const char *new filename)

Renames a file.

• int32 OS_cp (const char *src, const char *dest)

Copies a single file from src to dest.

• int32 OS_mv (const char *src, const char *dest)

Move a single file from src to dest.

int32 OS_FDGetInfo (osal_id_t filedes, OS_file_prop_t *fd_prop)

Obtain information about an open file.

int32 OS_FileOpenCheck (const char *Filename)

Checks to see if a file is open.

int32 OS_CloseAllFiles (void)

Close all open files.

int32 OS_CloseFileByName (const char *Filename)

Close a file by filename.

12.15.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for file objects

12.15.2 Macro Definition Documentation

12.15.2.1 OS_FILESTAT_EXEC

```
#define OS_FILESTAT_EXEC( x \ ) \ ((x). \\ FileModeBits \& OS_FILESTAT\_MODE\_EXEC)
```

File stat is executable logical.

Definition at line 94 of file osapi-file.h.

12.15.2.2 OS_FILESTAT_ISDIR

```
#define OS_FILESTAT_ISDIR( x \ ) \ ((x). \\ \mbox{FileModeBits \& OS_FILESTAT\_MODE\_DIR})
```

File stat is directory logical.

Definition at line 92 of file osapi-file.h.

12.15.2.3 OS_FILESTAT_MODE

Access file stat mode bits.

Definition at line 90 of file osapi-file.h.

12.15.2.4 OS_FILESTAT_READ

File stat is read enabled logical.

Definition at line 98 of file osapi-file.h.

12.15.2.5 OS_FILESTAT_SIZE

Access file stat size field.

Definition at line 100 of file osapi-file.h.

12.15.2.6 OS_FILESTAT_TIME

Access file stat time field as a whole number of seconds.

Definition at line 102 of file osapi-file.h.

12.15.2.7 OS_FILESTAT_WRITE

File stat is write enabled logical.

Definition at line 96 of file osapi-file.h.

12.15.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

12.15.3.1 anonymous enum

```
anonymous enum
```

File stat mode bits.

We must also define replacements for the stat structure's mode bits. This is currently just a small subset since the OSAL just presents a very simplified view of the filesystem to the upper layers. And since not all OS'es are POSIX, the more POSIX-specific bits are not relevant anyway.

Enumerator

OS_FILESTAT_MODE_EXEC	
OS_FILESTAT_MODE_WRITE	
OS_FILESTAT_MODE_READ	
General Google Filter From TAT_MODE_DIR	

Definition at line 81 of file osapi-file.h.

```
12.15.3.2 OS_file_flag_t
enum OS_file_flag_t
```

Flags that can be used with opening of a file (bitmask)

Enumerator

OS_FILE_FLAG_NONE	
OS_FILE_FLAG_CREATE	
S_FILE_FLAG_TRUNCATE	

Definition at line 107 of file osapi-file.h.

12.16 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-filesys.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Data Structures

- struct os_fsinfo_t
 OSAL file system info.
- struct OS_statvfs_t

Macros

- #define OS_CHK_ONLY 0
- #define OS_REPAIR 1

Functions

- int32 OS_FileSysAddFixedMap (osal_id_t *filesys_id, const char *phys_path, const char *virt_path)
 - Create a fixed mapping between an existing directory and a virtual OSAL mount point.
- int32 OS_mkfs (char *address, const char *devname, const char *volname, size_t blocksize, osal_blockcount_t numblocks)

Makes a file system on the target.

• int32 OS_mount (const char *devname, const char *mountpoint)

Mounts a file system.

 int32 OS_initfs (char *address, const char *devname, const char *volname, size_t blocksize, osal_blockcount_t numblocks)

Initializes an existing file system.

int32 OS_rmfs (const char *devname)

Removes a file system.

int32 OS_unmount (const char *mountpoint)

Unmounts a mounted file system.

int32 OS_FileSysStatVolume (const char *name, OS_statvfs_t *statbuf)

Obtains information about size and free space in a volume.

• int32 OS_chkfs (const char *name, bool repair)

Checks the health of a file system and repairs it if necessary.

int32 OS_FS_GetPhysDriveName (char *PhysDriveName, const char *MountPoint)

Obtains the physical drive name associated with a mount point.

• int32 OS_TranslatePath (const char *VirtualPath, char *LocalPath)

Translates a OSAL Virtual file system path to a host Local path.

int32 OS_GetFsInfo (os_fsinfo_t *filesys_info)

Returns information about the file system.

12.16.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for file systems

12.16.2 Macro Definition Documentation

12.16.2.1 OS_CHK_ONLY

#define OS_CHK_ONLY 0

Unused, API takes bool

Definition at line 33 of file osapi-filesys.h.

12.16.2.2 OS_REPAIR

#define OS_REPAIR 1

Unused, API takes bool

Definition at line 34 of file osapi-filesys.h.

12.17 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-heap.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Data Structures

struct OS_heap_prop_t
 OSAL heap properties.

Functions

• int32 OS_HeapGetInfo (OS_heap_prop_t *heap_prop)

Return current info on the heap.

12.17.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for heap functions

12.18 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-idmap.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Macros

• #define OS_OBJECT_INDEX_MASK 0xFFFF

Object index mask.

#define OS OBJECT TYPE SHIFT 16

Object type shift.

• #define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_UNDEFINED 0x00

Object type undefined.

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_TASK 0x01

Object task type.

• #define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_QUEUE 0x02

Object queue type.

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_COUNTSEM 0x03

Object counting semaphore type.

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_BINSEM 0x04

Object binary semaphore type.

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_MUTEX 0x05

Object mutex type.

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_STREAM 0x06

Object stream type.

#define OS OBJECT TYPE OS DIR 0x07

Object directory type.

#define OS OBJECT TYPE OS TIMEBASE 0x08

Object timebase type.

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_TIMECB 0x09

Object timer callback type.

#define OS OBJECT TYPE OS MODULE 0x0A

Object module type.

• #define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_FILESYS 0x0B

Object file system type.

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_OS_CONSOLE 0x0C

Object console type.

#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_USER 0x10

Object user type.

Functions

static unsigned long OS ObjectIdToInteger (osal id t object id)

Obtain an integer value corresponding to an object ID.

• static osal_id_t OS_ObjectIdFromInteger (unsigned long value)

Obtain an osal ID corresponding to an integer value.

static bool OS_ObjectIdEqual (osal_id_t object_id1, osal_id_t object_id2)

Check two OSAL object ID values for equality.

static bool OS_ObjectIdDefined (osal_id_t object_id)

Check if an object ID is defined.

int32 OS_GetResourceName (osal_id_t object_id, char *buffer, size_t buffer_size)

Obtain the name of an object given an arbitrary object ID.

osal_objtype_t OS_IdentifyObject (osal_id_t object_id)

Obtain the type of an object given an arbitrary object ID.

int32 OS_ConvertToArrayIndex (osal_id_t object_id, osal_index_t *ArrayIndex)

Converts an abstract ID into a number suitable for use as an array index.

int32 OS_ObjectIdToArrayIndex (osal_objtype_t idtype, osal_id_t object_id, osal_index_t *ArrayIndex)

Converts an abstract ID into a number suitable for use as an array index.

void OS_ForEachObject (osal_id_t creator_id, OS_ArgCallback_t callback_ptr, void *callback_arg)

call the supplied callback function for all valid object IDs

 void OS_ForEachObjectOfType (osal_objtype_t objtype, osal_id_t creator_id, OS_ArgCallback_t callback_ptr, void *callback_arg)

call the supplied callback function for valid object IDs of a specific type

12.18.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for object IDs

12.18.2 Macro Definition Documentation

12.18.2.1 OS_OBJECT_INDEX_MASK

```
#define OS_OBJECT_INDEX_MASK 0xFFFF
```

Object index mask.

Definition at line 34 of file osapi-idmap.h.

```
12.18.2.2 OS_OBJECT_TYPE_SHIFT
```

```
#define OS_OBJECT_TYPE_SHIFT 16
```

Object type shift.

Definition at line 35 of file osapi-idmap.h.

12.19 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-macros.h File Reference

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
#include "osapi-printf.h"
```

Macros

- #define BUGREPORT(...) OS_printf(__VA_ARGS__)
- #define BUGCHECK(cond, errcode)

Basic Bug-Checking macro.

• #define ARGCHECK(cond, errcode)

Generic argument checking macro for non-critical values.

• #define LENGTHCHECK(str, len, errcode) ARGCHECK(memchr(str, "\0', len), errcode)

String length limit check macro.

12.19.1 Detailed Description

Macro definitions that are used across all OSAL subsystems

12.19.2 Macro Definition Documentation

12.19.2.1 ARGCHECK

Generic argument checking macro for non-critical values.

This macro checks a conditional that is expected to be true, and return a value if it evaluates false.

ARGCHECK can be used to check for out of range or other invalid argument conditions which may (validly) occur at runtime and do not necessarily indicate bugs in the application.

These argument checks are NOT considered a fatal errors. The application continues to run normally. This does not report the error on the console.

As such, ARGCHECK actions are always compiled in - not selectable at compile-time.

See also

BUGCHECK for checking critical values that indicate bugs

Definition at line 124 of file osapi-macros.h.

12.19.2.2 BUGCHECK

Value:

Basic Bug-Checking macro.

This macro checks a conditional, and if it is FALSE, then it generates a report - which may in turn contain additional actions.

BUGCHECK should only be used for conditions which are critical and must always be true. If such a condition is ever false then it indicates a bug in the application which must be resolved. It may or may not be possible to continue operation if a bugcheck fails.

See also

ARGCHECK for checking non-critical values

Definition at line 98 of file osapi-macros.h.

12.19.2.3 BUGREPORT

Definition at line 81 of file osapi-macros.h.

12.19.2.4 LENGTHCHECK

String length limit check macro.

This macro is a specialized version of ARGCHECK that confirms a string will fit into a buffer of the specified length, and return an error code if it will not.

Note

this uses ARGCHECK, thus treating a string too long as a normal runtime (i.e. non-bug) error condition with a typical error return to the caller.

Definition at line 139 of file osapi-macros.h.

12.20 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-module.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Data Structures

• struct OS_module_address_t

OSAL module address properties.

• struct OS_module_prop_t

OSAL module properties.

struct OS_static_symbol_record_t

Associates a single symbol name with a memory address.

Macros

- #define OS_MODULE_FLAG_GLOBAL_SYMBOLS 0x00
 - Requests OS_ModuleLoad() to add the symbols to the global symbol table.
- #define OS_MODULE_FLAG_LOCAL_SYMBOLS 0x01

Requests OS_ModuleLoad() to keep the symbols local/private to this module.

Functions

- int32 OS_SymbolLookup (cpuaddr *symbol_address, const char *symbol_name)
 Find the Address of a Symbol.
- int32 OS_ModuleSymbolLookup (osal_id_t module_id, cpuaddr *symbol_address, const char *symbol_name)

 Find the Address of a Symbol within a module.
- int32 OS_SymbolTableDump (const char *filename, size_t size_limit)

Dumps the system symbol table to a file.

- int32 OS_ModuleLoad (osal_id_t *module_id, const char *module_name, const char *filename, uint32 flags)

 Loads an object file.
- int32 OS_ModuleUnload (osal_id_t module_id)

Unloads the module file.

int32 OS_ModuleInfo (osal_id_t module_id, OS_module_prop_t *module_info)

Obtain information about a module.

12.20.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for module subsystem

12.20.2 Macro Definition Documentation

12.20.2.1 OS_MODULE_FLAG_GLOBAL_SYMBOLS

```
#define OS_MODULE_FLAG_GLOBAL_SYMBOLS 0x00
```

Requests OS_ModuleLoad() to add the symbols to the global symbol table.

When supplied as the "flags" argument to OS_ModuleLoad(), this indicates that the symbols in the loaded module should be added to the global symbol table. This will make symbols in this library available for use when resolving symbols in future module loads.

This is the default mode of operation for OS_ModuleLoad().

Note

On some operating systems, use of this option may make it difficult to unload the module in the future, if the symbols are in use by other entities.

Definition at line 51 of file osapi-module.h.

12.20.2.2 OS_MODULE_FLAG_LOCAL_SYMBOLS

```
#define OS_MODULE_FLAG_LOCAL_SYMBOLS 0x01
```

Requests OS ModuleLoad() to keep the symbols local/private to this module.

When supplied as the "flags" argument to OS_ModuleLoad(), this indicates that the symbols in the loaded module should NOT be added to the global symbol table. This means the symbols in the loaded library will not available to for use by other modules.

Use this option is recommended for cases where no other entities will need to reference symbols within this module. This helps ensure that the module can be more safely unloaded in the future, by preventing other modules from binding to it. It also helps reduce the likelihood of symbol name conflicts among modules.

Note

To look up symbols within a module loaded with this flag, use OS_SymbolLookupInModule() instead of OS_ SymbolLookup(). Also note that references obtained using this method are not tracked by the OS; the application must ensure that all references obtained in this manner have been cleaned up/released before unloading the module.

Definition at line 73 of file osapi-module.h.

12.21 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-mutex.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Data Structures

struct OS_mut_sem_prop_t
 OSAL mutex properties.

Functions

int32 OS_MutSemCreate (osal_id_t *sem_id, const char *sem_name, uint32 options)

Creates a mutex semaphore.

int32 OS_MutSemGive (osal_id_t sem_id)

Releases the mutex object referenced by sem_id.

int32 OS_MutSemTake (osal_id_t sem_id)

Acquire the mutex object referenced by sem_id.

int32 OS_MutSemDelete (osal_id_t sem_id)

Deletes the specified Mutex Semaphore.

int32 OS_MutSemGetIdByName (osal_id_t *sem_id, const char *sem_name)

Find an existing mutex ID by name.

int32 OS_MutSemGetInfo (osal_id_t sem_id, OS_mut_sem_prop_t *mut_prop)

Fill a property object buffer with details regarding the resource.

12.21.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for mutexes

12.22 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-network.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Functions

• int32 OS_NetworkGetID (void)

Gets the network ID of the local machine.

int32 OS_NetworkGetHostName (char *host_name, size_t name_len)

Gets the local machine network host name.

12.22.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for network subsystem

12.23 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-printf.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Functions

• void OS_printf (const char *string,...) OS_PRINTF(1

Abstraction for the system printf() call.

void void OS_printf_disable (void)

This function disables the output from OS_printf.

void OS_printf_enable (void)

This function enables the output from OS_printf.

12.23.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for printf/console output

12.24 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-queue.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Data Structures

• struct OS_queue_prop_t

OSAL queue properties.

Functions

int32 OS_QueueCreate (osal_id_t *queue_id, const char *queue_name, osal_blockcount_t queue_depth, size
 —t data_size, uint32 flags)

Create a message queue.

int32 OS_QueueDelete (osal_id_t queue_id)

Deletes the specified message queue.

int32 OS_QueueGet (osal_id_t queue_id, void *data, size_t size, size_t *size_copied, int32 timeout)

Receive a message on a message queue.

int32 OS_QueuePut (osal_id_t queue_id, const void *data, size_t size, uint32 flags)

Put a message on a message queue.

int32 OS_QueueGetIdByName (osal_id_t *queue_id, const char *queue_name)

Find an existing queue ID by name.

• int32 OS_QueueGetInfo (osal_id_t queue_id, OS_queue_prop_t *queue_prop)

Fill a property object buffer with details regarding the resource.

12.24.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for queue subsystem

12.25 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-select.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Data Structures

struct OS_FdSet

An abstract structure capable of holding several OSAL IDs.

Enumerations

 enum OS StreamState t { OS STREAM STATE BOUND = 0x01, OS STREAM STATE CONNECTED = 0x02, OS_STREAM_STATE_READABLE = 0x04, OS_STREAM_STATE_WRITABLE = 0x08 }

For the OS_SelectSingle() function's in/out StateFlags parameter, the state(s) of the stream and the result of the select is a combination of one or more of these states.

Functions

int32 OS SelectMultiple (OS FdSet *ReadSet, OS FdSet *WriteSet, int32 msecs)

Wait for events across multiple file handles.

int32 OS_SelectSingle (osal_id_t objid, uint32 *StateFlags, int32 msecs)

Wait for events on a single file handle.

int32 OS SelectFdZero (OS FdSet *Set)

Clear a FdSet structure.

• int32 OS_SelectFdAdd (OS_FdSet *Set, osal_id_t objid)

Add an ID to an FdSet structure.

int32 OS_SelectFdClear (OS_FdSet *Set, osal_id_t objid)

Clear an ID from an FdSet structure.

bool OS_SelectFdlsSet (OS_FdSet *Set, osal_id_t objid)

Check if an FdSet structure contains a given ID.

12.25.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for select abstraction

12.25.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

12.25.2.1 OS_StreamState_t

enum OS_StreamState_t

For the OS_SelectSingle() function's in/out StateFlags parameter, the state(s) of the stream and the result of the select is a combination of one or more of these states.

See also

OS_SelectSingle()

Enumerator

OS_STREAM_STATE_BOUND	whether the stream is bound
OS_STREAM_STATE_CONNECTED	whether the stream is connected
OS_STREAM_STATE_READABLE	whether the stream is readable
OS_STREAM_STATE_WRITABLE	whether the stream is writable

Generated by Doxygen

Definition at line 57 of file osapi-select.h.

12.26 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-shell.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Functions

• int32 OS_ShellOutputToFile (const char *Cmd, osal_id_t filedes)

Executes the command and sends output to a file.

12.26.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for shell abstraction

12.27 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-sockets.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Data Structures

• union OS_SockAddrData_t

Storage buffer for generic network address.

struct OS_SockAddr_t

Encapsulates a generic network address.

struct OS_socket_prop_t

Encapsulates socket properties.

Macros

• #define OS_SOCKADDR_MAX_LEN 28

Enumerations

 enum OS_SocketDomain_t { OS_SocketDomain_INVALID, OS_SocketDomain_INET, OS_SocketDomain_IN← ET6, OS_SocketDomain_MAX }

Socket domain.

 enum OS_SocketType_t { OS_SocketType_INVALID, OS_SocketType_DATAGRAM, OS_SocketType_STREAM, OS_SocketType_MAX }

Socket type.

Functions

int32 OS_SocketAddrInit (OS_SockAddr_t *Addr, OS_SocketDomain_t Domain)

Initialize a socket address structure to hold an address of the given family.

int32 OS_SocketAddrToString (char *buffer, size_t buflen, const OS_SockAddr_t *Addr)

Get a string representation of a network host address.

int32 OS_SocketAddrFromString (OS_SockAddr_t *Addr, const char *string)

Set a network host address from a string representation.

int32 OS SocketAddrGetPort (uint16 *PortNum, const OS SockAddr t *Addr)

Get the port number of a network address.

int32 OS SocketAddrSetPort (OS SockAddr t *Addr, uint16 PortNum)

Set the port number of a network address.

• int32 OS_SocketOpen (osal_id_t *sock_id, OS_SocketDomain_t Domain, OS_SocketType_t Type)

Opens a socket.

int32 OS_SocketBind (osal_id_t sock_id, const OS_SockAddr_t *Addr)

Binds a socket to a given local address.

int32 OS_SocketConnect (osal_id_t sock_id, const OS_SockAddr_t *Addr, int32 timeout)

Connects a socket to a given remote address.

int32 OS_SocketAccept (osal_id_t sock_id, osal_id_t *connsock_id, OS_SockAddr_t *Addr, int32 timeout)

Waits for and accept the next incoming connection on the given socket.

int32 OS_SocketRecvFrom (osal_id_t sock_id, void *buffer, size_t buflen, OS_SockAddr_t *RemoteAddr, int32 timeout)

Reads data from a message-oriented (datagram) socket.

int32 OS_SocketSendTo (osal_id_t sock_id, const void *buffer, size_t buflen, const OS_SockAddr_t *Remote ← Addr)

Sends data to a message-oriented (datagram) socket.

int32 OS_SocketGetIdByName (osal_id_t *sock_id, const char *sock_name)

Gets an OSAL ID from a given name.

int32 OS_SocketGetInfo (osal_id_t sock_id, OS_socket_prop_t *sock_prop)

Gets information about an OSAL Socket ID.

12.27.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for sockets abstraction

12.27.2 Macro Definition Documentation

12.27.2.1 OS_SOCKADDR_MAX_LEN

#define OS_SOCKADDR_MAX_LEN 28

Definition at line 47 of file osapi-sockets.h.

12.27.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

12.27.3.1 OS_SocketDomain_t

```
enum OS_SocketDomain_t
```

Socket domain.

Enumerator

OS_SocketDomain_INVALID	Invalid.
OS_SocketDomain_INET	IPv4 address family, most commonly used)
OS_SocketDomain_INET6	IPv6 address family, depends on OS/network stack support.
OS_SocketDomain_MAX	Maximum.

Definition at line 62 of file osapi-sockets.h.

12.27.3.2 OS_SocketType_t

```
enum OS_SocketType_t
```

Socket type.

Enumerator

OS_SocketType_INVALID	Invalid.
OS_SocketType_DATAGRAM	A connectionless, message-oriented socket.
OS_SocketType_STREAM	A stream-oriented socket with the concept of a connection.
OS_SocketType_MAX	Maximum.

Definition at line 71 of file osapi-sockets.h.

12.28 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-task.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Data Structures

struct OS_task_prop_t
 OSAL task properties.

Macros

#define OS_MAX_TASK_PRIORITY 255

Upper limit for OSAL task priorities.

#define OS_FP_ENABLED 1

Floating point enabled state for a task.

- #define OSAL_PRIORITY_C(X) ((osal_priority_t) {X})
- #define OSAL_STACKPTR_C(X) ((osal_stackptr_t) {X})
- #define OSAL TASK STACK ALLOCATE OSAL STACKPTR C(NULL)

Typedefs

typedef uint8_t osal_priority_t

Type to be used for OSAL task priorities.

typedef void * osal_stackptr_t

Type to be used for OSAL stack pointer.

· typedef void osal task

For task entry point.

Functions

typedef osal_task ((*osal_task_entry)(void))

For task entry point.

int32 OS_TaskCreate (osal_id_t *task_id, const char *task_name, osal_task_entry function_pointer, osal_
 stackptr_t stack_pointer, size_t stack_size, osal_priority_t priority, uint32 flags)

Creates a task and starts running it.

· int32 OS TaskDelete (osal id t task id)

Deletes the specified Task.

void OS_TaskExit (void)

Exits the calling task.

int32 OS TaskInstallDeleteHandler (osal task entry function pointer)

Installs a handler for when the task is deleted.

• int32 OS TaskDelay (uint32 millisecond)

Delay a task for specified amount of milliseconds.

int32 OS_TaskSetPriority (osal_id_t task_id, osal_priority_t new_priority)

Sets the given task to a new priority.

• osal_id_t OS_TaskGetId (void)

Obtain the task id of the calling task.

• int32 OS_TaskGetIdByName (osal_id_t *task_id, const char *task_name)

Find an existing task ID by name.

int32 OS_TaskGetInfo (osal_id_t task_id, OS_task_prop_t *task_prop)

Fill a property object buffer with details regarding the resource.

int32 OS_TaskFindIdBySystemData (osal_id_t *task_id, const void *sysdata, size_t sysdata_size)

Reverse-lookup the OSAL task ID from an operating system ID.

12.28.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for task abstraction

12.28.2 Macro Definition Documentation

```
12.28.2.1 OS_FP_ENABLED
```

```
#define OS_FP_ENABLED 1
```

Floating point enabled state for a task.

Definition at line 37 of file osapi-task.h.

12.28.2.2 OS_MAX_TASK_PRIORITY

```
#define OS_MAX_TASK_PRIORITY 255
```

Upper limit for OSAL task priorities.

Definition at line 34 of file osapi-task.h.

12.28.2.3 OSAL_PRIORITY_C

Definition at line 48 of file osapi-task.h.

12.28.2.4 OSAL_STACKPTR_C

Definition at line 55 of file osapi-task.h.

```
12.28.2.5 OSAL_TASK_STACK_ALLOCATE
```

#define OSAL_TASK_STACK_ALLOCATE OSAL_STACKPTR_C(NULL)

Definition at line 56 of file osapi-task.h.

12.28.3 Typedef Documentation

12.28.3.1 osal_priority_t

typedef uint8_t osal_priority_t

Type to be used for OSAL task priorities.

OSAL priorities are in reverse order, and range from 0 (highest; will preempt all other tasks) to 255 (lowest; will not preempt any other task).

Definition at line 46 of file osapi-task.h.

12.28.3.2 osal_stackptr_t

typedef void* osal_stackptr_t

Type to be used for OSAL stack pointer.

Definition at line 53 of file osapi-task.h.

12.28.3.3 osal_task

typedef void osal_task

For task entry point.

Definition at line 70 of file osapi-task.h.

12.28.4 Function Documentation

```
12.28.4.1 osal_task()
```

For task entry point.

12.29 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-timebase.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Data Structures

• struct OS_timebase_prop_t

Time base properties.

Typedefs

typedef uint32(* OS_TimerSync_t) (osal_id_t timer_id)
 Timer sync.

Functions

Create an abstract Time Base resource.

- int32 OS_TimeBaseSet (osal_id_t timebase_id, uint32 start_time, uint32 interval_time)
 - Sets the tick period for simulated time base objects.
- int32 OS_TimeBaseDelete (osal_id_t timebase_id)

Deletes a time base object.

int32 OS_TimeBaseGetIdByName (osal_id_t *timebase_id, const char *timebase_name)

Find the ID of an existing time base resource.

int32 OS_TimeBaseGetInfo (osal_id_t timebase_id, OS_timebase_prop_t *timebase_prop)

Obtain information about a timebase resource.

• int32 OS_TimeBaseGetFreeRun (osal_id_t timebase_id, uint32 *freerun_val)

Read the value of the timebase free run counter.

12.29.1 Detailed Description

Declarations and prototypes for timebase abstraction

12.29.2 Typedef Documentation

```
12.29.2.1 OS_TimerSync_t

typedef uint32(* OS_TimerSync_t) (osal_id_t timer_id)
Timer sync.
```

Definition at line 36 of file osapi-timebase.h.

12.30 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-timer.h File Reference

```
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "common_types.h"
```

Data Structures

struct OS_timer_prop_t
 Timer properties.

Typedefs

typedef void(* OS_TimerCallback_t) (osal_id_t timer_id)
 Timer callback.

Functions

• int32 OS_TimerCreate (osal_id_t *timer_id, const char *timer_name, uint32 *clock_accuracy, OS_Timer ← Callback_t callback_ptr)

Create a timer object.

int32 OS_TimerAdd (osal_id_t *timer_id, const char *timer_name, osal_id_t timebase_id, OS_ArgCallback_
 t callback_ptr, void *callback_arg)

Add a timer object based on an existing TimeBase resource.

• int32 OS_TimerSet (osal_id_t timer_id, uint32 start_time, uint32 interval_time)

Configures a periodic or one shot timer.

• int32 OS_TimerDelete (osal_id_t timer_id)

Deletes a timer resource.

• int32 OS_TimerGetIdByName (osal_id_t *timer_id, const char *timer_name)

Locate an existing timer resource by name.

• int32 OS_TimerGetInfo (osal_id_t timer_id, OS_timer_prop_t *timer_prop)

Gets information about an existing timer.

```
12.30.1 Detailed Description
```

Declarations and prototypes for timer abstraction (app callbacks)

12.30.2 Typedef Documentation

```
12.30.2.1 OS_TimerCallback_t
```

```
typedef void(* OS_TimerCallback_t) (osal_id_t timer_id)
```

Timer callback.

Definition at line 36 of file osapi-timer.h.

12.31 osal/src/os/inc/osapi-version.h File Reference

```
#include "common_types.h"
```

Macros

- #define OS BUILD NUMBER 387
- #define OS BUILD BASELINE "v5.1.0-rc1"
- #define OS_MAJOR_VERSION 5

ONLY APPLY for OFFICIAL releases. Major version number.

• #define OS_MINOR_VERSION 0

ONLY APPLY for OFFICIAL releases. Minor version number.

• #define OS REVISION 0

ONLY APPLY for OFFICIAL releases. Revision number.

• #define OS_MISSION_REV 0xFF

Mission revision.

#define OS STR HELPER(x) #x

Helper function to concatenate strings from integer.

#define OS_STR(x) OS_STR_HELPER(x)

Helper function to concatenate strings from integer.

#define OS_VERSION OS_BUILD_BASELINE "+dev" OS_STR(OS_BUILD_NUMBER)

Development Build Version Number.

#define OS_VERSION_CODENAME "Bootes"

Version code name All modular components which are tested/validated together should share the same code name.

• #define OS VERSION STRING

Development Build Version String.

Combines the revision components into a single value.

Functions

- const char * OS_GetVersionString (void)
- const char * OS GetVersionCodeName (void)
- void OS_GetVersionNumber (uint8 VersionNumbers[4])

Obtain the OSAL numeric version number.

• uint32 OS_GetBuildNumber (void)

Obtain the OSAL library numeric build number.

12.31.1 Detailed Description

Provide version identifiers for cFS' Operating System Abstraction Layer See Version Numbers for version and build number and description

12.31.2 Macro Definition Documentation

12.31.2.1 OS_BUILD_BASELINE

```
#define OS_BUILD_BASELINE "v5.1.0-rc1"
```

Definition at line 38 of file osapi-version.h.

12.31.2.2 OS_BUILD_NUMBER

```
#define OS_BUILD_NUMBER 387
```

Definition at line 37 of file osapi-version.h.

12.31.2.3 OS_MAJOR_VERSION

```
#define OS_MAJOR_VERSION 5
```

ONLY APPLY for OFFICIAL releases. Major version number.

Definition at line 43 of file osapi-version.h.

12.31.2.4 OS_MINOR_VERSION

```
#define OS_MINOR_VERSION 0
```

ONLY APPLY for OFFICIAL releases. Minor version number.

Definition at line 44 of file osapi-version.h.

12.31.2.5 OS_MISSION_REV

```
#define OS_MISSION_REV 0xFF
```

Mission revision.

Set to 0 on OFFIFICIAL releases, and set to 255 (0xFF) on development versions. Values 1-254 are reserved for mission use to denote patches/customizations as needed.

Definition at line 53 of file osapi-version.h.

12.31.2.6 OS_REVISION

```
#define OS_REVISION 0
```

ONLY APPLY for OFFICIAL releases. Revision number.

Definition at line 45 of file osapi-version.h.

12.31.2.7 OS_STR

```
#define OS_STR( x ) OS_STR_HELPER(x)
```

Helper function to concatenate strings from integer.

Definition at line 59 of file osapi-version.h.

12.31.2.8 OS_STR_HELPER

Helper function to concatenate strings from integer.

Definition at line 58 of file osapi-version.h.

12.31.2.9 OS_VERSION

```
#define OS_VERSION OS_BUILD_BASELINE "+dev" OS_STR(OS_BUILD_NUMBER)
```

Development Build Version Number.

Baseline git tag + Number of commits since baseline.

See Version Numbers for format differences between development and release versions.

Definition at line 65 of file osapi-version.h.

12.31.2.10 OS_VERSION_CODENAME

```
#define OS_VERSION_CODENAME "Bootes"
```

Version code name All modular components which are tested/validated together should share the same code name.

Definition at line 70 of file osapi-version.h.

12.31.2.11 OS_VERSION_STRING

```
#define OS_VERSION_STRING
```

Value:

Development Build Version String.

Reports the current development build's baseline, number, and name. Also includes a note about the latest official version.

See Version Numbers for format differences between development and release versions.

Definition at line 76 of file osapi-version.h.

12.31.2.12 OSAL_API_VERSION

```
#define OSAL_API_VERSION ((OS_MAJOR_VERSION * 10000) + (OS_MINOR_VERSION * 100) + OS_REVISION)
```

Combines the revision components into a single value.

Applications can check against this number

e.g. "#if OSAL_API_VERSION >= 40100" would check if some feature added in OSAL 4.1 is present.

Definition at line 86 of file osapi-version.h.

12.31.3 Function Documentation

12.31.3.1 OS_GetBuildNumber()

Obtain the OSAL library numeric build number.

The build number is a monotonically increasing number that (coarsely) reflects the number of commits/changes that have been merged since the epoch release. During development cycles this number should increase after each subsequent merge/modification.

Like other version information, this is a fixed number assigned at compile time.

Returns

The OSAL library build number

12.31.3.2 OS_GetVersionCodeName()

Gets the OSAL version code name

All NASA CFE/CFS components (including CFE framework, OSAL and PSP) that work together will share the same code name.

Returns

OSAL code name. This is a fixed value string and is never NULL.

12.31.3.3 OS_GetVersionNumber()

Obtain the OSAL numeric version number.

This retrieves the numeric OSAL version identifier as an array of 4 uint8 values.

The array of numeric values is in order of precedence: [0] = Major Number [1] = Minor Number [2] = Revision Number [3] = Mission Revision

The "Mission Revision" (last output) also indicates whether this is an official release, a patched release, or a development version. 0 indicates an official release 1-254 local patch level (reserved for mission use) 255 indicates a development build

Parameters

	out	VersionNumbers	A fixed-size array to be filled with the version numbers	
--	-----	----------------	--	--

12.31.3.4 OS_GetVersionString()

Gets the OSAL version/baseline ID as a string

This returns the content of the OS_VERSION macro defined above, and is specifically just the baseline and development build ID (if applicable), without any extra info.

Returns

Basic version identifier. This is a fixed value string and is never NULL.

12.32 osal/src/os/inc/osapi.h File Reference

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include "common_types.h"
#include "osapi-version.h"
#include "osconfig.h"
#include "osapi-binsem.h"
#include "osapi-clock.h"
#include "osapi-common.h"
#include "osapi-constants.h"
#include "osapi-countsem.h"
#include "osapi-dir.h"
#include "osapi-error.h"
#include "osapi-file.h"
#include "osapi-filesys.h"
#include "osapi-heap.h"
#include "osapi-macros.h"
#include "osapi-idmap.h"
#include "osapi-module.h"
#include "osapi-mutex.h"
#include "osapi-network.h"
#include "osapi-printf.h"
#include "osapi-queue.h"
#include "osapi-select.h"
#include "osapi-shell.h"
#include "osapi-sockets.h"
#include "osapi-task.h"
#include "osapi-timebase.h"
#include "osapi-timer.h"
#include "osapi-bsp.h"
```

12.32.1 Detailed Description

Purpose: Contains functions prototype definitions and variables declarations for the OS Abstraction Layer, Core OS module

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