

AAAI-20

Thirty-Fourth AAAI Conference on Artificial Intelligence

February 7-12 2020, Hilton New York Midtown, New York, New York USA



# Creative and Artistic Text Generation

Li Juntao and Yan Rui

Peking University

URL: <https://lijuntaopku.github.io/AAAI2020-tutorial/>

# What Contents Are Included in This Tutorial?

---

- Poetry Generation
- Story Generation
- Multi-Modal Generation
  - Visual Storytelling
  - Visual Poetry Generation
- Other Genres
  - Couplet
  - Lyrics

# Target Audience

---

- Ph.D. **students** or **researchers** who are working on artistic text generation.
- Anyone who wants to learn how neural approaches (i.e., **deep learning techniques**) can be applied to artistic text generation.
- Anyone who wants to **build** an artistic text generation **system** (e.g., story, poetry, couplet) with state-of-the-art neural techniques.

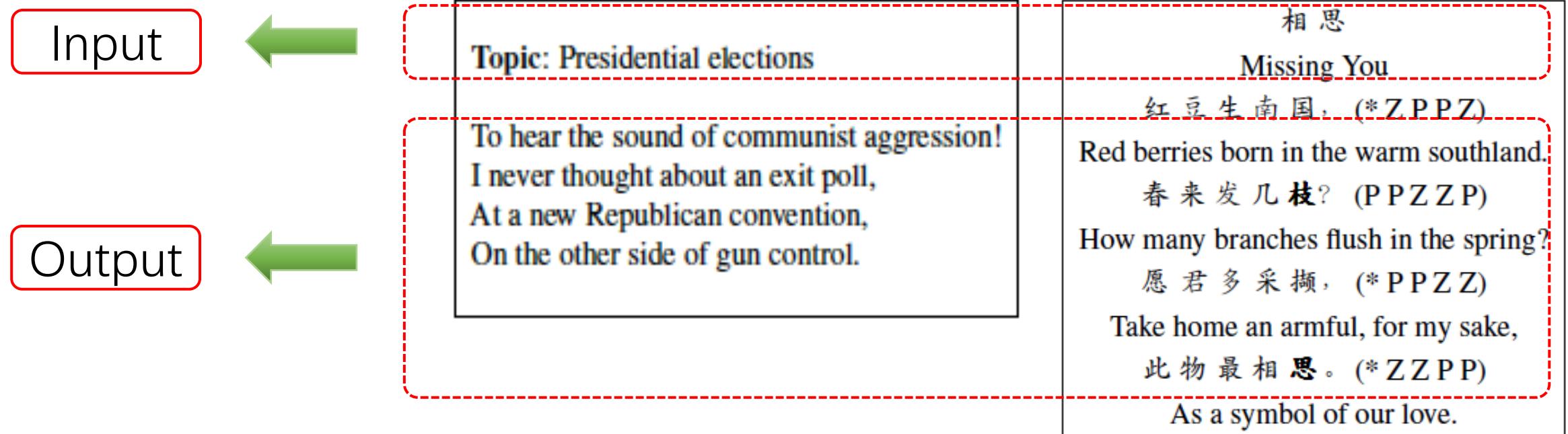
# Outline

- Introduction
- Background Knowledge
- Existing Methods
  - Poetry Generation
  - Story Generation
  - Multi-Modal Generation
  - Other Genres
- Recent Trends and Future Direction
- Q&A

# Roadmap

- Introduction
- Background Knowledge
- Existing Methods
  - Poetry Generation
  - Story Generation
  - Multi-Modal Generation
  - Other Genres
- Recent Trends and Future Direction
- Q&A

# Task Description of Poetry Generation



- Input: a piece of text
- Output: a poem that meets given constraints

Marian Ghazvininejad et al. ACL' 17  
Xingxing Zhang et al. EMNLP' 14

# Example System: Jiuge

Settings

Input

Output

The screenshot shows the Jiuge poetry generation system interface. It is divided into three main sections: Settings, Input, and Output.

- Settings:** A row of circular buttons for selecting poem types. The first button, "Classical Quatrain", is highlighted in red. Other options include "Stylistic Quatrain", "Acrostic Poem", a logo featuring stylized characters and a flower, "Collective poem", "Iambics", and "Morden Poem". Below these buttons are two options: "Five Char" and "Seven Char".
- Input:** A text input field containing the Chinese character "夏天" and its English translation "summer". To the right of the input field are "Generate Poetry" and "Reset" buttons. Below the input field is a large red "Generate Result" button.
- Output:** The generated poem is displayed in four lines:

夏天何所待  
此地一枝筇  
为有千年月  
能无半日松

[https://jiuge.thunlp.cn/jueju\\_en.html](https://jiuge.thunlp.cn/jueju_en.html)

# Task Description of Story Generation

---

- Definition 1: [Martin et al. AAAI' 18]  
Automated story generation is the problem of automatically **selecting** a sequence of **events**, **actions**, or **words** that can be told as a story.
- Definition 2: [Xu et al. EMNLP' 18]  
**Input:** A short description of a scene or an event.  
**Output:** A relevant narrative story following the input.

---

## Examples

---

**Input:** *Fans came together to celebrate the opening of a new studio for an artist.*

**Output:** *The artist provided champagne in flutes for everyone. Friends toasted and cheered the artist as she opened her new studio.*

---

**Input:** *Last week I attended a wedding for the first time.*

**Output:** *There were a lot of families there. They were all taking pictures together. Everyone was very happy. The bride and groom got to ride in a limo that they rented.*

---

Table 1: An illustration of narrative story generation.

# Demo Story Generation System

Stories v1.0 Auto Interactive Advanced ▾ 4.82 seconds

**Input**

summer **Generate**

**Ready**

**Storyline**

school -> was -> asked -> said -> told

**Output**

**Title to Story**

it was a hot summer day .  
the kids were bored .  
they decided to go to the park .  
they played in the water .  
they had a great time .

**Plan and Write**

i went to school the other day.  
it was my first day of school.  
i asked my mom if she could go with me.  
she said yes.  
she said yes.

**Plan and Revise**

i went to school the other day.  
it was my first day of high school.  
i asked my mom to take me.  
she said no.

**Disclaimer:** All the entries made in this website will be logged for academic research.

<http://cwc-story.isi.edu/>

Goldfarb-Tarrant et al., NAACL-HLT ' 2019

# Image-Inspired Poetry Generation

Input



Output

扁舟一曲水平堤，  
I sing a fishing song on a boat in the lake overflowing its bank,  
一棹渔舟日向西。  
rowing oars with the sun setting in the west.  
长忆西湖水中月，  
I often miss the moon reflected in the West Lake,  
东风吹过武陵溪。  
and the east breeze blowing across the WuLing River.



春风庭院养花姿，  
Breeze blows beautiful flowers in the courtyard,  
春入帘栊叶满枝。  
Spring comes into my window, with leaves covering the branches.  
堪笑门前青草树，  
Glad to see green grass and trees in front of my door,  
谁家芳节几多时。  
However spring will not last very long.

# Visual Storytelling

Input



Captions:

Output

- (a) A small boy and a girl are sitting together.  
(b) Two kids sitting on a porch with their backpacks on.  
(c) Two young kids with backpacks sitting on the porch.  
(d) Two young children that are very close to one another.  
(e) A boy and a girl smiling at the camera together.

**Story #1:** The brother and sister were ready for the first day of school. They were excited to go to their first day and meet new friends. They told their mom how happy they were. They said they were going to make a lot of new friends . Then they got up and got ready to get in the car .

**Story #2:** The brother did not want to talk to his sister. The siblings made up. They started to talk and smile. Their parents showed up. They were happy to see them.

Album Storytelling	1) After a long summer day of playing hard. 2) Swinging and playing and playing with friends. 3) Making up dances and helping clean up after the picnic. 4) We headed for the city fireworks. 5) What a great ending to a great day!
Image Captioning	1) The picture is of a little boy sitting in a swing. 2) A young blonde girl soaking wet holding onto a ladder. 3) Two young girls wearing pink and posing the same for the picture. 4) The fireworks are shot off in the distance. 5) A large firework exploding in the sky on a dark night.

Xin Wang et al., ACL' 18

Bairui Wang et al., AAAI' 19

# Others

Couplet



Verse

And humble and their fit *flees* are wits size  
but that one made and made thy step me lies

Cool light the golden dark in any way  
the birds a *shade* a laughter turn away

Then adding wastes retreating white as thine  
She watched what eyes are breathing awe what shine

But sometimes shines so covered how the beak  
Alone in pleasant skies no more to seek

虞美人  
Beauty Yu  
春花秋月何时了，(\*P\*ZPPZ)  
Flowers bloom and wither, the moon rises and sets.  
When can it end?  
往事知多少。(\*ZPPZ)  
As for stories buried in the past, who will really attend?  
小楼昨夜又东风，(\*P\*ZZPP)  
Wind blew over my attic last night,  
故国不堪回首月明中。(\*\*P\*ZZPP)  
How is my home country now, in the same moonlight?  
雕阑玉砌应犹在，(\*P\*ZPPZ)  
I bet the jade banisters and steps  
are as exquisite as they were,  
只是朱颜改。(\*ZPPZ)  
I guess it is only the people who changed for sure.  
问君能有几多愁，(\*P\*ZZPP)  
My sorrow,  
恰是一江春水向东流。(\*\*P\*ZZPP)  
Flows like the river. It never ends.

Iambics

# Others

*But she fell in love with him  
Girl when they feel the same  
The princess was in love with the priest  
Can't let go and it never goes out  
She also abominated what he did  
Be the things they said  
The princess was shocked by the priest's actions  
And though her heart cant take it all happens<sup>1</sup>*

Ballads

A musical score in 3/4 time with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The lyrics are in Portuguese and are repeated three times across the score. The lyrics are:

pes - so - a li - ber - tis - ta em dó me - nor re -par - te a pes - so - a e o jus -ta  
dor ins -tru - men -tos de ten -ta pa - ra o re - frão é pre - ci - so dan -ças pi - po -cas  
per -den - do se as es -fe -ras da trans -mis - são o que foi pa -pa de xa - réns  
pessoa libertista em dó menor  
reparte a pessoa e o justador  
instrumentos de tenta para o refrão  
é preciso danças pipocas  
perdendo-se as esferas da transmissão  
o que foi papa de xaréns

The lyrics are followed by their English translations:

libertarian person in C minor  
redistributes the person and the fighter  
instrument of probe to the chorus  
it takes dances popcorn  
if lost the transmission domains  
what was xarém food

Song Lyrics

# References

---

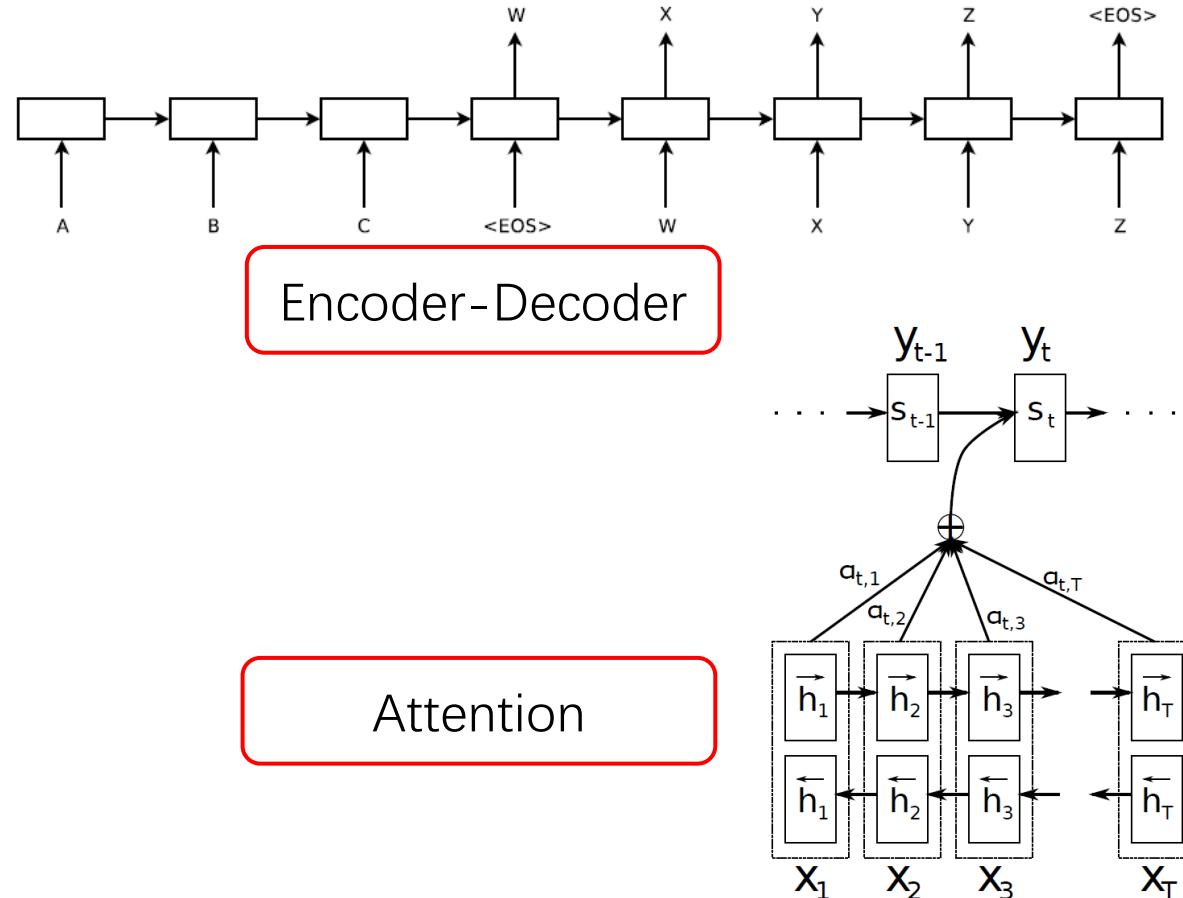
- Zhang, Xingxing, and Mirella Lapata. "Chinese poetry generation with recurrent neural networks." EMNLP, 2014.
- Oliveira, Hugo Gonçalo. "Tra-la-lyrics 2.0: Automatic generation of song lyrics on a semantic domain." Journal of Artificial General Intelligence, 2015.
- Yan, Rui, et al. "Chinese couplet generation with neural network structures." ACL, 2016.
- Wang, Qixin, et al. "Chinese song iambics generation with neural attention-based model." IJCAI, 2016.
- Singh, Divya, Margareta Ackerman, and Rafael Pérez y Pérez. "A Ballad of the Mexicas: Automated Lyrical Narrative Writing." ICCC, 2017.
- Ghazvininejad, Marjan, et al. "Hafez: an interactive poetry generation system." ACL, System Demonstrations, 2017.
- Hopkins, Jack, and Douwe Kiela. "Automatically generating rhythmic verse with neural networks." ACL, 2017.
- Martin, Lara J., et al. "Event representations for automated story generation with deep neural nets." AAAI, 2018.
- Xu, Linli, et al. "How images inspire poems: Generating classical chinese poetry from images with memory networks." AAAI, 2018.
- Wang, Xin, et al. "No Metrics Are Perfect: Adversarial Reward Learning for Visual Storytelling." ACL, 2018.
- Xu, Jingjing, et al. "A Skeleton-Based Model for Promoting Coherence Among Sentences in Narrative Story Generation." EMNLP, 2018.
- Wang, Bairui, et al. "Hierarchical Photo-Scene Encoder for Album Storytelling." AAAI, 2019.
- Goldfarb-Tarrant12, Seraphina, Haining Feng, and Nanyun Peng. "Plan, Write, and Revise: an Interactive System for Open-Domain Story Generation." NAACL-HLT, 2019.
- Zhipeng, Guo, et al. "Jiuge: A Human-Machine Collaborative Chinese Classical Poetry Generation System." ACL, System Demonstrations, 2019.

# Roadmap

- Introduction
- Background Knowledge
- Existing Methods
  - Poetry Generation
  - Story Generation
  - Multi-Modal Generation
  - Other Genres
- Recent Trends and Future Direction
- Q&A

# Sequence to Sequence Model

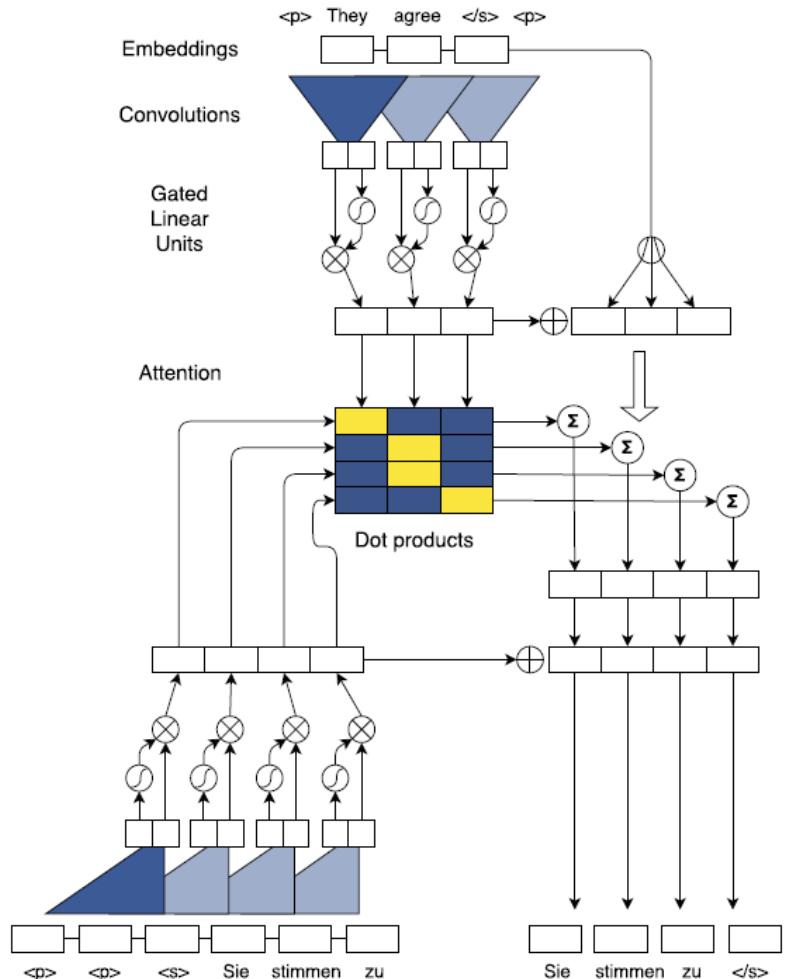
- Common Used Sequence Generation Method
- Stable and Easy for Training
- Flexibility



Sutskever, Ilya et al. NIPS, 2014  
Bahdanau, Dzmitry et al., ICLR, 2015

# Convolutional Sequence to Sequence

- Fast Training
- Strong Language Model for Capturing Long-Range Dependencies
- Bounded CNN Context Window

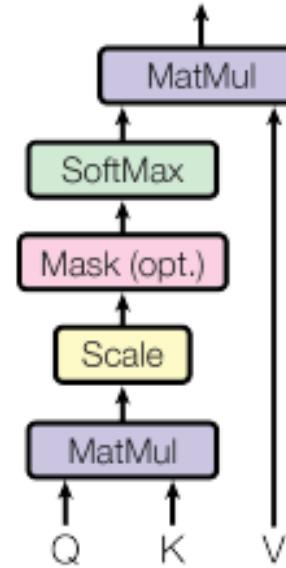


Gehring, Jonas, et al., ICML, 2017

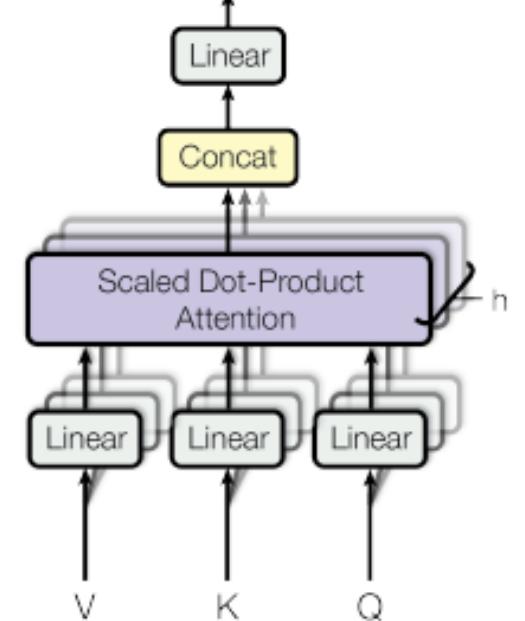
# Transformer

- Fast Training
- Strong Language Model for Capturing Long-Range Dependencies
- Correlations Learning
- The SOTA Language Model

Scaled Dot-Product Attention



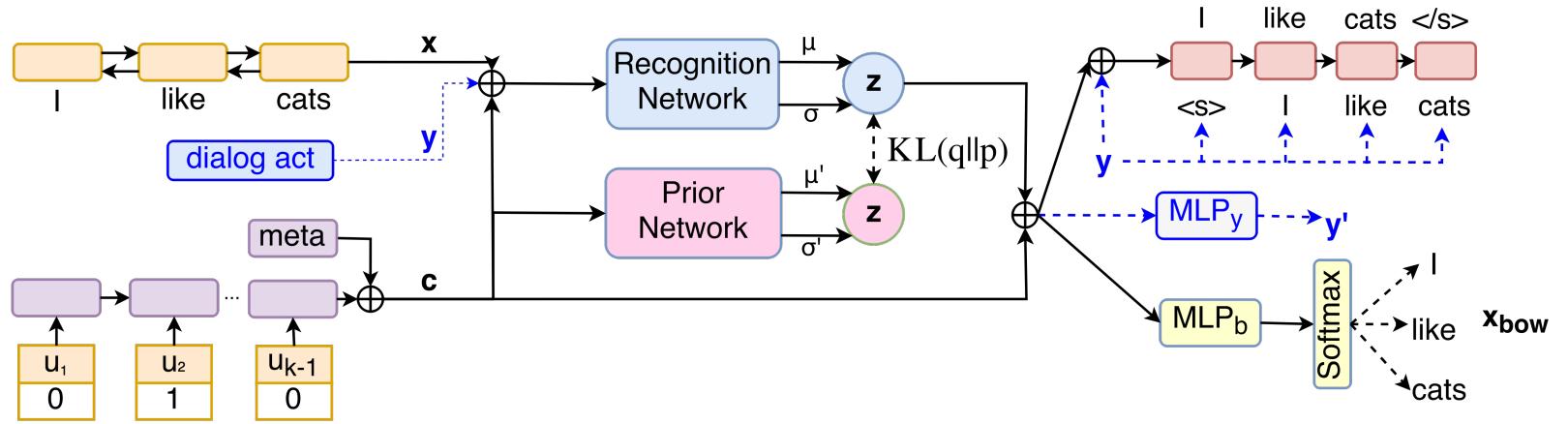
Multi-Head Attention



Ashish, et al., NIPS, 2017

# Variational Autoencoder

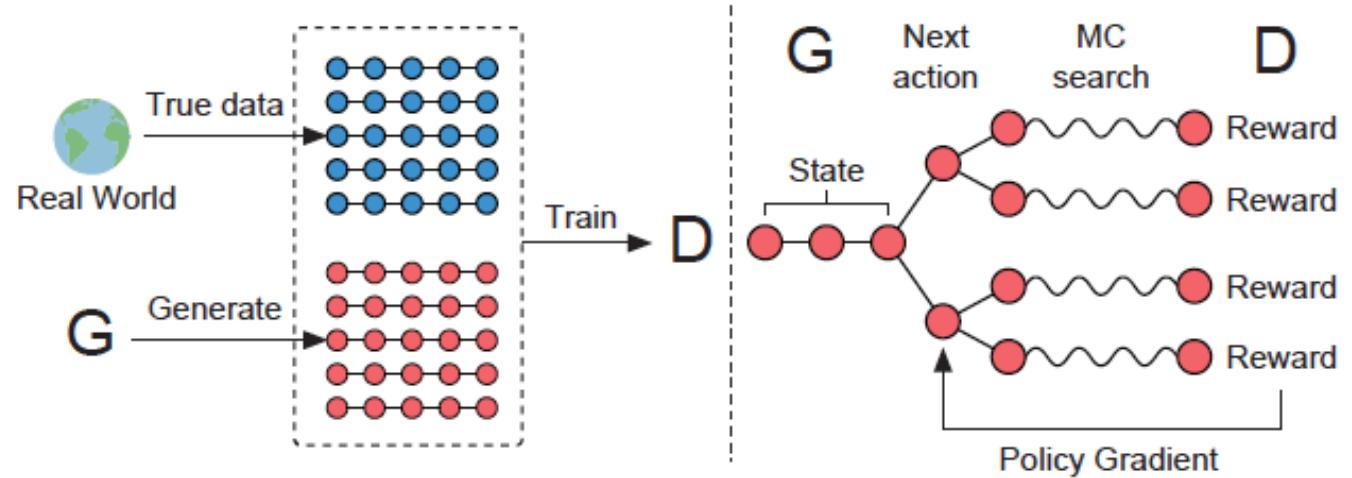
- Generative Model
- Wording Diversity
- Intra-Sentence Consistency
- Address Sparsity



Zhao, Tiancheng et al., ACL, 2017

# Generative Adversarial Nets

- One-to-Many Generation
- Enhancing Generator
- Supervision Signal



Yu, Lantao, et al., AAAI, 2017

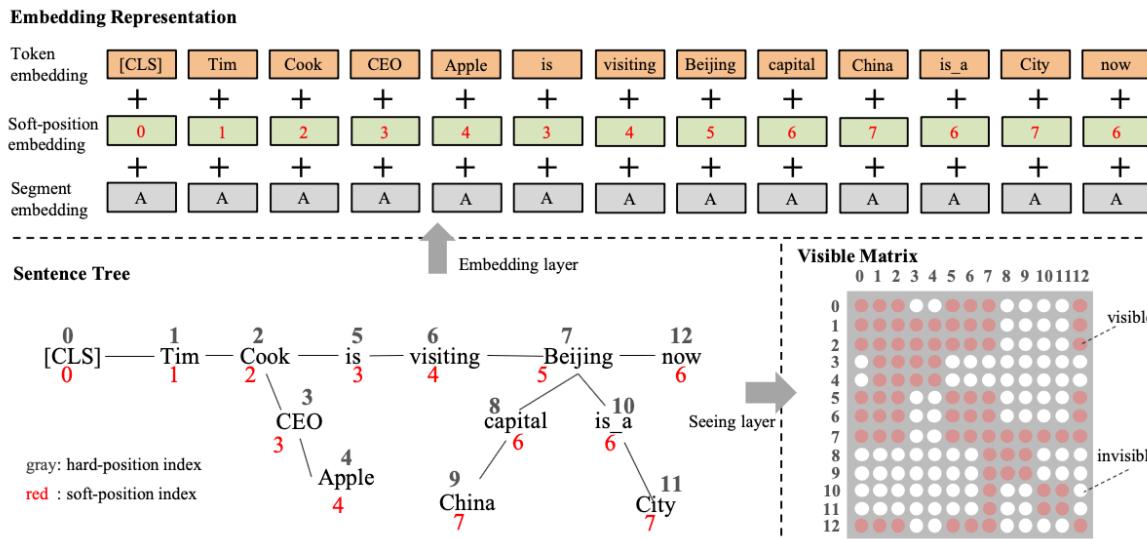
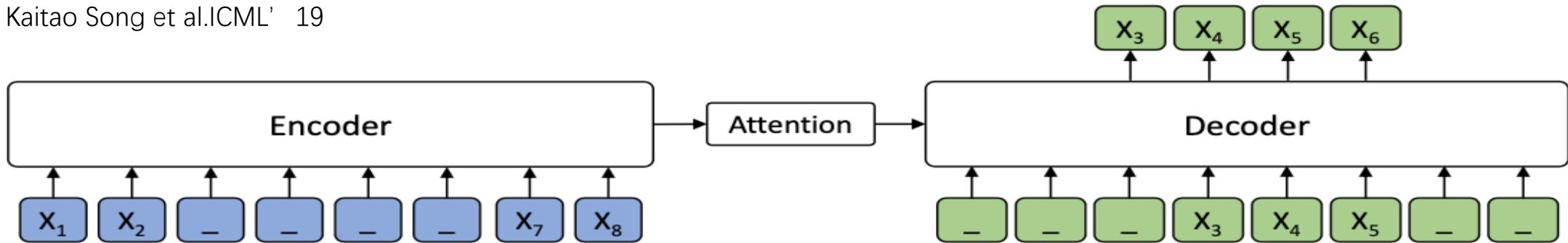
# Reinforcement Learning

---

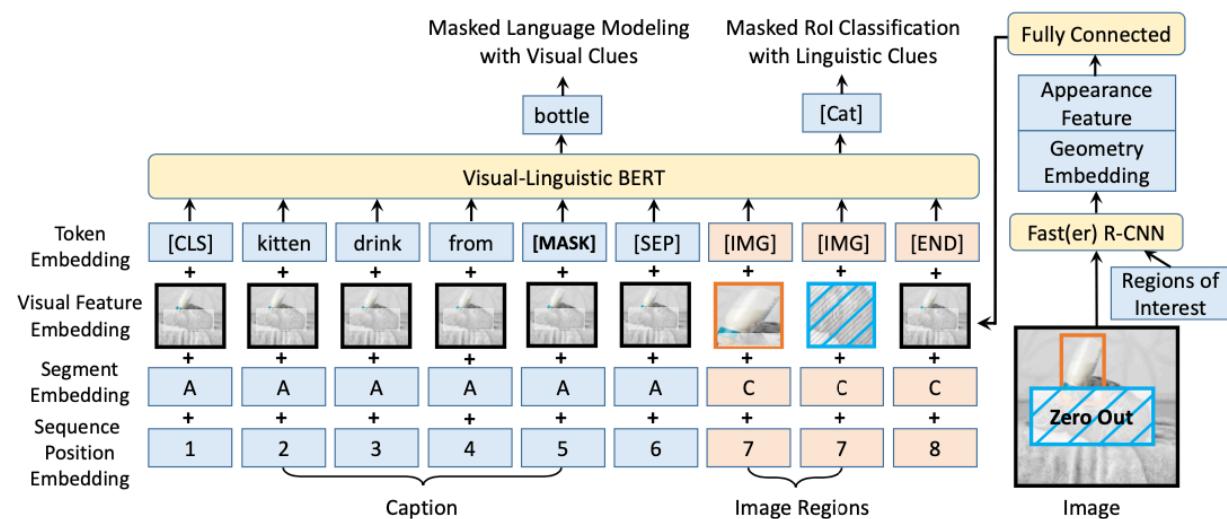
- Directly Model Discrete Sequence
- Address Loss-Evaluation Mismatch

# Pretraining Methods

Kaitao Song et al. ICML' 19



Weijie Liu et al. AAAI' 20.



# References

---

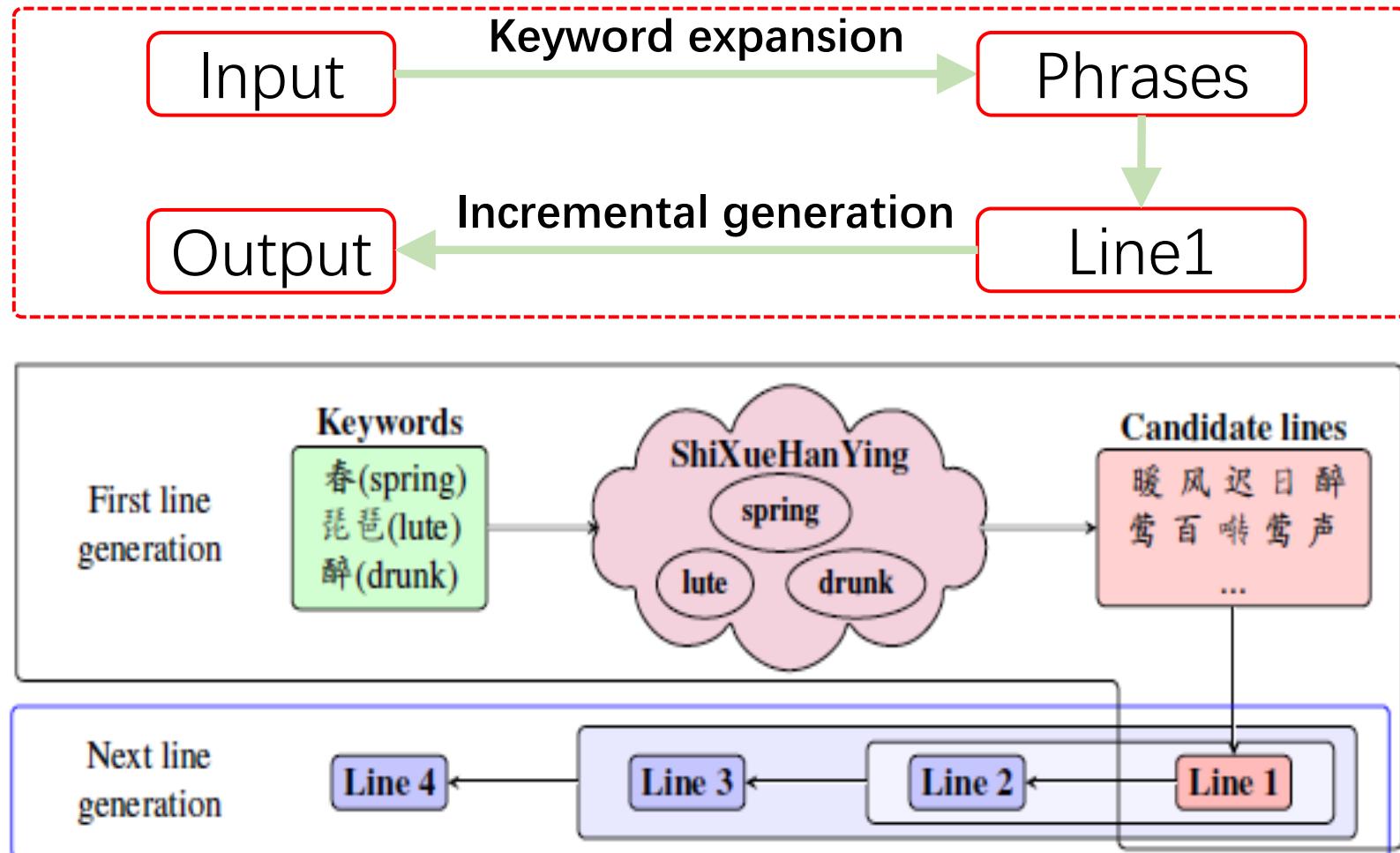
- Sutskever, Ilya, Oriol Vinyals, and Quoc V. Le. “Sequence to sequence learning with neural networks.” NIPS, 2014.
- Diederik P. Kingma and Max Welling. 2015. “Autoencoding variational bayes.” ICLR, 2015.
- Bahdanau, Dzmitry et al. “Neural machine translation by jointly learning to align and translate.” ICLR, 2015.
- Bowman, Samuel R., et al. “Generating sentences from a continuous space.” arXiv:1511.06349.
- Yu, Lantao, et al. "Seqgan: Sequence generative adversarial nets with policy gradient. " AAAI, 2017.
- Zhao, Tiancheng et al. “Learning Discourse-level Diversity for Neural Dialog Models using Conditional Variational Autoencoders.” ACL, 2017.
- Gehring, Jonas, et al. “Convolutional Sequence to Sequence Learning.” ICML, 2017.
- Ashish, et al. “Attention is all you need.” NIPS, 2017.
- Radford, Alec, et al. “Improving Language Understanding by Generative Pre-Training.” 2018.
- Devlin, Jacob, et al. “BERT: Pre-training of Deep Bidirectional Transformers for Language Understanding.” NAACL-HLT, 2019.
- Kaitao Song et al. “MASS: Masked Sequence to Sequence Pre-training for Language Generation.” ICML, 2019.
- Weijie Liu et al. “K-BERT: Enabling Language Representation with Knowledge Graph.” AAAI, 2020.

# Roadmap

- Introduction
- Background Knowledge
- Existing Methods
  - Poetry Generation
  - Story Generation
  - Multi-Modal Generation
  - Other Genres
- Recent Trends and Future Direction
- Q&A

# Recurrent Neural Model

- Task  
Chinese Quatrain
- Generation Process  
Keywords  
Keywords expansion  
Incremental generation

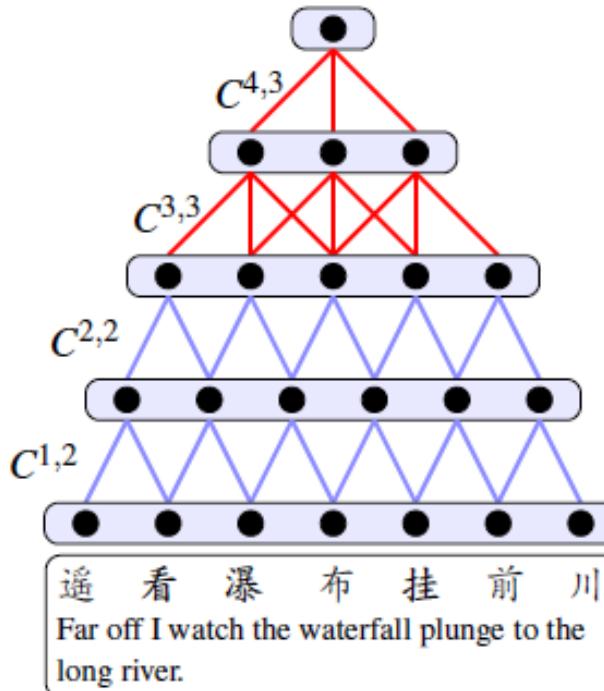


Xingxing Zhang et al. EMNLP' 14

# Recurrent Neural Model

- Convolutional Sentence Model (CSM)  
 $v_i = \text{CSM}(S_i)$

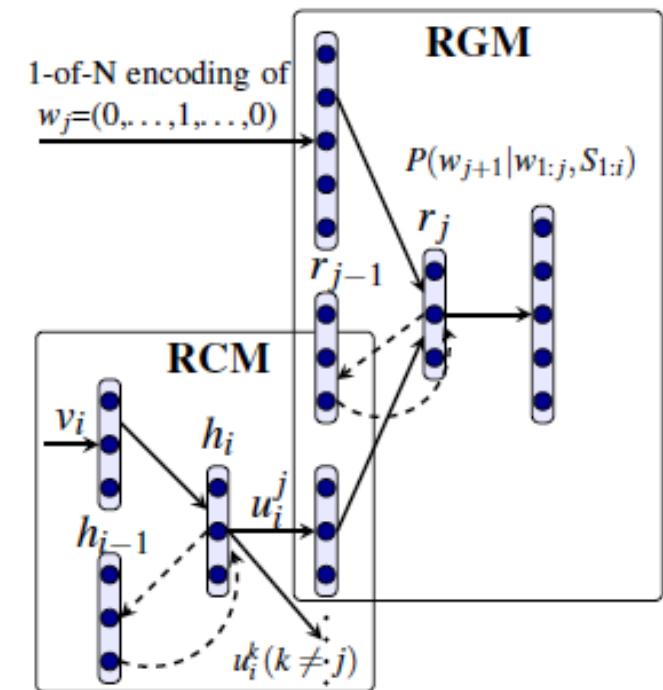
CSM



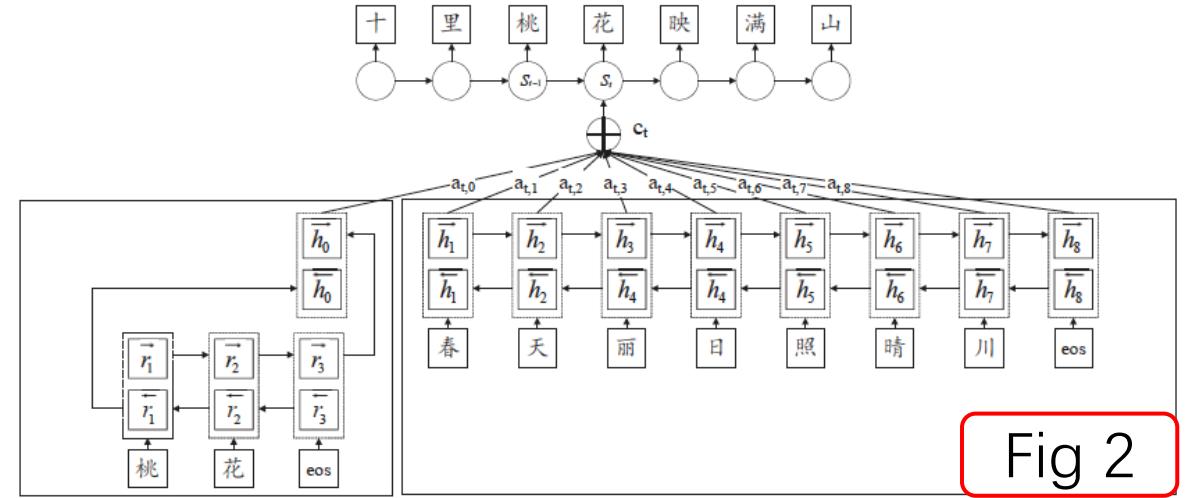
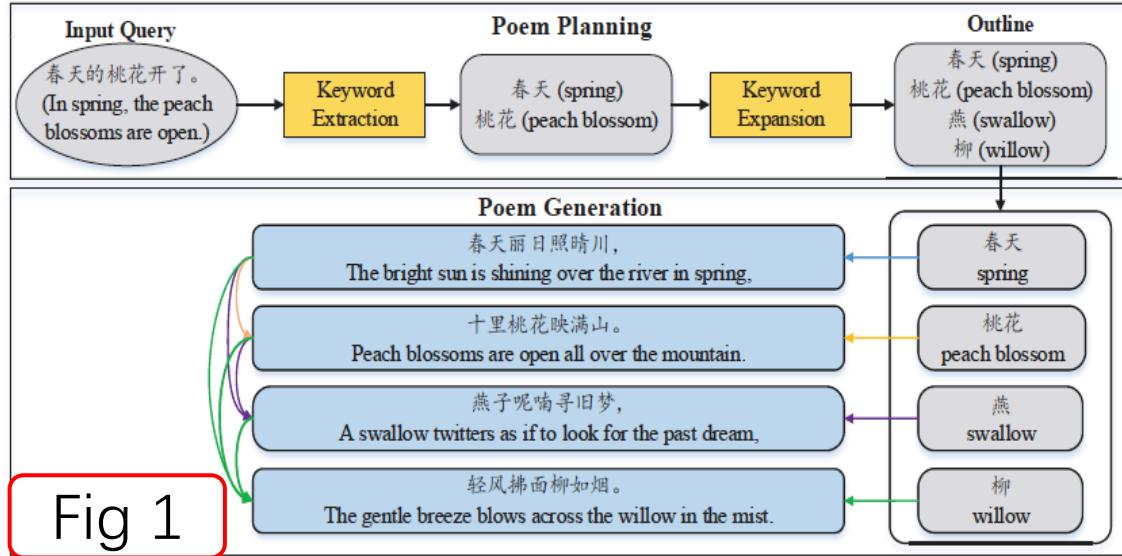
- Recurrent Context Model (RCM)  
 $u_i^j = \text{RCM}(v_{1:i}, j)$

Encoder — Decoder

- Recurrent Generation Model (RGM)  
 $P(w_{j+1}|w_{1:j}, S_{1:i}) = \text{RGM}(w_{1:j+1}, u_i^{1:j})$
- Training  
Cross Entropy Errors



# Planning-Based Recurrent Neural Model

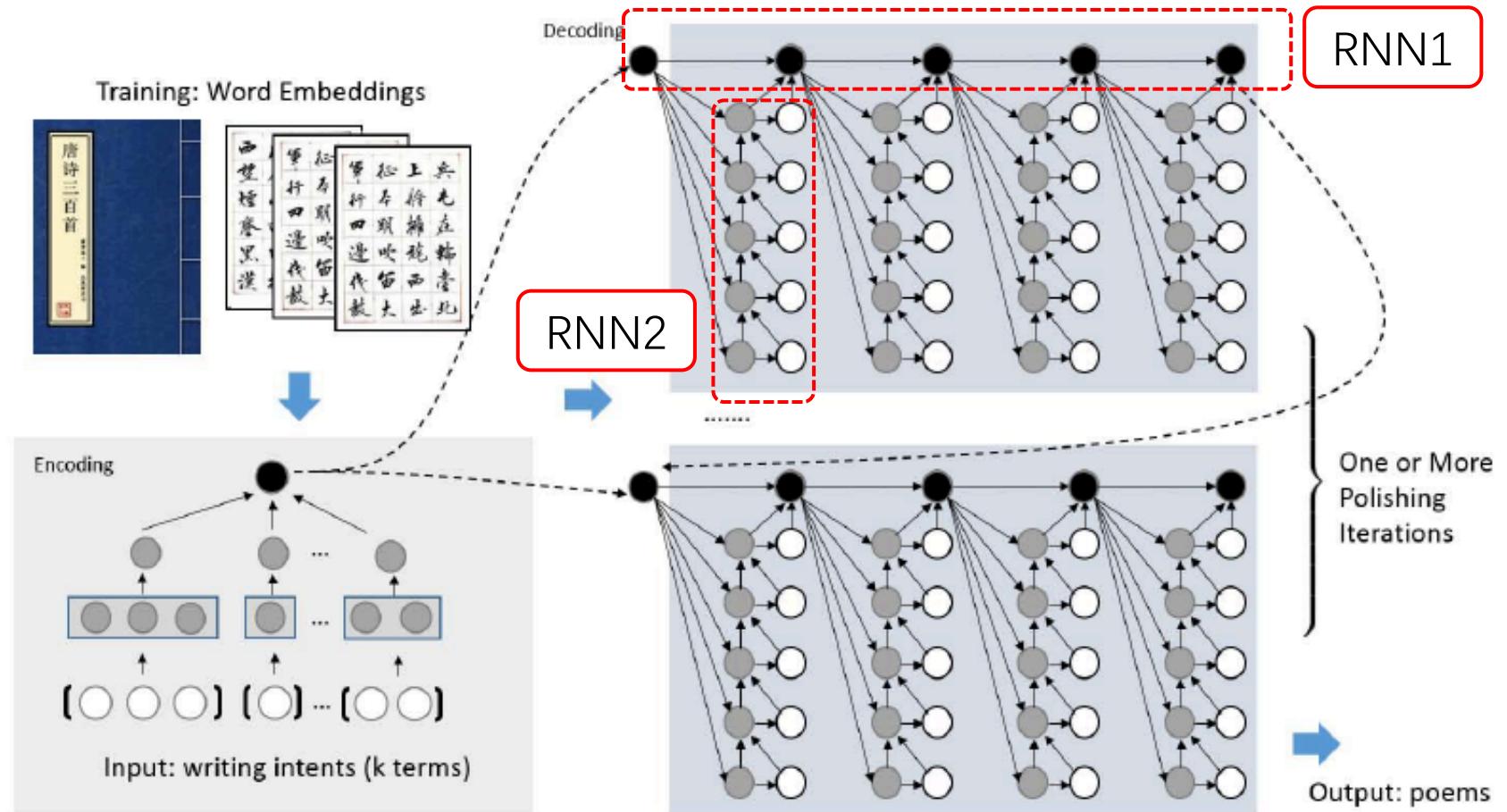


- **Keyword Extraction:** TextRank Algorithm
- **Keyword Expansion:** RNNLM-Based Method; Knowledge-Based Method
- **Poetry generation:** Bidirectional RNN (GRU) Encoder; Attention; RNN (GRU) Decoder

Zhe Wang et al. COLING' 16.

# Iterative Polishing

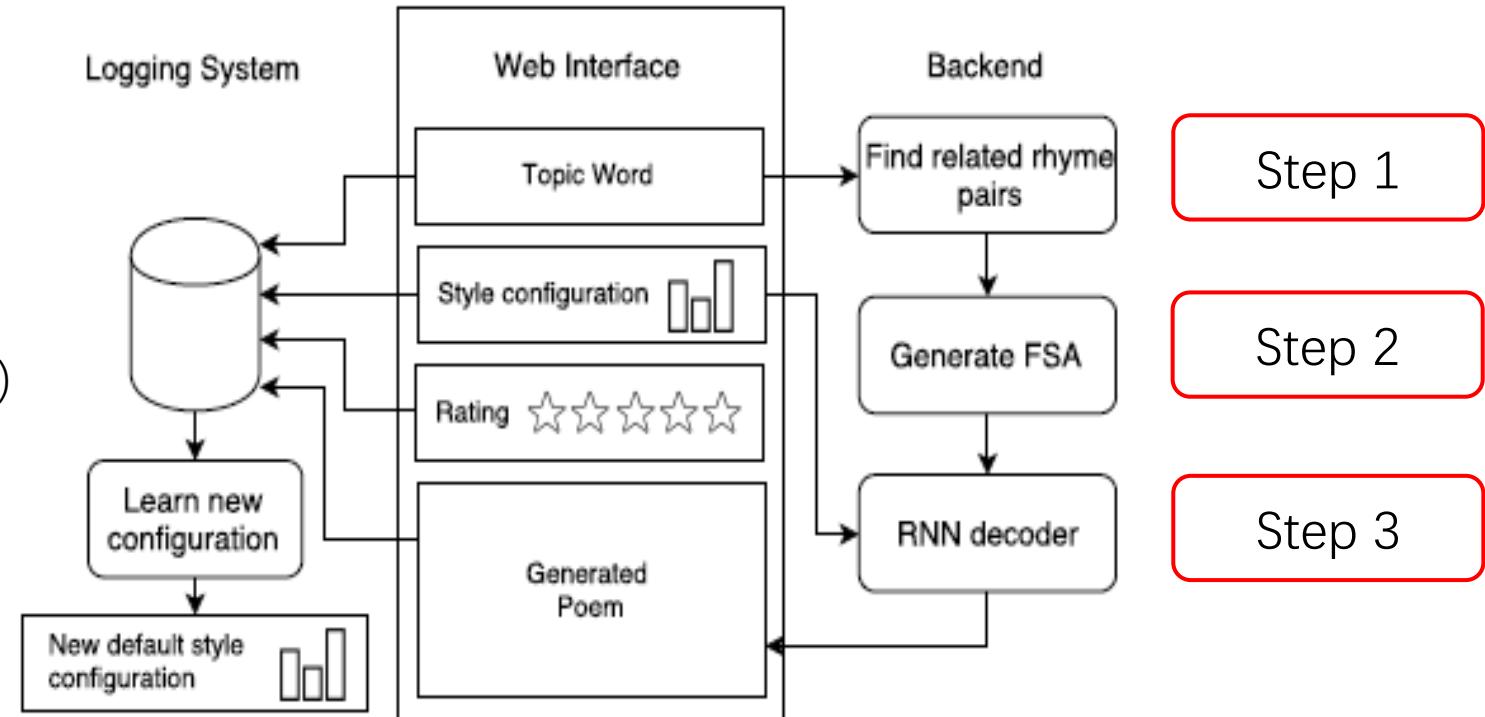
- Intention Representation  
CNN  
RNN
- Sequential Generation  
Hierarchical RNN  
Character by Character
- Iterative Polishing  
Re-Generation



Rui Yan et al. IJCAI' 16.

# Interactive Poetry Generation

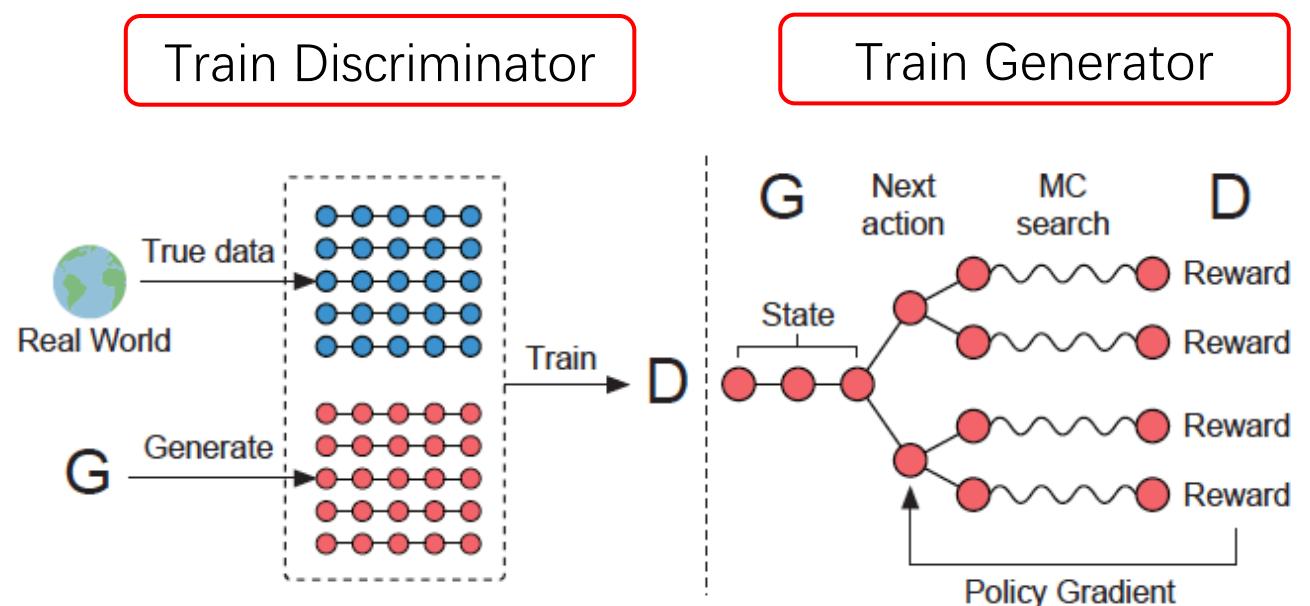
- Step 1  
Search related rhyme words
- Step 2  
Create a finite-state acceptor (FSA)
- Step 3  
RNN guided by FSA



Marjan Ghazvininejad et al., ACL' 17

# GAN for Poetry Generation

- GAN  
Min-Max Game
- Generator  
Reinforcement learning  
MC search
- Discriminator



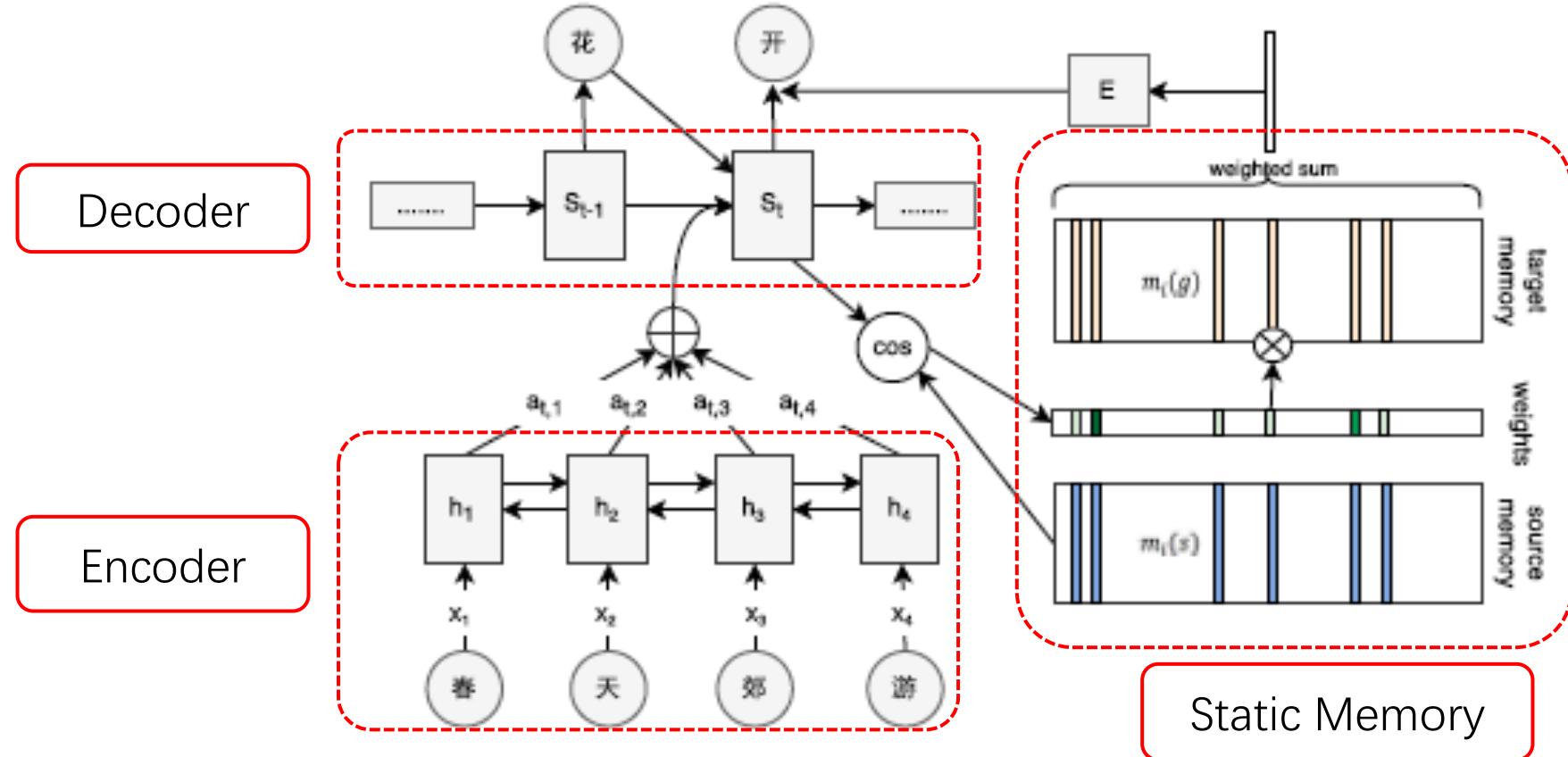
Algorithm	Human score	<i>p</i> -value	BLEU-2	<i>p</i> -value
MLE	0.4165	0.0034	0.6670	$< 10^{-6}$
SeqGAN	<b>0.5356</b>		<b>0.7389</b>	
Real data	0.6011		0.746	

Lantao Yu et al, AAAI' 17

# Static Memory Model

- Encoder  
Bidirectional RNN
- Decoder  
One-Layer RNN
- Memory Contents  
Poem Cases
- Memory Index  
Hidden States
- Memory Combing

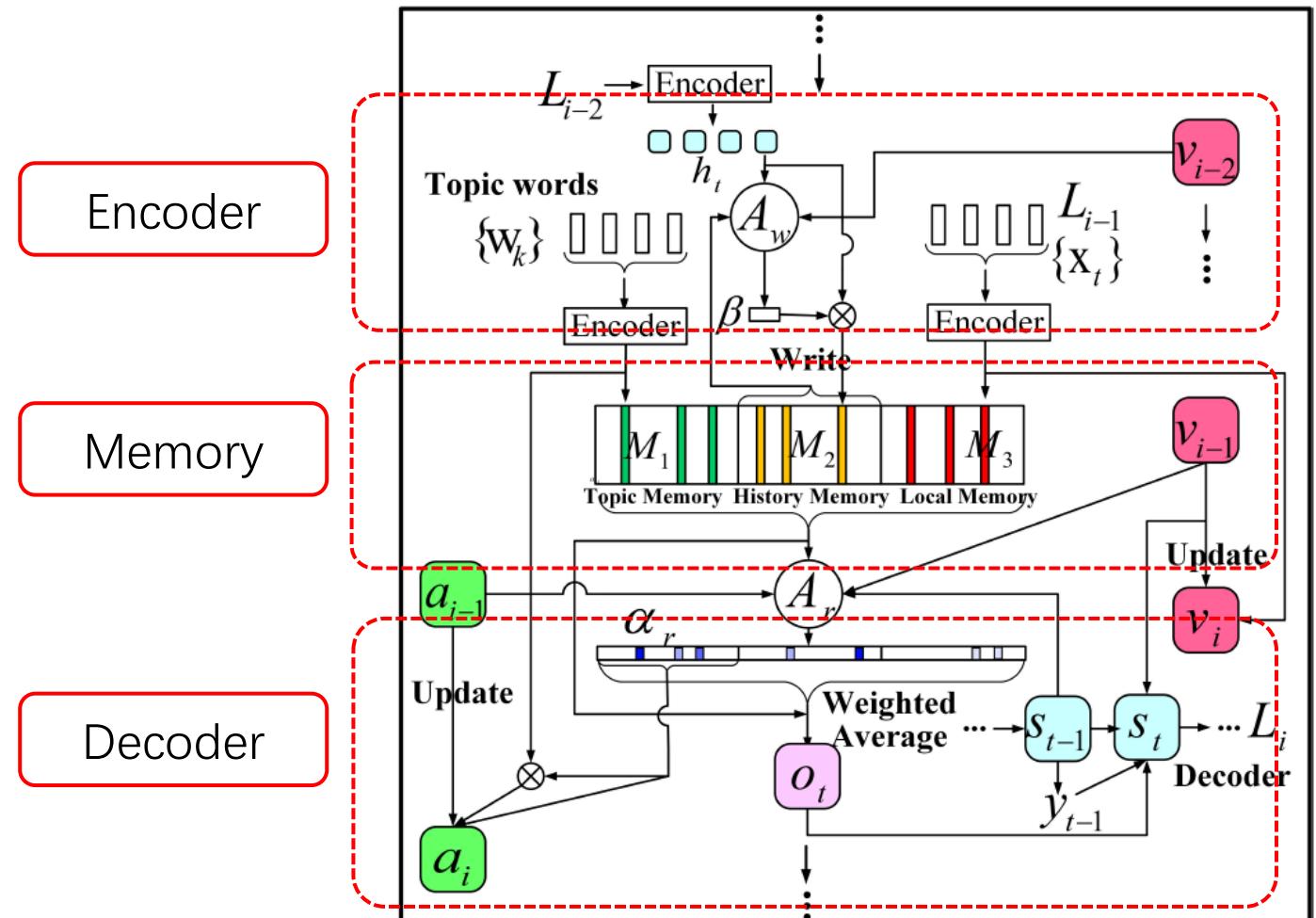
$$v_t = \sum_{i=1}^K \cos(s_t, m_i(s))m_i(g)$$



Jiyuan Zhang et al., ACL' 17

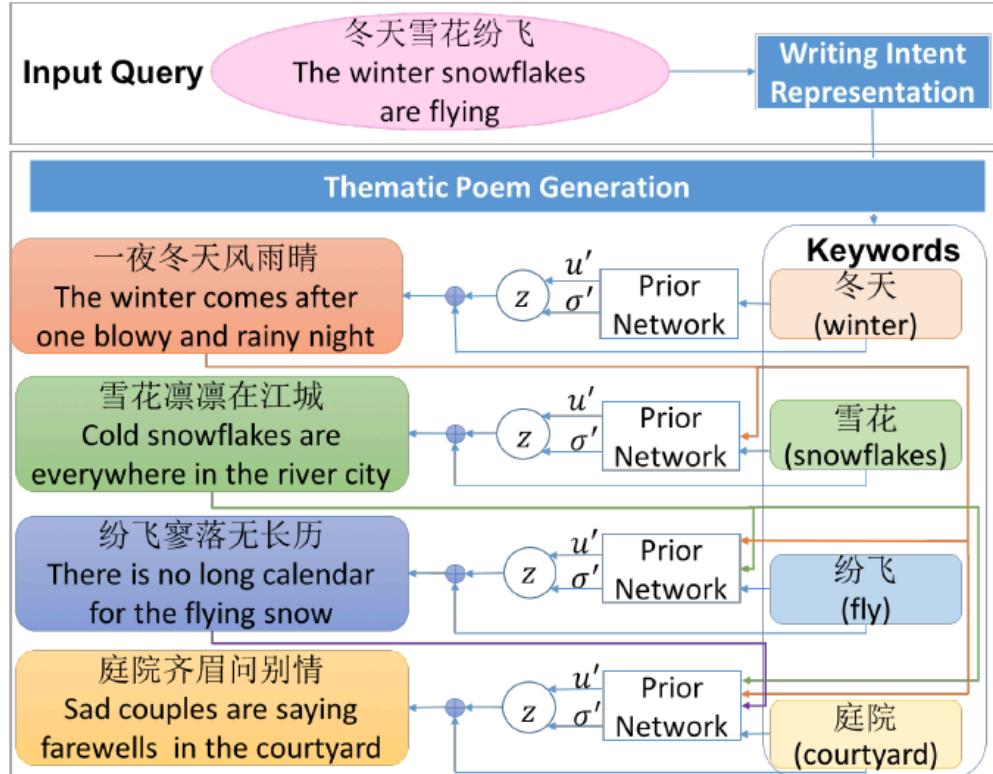
# Working Memory Model

- Line-by-Line Generation
- Bidirectional Encoder and GRU Decoder
- Memory
  - Topic Memory
  - History Memory
  - Local Memory
  - Memory Reading
  - Memory Writing

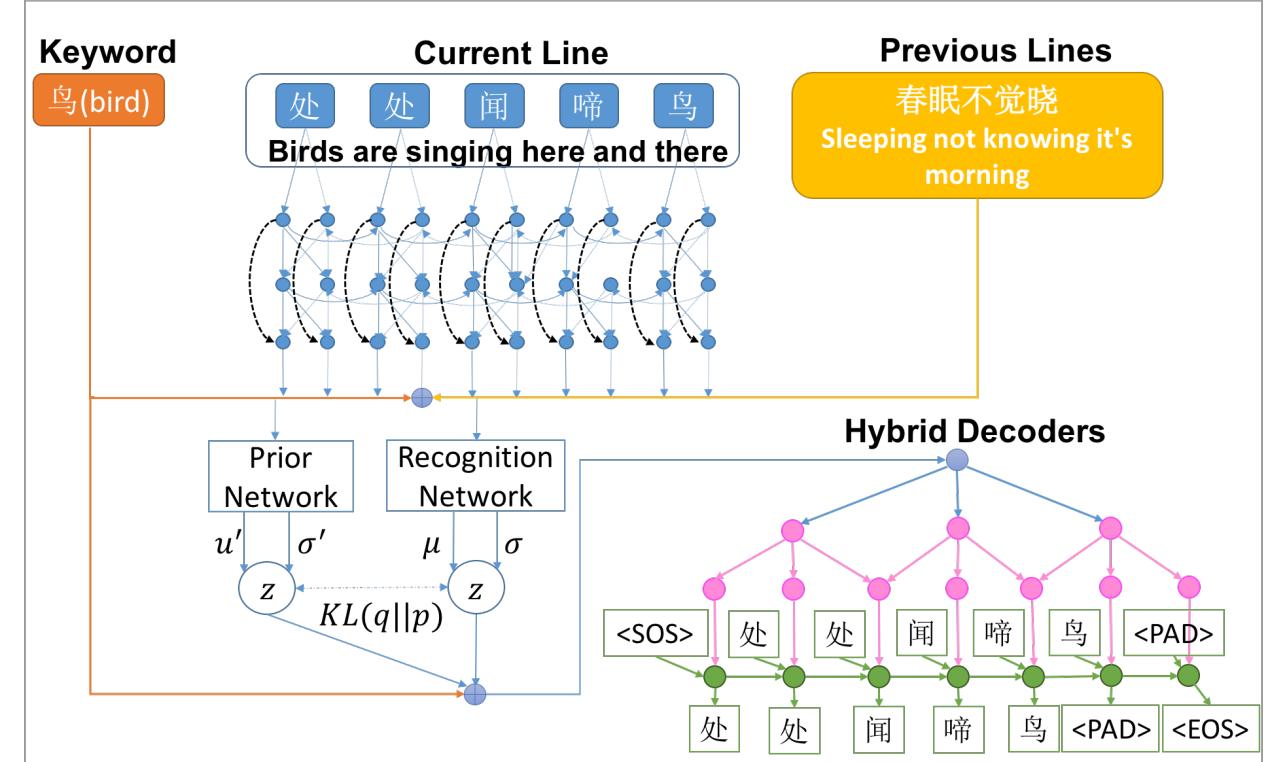


Xiaoyuan Yi et al., IJCAI' 18

# Conditional Variational Autoencoder



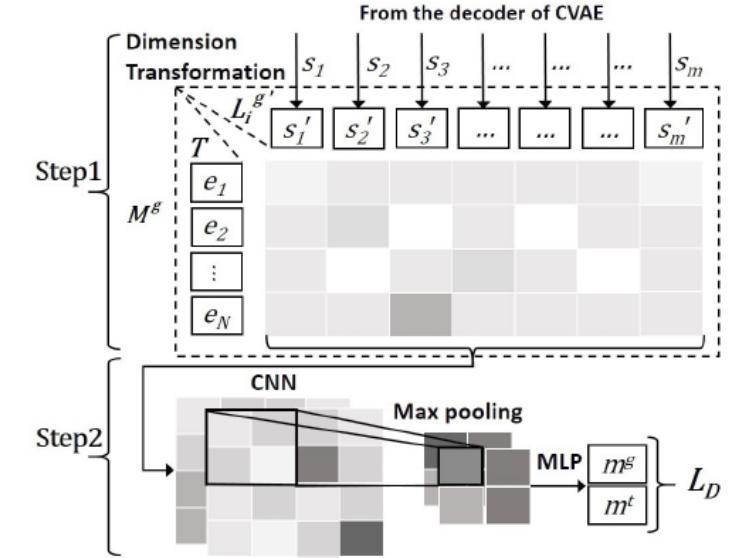
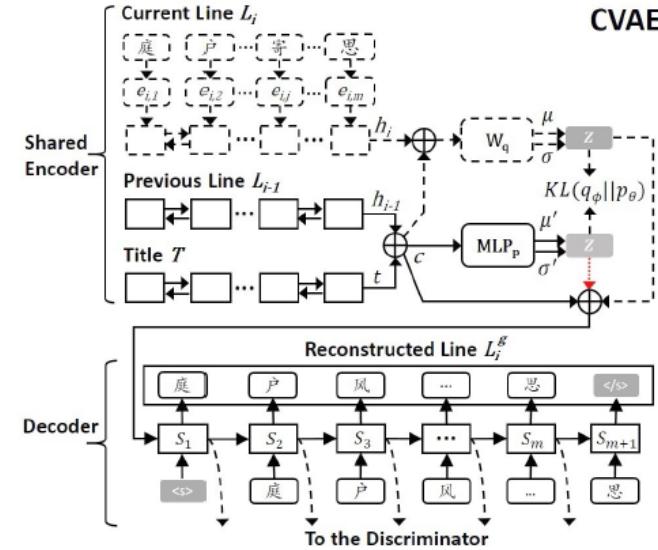
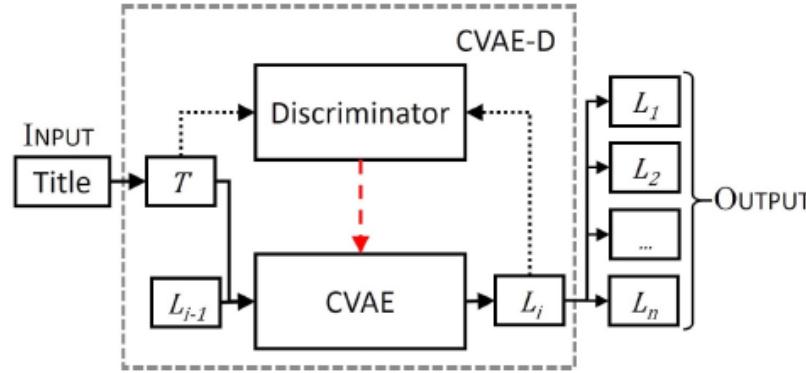
Generation Pipeline



CVAE Model

Xiaopeng Yang et al., IJCAI' 18

# CVAE-GAN Model



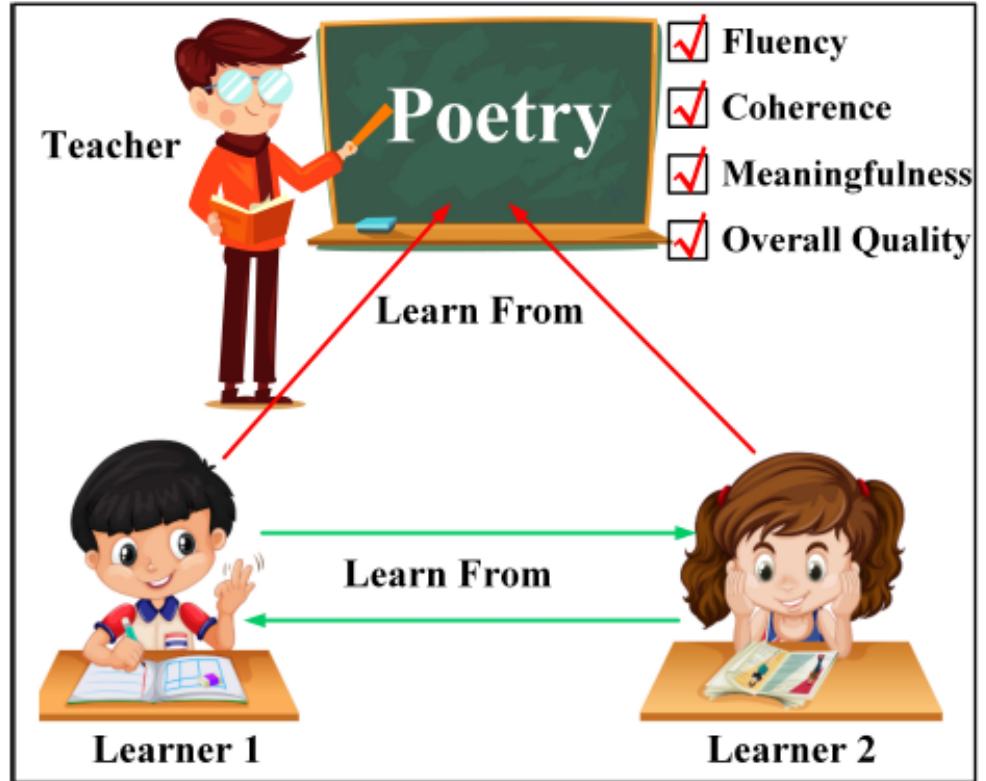
Overall Framework

CVAE Generator

Discriminator

# Mutual Reinforcement Learning

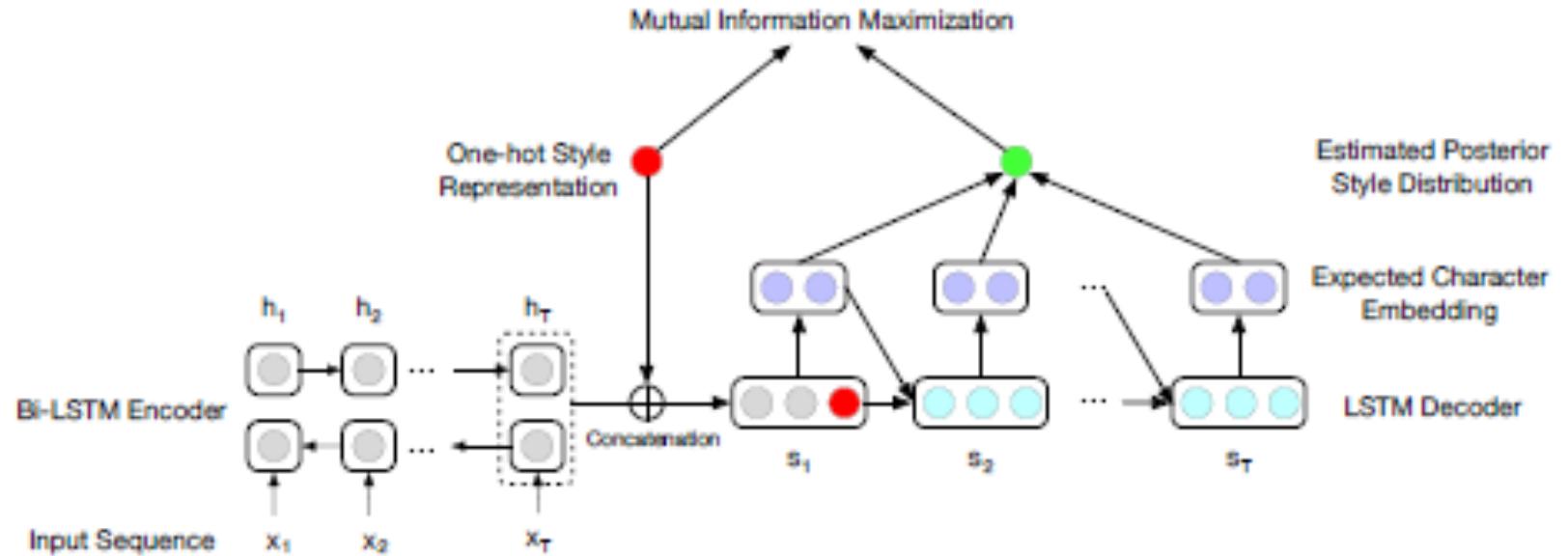
- Modeling Poetry Generation as RL Problem
- Fine-Grained Reward Designing  
Fluency Rewarder (LM)  
Coherence Rewarder (MI)  
Meaningfulness Rewarder (TF-IDF)  
Overall Quality Rewarder (Classifier)
- Mutual Reinforcement Learning  
Two Generators  
Instance-Based Method  
Distribution Level Mutual learning



Xiaoyuan Yi et al., EMNLP' 18

# Stylistic Poetry Generation

- Input
  - Input sentence
  - Style id
- Encoder-Decoder
- Mutual Information  
Dependency of variables



Cheng Yang et al., EMNLP' 18

# Pretraining-Based Model

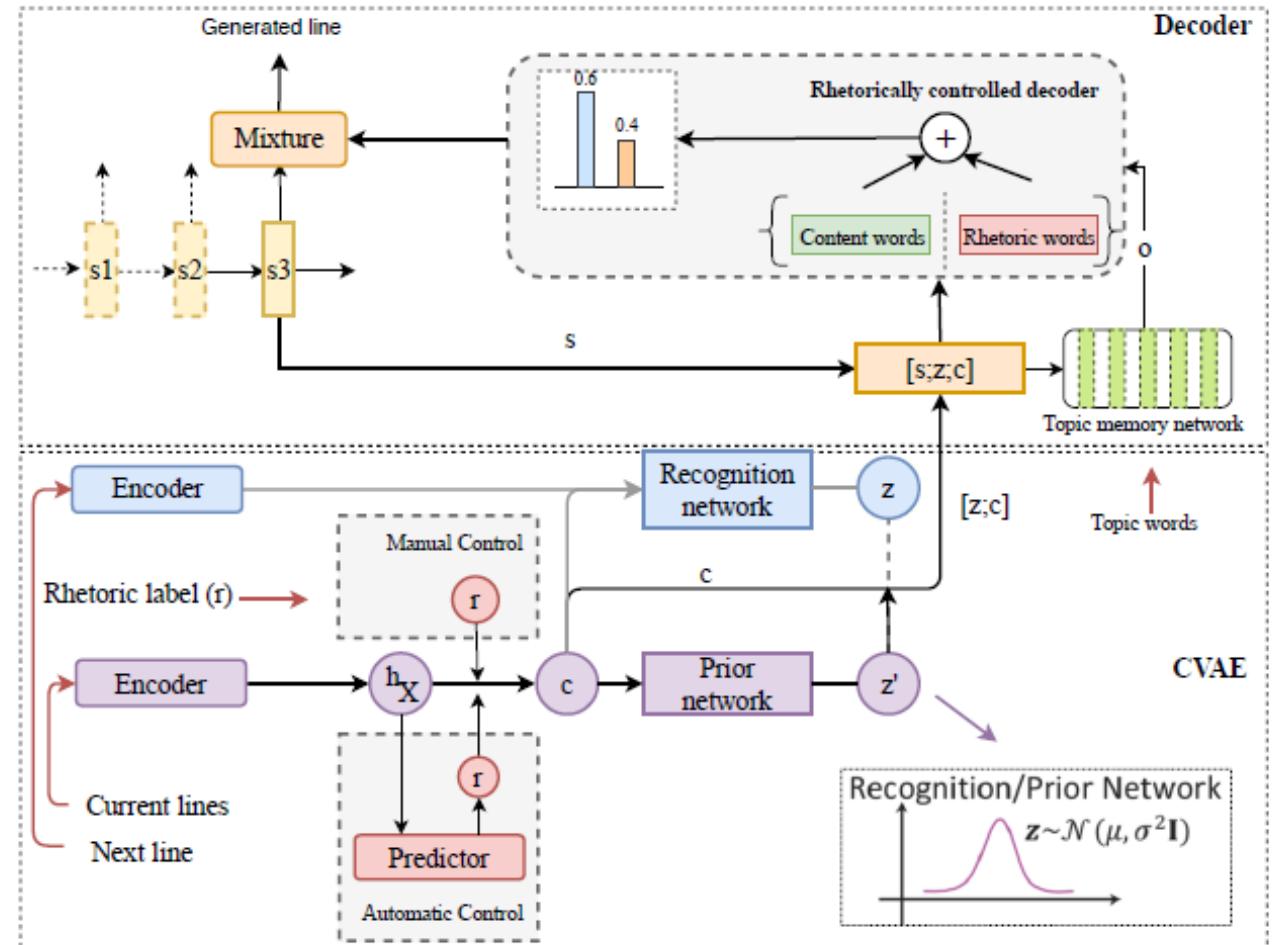
- Pre-trained Model  
GPT
- Genres  
Quatrain  
Iambics  
Couplet
- Fine-Tuning Model  
Transformer  
Auto-regressive Language Model



Yi Liao et al., arXiv:1907.00151

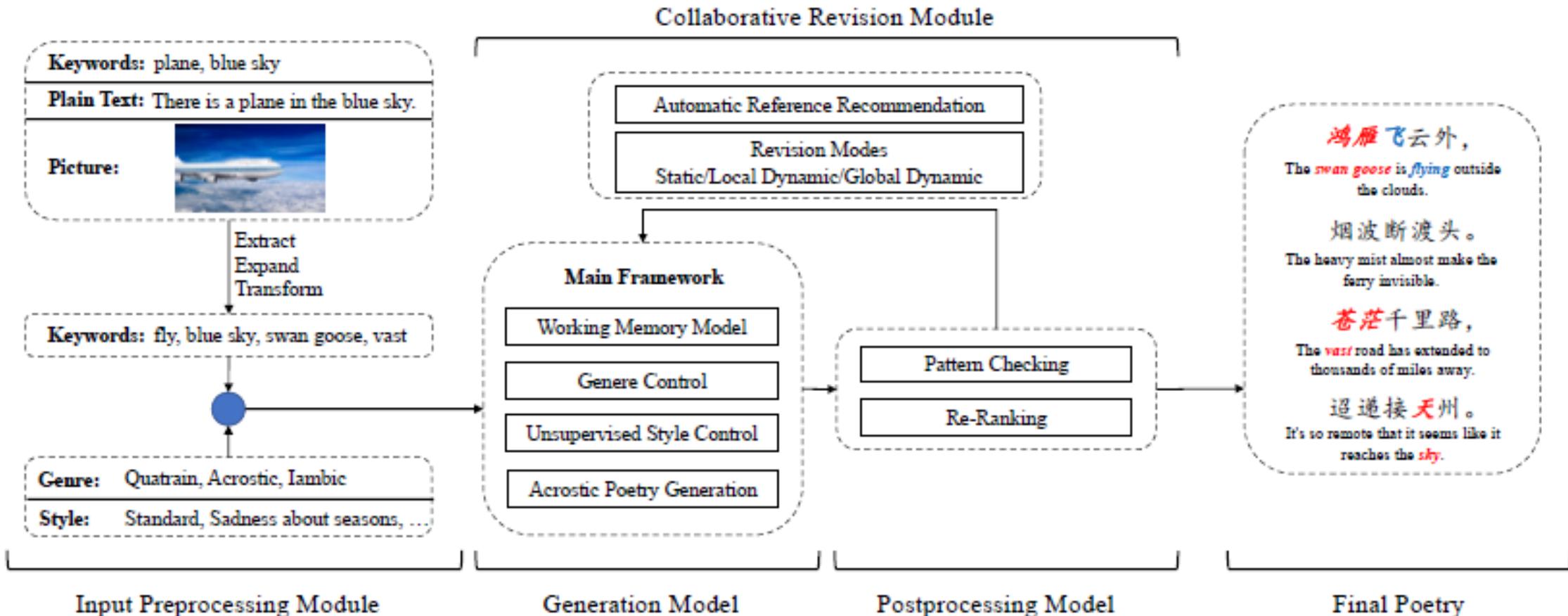
# Rhetorically Controlled Generation

- Modern Poetry Generation
- Manual Control CVAE Model  
Process User Input As Rhetorical Label
- Automatic Control CVAE  
Predict *When* Use Rhetoric Label
- Topic Memory  
Store Topic Information
- Rhetorically Controlled Decoder  
Generate Sentence with Forms of Rhetoric



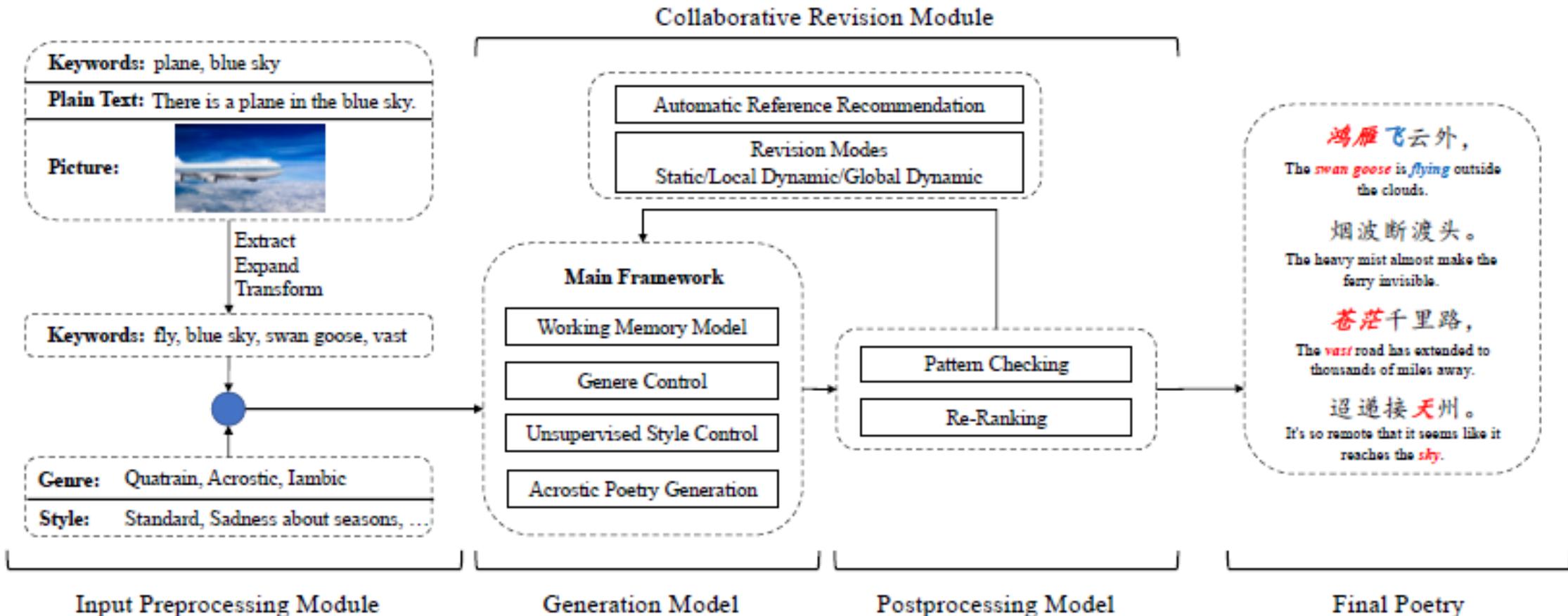
Zhiqiang Liu et al., ACL' 19

# Human-Machine Collaborative Generation



Zhipeng Guo et al., ACL' 19

# Human-Machine Collaborative Generation



Zhipeng Guo et al., ACL' 19

# References

---

- Zhang, Xingxing, and Mirella Lapata. "Chinese poetry generation with recurrent neural networks." EMNLP, 2014.
- Yan, Rui. "i, Poet: Automatic Poetry Composition through Recurrent Neural Networks with Iterative Polishing Schema." IJCAI, 2016.
- Wang, Qixin, Tianyi Luo, and Dong Wang. "Can machine generate traditional Chinese poetry? A feigenbaum test." *International Conference on Brain Inspired Cognitive Systems*. Springer, Cham, 2016.
- Wang, Zhe, et al. "Chinese poetry generation with planning based neural network." COLING, 2016.
- Yu, Lantao, et al. "Seqgan: Sequence generative adversarial nets with policy gradient. " AAAI, 2017.
- Oliveira, Hugo Gonçalo. "A survey on intelligent poetry generation: Languages, features, techniques, reutilisation and evaluation." ACL, 2017.
- Ghazvininejad, Marjan, et al. "Generating topical poetry." EMNLP, 2016.
- Zhang, Jiyuan, et al. "Flexible and Creative Chinese Poetry Generation Using Neural Memory." ACL, 2017.
- Yi, Xiaoyuan, Ruoyu Li, and Maosong Sun. "Generating chinese classical poems with rnn encoder-decoder." Springer, Cham, 2017.

# References

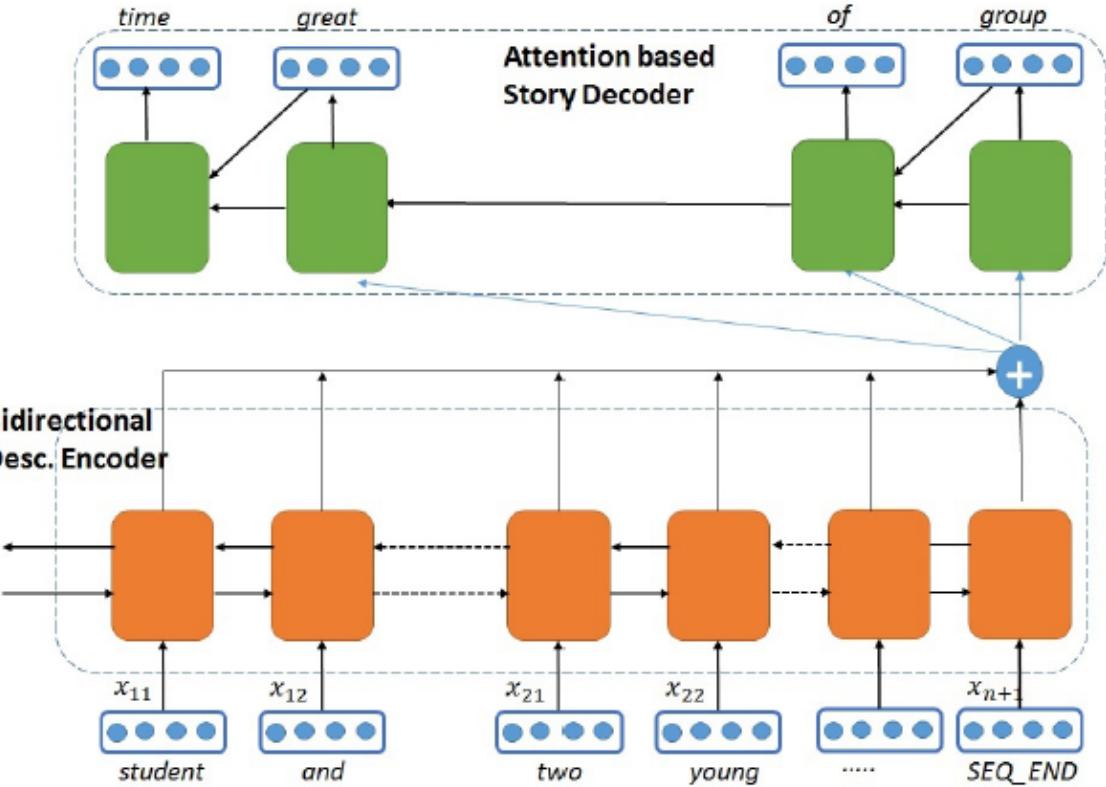
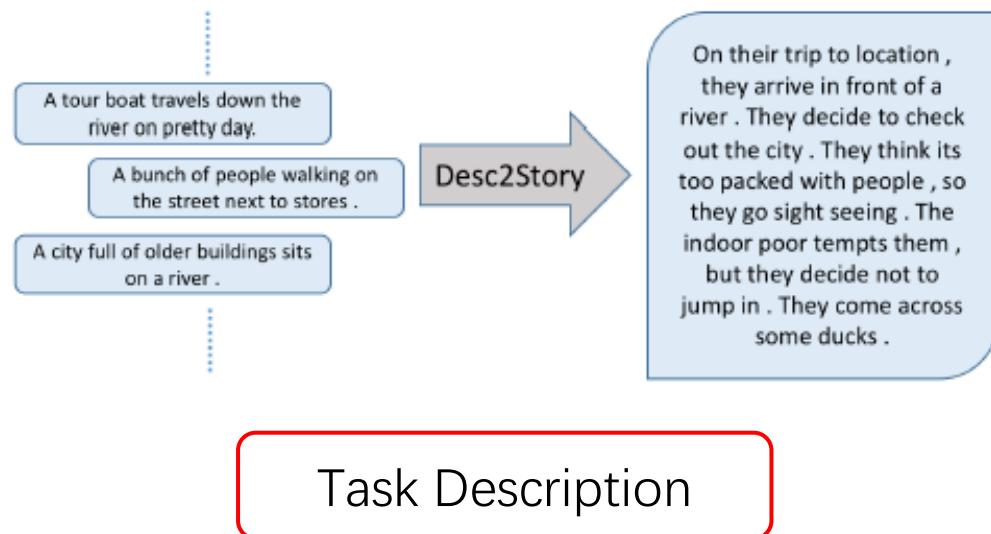
---

- Ghazvininejad, Marjan, et al. "Hafez: an interactive poetry generation system." ACL, System Demonstrations, 2017.
- Yi, Xiaoyuan, et al. "Automatic poetry generation with mutual reinforcement learning." EMNLP, 2018.
- Yang, Cheng, et al. "Stylistic chinese poetry generation via unsupervised style disentanglement." EMNLP, 2018.
- Li, Juntao, et al. "Generating Classical Chinese Poems via Conditional Variational Autoencoder and Adversarial Training." EMNLP, 2018.
- Liao, Yi, et al. "GPT-based Generation for Classical Chinese Poetry." *arXiv:1907.00151*, 2019.
- Yi, Xiaoyuan, et al. "Chinese Poetry Generation with a Working Memory Model. " IJCAI, 2018.
- Yang, Xiaopeng, et al. "Generating Thematic Chinese Poetry using Conditional Variational Autoencoders with Hybrid Decoders. " IJCAI, 2018.
- Zhipeng, Guo, et al. "Jiuge: A Human-Machine Collaborative Chinese Classical Poetry Generation System." ACL, System Demonstrations, 2019.
- Liu, Zhiqiang, et al. "Rhetorically Controlled Encoder-Decoder for Modern Chinese Poetry Generation." ACL, 2019.
- Mika Hamalainen and Khalid Alnajjar "Generating Modern Poetry Automatically in Finnish." EMNLP, 2019.

# Roadmap

- Introduction
- Background Knowledge
- Existing Methods
  - Poetry Generation
  - Story Generation
  - Multi-Modal Generation
  - Other Genres
- Recent Trends and Future Direction
- Q&A

# Coherent Story Generation

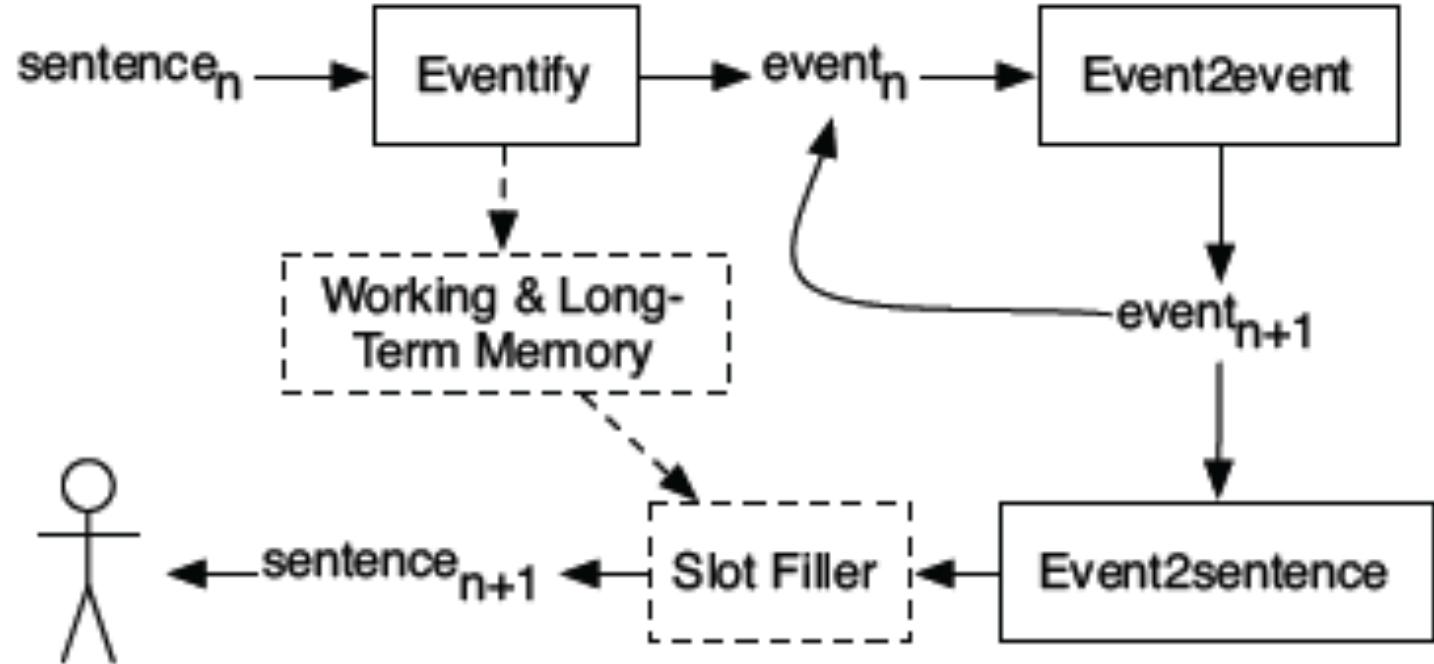


Model

Jain, Parag, et al., arXiv:1707.05501, 2017

# Event Representations

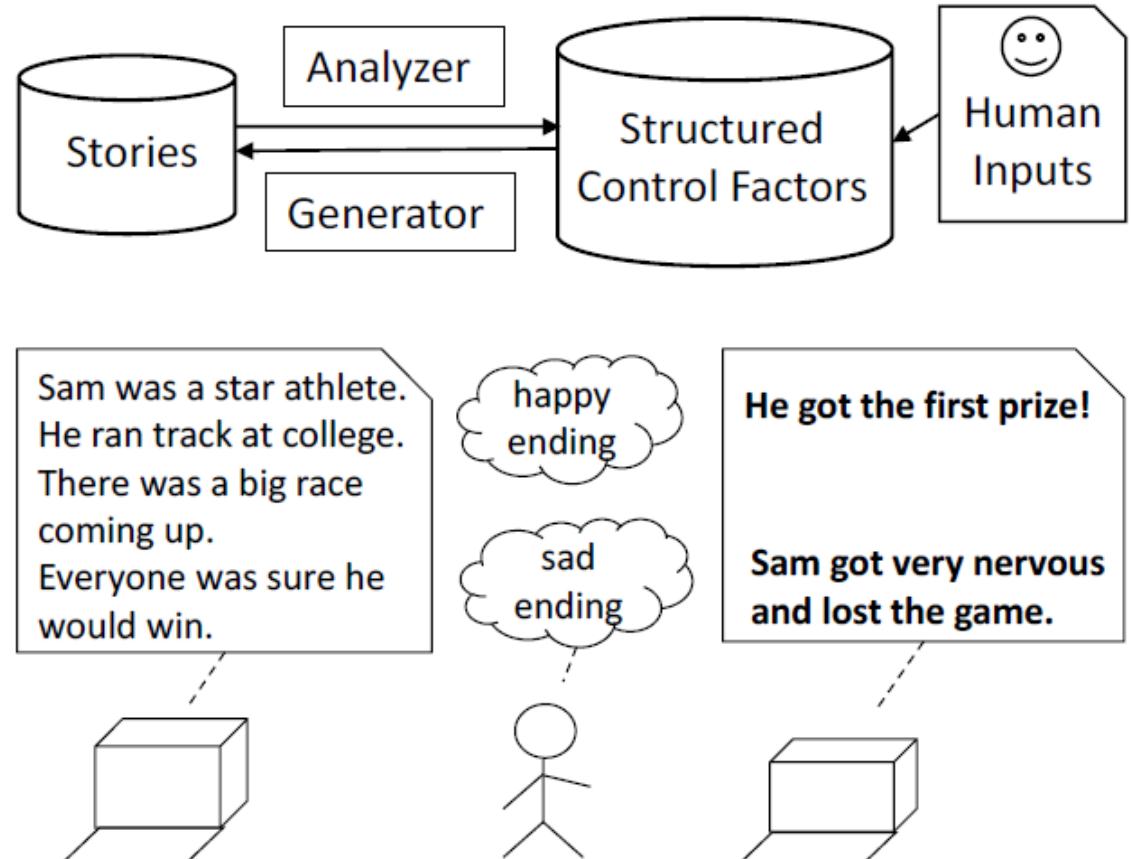
- Story to Event Sequences  
5-tuple Event Representations
- Event to Event Generation  
Event-Level Seq2seq
- Event to Story Generation  
Seq2seq



Lara J. Martin et al., AAAI' 18

# Controllable Story Generation

- Input
  - Human inputs
  - Controllable factors
- Output
  - A story that coherent to human inputs
- Ending Valence Control
  - Data labeling
  - Supervised classifier
  - Conditional LM for generation
- Storyline Control
  - Keywords extractor
  - Conditional LM for generation



Peng, Nanyun, et al., Workshop, 2018

# Hierarchical Story Generation

---

- Hierarchical Generation Pipeline  
Generating Prompts---Story
- Convolutional Seq2seq For Generating Prompts  
Conventional Convolutional Seq2seq Model
- Gated Multi-Scale Attention  
Gated self-attention to attend Information at different position  
Multi-scale attention to attend information at different granularity
- Prompts Fusion  
Residual Learning Upon pre-trained Convolutional seq2seq model

---

**Prompt:** The Mage, the Warrior, and the Priest

---

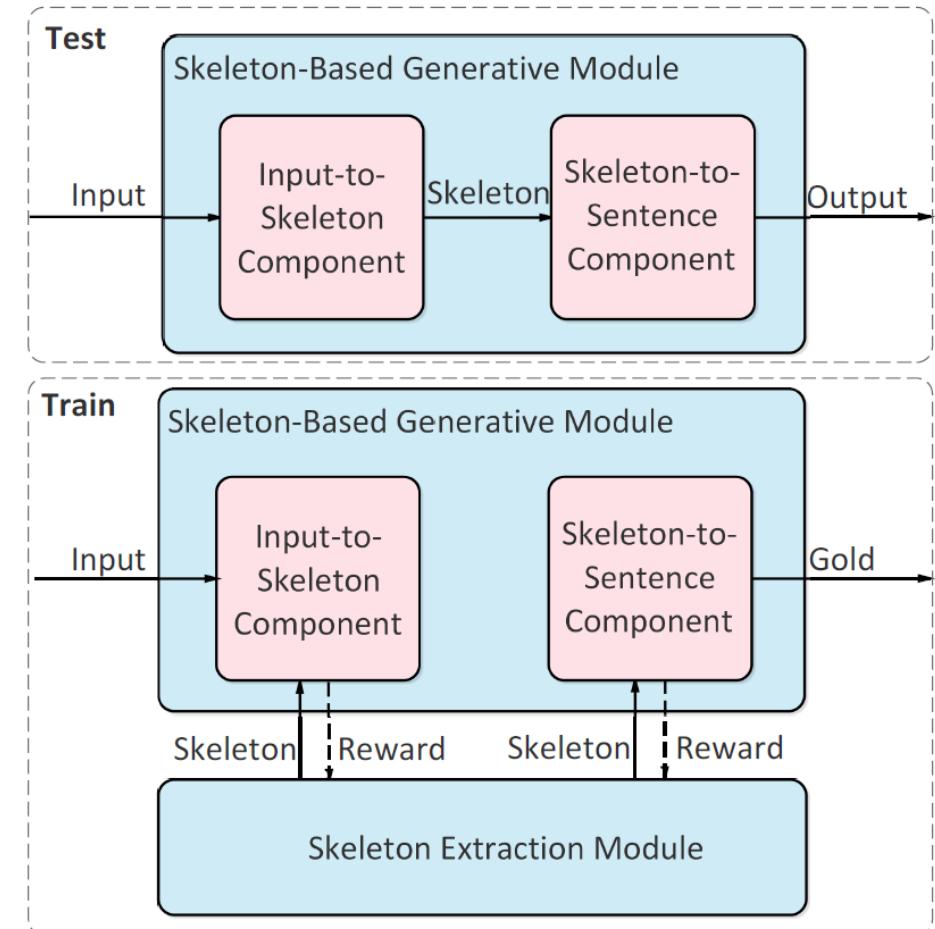
**Story:** A light breeze swept the ground, and carried with it still the distant scents of dust and time-worn stone. The Warrior led the way, heaving her mass of armour and muscle over the uneven terrain. She soon crested the last of the low embankments, which still bore the unmistakable fingerprints of haste and fear. She lifted herself up onto the top the rise, and looked out at the scene before her. [...]

---

Fan Angela et al., ACL, 2018

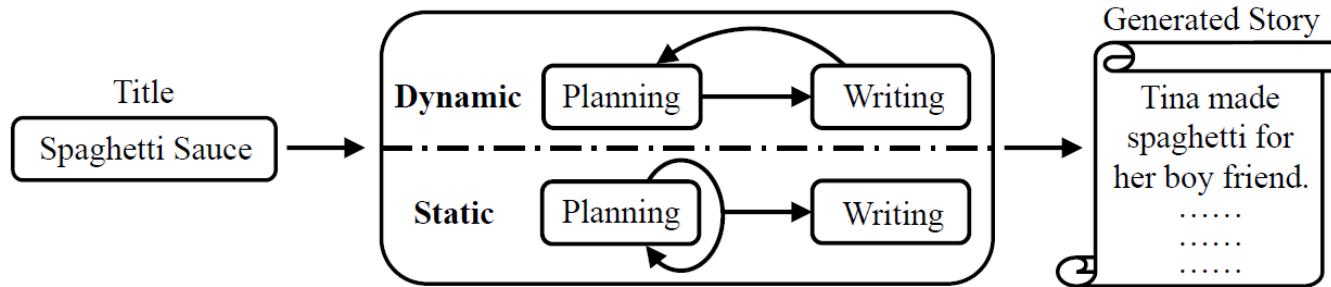
# Skeleton to Story Generation

- Skelton-Based Generative Module
  - Input-to-Skeleton
  - Skeleton-to-Sentence
- Skeleton Extraction Module
  - Pretraining on Sentence Compression Dataset
  - Reinforcement Learning Training
  - Two Entropy Loss Reward
  - Iterative Optimization



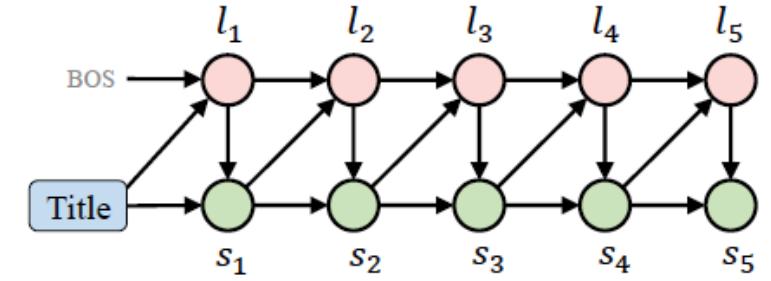
Xu, Jingjing, et al., EMNLP, 2018

# Planning-Based Method

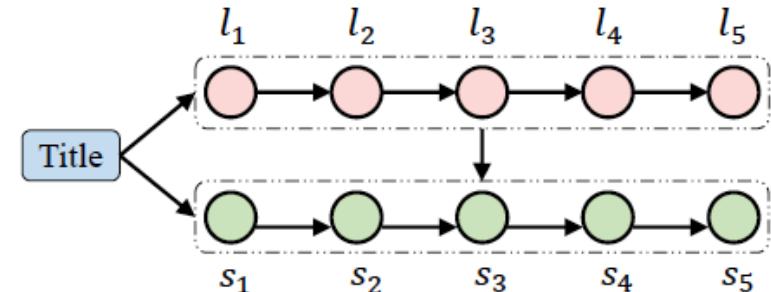


## System Overview

- Plan and Write
- Static Planning
- Dynamic Planning



(a) Dynamic schema work-flow.



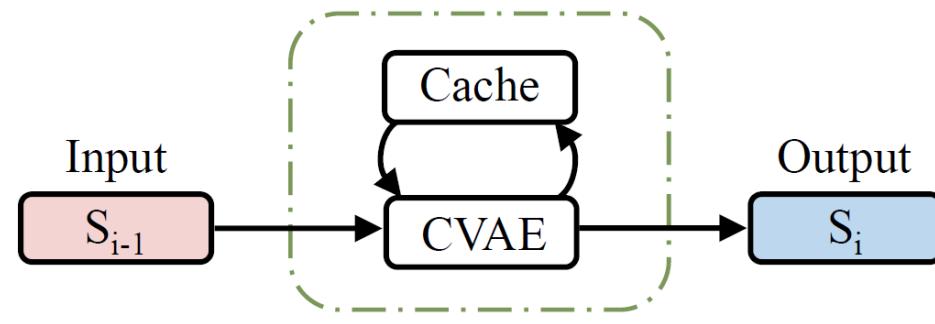
(b) Static schema work-flow.

## Planning Method

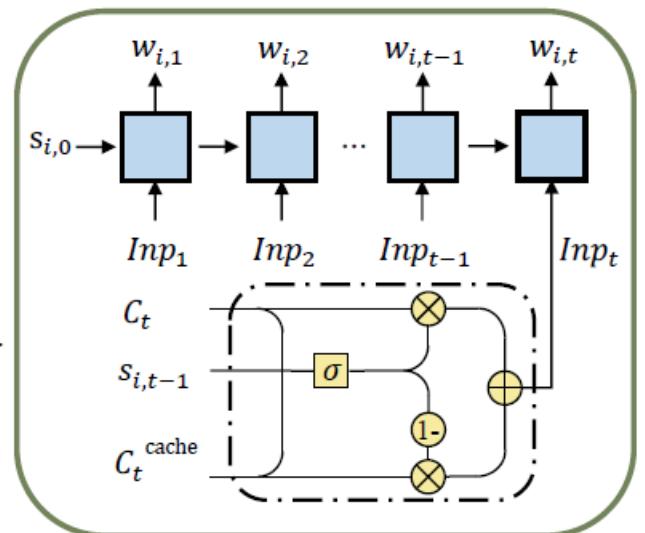
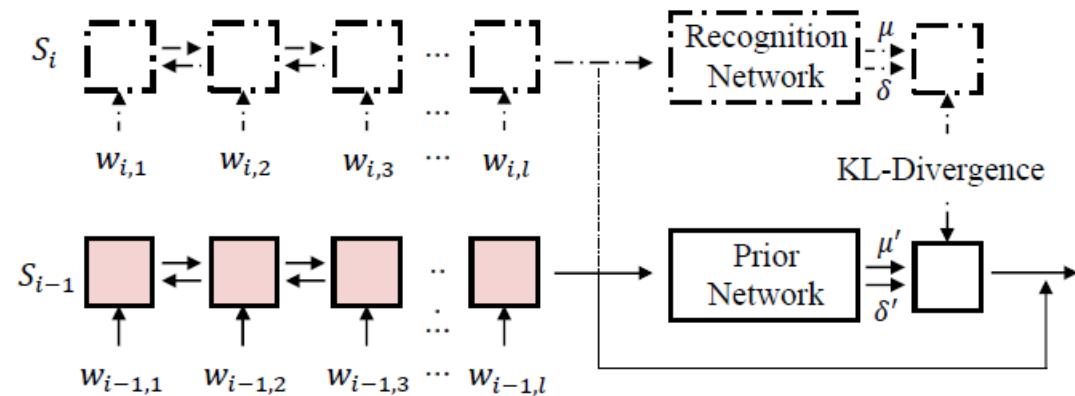
Yao, Lili, et al., AAAI, 2019

# CVAE and Memory Network

- CVAE  
Wording Novelty
- Cache  
Coherence



System Overview

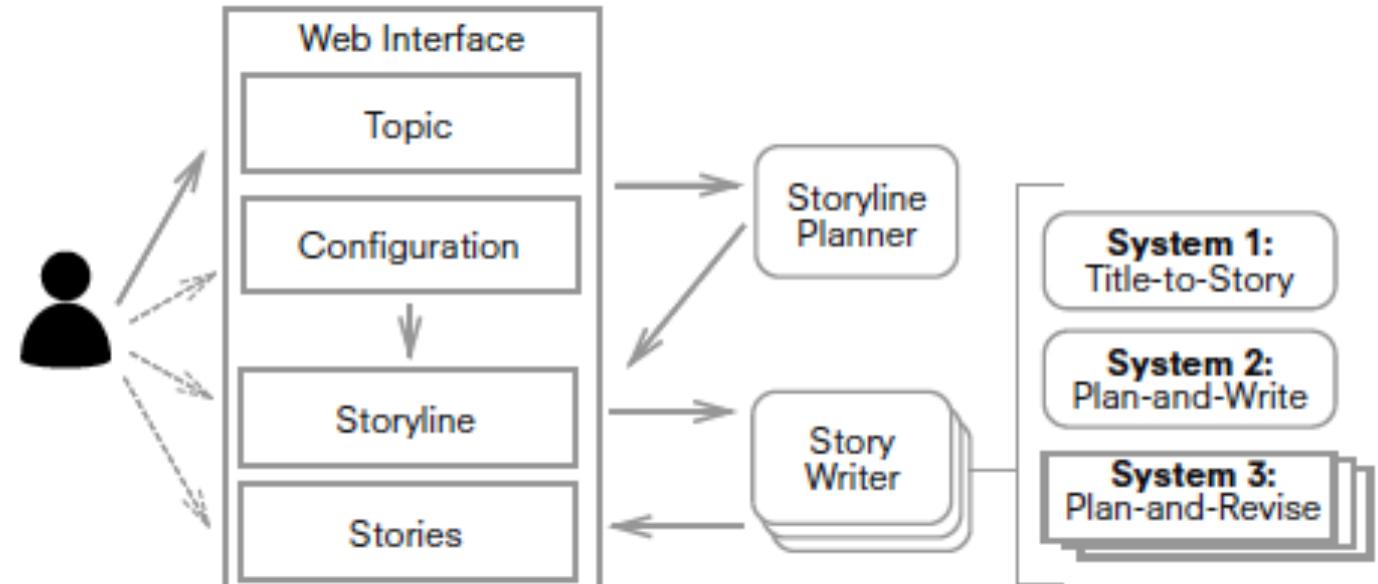


Model

Li, Juntao, et al., AAAI, 2019

# Plan Write and Revise

- System Combination
- Cross-Model Mode
- Intra-Model Mode
- Story Writer
  - Title-to-Story
  - Plan-and-Write
  - Plan-and-Revise



Goldfarb-Tarrant, Seraphina et al., NAACL-HLT, 2019

# Structured Story Generation

- Input: story prompt
- Action plan with semantic labeling
- Entity Anonymized Story
- Full Story

You're a Werewolf. You begin to transform, but instead of a terrifying beast, you turn into a small puppy.

<V> opened <A0> ent0 <A1> ent0 eyes  
<V> looking <A0> to ent0 ent1  
<V> found <A0> ent0  
<V> clipped <A1> ent1  
<V> flopped <A0> ent0 ears  
<V> was <A0> the hunger <A1> gone  
<V> clouded <A0> Confusion <A1> ent1 mind  
<V> tilted <A0> ent0 <A1> ent2  
<V> approached <A1> ent0 <A2> a nearby puddle  
<V> looked <A0> ent0

ent0 opened ent0 eyes. Looking to ent0 ent1, ent0 found that ent1 were now neatly clipped. ent0 ears flopped on either side of ent2 lazily, too soft and formless to hunt properly. Most of all, the hunger was gone. Confusion clouded ent0 mind and ent0 tilted ent2 instinctively. ent0 approached a nearby puddle and looked in.

I opened my eyes. Looking to my razor-sharp claws, I found that they were now neatly clipped. My ears flopped on either side of my head lazily, too soft and formless to hunt properly. Most of all, the hunger was gone. Confusion clouded my mind and I tilted my head instinctively. I approached a nearby puddle and looked in.

Story Prompt

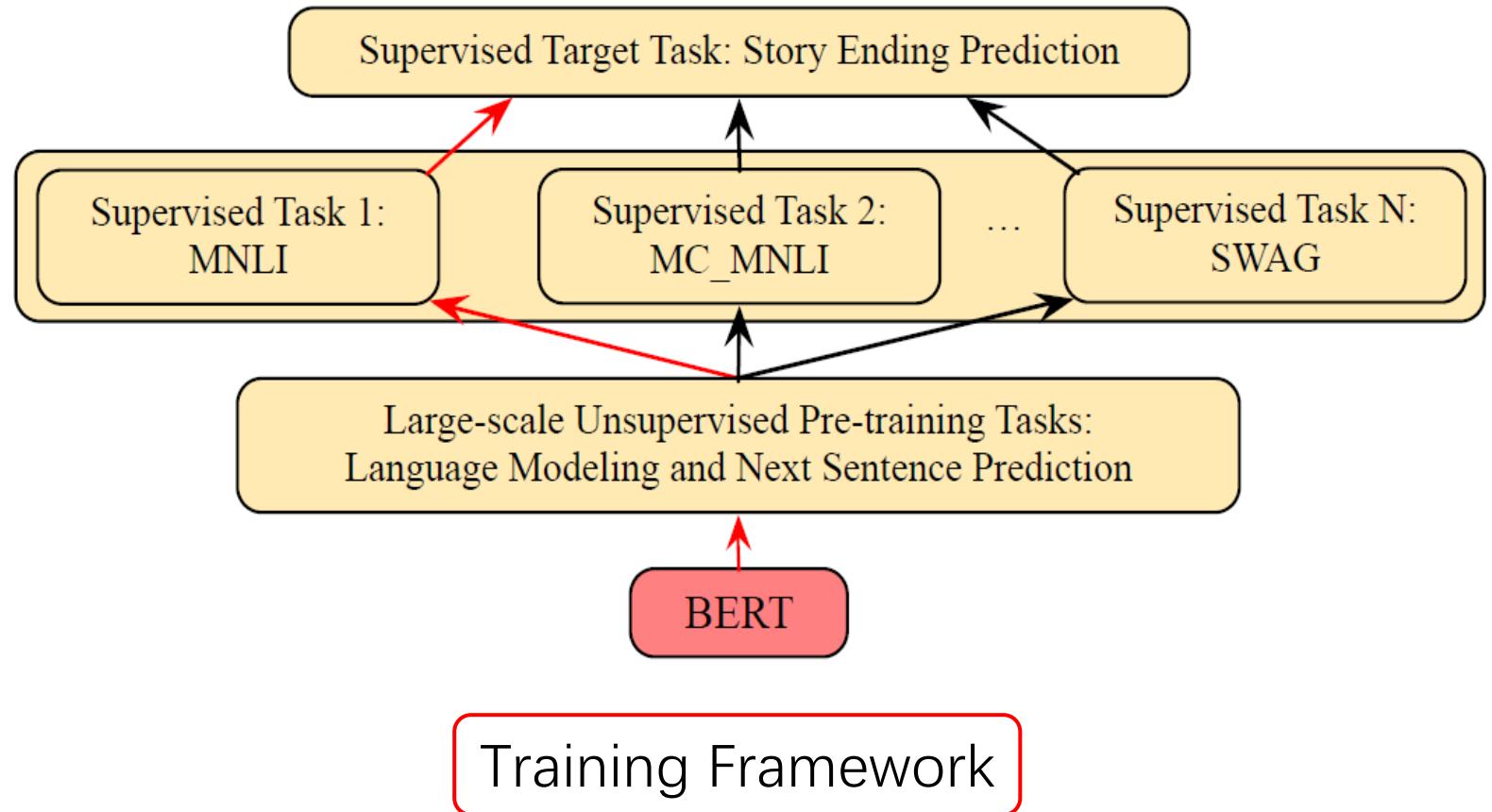
Action Plan with Semantic Role Labeling

Entity Anonymized Story

Full Story

# BERT Augmented Story Ending Prediction

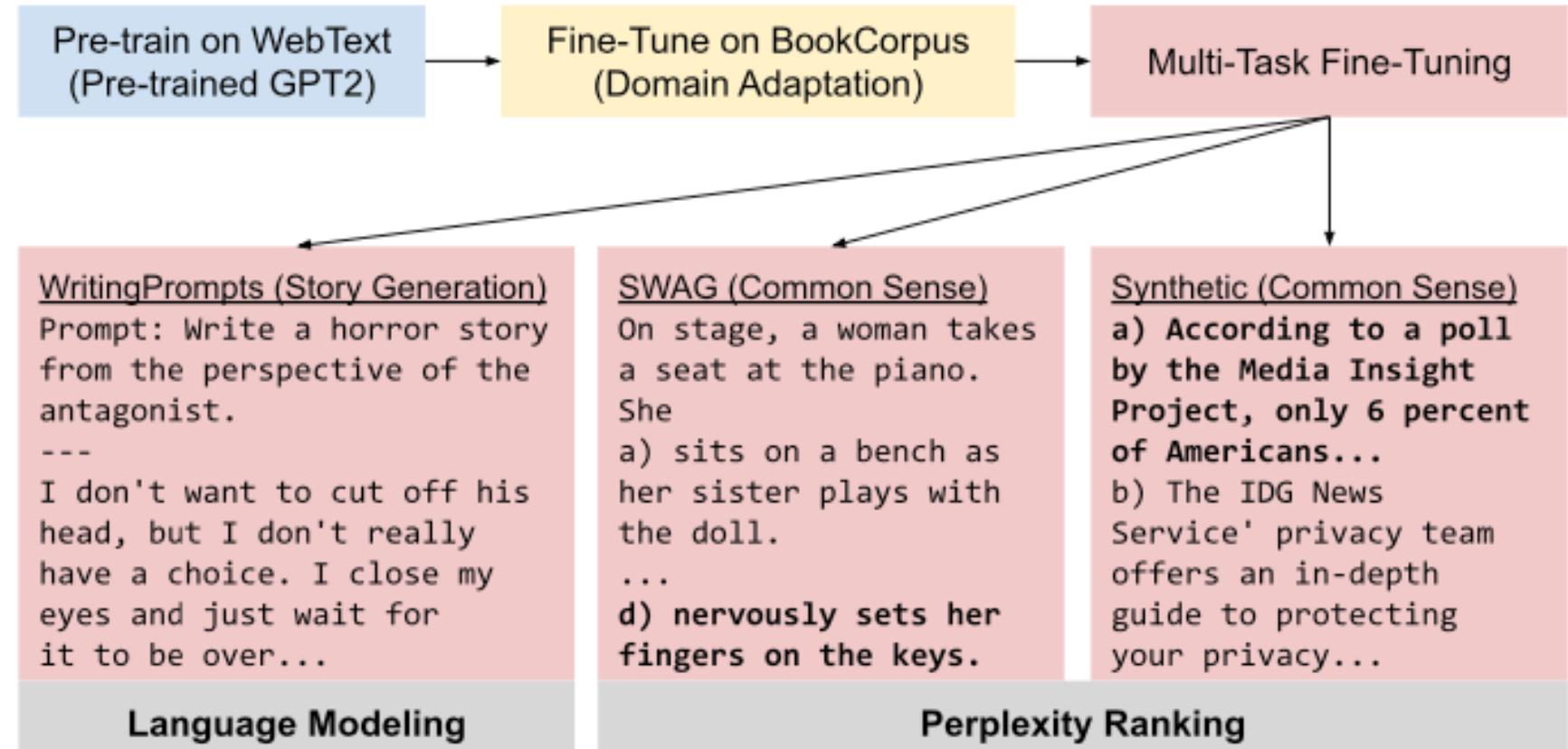
- Unsupervised Pre-Training
- Supervised Pre-Training
- Supervised Fine-Tuning



Li, Zhongyang et al., IJCAI, 2019

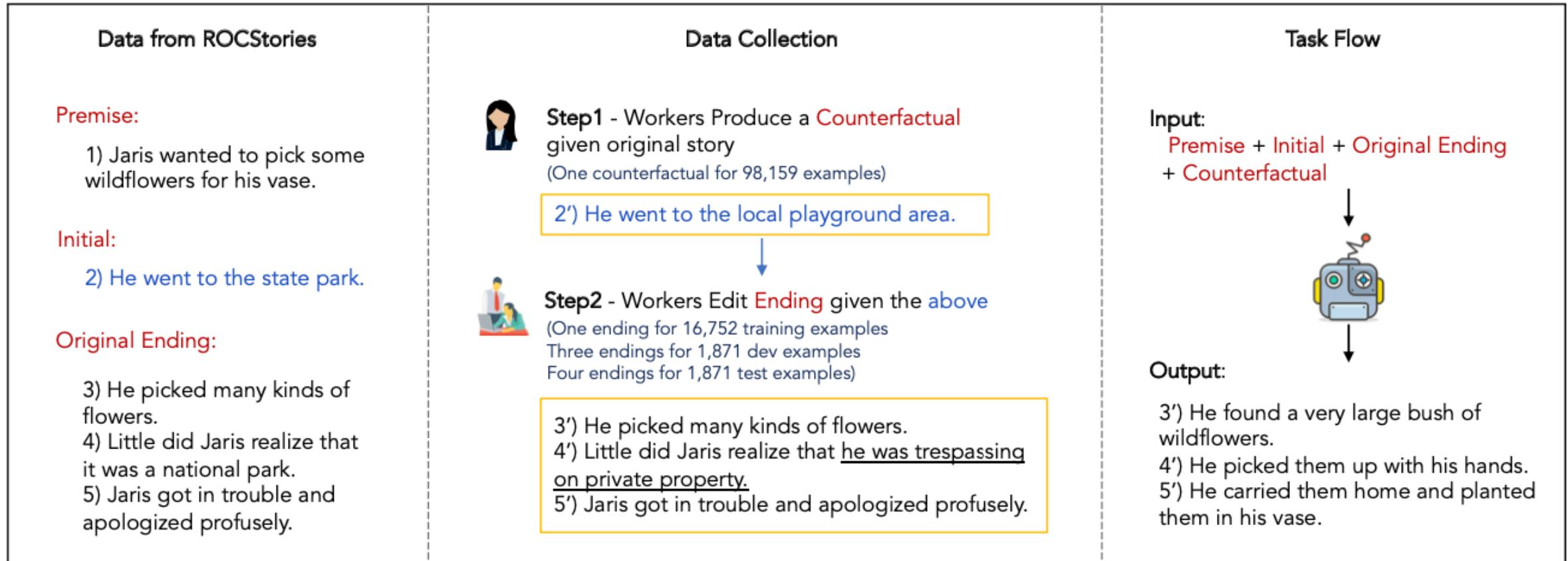
# Common Sense Grounding

- Intermediate Fine-Tuning
- Multi-Task Fine-Tuning
  - Language Modeling
  - Perplexity Ranking



Huanru Henry Mao et al., EMNLPI, 2019

# Counterfactual Story Reasoning and Generation



Lianhui Qin et al., EMNLP, 2019

# References

---

- Jain, Parag, et al. "Story Generation from Sequence of Independent Short Descriptions." 2017.
- Martin, Lara J., et al. "Event representations for automated story generation with deep neural nets. " AAAI, 2018.
- Fan, Angela, Mike Lewis, and Yann Dauphin. "Hierarchical Neural Story Generation." ACL, 2018.
- Wang, Su, et al. "Picking Apart Story Salads. " EMNLP, 2018.
- Peng, Nanyun, et al. "Towards controllable story generation." Workshop, 2018.
- Xu, Jingjing, et al. "A Skeleton-Based Model for Promoting Coherence Among Sentences in Narrative Story Generation." EMNLP, 2018.
- Angela, Fan et al. "Strategies for Structuring Story Generation" , ACL, 2019.
- Goldfarb-Tarrant12, Seraphina, Haining Feng, and Nanyun Peng. "Plan, Write, and Revise: an Interactive System for Open-Domain Story Generation." NAACL-HLT, 2019.
- Luo, Fuli, et al. "Learning to Control the Fine-grained Sentiment for Story Ending Generation." ACL, 2019.
- Li, Zhongyang, Xiao Ding, and Ting Liu. "Story Ending Prediction by Transferable BERT." IJCAI, 2019.
- Li, Juntao, et al. "Learning to Write Stories with Thematic Consistency and Wording Novelty." AAAI, 2019.
- Yao, Lili, et al. "Plan-and-write: Towards better automatic storytelling." AAAI, 2019.
- Guan, Jian, Yansen Wang, and Minlie Huang. "Story ending generation with incremental encoding and commonsense knowledge." AAAI, 2019.

# References

---

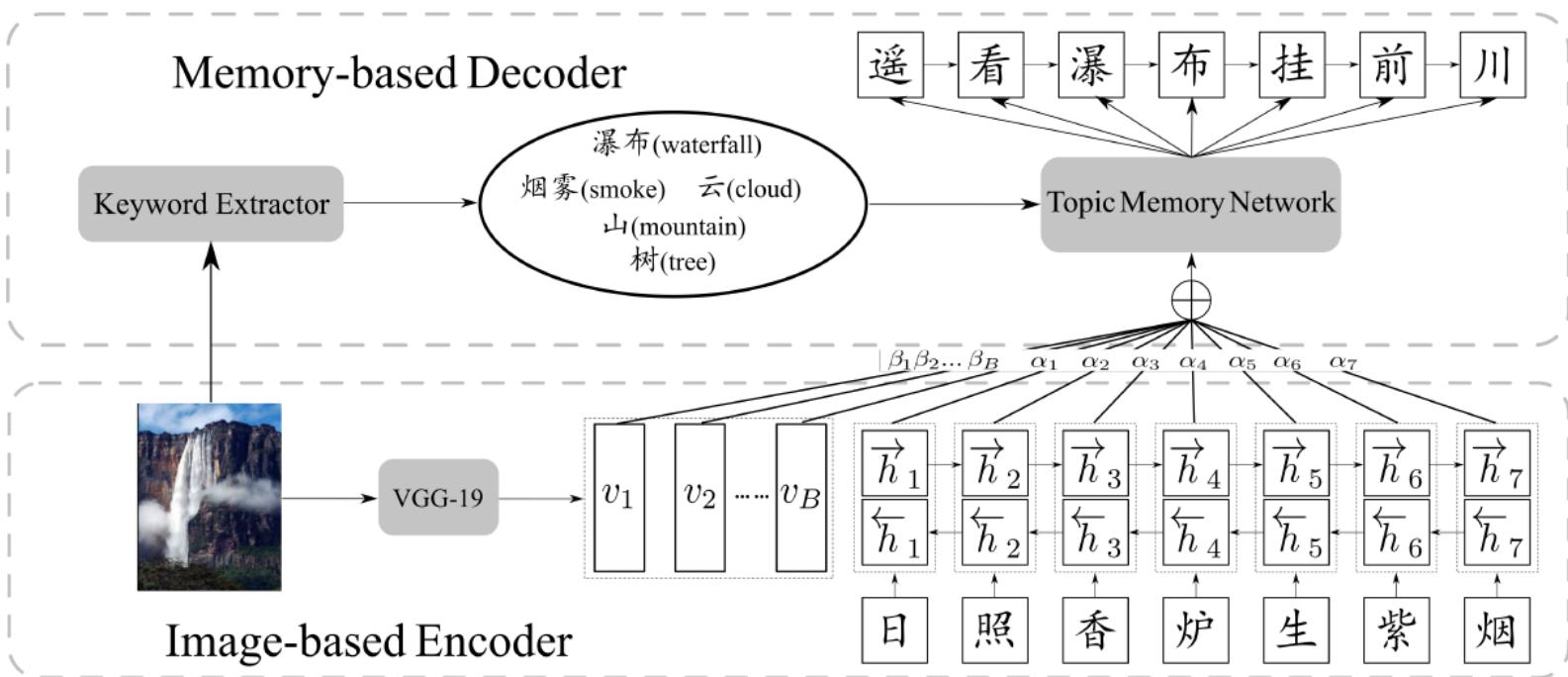
- Angela Fan et al. “Strategies for Structuring Story Generation.” ACL, 2019.
- Pradyumna Tambwekar et al. “Controllable Neural Story Plot Generation via Reward Shaping.” IJCAI, 2019.
- Huanru Henry Mao et al. “Improving Neural Story Generation by Targeted Common Sense Grounding.” EMNLP, 2019.
- Lianhui Qin et al. “Counterfactual Story Reasoning and Generation.” EMNLP, 2019.

# Roadmap

- Introduction
- Background Knowledge
- Existing Methods
  - Poetry Generation
  - Story Generation
  - Multi-Modal Generation
  - Other Genres
- Recent Trends and Future Direction
- Q&A

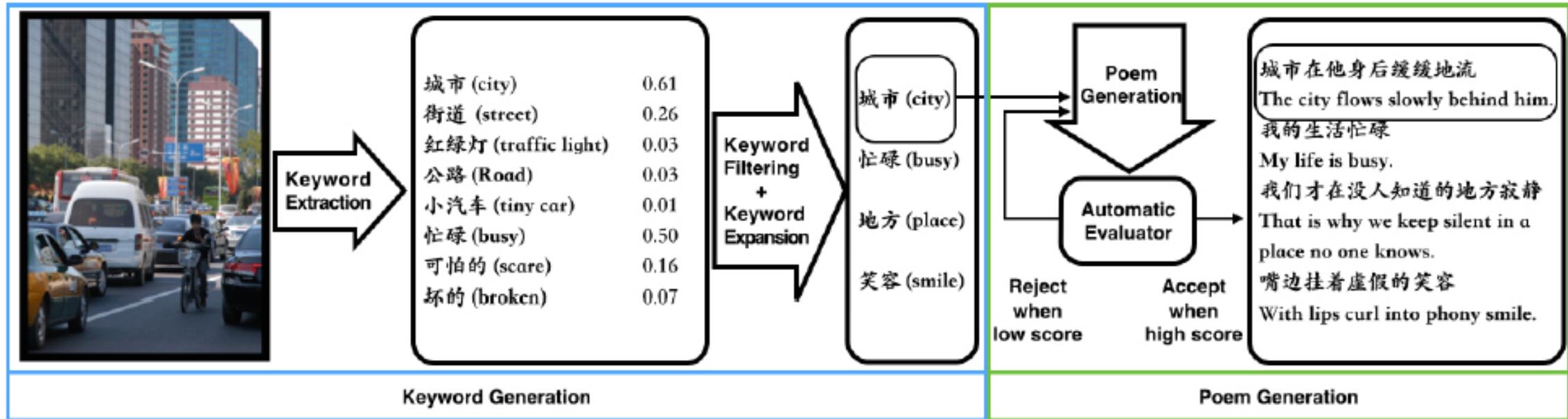
# Image Inspired Poetry Generation

- Image-Based Encoder  
CNN  
Bidirectional RNN
- Memory-Based Decoder  
Keyword Extractor  
Vector Representations



Xu, Linli, et al., AAAI, 2018

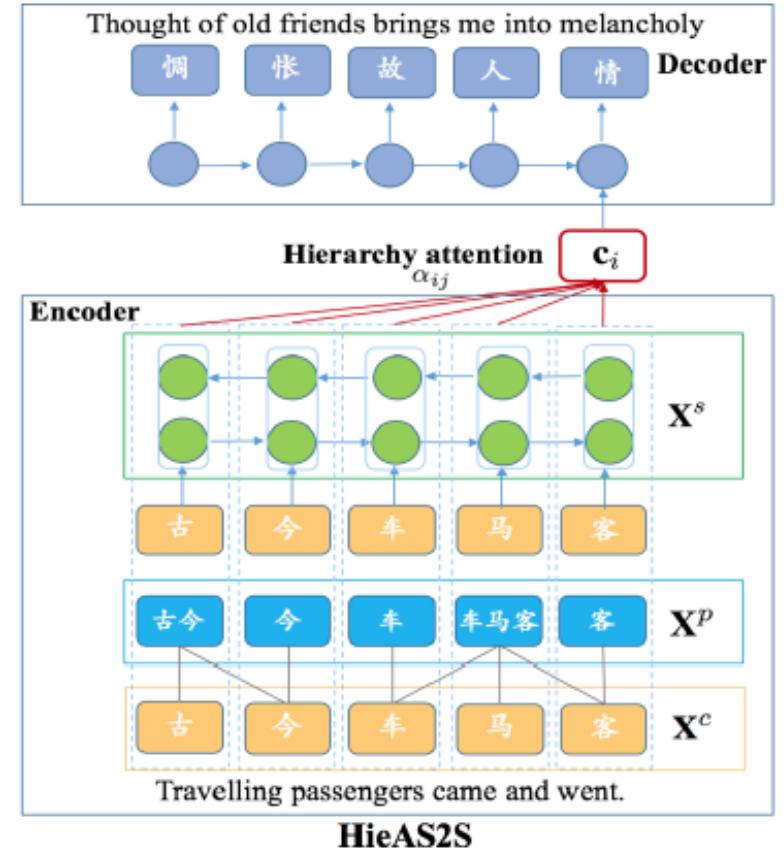
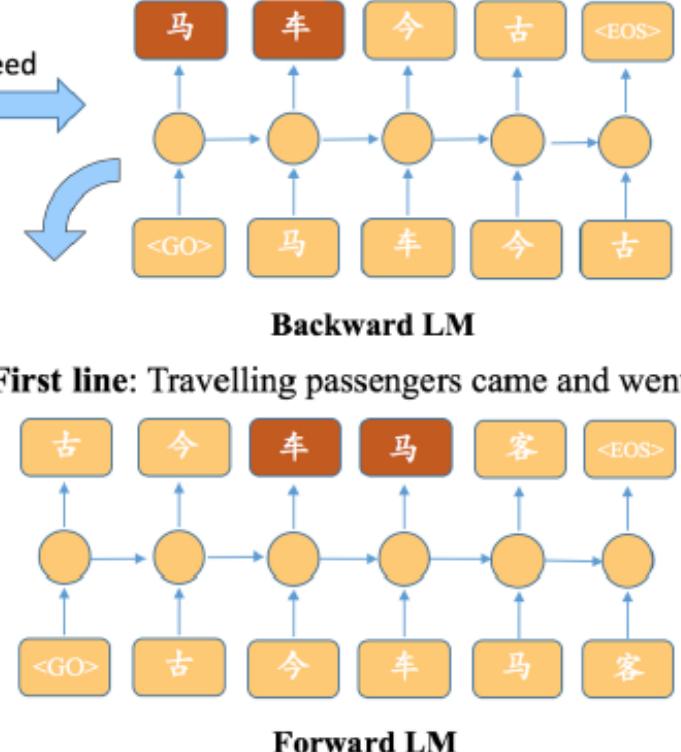
# Visual Poetry Generation of Xiaoice



Framework

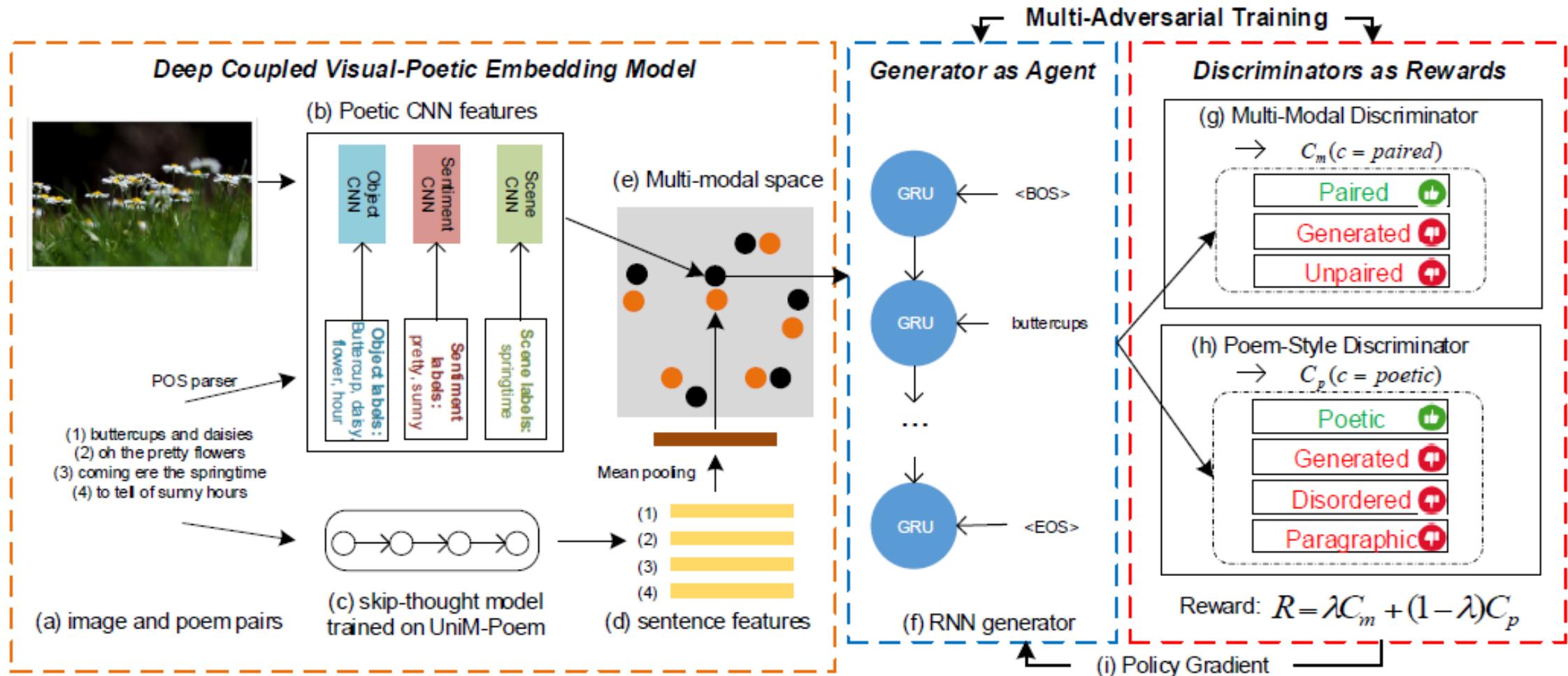
Cheng, Wen-Feng, et al., arXiv:1808.03090, 2018

# Multi-Modal Poetry Generation



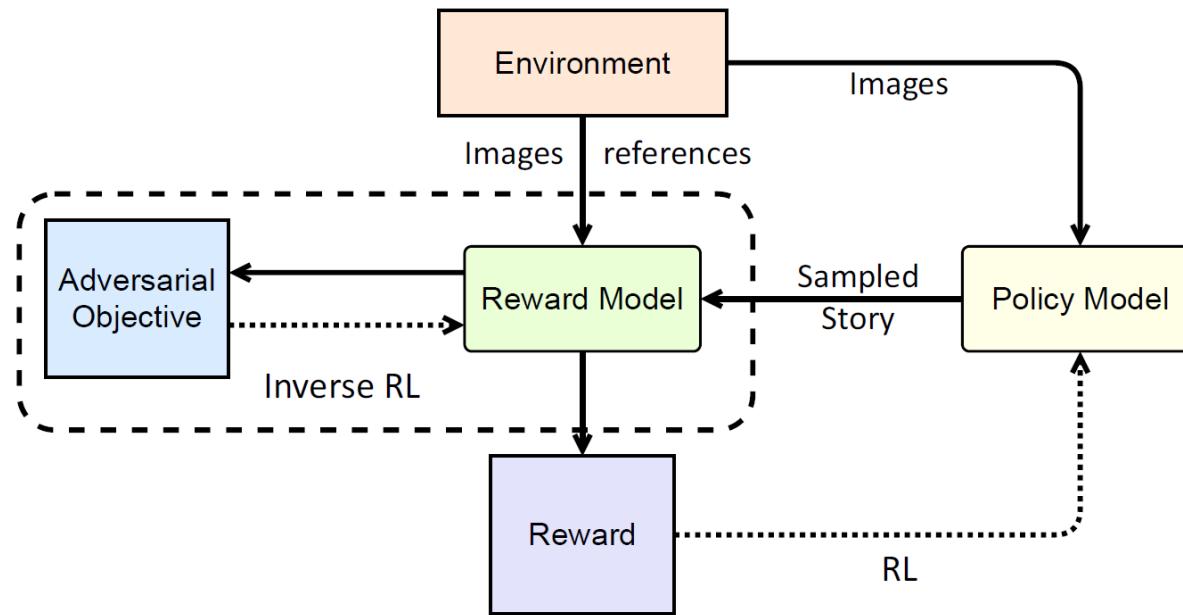
Liu, Dayiheng, et al., IJCNN, 2018

# Multi-Adversarial Training

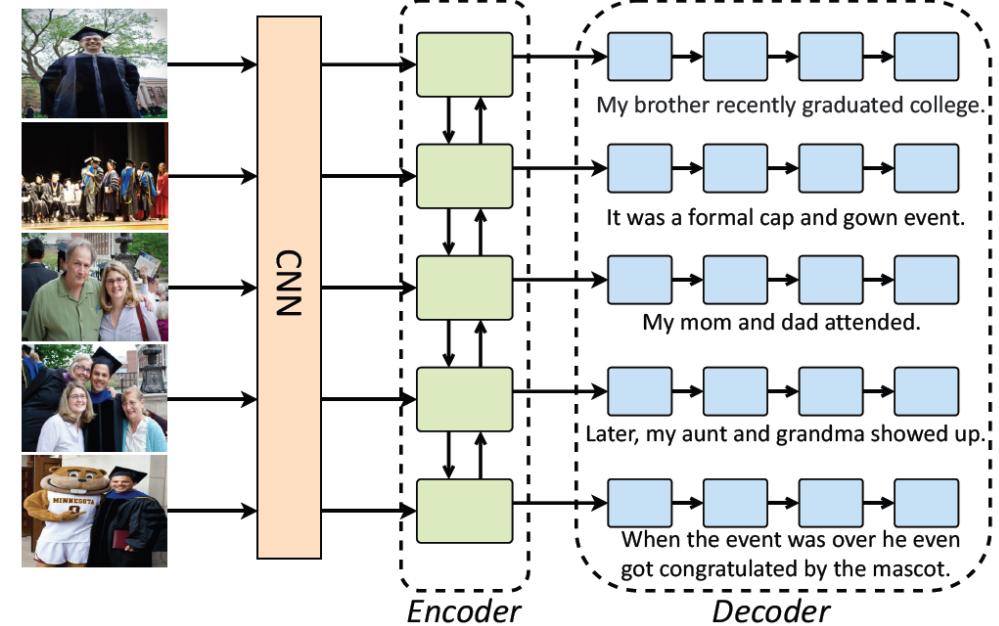


Liu, Bei, et al., ACM, MM, 2018

# Inverse Reinforcement Learning



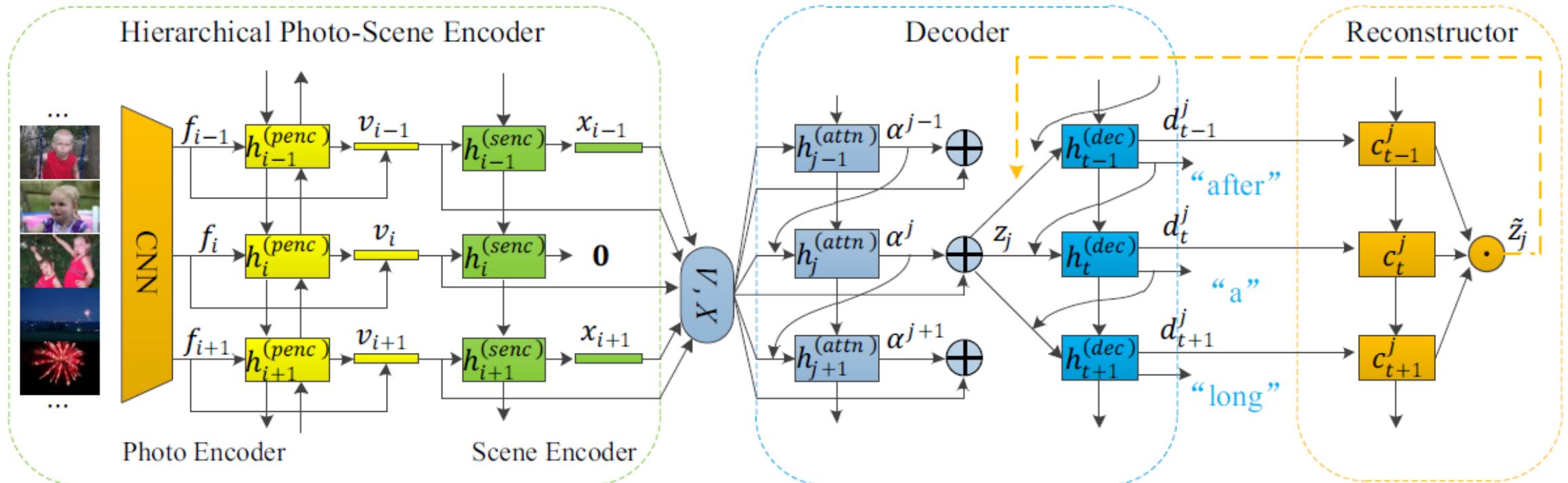
Overall Framework



Policy Model

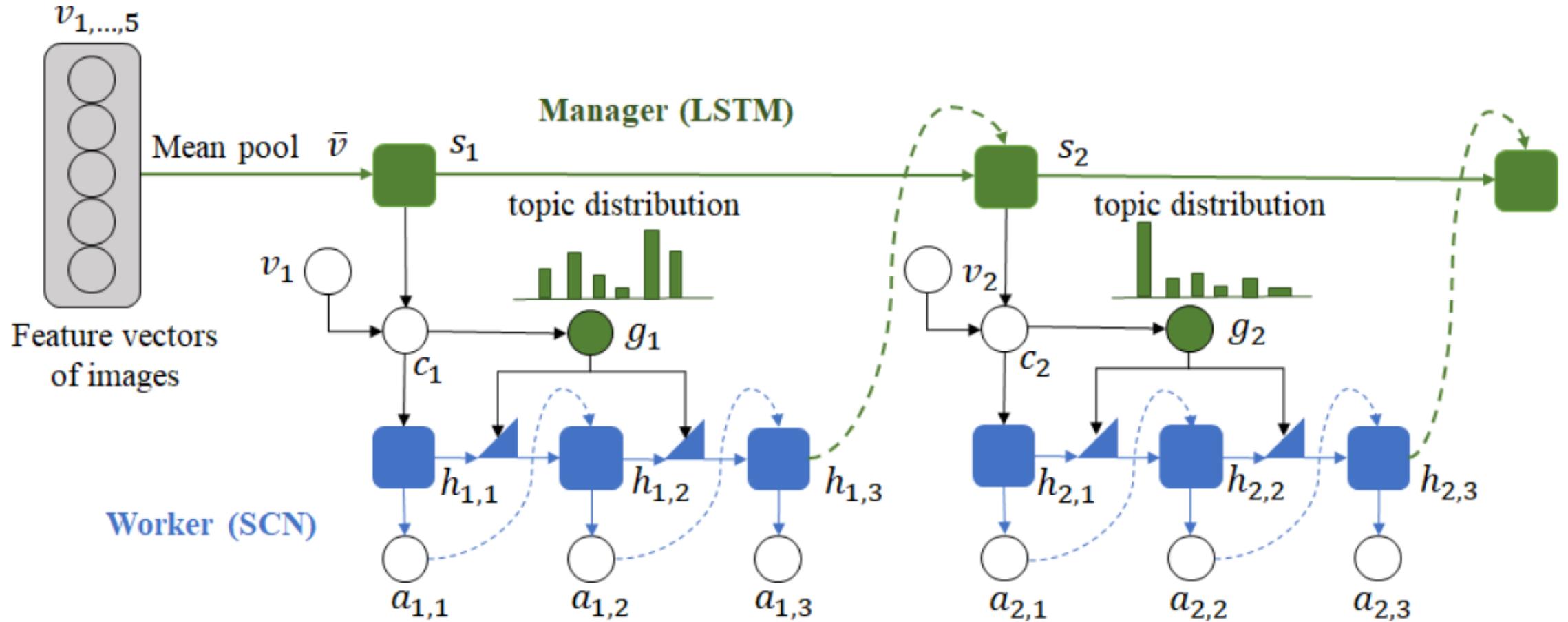
Wang, Xin, et al., ACL, 2018

# Hierarchical Photo-Scene Encoder



Wang, Bairui, et al., AAAI, 2019

# Hierarchically Structured Reinforcement Learning



# References

---

- Huang, Ting-Hao Kenneth, et al. "Visual storytelling." ACL, 2016.
- Chen, Zhiqian, et al. "Multimodal storytelling via generative adversarial imitation learning." AAAI, 2017.
- Liu, Dayiheng, et al. "A multi-modal Chinese poetry generation model. " IJCNN, 2018.
- Xu, Linli, et al. "How images inspire poems: Generating classical chinese poetry from images with memory networks." AAAI, 2018.
- Wang, Xin, et al. "No Metrics Are Perfect: Adversarial Reward Learning for Visual Storytelling." ACL, 2018.
- Cheng, Wen-Feng, et al. "Image inspired poetry generation in xiaoice." arXiv:1808.03090, 2018.
- Liu, Bei, et al. "Beyond narrative description: Generating poetry from images by multi-adversarial training." ACM, MM, 2018.
- Wang, Bairui, et al. "Hierarchical Photo-Scene Encoder for Album Storytelling." AAAI, 2019.
- Huang, Qiuyuan, et al. "Hierarchically structured reinforcement learning for topically coherent visual story generation." AAAI, 2019.
- Ting-Yao Hsu et al. "Visual Story Post-Editing." ACL, 2019.

# Roadmap

- Introduction
- Background Knowledge
- Existing Methods
  - Poetry Generation
  - Story Generation
  - Multi-Modal Generation
  - Other Genres
- Recent Trends and Future Direction
- Q&A

# Overview

---

Tasks	Main Techniques
Rap Lyric Generation [Potash Peter et al.,15]	LSTM + Explicit Templates
Rap Lyric Generation [Malmi Eric et al., 16]	Information Retrieval Task
Chinese Song Iambics Generation [Wang et al.,16]	Attention-Based Seq2seq
Chinese Couplet Generation [Yan Rui et al., 16]	Seq2seq + Attention + Polishing
Rhythmic Verse Generation [Hopkins Jack, 17]	Multi-LSTM LM + Finite State Transducers
Theme-Aware Lyrics Generation [Wang Jie, 19]	Multi-Channel Seq2seq + LDA

# References

---

- Watanabe, Kento, et al. "Modeling structural topic transitions for automatic lyrics generation." ACL, 2014.
- Oliveira, Hugo Gonçalo. "Tra-la-lyrics 2.0: Automatic generation of song lyrics on a semantic domain." Journal of Artificial General Intelligence, 2015.
- Potash, Peter, Alexey Romanov, and Anna Rumshisky. "Ghostwriter: Using an lstm for automatic rap lyric generation." ACL, 2015.
- Wang, Qixin, et al. "Chinese song iambics generation with neural attention-based model." IJCAI, 2016.
- Yan, Rui, et al. "Chinese couplet generation with neural network structures." ACL, 2016.
- Malmi, Eric, et al. "Dopelearning: A computational approach to rap lyrics generation." ACM SIGKDD, 2016.
- Singh, Divya, Margareta Ackerman, and Rafael Pérez y Pérez. "A Ballad of the Mexicas: Automated Lyrical Narrative Writing." ICCC, 2017.
- Hopkins, Jack, and Douwe Kiela. "Automatically generating rhythmic verse with neural networks." ACL, 2017.
- Wang, Jie, and Xinyan Zhao. "Theme-aware generation model for chinese lyrics." arXiv:1906.02134, 2019.

# Roadmap

- Introduction
- Background Knowledge
- Existing Methods
  - Poetry Generation
  - Story Generation
  - Multi-Modal Generation
  - Other Genres
- Recent Trends and Future Direction
- Q&A

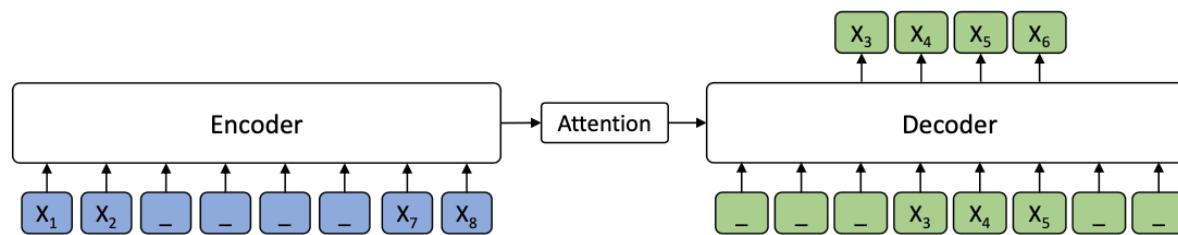
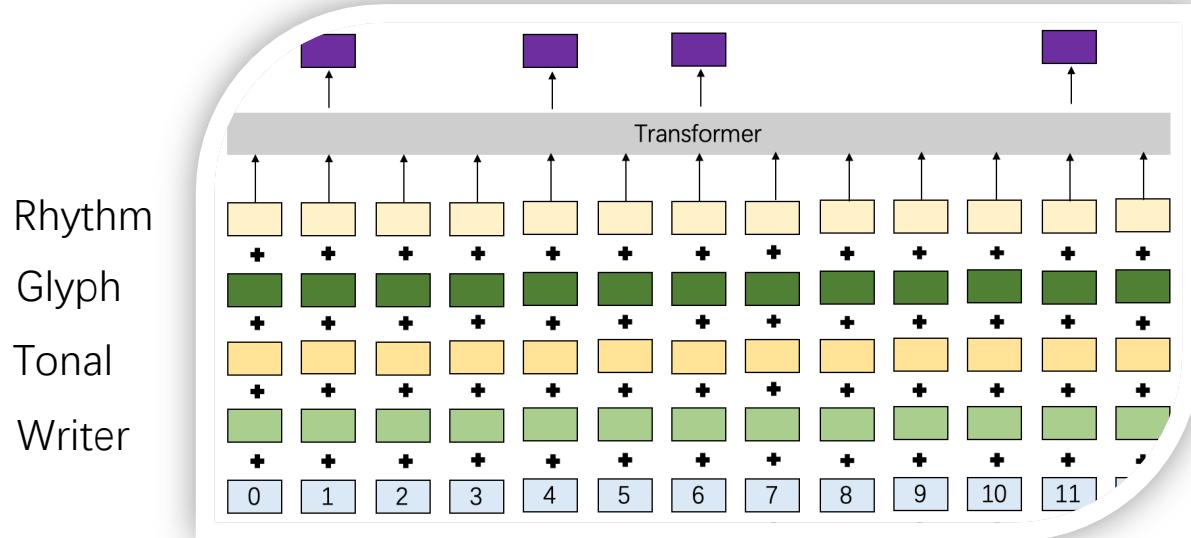
# Conventional Line

---

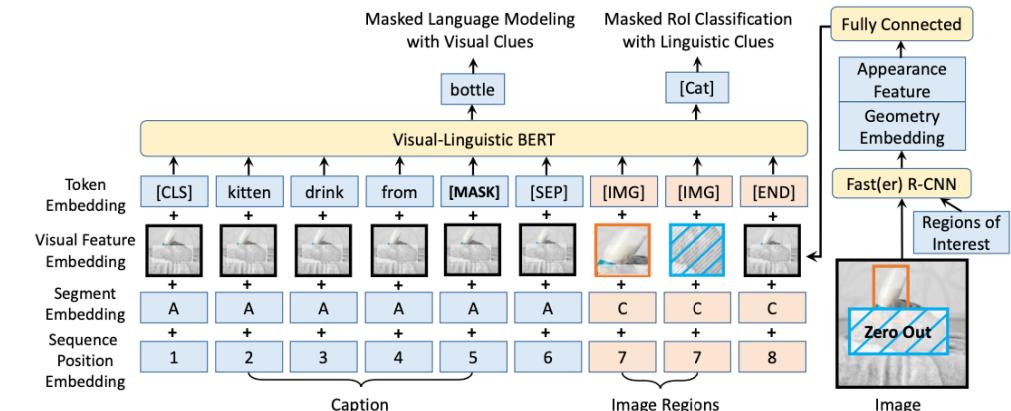
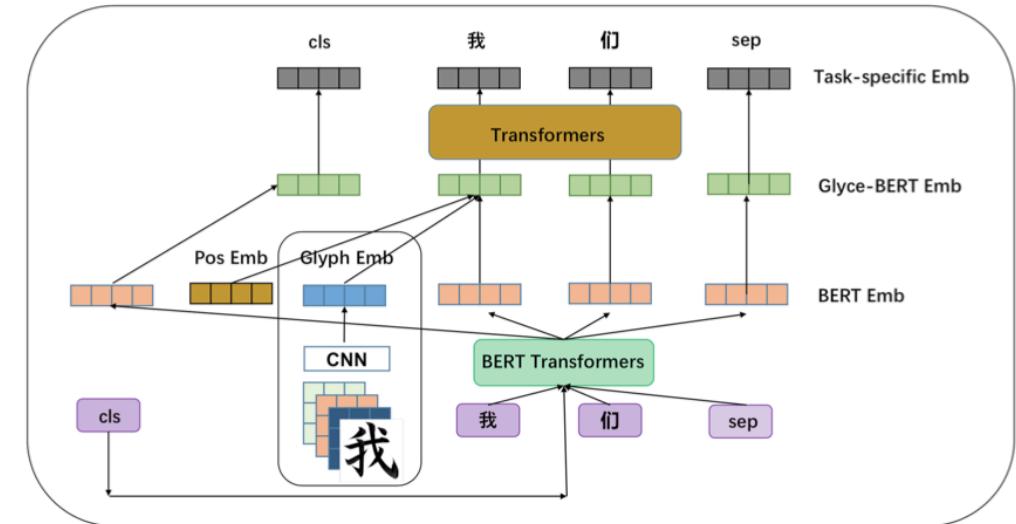
- Better Methods and Techniques
  - Inverse Reinforcement Learning
  - Mutual Learning
  - Imitation Learning
  - Mutual Information Estimation
- New Datasets and New Attributes
  - Counterfactual story reasoning
  - Common sense
  - Modern poetry in different languages
- Task-Specific Settings
  - Character-centric story generation
  - Topic-aware

# Pretraining-Based Methods

Yuxian Meng et al. NeuralPS' 19



Kaitao Song et al. ICML' 19



# Structured Generation Pipeline

- Parsing
- Entity detection
- Sequence labeling
- Relation extraction
- Sentiment analysis
- Action planning
- Controllable generation
- Style transfer
- Logic checking
- Grammar error correction

The screenshot shows a web-based text generation tool named "Stories v1.0". At the top, there are navigation buttons: "Stories v1.0" (highlighted), "Auto", "Interactive", and "Advanced". A timer on the right shows "4.82 seconds". Below the header, a search bar contains the word "summer" and a "Generate" button. A "Ready" button is visible above a "Storyline" section. The "Storyline" section displays the sequence: "school -> was -> asked -> said -> told". The interface is divided into three main columns: "Title to Story", "Plan and Write", and "Plan and Revise". The "Title to Story" column lists: "it was a hot summer day .", "the kids were bored .", "they decided to go to the park .", "they played in the water .", and "they had a great time .". The "Plan and Write" column lists: "i went to school the other day.", "it was my first day of school.", "i asked my mom if she could go with me.", "she said yes.", and "she said yes.". The "Plan and Revise" column lists: "i went to school the other day.", "it was my first day of high school.", "i asked my mom to take me.", and "she said no.". At the bottom, a yellow banner contains the text: "Disclaimer: All the entries made in this website will be logged for academic research."

# Evaluations

---

- Challenges
  - For each task or released dataset, there is no standard automatic evaluation metrics.
  - Automatic metric from other text generation tasks are not proper.
  - Bias between evaluations of domain experts, crowd workers, and users.
  - The correlations between automatic evaluation metrics and human evolutions are low.
  - One reference for each generated instance cannot reflect the performance of generation models.
  - Owing to the diversity of genres and task attributes in artistic text generation, evaluation metrics cannot generalize well for different scenarios.

# Conclusion

---

- Poetry Generation
- Story Generation
- Multi-Modal Generation
  - Image-Inspired Poetry Generation
  - Visual Storytelling
- Other Genres

# Roadmap

- Introduction
- Background Knowledge
- Existing Methods
  - Poetry Generation
  - Story Generation
  - Multi-Modal Generation
  - Other Genres
- Recent Trends and Future Direction
- Q&A

# Thank you!