

# The SMORPHI<sup>2</sup> TransfoBot



A transforming a robot was made in collaboration with **Wefaa Robotics** and **Singapore University of Technology and Design**, for showcasing the *blooming environments* in the field of *advance locomotion* and the *vast spectrum of Internet Of Things* [ IoT & Automation ].

Our Prestigious Mentors:

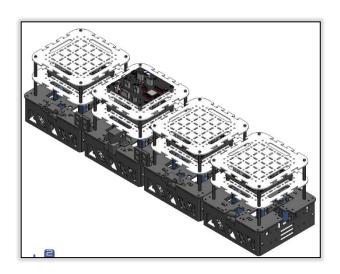
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## The Mighty Team:

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Step#1: Unpacking the smorphi<sup>2</sup> box, all the components were taken out of the box and spread on the floor, and the components were:

- 16 x Mecanum Wheels (Right + Left)
- 4 x Aluminum Base Plates
- 8 x Acrylic Base Plates
- 16 x Mecanum Motors w/ Mounts
- 6 x Solenoids w/ Latch Mount, Guide & Catch
- 6 x Hinge Mounts
- 3 x Hinge Mechanisms
- 1 x LiON Battery
- 2 x Battery Bracket
- 1 x Masterboard [ Espressif32 ]
- 4 x Slaveboard
- Multiple Sensors [ Sound, Temperature, InfraRed ] + HuskyCamera
- Multiple Size Screws [ 3 \* 5 ( x200 ) + 3 \* 10 ( x45 ) + 3 \* 25 ( x50 ) + 4 \* 8 ( x15 ), 45 \* M3 Nuts ]
- 32 x Hex MF M3 Nylon 45mm
- 28 x Hex FF M3 Nylon 10mm
- 8 x 4-pin Connectors + 4 x 8-pin Connectors
- 1 x USB Type C + 1 x Battery Charger
- 2 x Wing Screws [ M3 \* 5 ] + 1 x Ceramic Screwdriver + 1 Hex Key 1.5mm



<sup>&</sup>quot;Every step and procedure was performed in alignment with the guidance of all the mentors and the esteemed panel from Wefaa Robotics, Singapore"

Step#2: Through the video conferencing session, we were given a link:

['https://smorphi-documentation.readthedocs.io/en/latest/']

In that documentation website, there was a **Smorphi Assembly Manual**, of different versions, as w/o and w/ Voltage Regulator with multiple purchase periods as from:

➤ There, we chose the 3<sup>rd</sup> one, i.e. Smorphi² w/o Voltage Regulator [ May '23 ~ August '24 ], and downloaded that manual.

Step#3: Motor Sub-Assembly [A1; Pg. 7]

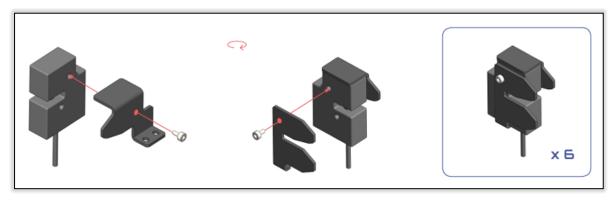
➤ Left & Right Mecanum Wheels are attached with their respective DC Motors, using Motor mounts, shaft sleeve and screws [ M3 \* 22 ].

Step#4: Base Module Assembly [ A2; Pg. 8]

- ➤ On an Aluminum Base Plate, there are 4 grooves numbered [1, 2, 3, 4].
- Inside those grooves, the wheels are inserted according to odd-even layout as Right Wheels are Even Grooves [ 2 & 4 ], and Left Wheels are Odd Grooves [ 1 & 3 ].
- After fitting the wheels, Skirt Panels [ A & B ] are placed on the sides.
- Then, 4 x Hex M-F M3 Nylon 45mm Screws were tightened on the 4 corners of that Al Base Plate.

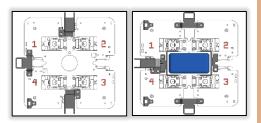
Step#5: Solenoid Latch Sub-Assembly [ A3; Pg. 11 ]

➤ On both sides of the Solenoid Latch, a latch mount and latch guide were attached with [ M3 \* 5 ] screws, similarly 6 latches were joined.



Step#6: Mechanical Sub-Assembly [ A4-7; Pg. 12-19 ]

- After assembling the parts respectively, now we got to assemble each module separately, according to the manual, in a very specific way of assembly of the 4 modules.
- ➤ Module 1:
  - $\circ$  2 Solenoid Latches are fitted, between 1 2, and 4 3.
  - 1 Solenoid Catch is fitted between 1 4
  - o 1 Hinge Mount is fitted near 4<sup>th</sup> Corner of the Al Plate.
- ➤ Module 2:
  - $\circ$  1 Latch is fitted between 1 4.
  - $\circ$  2 Catches are fitted between 1 2, and 4 3.
  - o 2 Mounts are fitted near 2 corners, 1 & 4.
  - Battery Brackets are installed, in the middled, tightened with a Wing Screw, along w/ the battery.



#### ➤ Module 3:

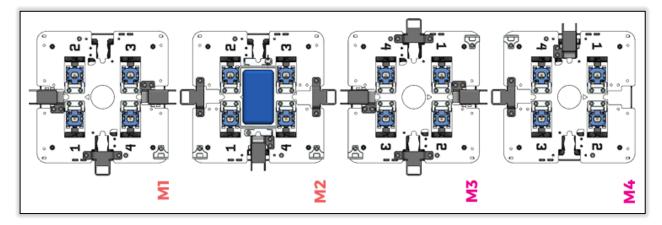
- $\circ$  2 Latches are fitted between 1 2, and 4 3.
- $\circ$  2 Catches are fitted between 1 4 and 2 3.
- 2 Mounts are fitted near diagonal /odd corners, 1 & 3.

#### ➤ Module 4:

- $\circ$  1 Latch is fitted between 1 4.
- $\circ$  1 Catch is fitted between 4 3.
- 1 Mount is fitted near the 4<sup>th</sup> Corner.

### Step#7: Full Mechanical Assembly [ A8; Pg. 20 ]

 $\rightarrow$  All 4 modules are aligned together as [1-M1-4] > [1-M2-4] > [3-M3-2] > [3-M4-2], i.e. M3 & M4 are rotated 180° from M1 & M2.



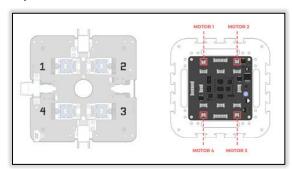
After this alignment, the 4 modules are locked to each other, and the 3 hinges were attached to the hinge mounts.

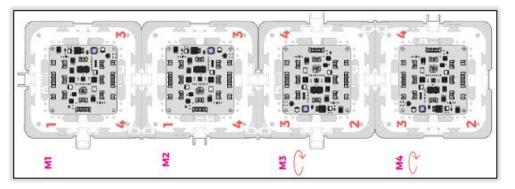
Step#8: E-Tray Sub-Assembly [ B1; Pg. 24 ]

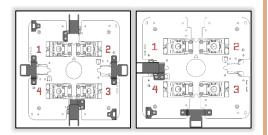
- Hex F-F M3 10mm holes were attached to the acrylic base plates with [ M3 x 5 ] screws.
- > Then, the slaveboards were attached onto those holes using more screws.

Step#9: E-Tray onto Mechanical Assembly [ B2; Pg. 25 ]

➤ The Motor Connectors on the Slaveboards are oriented with the Al base plate numbers, i.e. Motor 1 > 1, Motor 2 > 2, etc.

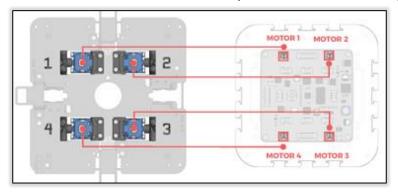






#### Step#10: Motor Cable Connections [ B3; Pg. 29 ]

> All DC Motors of the tires are connected to their respective Motor Connectors [ M1 > MC1, etc. ]



Step#11: Solenoid Cable Connection [ B4-7; Pg. 30 ]

- ➤ Module 1:
  - Latch [1-2] connected to Solenoid 1 Connector.
  - Latch [4-3] connected to Solenoid 2 Connector.
- ➤ Module 2:
  - $\circ$  Latch [1-4] connected to Solenoid 1 Connector.
- ➤ Module 3:
  - Latch [1-2] connected to Solenoid 2 Connector.
  - Latch [4-3] connected to Solenoid 1 Connector.
- ➤ Module 4:
  - Latch [1-4] connected to Solenoid 1 Connector.

## Step#12: InterModule Cable Connection [ B8; Pg. 34]

- > 3 \* 8-Pin Wires are connected from Head to Tail Connectors of all the boards, as
  - $\circ$  M1 M2, & M2 M3 are wired via 1 4 sides.
  - M3 M4 is wired via inverse 1 4 side [ 180° ]

## Step#13: Address Selection [ B9 ; Pg. 35 ]

- > The Ceramic Screwdriver was used to adjust the rotary switch for respective address of each module as:
  - o Module 1: Address 0
  - o Module 2: Address 1
  - Module 3: Address 2
  - o Module 4: Address 3

## Step#14: Masterboard E-Tray Sub-Assembly [ B10; Pg. 36 ]

Exactly as the Slaveboard attachment, the Masterboard is attached to an acrylic base plate, on Module 2.

### Step#15: Masterboard E-Tray onto Main Assembly [ B11; Pg. 37 ]

- ➤ The header to slaveboard connector on the Masterboard is aligned to face the 1 4 side of the slaveboard.
- ➤ Post-alignment, the an 8-Pin wire is connected from [Header to Masterboard] to [Header to Slaveboard] connectors in both the boards, respectively.

## Step#16: Acrylic Covers [ B12; Pg. 39 ]

> Rest of the modules [M1, M3, & M4] are attached with Acrylic Covers, using M3 x 5 screws.

## Step#17: Battery Connection [ B13; Pg. 40 ]

- Ensuring the battery is fully charged, it was already placed in the Battery Bracket, and now its wire is connected to the Battery Connector on the Mainboard.
- Finally, the toggle switch is turned on, and if all the LEDs in all modules lit up, it was assured that all connections were properly made!
- After that, the ENABLE button is held for 1second to activate the robot.

\_ smorphi<sup>2</sup> Assembly Complete \_

#### Step#18: Application Connection

- **Smorphi** application was installed on our smartphones, from PlayStore.
- After installing, we scanned the room through the app, using BLE ( <u>Bluetooth Low Energy</u> ) technology.
- Once, Smorphi is detected in the list, we connect to it and launch the controller.
- Then, we were introduced with various buttons as a JoyStick, several shape transforming controls [O, I, L, T, J, S, Z], and 2 Pivot Turning buttons, which when held, pivoted the robot in clockwise and anti-clockwise directions.

#### Step#19: Sensor Configuration [ Sound Sensor ]

- A sound sensor was connected w/ a 4-pin cable to the Module 1, GPIO0 port.
- > Then, it was coded through Arduino IDE.
- For the programming purpose, the USB A to C cable was connected from the <u>Masterboard</u> to our laptop.
- The laptop was previously <u>set-up with the necessary drivers</u> [ **CP210x USB to UART Driver** ], and necessary libraries in the IDE.
- After the connection, <u>a sound sensor code</u> was uploaded onto the laptop and then our robot was ready to perform the Sound Sensory Acts.

\_ Disassembly \_