- 1. Let  $I < k[x_1, \ldots, x_n]$  be a nonzero ideal (k is algebraically closed field) with the reduced Gröbner basis G with respect to the lexicographic ordering  $x_1 > x_2 > \cdots > x_n$ . Show that the following statements are equivalent:
  - (a) The quotient  $k[x_1, \ldots, x_n]/I$  is a finite dimensional vector space.
  - (b)  $I \cap k[x_i] \neq 0$  for any  $i = 1, \ldots, n$ .
  - (c) For each i = 1, ..., n, there is a  $g_i \in G$  with leading term  $LT(g_i) = x_i^{n_i}$  for some  $n_i \geq 1$ .
  - (d) V(I) is a finite set of points.

(Hint: For  $a \Rightarrow b$  use the inclusion  $k[x_i]/(I \cap k[x_i]) \hookrightarrow k[x_1, \dots, x_n]/I$ . For  $b \Rightarrow c$  argue that some  $LT(g_i)$  divides the leading term of a generator of  $I \cap k[x_i]$ . Show  $c \Rightarrow a$  and  $b \Rightarrow d$ . For  $d \Rightarrow b$  if  $V(I) = \{p_1, \dots, p_m\}$  and  $a_k$  is the *i*-th coordinate of  $p_k$  then show that  $\prod_{k=1}^m (x_i - a_k) \in I(V(I)) = \sqrt{I}$ .)

- 2. Let S be the rational normal cone in  $\mathbb{C}^3$  parameterized by  $\Phi \colon \mathbb{C}^2 \to \mathbb{C}^3$   $\Phi(s,t) = (s^2,t^2,st)$ .
  - a) Show that S is an algebraic set by proving S = V(I) where I is the ideal  $(z^2 xy) < \mathbb{C}[x, y, z]$ .
  - b) Show that S is irreducible.
  - c) Show that  $I(S) = (z^2 xy)$ .
  - d) Is  $\Phi \colon \mathbb{C}^2 \to S$  a regular map? Is it an isomorphism?
  - e) Consider the morphism  $\Psi \colon \mathbb{C}^2 \to S$  determined by the  $\mathbb{C}$ -algebra homomorphism

$$\frac{\mathbb{C}[x,y,z]}{(z^2-xy)} \to \mathbb{C}[u,v]$$

that maps  $x \mapsto u$ ,  $z \mapsto uv$  and  $y \mapsto uv^2$ . Describe  $\Psi^{-1}(p)$  for any point  $p \in S$ .