

REMINDER: QUIZ 3 IS THIS WEEK. SCHEDULE YOUR 50 MIN SLOT

#1 Review: Consumer-Producer practice question

Consumer-Producer using a fixed size ring buffer. Assume s1 is initialized to 100 and s2 is initialized to zero.

- i) Can it deadlock, if under what conditions?
- ii) Is underflow possible? (underflow=Able to read/write before the start e.g. dequeue succeeds even though the data structure is empty)
- iii) Is overflow possible? (overflow=Able to read/write after the end e.g. enqueue succeeds even though data structure is full)

Consider the following attempt.

<pre>enqueue(value) mutex_lock(m); sem_wait(s1) sem_post(s2) mutex_lock(m) buffer[(in++) & 255] = value mutex_unlock(m)</pre>	<pre>dequeue() sem_wait(s2) sem_post(s1) result=buffer[(out++) & 255] mute_unlock(m) return result</pre>
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#2 Review: pthread practice question. What can the following code print?

```
void* funcA(void* ptr) { pthread_exit(((char*)ptr) + 1); }
void* funcB(void* ptr) { puts(ptr); }
```

```
int main() {
  pthread_create(&tidA,NULL,funcA,"ABC");
  pthread_create(&tidB,NULL,funcB,"XYZ");
  pthread_join(tidA, &result);
  puts(result);
  // pthread_exit(NULL)
}
```

Would you answer change if main also called pthread_exit(NULL) ?

#3 Review: Piping demo

#4 Working with errors: errno, strerror,perror

What is `errno` and when is it set?

What about multiple threads?

When is `errno` set to zero?

What are the gotchas of using `errno`?

How can you print out the string message associated with a particular error number?

What are the gotchas of using `strerror`?

#5 Interrupted system calls. AKA Correctly Handling EINTR

What is EINTR? What does it mean for `sem_wait`? `read`? `write`? `sleep`?

#6 Restarting interrupted sleep calls
e.g. SIGCHLD interrupted the sleeping parent!

```
01     ssize_t sleep_restart(int seconds) {  
02         //unsigned int remain = sleep(seconds)  
03  
04
```

If there's time....

What is IP4?

What is 127.0.0.1?

What is a port?

Correctly using `write` (IMPORTANT FOR NETWORKING)

i) May not send all bytes for slow devices (=network)

ii) May return -1 and `errno` is `EINTR`

```
01     ssize_t write_all(int fd, void*buffer, size_t len) {  
02         //Can't just call write(fd, buffer,len);  
03  
04
```

Can my programs listen on any port?

What is UDP? When is it used?

What is TCP? When is it used?