

## NF ( $G, s, t, C \in \mathbb{N}^+$ )

- Find Aug path =  $O(V+E)$
- Aug flow =  $O(V)$
- Find Bottleneck =  $O(V)$
- FORD FULKERSON =  $O(|f| \cdot (V+E))$
- EDMUND KARP =  $O(VE^2)$
- $\exists$  circulation, if maxflow = D
- Edmund Karp 1 =  $O(E^2 \cdot \log V \cdot \log |f|)$  - augmenting largest capacity path
- Edmund Karp 2 =  $O(E^2 \cdot V)$  - augmenting to shortest path wrt edges.

## LP

- $\max(C^T x) \Leftrightarrow \min(b^T y)$   
 $Ax \leq b \quad A^T y \geq c$
- Standard Form:  
 $= \Rightarrow -\text{version} \leq, +\text{version} \leq$   
 $\geq \Rightarrow -\text{version} \leq$   
 $x \geq 1 \Rightarrow \text{new } z_1 = x_1 \geq 0$   
 free variable  $\Rightarrow \text{new } z_5 = z_6 \geq 0$
- Assignment problems  
 $x_{ij} \geq 0$

P.D	F.B.	F.U.	I.
	yes cor. 1	no cor. 1	? no
	no cor. 1	? no	yes
I.	? no	yes cor. 2	? yes

## DP

- SOBST formula:  
 $\text{Expected cost} = \sum_{i=1}^n p_i \text{adapt}(k_i)$

Wooody

$$OPT[i, j] = \min_{i \leq k \leq j} (OPT[i, k] + OPT[k, j] + d_{ij} - d_{ik}) \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} OPT[i, i] = 0 \\ OPT[i, n+1] = 0 \end{array} \right. \quad \text{Final answer}$$

- Till k approach (Burst balloons)

$$OPT[i, j] = \max \left\{ OPT[i, k-1] + OPT[k, j] \right. \\ \left. + \text{runner}[i-j] + \text{num}[k] + \text{num}[j+k] \right\}$$

- Bellman Ford

$$D(V, K) = \min(D[V, K-1], \min_u (D[u, K-1] + w(u, v))) \Rightarrow O(V \cdot E)$$

$$D(V, 0) = \infty \quad \text{Basecase}$$

$$D(s, K) = 0$$

- River:  $OPT[i, j] = \min_{\substack{j \leq k \leq i \\ \text{from } i \rightarrow j}} (C[i, k] + OPT[k, j])$

- River (info 1):  $OPT[i] = \min_{j \leq k \leq i} (C[i, k] + OPT[k])$

- LCS:  $LCS[i, j] = 1 + LCS[i-1, j-1]$  if  $s[i] = j$

$$LCS[i, j] = \max [LCS[i-1, j], LCS[i, j-1]] \text{ if } s[i] \neq s[j]$$

- Palindrome:  $OPT[i, j] = OPT[i+1, j-1] + 2$  if  $s[i] = s[j]$

$$OPT[i, j] = \max [OPT[i+1, j], OPT[i, j-1]] \text{ if } s[i] \neq s[j]$$

- CMM:  $C[i, j] = \min_{i \leq k \leq j} (C[i, k] + C[k+1, j] + d_{i-1} \times d_k + d_j)$

## NP

Easy, connect  $x$  to  $\bar{x}$  & so on.

- $3SAT \leq_p IS \Rightarrow$  Easy, connect  $x$  to  $\bar{x}$  & so on.
- $3SAT \leq_p VC \Rightarrow$  Total graph has  $l + 2m$  clauses  $\Rightarrow$   $2l + 3m$  literal triangle
- $VC \leq_p Event management \Rightarrow$  Applicant + Days  $\Rightarrow$  One applicant satisfies requirement for one day
- MaxClique  $\leq$  MaxIS  $\Rightarrow$  Given  $G_1(V, E)$ ,  $G_1'$  such that  $(u, v) \in E' \Leftrightarrow (u, v) \notin E$
- $VC \leq VCE \Rightarrow$   $G_1$  has a VC of  $K$  iff  $G_1'$  has a VC of  $K+2$  (at most)
- $IS \leq_p VC \Rightarrow$  For  $G_1(V, E)$ ,  $S$  is an IS iff  $V-S$  is a VC  $\Rightarrow x \in S, y \in V-S \in IS \Leftrightarrow$  Pick  $x, y$  such that  $x \notin V-S, y \in V-S$
- $HC \leq_p HP \Rightarrow$   $G_1$  has a HC  $\Leftrightarrow G_1$  has a HP
- $HP \leq_p Pebbles \Rightarrow$   $G_1$  has a HP  $\Leftrightarrow G_1$  has a winning sequence
- $3SAT \leq_p 3\text{-colourable} \Rightarrow$   $3SAT$  is satisfiable  $\Leftrightarrow G_1$  is 3 colorable
- $3SAT \leq_p ILP \Rightarrow$  In each of them clauses convert  $x_1 + \bar{x}_2 + x_3 \geq 1$  into  $-x_1 - x_2 - x_3 \leq -1$  where  $x_1 = 2, \bar{x}_1 = 1-2$ ,  $3SAT$  is satisfiable iff ILP has a solution
- $IS \leq_p HALF-IS \Rightarrow$  If  $K = \frac{|V|}{2}$  IS  $\leq$  HALF-IS, if  $K < \frac{|V|}{2}$  add  $m = M - 2K$  nodes, if  $K > \frac{|V|}{2}$  add  $m = M + 2K$  (connect to all  $|V| + m - 1$  nodes)