
Value Passing CCS

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Syntax of Value Passing CCS

The abstract grammar is defined as follows

$E := \mathbf{0}$	nil process
X	process variable
$\lambda.E$	prefix
$E \mid E'$	concurrent composition
$E \backslash L$	restriction
$E[f]$	re-labeling
$E + E'$	non-determinism
if b then E	condition
A	recursion

Where λ is either $a(x)$ or $\bar{a}(e)$ or τ , $L \subseteq N$

$f: A \rightarrow A$, a re-labeling function from A to A

V : a value set

The LTS of Value Passing CCS

Prefix

$$\frac{}{a(x).E \xrightarrow{a(v)} E\{v/x\}} \quad \frac{v = \text{val}(e)}{\bar{a}(e).E \xrightarrow{\bar{a}(v)} E} \quad \frac{}{\tau.E \xrightarrow{\tau} E}$$

Composition

$$\frac{E \xrightarrow{\lambda} E'}{E \mid F \xrightarrow{\lambda} E' \mid F} \quad \frac{F \xrightarrow{\lambda} F'}{E \mid F \xrightarrow{\lambda} E \mid F'} \quad \frac{E \xrightarrow{\alpha(v)} E' \quad F \xrightarrow{\bar{\alpha}(v)} F'}{E \mid F \xrightarrow{\tau} E' \mid F'}$$

Restriction

$$\frac{E \xrightarrow{\lambda} E' \quad n(\lambda) \cap L = \emptyset}{E \setminus L \xrightarrow{\lambda} E' \setminus L}$$

The LTS of Value Passing CCS

Relabelling

$$\frac{E \xrightarrow{\lambda} E'}{E[f] \xrightarrow{f(\lambda)} E'[f]}$$

Choice

$$\frac{E \xrightarrow{\lambda} E'}{E + F \xrightarrow{\lambda} E'} \quad \frac{F \xrightarrow{\lambda} F'}{E + F \xrightarrow{\lambda} F'}$$

Condition

$$\frac{E \xrightarrow{\lambda} E' \quad \top = \text{val}(b)}{\text{if } b \text{ then } E \xrightarrow{\lambda} E'}$$

Recursion

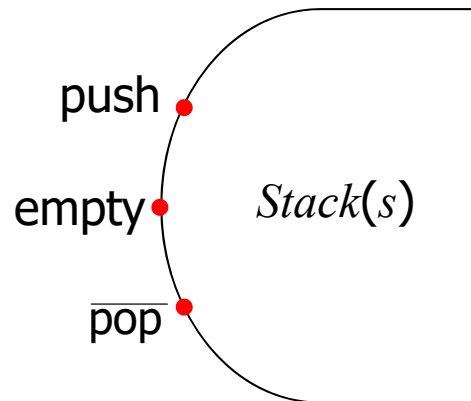
$$\frac{E\{A/X\} \xrightarrow{\lambda} E'}{A \xrightarrow{\lambda} E'} \quad A \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} E\{A/X\}$$

Examples

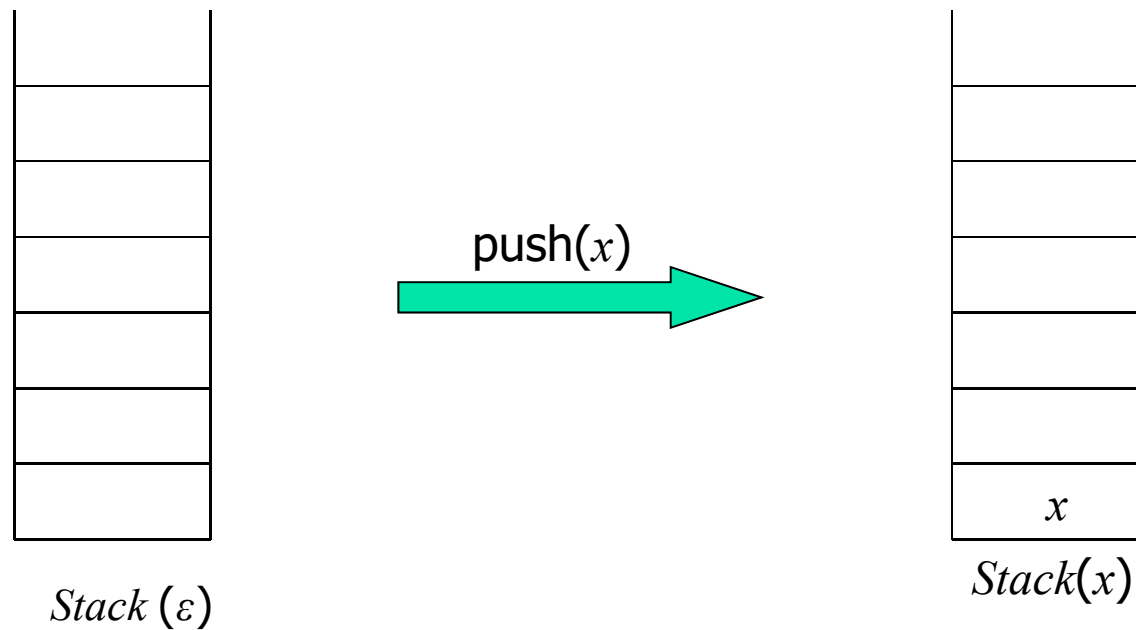
- $a(x). \text{if } x=0 \text{ then } b(y).P \text{ else } c(z).Q$
- $(a(x). \text{if } x=0 \text{ then } b(y).P \text{ else } c(z).Q) \mid \bar{a}0.\bar{b}3$
- Note: the two-armed conditional **if b then E else E'** can be defined as
 $(\text{if } b \text{ then } E) + (\text{if } \neg b \text{ then } E')$

Stack

- A state of a stack is a sequence of values
- Assume that $\text{Stack}(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ specifies a stack containing n values, with v_1 topmost

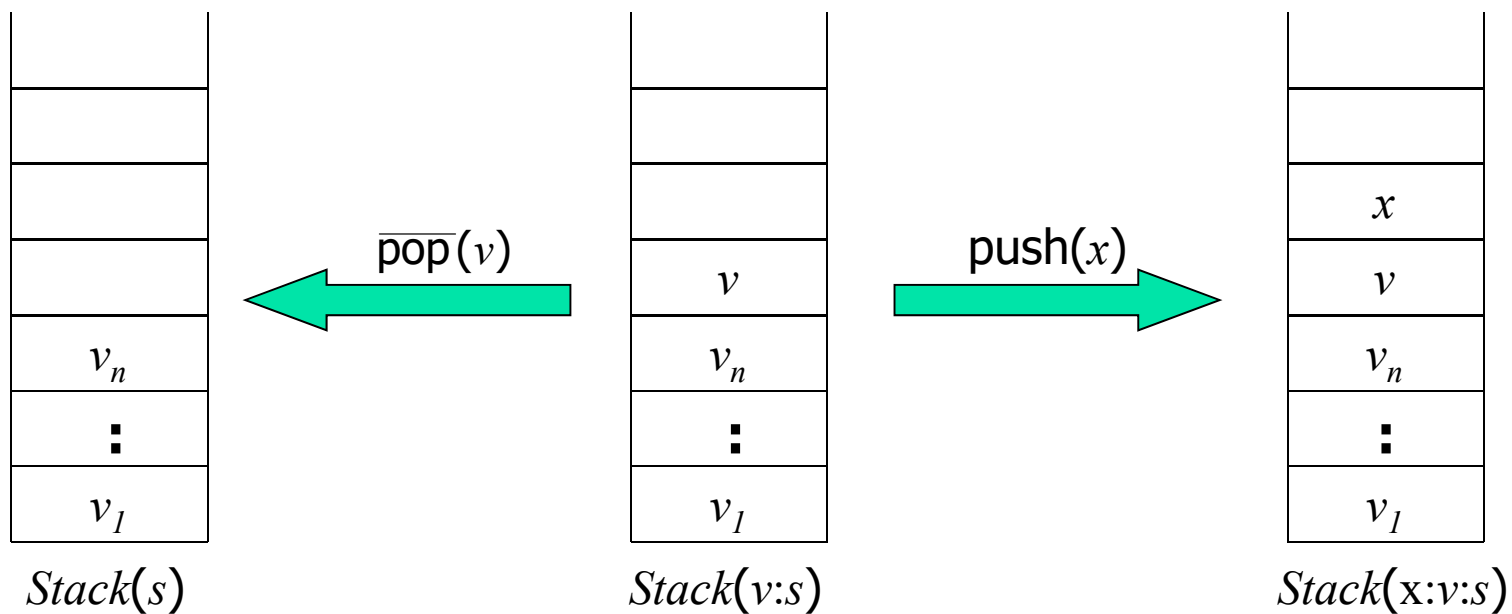


Stack



where ε stands for the empty sequence

Stack



where s for the value sequence v_1, \dots, v_n ;

$:$ for sequence concatenation

Stack

Specification

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Stack}(\varepsilon) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{push}(x).\text{Stack}(x) + \text{empty}.\text{Stack}(\varepsilon) \\ \text{Stack}(v : s) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{push}(x).\text{Stack}(x : v : s) + \overline{\text{pop}}(v).\text{Stack}(s) \end{aligned}$$

where ε for the empty sequence;

s for an arbitrary value sequence;

$:$ for sequence concatenation

Stack

Implementation

$$Cells\langle v_1, \dots, v_n \rangle \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} C(v_1) \frown C(v_2) \frown \dots \frown C(v_n) \frown B$$

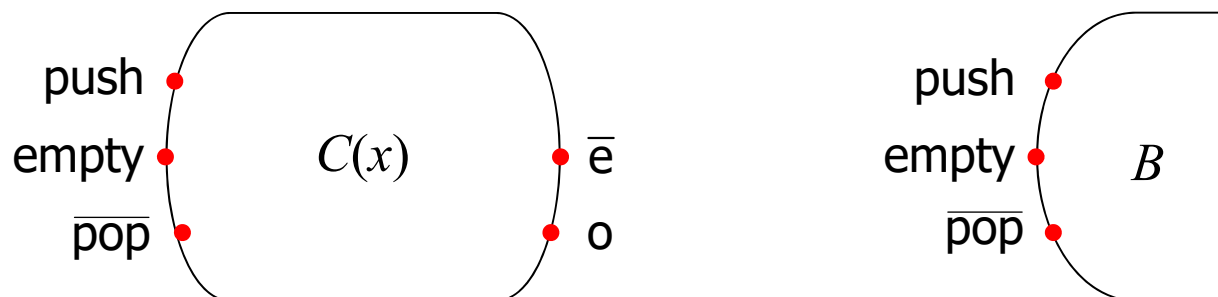
where

$$C(x) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} push(y).(C(y) \frown C(x)) + \overline{pop}(x).D$$

$$D \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} o(x).C(x) + \bar{e}.B$$

$$B \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} push(y).(C(y) \frown B) + empty.B$$

Stack



$$C(y) \cap C(x) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (C(y)\{e'/e, o'/o\} \mid C(x)\{e'/empty, o'/pop, i'/push\}) \setminus \{e', o', i'\}$$

$$C(x) \cap B \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (C(x)\{e'/e, o'/o\} \mid B\{e'/empty, o'/pop, i'/push\}) \setminus \{e', o', i'\}$$