

 $P_{1} = M_{1}gy_{1} = M_{1}cyL_{1}sin\theta_{1}$ $P_{2} = M_{2}gy_{2} = M_{2}g(L_{1}sin\theta_{1} + L_{2}sin(\theta_{1} + \theta_{2}))$ $L = \frac{1}{2}mL_{1}^{2}\theta_{1}^{2} - M_{1}gL_{1}sin\theta_{1}$ $+ \frac{1}{2}m\left[\left(\frac{1}{2}+1\right)L_{1}(\theta_{1}\theta_{2}) + L_{2}^{2}\right]\hat{\theta}_{1}$

 $+\frac{1}{2} m_{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{1} + 2L_{1} L_{2} \cos \theta_{2} + L_{2}^{2} \right) \dot{\theta}_{1} + 2 \left(\frac{1}{12} + L_{1} L_{2} \cos \theta_{2} \right) \dot{\theta}_{1} \dot{\theta}_{2} + L_{2}^{2} \dot{\theta}_{1}^{2} \right) \\
+ L_{2}^{2} \dot{\theta}_{2}^{2} \right] \\
- M_{2} \alpha \left(L_{1} \sin \theta_{1} + L_{2} \sin (\theta_{1} + \theta_{2}) \right)$

 $T_i = \frac{1}{3\mu} \frac{3h}{3\theta_i} - \frac{3h}{3\theta_i}$ j = 1, 2

~ (m, L, 2 + M2 (L, + 2L, L2 cosθ2 + L2))θ, + M2 (L, L2 cosθ2 + L2)θ, - M2 l, L2 sinθ2 (20, 02 + θ2) + (m2 + M2) L2 g cos(θ,) + M2 y L2 cos (0. +θ2) ~ 2 = ---