Array Methods



Methods We'll Cover

- Find
- Map
- Filter
- Reduce
- Sort

Documentation for all array methods can be found at:

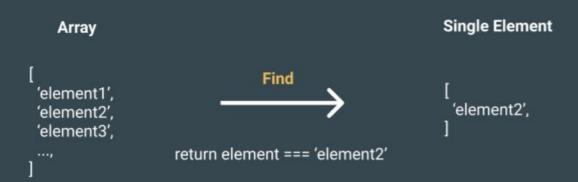
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Find

- Only returns one element (first element that matches)
- Returns either true or false
- Use:
 - Find one element in an array
 - Turns an array into a single element

```
let findSomeElement = someArray.find(element => {
  return element === "someElement";
});
```

Find Explanation



Map

- Returns a new array (shallow copy)
- Callback function returns a new element to be added to the new array
- Use:
 - Applies a change to each element in an array

```
let addFive = someArray.map(element => {
  return element + 5;
});
```

Map Explanation

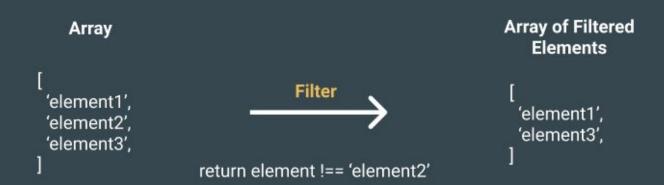


Filter

- Does the same thing as find but returns more than one element
- Use:
 - Turns an array into a smaller array
 - Create a new array out of elements of an existing array that meet a condition

```
let someFilter = someArray.filter(element => {
  return element.number < 5;
});</pre>
```

Filter Explanation

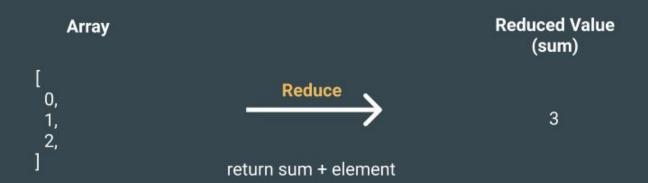


Reduce

- The multi-tool of array methods
- Can be used to implement the functionality of any of the other array methods
- Use:
 - Reduce an array to a single value
 - Create a new object from values in an array

```
let reduceSomeArray = someArray.reduce((sum, element) => {
  return sum + element.number;
}, 0);
```

Reduce Explanation



Sort

- Sorts an array
- Does not create a new array
- Use:
 - Sort an array based on string Unicode code points (default)
 - Sort an array numerically

let sortSomeArray = someArray.sort();

Sort Explanation

```
Array

Sorted Array

Sorted Array

Sort

('element3', 'element1', 'element2', 'element2', 'element3', 'element3',
```