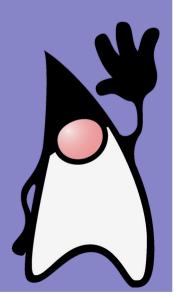
# Java

Records



#### Records

- since Java 16
- "data classes"

- final class
- extends java.lang.Record
- generated "get" methods
  - named as declared fields
- overridden
  - hashCode()
  - equals()
  - toString()
- instances immutable

Final fields

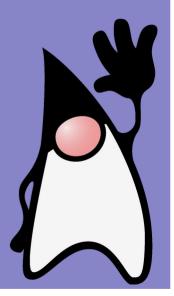
#### Records

- can implement interfaces
- cannot be abstract
- cannot add additional fields in body
  - but static ones can be added
- can have methods
  - both static and "non-static"
- can have more constructors
- "get" methods can be redefined
- can have nested records
  - they are static
- can be generic



# Java

Tools in JDK



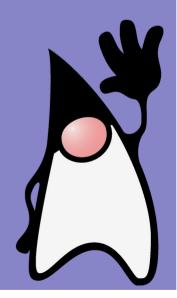
## **Tools**

- javac
- javadoc
- jdb
- javah
- jconsole
- jshell

•



# **Java** javac



#### javac

- arguments
  - -cp
  - -encoding
  - -g

debugging info

- -g:none
- -target

version of bytecode (6, 7, 8, 9,...)

- --release
- -source

version of language

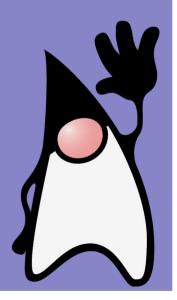
-d

directory for generated bytecode

. . .

# Java

jshell



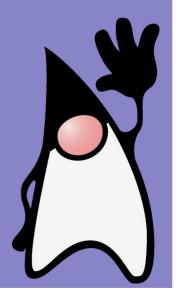
# jshell

- interactive shell
- since Java 9



# Java

javadoc



#### **Overview**

- a tool for automated generation of documentation form source codes
- class declarations etc. plus documentation comments
  - documentation directly in the code
  - easily kept up-to-date
- output (implicitly) HTML pages
- documentation comments

```
/** comment */
```

- written next to a documented element
- contains text + special tags + html code
- the javadoc program
  - included in JDK
  - generates documentaion

#### **Comments**

written next a documented element (without any empty new lines)

```
/** Commenting class */
public class MyClass {
    /** Commenting field */
    public int a;
    /** Commenting method */
    public void foo() {
        ...
    }
}
```

vinter semester 2022/23

#### **Comments**

• ignored otherwise (considered as normal comments)

```
/** ignored */
import java.util.*;

public class MyClass {
  void foo() {
    /** ignored */
  }
}
```

#### **Multi-line comments**

- comments typically over several lines
- initial spaces and stars on second and subsequent lines are ignored
- without stars, the space are not ignored

```
/** This is a multi-line comment.
  * Initial spaces and stars
  * are ignored and removed.
  */
/** Initial spaces are not ignored as
  there is no star.
  */
```

#### Parts of comments

- two parts in documentations comments
  - main description
  - part with tags
- first the main description, then the part with tags
  - cannot be swapped
  - the part with tags starts with a first tag (@something)

```
/** This is the main description. This is
  * still the main description.
  * @see java.lang.Object
  */
```

comment can have only a single section

#### Types of tags

- "block tags"
  - @tag
  - standalone tags
  - can be placed only at the beginning of a line (initial spaces and stars ignored)
    - character @ is considered as normal character elsewhere
- "in-line tags"
  - {@taq}
  - can be anywhere in the text
  - also in the main description

```
@deprecated As of JDK 1.1,
    replaced by {@link #setBounds(int,int,int,int)}
```

#### **Comments**

- first sentence = overview
  - a sentence ends with first dot followed by a white space (or by first tag)
  - shown
    - in a overview of class elements (methods, fields)
    - in the short description of a class
- one comment for several fields

```
/** A comment for both fields */
public int x, y;
```



#### HTML

- text of comments ~ HTML
- HTML tags can be used

```
/** This is a <b>documentation</b>
  * comment.
  */
```

characters < > & should be written in a HTML form

```
- < ... &lt;
- > ... >
- & ... &
```

- usage of some tags is not recommended
  - e.g. headers <h1> <h2>
  - can break the structure of generated documentation
- · not ideal in general

#### Inheriting comments

- if the comment is not present it is inherited from parents
  - overridden methods
  - implemented methods
- inherited only the part that is not defined
- explicit inheriting {@inheritDoc}

19

#### Package documentation

- documentation comments for a package
- the package.html file
- in the same directory as the package
- contains a HTML page
- to the documentation, everything between the tags <body> a </body> is included
- it is written without /\*\* ... \*/
- first sentence short description of the package
- description of a group of classes
- the overview.html file
- the same structure as package.html

# **Tags**

Tag	od Java	Tag	od Java
@author	1.0	@return	1.0
@{code}	5	@see	1.0
@{docRoot}	1.3	@serial	1.2
@deprecated	1.0	@serialData	1.2
@exception	1.0	@serialField	1.2
{@inheritDoc}	1.4	@since	1.1
{@link}	1.2	{@snippet}	18
{@linkplain}	1.4	@throws	1.2
{@literal}	5	{@value}	1.4
@param	1.0	@version	1.0

## Tags for methods

```
/** Main description.
   @param p1 description of p1
     @param p2 description of p2
     Othrows IOException when the
                      exception is thrown
     Othrows MyException when the
  *
                      exception is thrown
    @returns what is returned
  * /
int foo(int p1, long p2) throws
   IOException, MyException;
```

- @since text
  - can be used everywhere
  - meaning: since which version of a sw the particular element exists
  - @since 1.4
- @exception
  - the same as @throws
- @author name
  - name of the author
  - can be used with classes, packages and overview

- @see reference
  - "See also" header in the generated docs.
  - three possible formats
  - @see "string"
    - @see "The Java language specification"
  - @see <a href="URL#value">label</a>
  - @see package.class#member label
    - @see String#equals(Object) equals
    - @see java.io.File#exists() exists
- {@link package.class#member label}
  - a reference in a text (e.g. in the main description)
  - similar to @see

- {@linkplain package.class#member label}
  - the same as {@link ...}
  - printed using the same font as for plain text
    - for {@link ...} another font is used (typically monospaced)
- @deprecated text
  - denotes API, which should not be used (intended for removal in future)
  - text explanation why deprecated
  - till Java 5 the only possibility to mark deprecated API
    - since 5 annotation @deprecated
- {@docRoot}
  - relative path to the root directory of the generated documentation

- {@literal text}
  - a text that will not be interpreted
  - {@literal a < b > c}
    - the generated documentation will contain a<b>c
    - <b> will not be interpreted as a tag
- {@code text}
  - the same as <code>{@literal text}</code>

## Other tags – @snippet

- since Java 18
- inserting a snippet of code
- similar to @code, but with more possibilities
- basic usage

```
/**
 * The following code shows how to use {@code
Optional.isPresent}:
 * {@snippet :
 * if (v.isPresent()) {
 * System.out.println("v: " + v.get());
 * }
 * }
 * }
 */
```

## @snippet

· external file with code

```
/**
  * The following code shows how to use {@code Optional.isPresent}:
  * {@snippet file="ShowOptional.java" region="example"}
  * /

    ShowOptional.java

 public class ShowOptional {
     void show(Optional<String> v)
         // @start region="example"
         if (v.isPresent()) {
              System.out.println("v: " + v.get());
          // @end
```

# @snippet - other "subtags"

```
/**
 * A simple program.
* {@snippet :
* class HelloWorld {
      public static void main(String... args) {
          System.out.println("Hello World!");
                                                      @highlight substring="println"
                                                          Highlights a text
/**
* {@snippet:
    public static void main(String... args) {
                                               // @highlight region regex = "\barg\b"
        for (var arg : args) {
            if (!arq.isBlank()) {
                System.out.println(arg);
                                                                Highlights a tex matching the
                                               // @end
                                                                              regex
                                                                     (here the words arg)
```

# @snippet - other "subtags"

see the documentation for more

\* ]

\* /

see the documentation for more

## javadoc

- generating documentation javadoc
  - a part of the JDK
  - execution:

```
javadoc [arguments] [packages]
  [source_files]
  [-subpackages pkg1:pkg2:...]
```

## **Arguments for javadoc**

- -overview path/file
  - a path to the file overview.html
- -public
  - include only public elements to the documentation
- -protected
  - include only public and protected elements
  - default behavior
- -package
  - include public, protected and package-private elements
- -private
  - include all elements

#### **Arguments for javadoc**

- -doclet class
  - doclet generates the documentation
  - default doclet generates HTML
- -source java version
  - version of source codes accepted
- -sourcepath list of paths
  - path for source files
- -verbose -quiet
  - level of verbosity
- -locale language country variant
  - if present it must be as first argument
- -encoding encoding
  - encoding of source files

## **Arguments for javadoc**

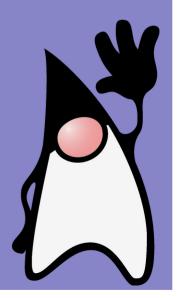
- -d path
  - directory for generated documentation
- -version
  - include tag @version
- -author
  - include tag @author
- -windowtitle text
- -doctitle text
- -header text
  - placed to the beginning of each page
- -footer text
  - paced to the end of each page
- -nodeprecated

• -nosince
Java, winter semester 2022/2



# Java

ANT



#### **Overview**

- http://ant.apache.org/
- a tool for (not only) building of Java programs
- close to make
- written in Java
- extensible
  - by adding classes
- input file (buildfile)
  - (as makefile in make)
  - XML

#### **Buildfile**

- default name build.xml
- contains a single project
- and at least one target

### **Project**

- attributes
  - name
    - name of the project
  - default
    - default target that will be executed if no target is explicitly given
    - mandatory attribute
  - basedir
    - a base directory for all paths in the file
- optional element <description>
  - description of the project

### **Target**

- a sequence of tasks that have to be executed
- can depend on other targets
  - is executed after them
- attributes
  - name
    - mandatory
  - depends
    - a list of targets on which the targets depend
  - description
    - short description
  - if
    - the name of a property that must be set
  - unless
    - the name of a property that must not be set

### **Target**

```
<target name="compile" depends="init"
          description="Compile the app">
          ....
</target>
```



#### **Task**

- executable code
- different number of arguments
  - depends on the particular task
- core
- optional
- own

```
<name attr1="value" attr2="value" .../>
<javac srcdir="..." destdir="..."/>
```

### **Property**

- name and value
- name case sensitive
- obtaining the value \${property}
- built-in properties
  - basedir
  - ant.file
  - ant.version
  - ant.project.name
  - ant.java.version
  - system properties of Java
- own properties
  - property name="name" .... />

### **Example**

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='us-ascii'?>
project basedir="." default="compile" name="Project">
  <description>Project description</description>
  property name="src" location="src"/>
  cproperty name="classes" location="classes"/>
  <target name="init">
    <mkdir dir="${classes}"/>
  </target>
  <target name="compile" depends="init" description="Compile">
    <javac debug="true" destdir="${classes}"</pre>
      srcdir="${src}" includes="**/*.java"
      classpath="${src}" />
  </target>
```

# **Example**

#### **Execution**

- ant [arguments] [target [target2 ... ]]
- arguments
  - -projecthelp, -p
    - project help
    - description of the project + description of tasks
  - -propertyfile <file>
    - defines properties from the file
  - -D-Droperty>=<name>
    - definition of properties
  - -buildfile <file>
  - -file <file>
  - -f <file>
    - buildfile

#### Task javac

- executes the Java compiler
- compiles only those file that have to be compiled
  - .class file is older than .java or there is no .class file
- attributes
  - srcdir
    - directory with .java files
    - mandatory
  - destdir
    - directory for .class files
  - classpath
    - CLASSPATH

#### Task javac

- attributes
  - encoding
    - encoding
  - source
    - -source attribute for javac
  - compiler
    - which compiler should be used
  - fork
    - true or false (default is false)
    - whether to execute the compiler in the same JVM as ANT or in a new one
- srcdir, classpath (and others) can be substituted by nested elements <src>, <classpath> (and others)

# Task java

- executes a Java program
- attributes
  - classname
    - a class to be run
  - jar
    - jar-file to be run
  - mandatory either classname or jar
  - classpath
  - fork
    - run in a new JVM
- nested elements
  - <arg>
    - command-line arguments

### Task property

- sets property(-ies) to a given value(s)
- value cannot be changed
- attributes
  - name
    - name of the property
  - value
    - value of the property
  - location
    - absolute path of the given files
  - file
    - file from which the properties should be read
  - url
    - url from which the properties should be read

#### Task property

#### example

```
cproperty name="src" location="src"/>
cproperty name="foo.dist" value="dist"/>
cproperty file="foo.properties"/>
cproperty url="http://..." />
```

50

#### Task javadoc

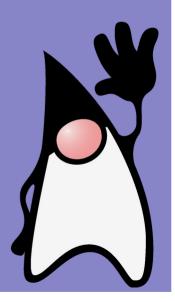
- runs javadoc
- attributes
  - sourcepath directories with sources
  - sourcefiles source files to be processed
  - packagenames for which packages docs should be generated
  - destdir directory for generated docs
  - public, protected, package, private for which elements docs should be generated
  - author include @author
  - version include @version
  - ... many others

#### **Others**

- many other tasks
  - delete
    - deletes files/directories
  - move
    - move/rename
  - mkdir
    - creating a directory
  - copy
    - copying
  - echo
    - prints out a text to the std output

# Java

Maven



#### **Overview**

- http://maven.apache.org/
- a tool for managing projects
  - roughly, Maven can be seen as an Ant extension
    - but it is not an Ant extension
- provides
  - dependency management
  - project building
  - usage of "best practices"
  - ...
- extensible by plugins

#### Usage

- a project generation mvn archetype:generate
  - -DarchetypeGroupId=org.apache.maven.archetypes
  - -DgroupId=com.mycompany.app
  - -DartifactId=my-app
  - archetype ~ a project template
  - generates the following structure

# **Project structure**

```
my-app
|-- pom.xml
`-- src
   |-- main
    `-- java
       `-- com
          `-- mycompany
            `-- app
               `-- App.java
  `-- test
     `-- java
       `-- com
          `-- mycompany
            `-- app
               `-- AppTest.java
```

# POM – Project Object Model

project definition

```
project xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0"
 xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
 xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0
                     http://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">
  <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
  <groupId>com.mycompany.app
 <artifactId>my-app</artifactId>
  <packaging>jar</packaging>
 <version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
  <name>Maven Quick Start Archetype
 <url>http://maven.apache.org</url>
  <dependencies>
   <dependency>
     <groupId>junit</groupId>
     <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
     <version>3.8.1
     <scope>test</scope>
   </dependency>
 </dependencies>
</project>
```

Dependencies

automatically downloaded

# **Build lifecycle**

- mvn "phase"
  - previous phases are also executed

- 1. process-resources
- 2. compile
- 3. process-test-resources
- 4. test-compile
- 5. test
- 6. package
- 7. install
- 8. deploy

#### Other archetypes

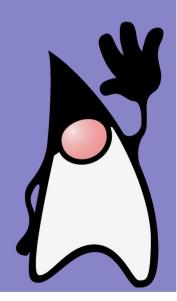
- generating different project types mvn archetype:generate \
  - -DarchetypeGroupId=org.apache.maven.archetypes
  - -DarchetypeArtifactId=maven-archetype-webapp
  - -DgroupId=com.mycompany.app
  - -DartifactId=my-webapp
- generating documentation
  - mvn archetype:generate
    - -DarchetypeGroupId=org.apache.maven.archetypes
    - -DarchetypeArtifactId=maven-archetype-site
    - -DgroupId=com.mycompany.app
    - -DartifactId=my-app-site

# **Plugins**

- core of Maven ~ plugin launcher
- plugins
  - clean
  - compiler
  - surefile
  - jar
  - javadoc
  - ...
- recommended to explicitly specify versions of used plugins

# Java

Gradle



#### **Gradle**

- https://gradle.org/
- similar to Maven
  - the same repositories for dependencies
  - but own language for project specification
    - DSL in Groovy
    - DSL in Kotlin
- support for multiple languages/environments
  - Java, Android, Groovy, Scala, Kotlin, C++

### **Project structure**

• gradle init --type java-application

```
build.gradle
gradle
   wrapper
     — gradle-wrapper.jar
    gradle-wrapper.properties
gradlew
gradlew.bat
settings.gradle
src
   main
        java
           App.java
    test
        java
           AppTest.java
```

#### **Gradle**

- gradle build
- gradle run
- •
- gradle tasks
  - a list of possible tasks

64

