```
# import libraries
import cv2
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

from keras.datasets import mnist, cifar10
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, Flatten, Dropout
from keras.layers.convolutional import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
from keras.utils.np_utils import to_categorical
from keras import backend as K
from keras import models

from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
```

6.1 MNIST

```
In [2]: # color channel
K.set_image_data_format('channels_last')

# set random seed
np.random.seed(0)

# set image info
channels = 1
height = 28
width = 28
```

```
print('data_train: ', data_train.shape)
         print('data_test: ', data_test.shape)
        data_train: (60000, 28, 28, 1)
       data_test: (10000, 28, 28, 1)
In [4]:
        # subplots for first 5 figures of training data
        fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows = 1, ncols = 5)
        for idx, ax in enumerate(axes):
             image = data_train[idx]
             ax.imshow(image, cmap = 'gray')
         plt.show()
In [5]:
        # ensure training array labels match images
        target_train[0:5]
Out[5]: array([5, 0, 4, 1, 9], dtype=uint8)
In [6]:
        # rescale pixel intensity
        features_train = data_train/255
         features_test = data_test/255
In [7]:
        # one hot encoding
        target_train = to_categorical(target_train)
         target test = to categorical(target test)
        number_of_classes = target_test.shape[1]
In [8]:
        # view shapes
        print('target_train: ', target_train.shape)
         print('target_test: ', target_test.shape)
       target train: (60000, 10)
       target_test: (10000, 10)
In [9]:
        # build cnn (20.15)
         cnn = Sequential()
```

```
# convolutional layer
         cnn.add(Conv2D(filters = 64,
                        kernel_size = (5, 5),
                         input shape = (height, width, channels),
                         activation = 'relu'))
         # max pooling layer
         cnn.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size = (2,2)))
         # dropout layer
         cnn.add(Dropout(0.5))
         # flatten input
         cnn.add(Flatten())
         # connected layer with relu activation
         cnn.add(Dense(128, activation = 'relu'))
         # connected layer with softmax activation
         cnn.add(Dense(number_of_classes, activation = 'softmax'))
In [10]:
         # compile network with cross entropy, root mean square, and accuracy
         metrics
         cnn.compile(loss = 'categorical_crossentropy',
                     optimizer = 'rmsprop',
                     metrics = ['accuracy'])
In [11]:
         print(features train.shape)
         print(target_train.shape)
         (60000, 28, 28, 1)
        (60000, 10)
In [12]:
         # train network: print description (verbose)
         history = cnn.fit(features_train,
                            target_train,
                            epochs = 5,
                            verbose = 1,
```

```
batch_size = 1000,
validation_data = (features_test, target_test))
```

In [13]:

```
# model summary
cnn.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

| Layer (type) | Output Shape | Param # |
|--|--------------------|---------|
| conv2d (Conv2D) | (None, 24, 24, 64) | 1664 |
| <pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)</pre> | (None, 12, 12, 64) | 0 |
| dropout (Dropout) | (None, 12, 12, 64) | 0 |
| flatten (Flatten) | (None, 9216) | 0 |
| dense (Dense) | (None, 128) | 1179776 |
| dense_1 (Dense) | (None, 10) | 1290 |
| Total params: 1,182,730 | | |

Trainable params: 1,182,730 Non-trainable params: 0

In [14]:

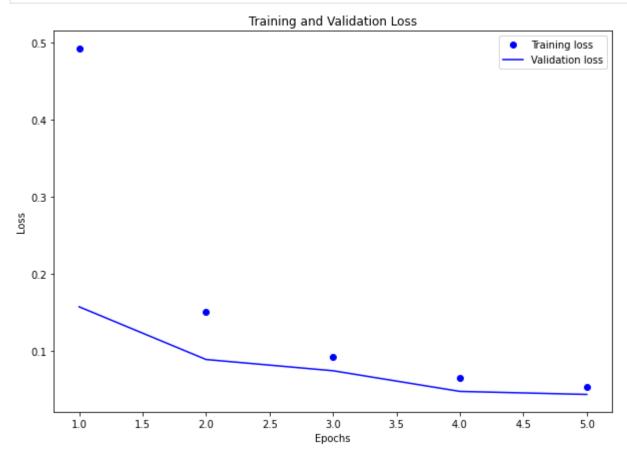
```
# Look at predictions
predict = cnn.predict(features_test)
predict
```

```
Out[14]: array([[1.2988026e-07, 3.3542483e-07, 2.8180423e-06, ..., 9.9998319e-01, 6.0979556e-07, 5.4090287e-06], [2.7343422e-06, 1.3236875e-03, 9.9864119e-01, ..., 5.5630784e-09, 7.5260232e-06, 1.0937643e-10], [5.3205354e-06, 9.9970394e-01, 1.2173172e-05, ..., 1.6088453e-04, 5.7783702e-05, 4.1878673e-07], ..., [3.8043582e-09, 1.0894094e-06, 1.3762605e-09, ..., 1.3904720e-05, 1.1283766e-05, 2.6525971e-05], [1.6635209e-08, 1.0133297e-07, 1.9055432e-10, ..., 4.6930822e-08,
```

```
[2.3958421e-08, 2.8845265e-10, 1.2017881e-08, ..., 1.6367237e-11,
                1.3174086e-08, 7.5311840e-11]], dtype=float32)
In [15]:
         # make predictions readable
         predict = np.argmax(predict, axis = 1)
         predict
Out[15]: array([7, 2, 1, ..., 4, 5, 6], dtype=int64)
In [16]:
         # show predicted images
         fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows = 1, ncols = 5)
         for idx, ax in enumerate(axes):
              image = data_test[idx]
              ax.imshow(image, cmap = 'gray')
          plt.show()
In [17]:
         # confusion matrix
         matrix = confusion matrix(target test.argmax(axis = 1), predict)
          matrix
Out[17]: array([[ 975,
                        0.
                              0,
                                   0,
                                         0,
                                              0,
                                                    2,
                                                         1,
                                                               2,
                                                                     0],
                                                         0,
                  0, 1132,
                              0,
                                  1,
                                         0,
                                                                     0],
                                              0,
                                                    1,
                                                               1,
                           998,
                  3,
                                   4,
                                              0,
                        8,
                                       1,
                                                        11,
                                                                    1],
                            2, 999,
                                       0,
                                             1,
                                                                     0],
                        0,
                            1,
                                   0, 973,
                                             0,
                                                                    4],
                                  5,
                                                         0,
                  2,
                        0,
                            0,
                                       0, 882,
                                                  2,
                                                                     0],
                                                        0,
                                        1,
                                            3,
                                                  943,
                  7,
                                   0,
                        2,
                             0,
                                                                    0],
                                                             1,
                                 2,
                                                  0, 1020,
                  0,
                             4,
                                         0,
                                              0,
                                                                     0],
                                                                    1],
                                      1,
                                                    0,
                  5,
                             2,
                                  1,
                                              0,
                                                        3, 961,
                  3,
                                                  0,
                                                         11, 3, 974]],
              dtype=int64)
In [18]:
         history_dict = history.history
         history_dict.keys()
Out[18]: dict_keys(['loss', 'accuracy', 'val_loss', 'val_accuracy'])
In [19]:
         # plot training and validation loss
          plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
```

1.9396354e-04, 1.4946359e-08],

```
loss_values = history_dict["loss"]
val_loss_values = history_dict["val_loss"]
epochs = range(1, len(loss_values) + 1)
plt.plot(epochs, loss_values, "bo", label="Training loss")
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss_values, "b", label="Validation loss")
plt.title("Training and Validation Loss")
plt.xlabel("Epochs")
plt.ylabel("Loss")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
plt.clf()

plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))

acc = history_dict["accuracy"]

val_acc = history_dict["val_accuracy"]

plt.plot(epochs, acc, "bo", label="Training acc")

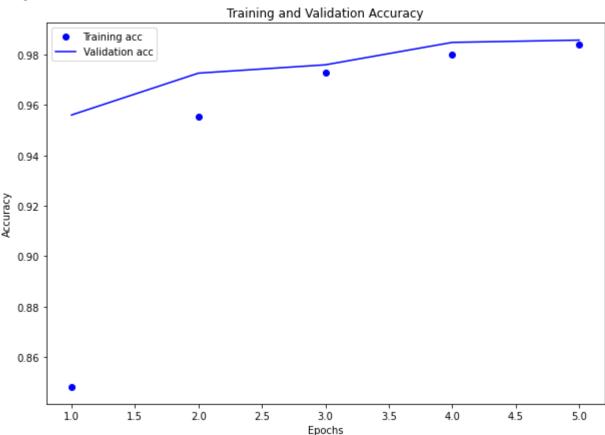
plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, "b", label="Validation acc")

plt.title("Training and Validation Accuracy")

plt.xlabel("Epochs")
```

```
plt.ylabel("Accuracy")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>



6.2: CIFAR10 documentation: https://keras.io/api/datasets/cifar10/

```
In [21]: # Load and split data
    (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = cifar10.load_data()
```

```
In [22]: # show sizes
print('x_train shape: ', x_train.shape)
print('y_train shape: ', y_train.shape)
print('x_test shape: ', x_test.shape)
print('x_train shape: ', x_train.shape)
```

```
x_train shape: (50000, 32, 32, 3)
y_train shape: (50000, 1)
x_test shape: (10000, 32, 32, 3)
x_train shape: (50000, 32, 32, 3)
```

```
'cat',
'deer',
'dog',
'frog',
'horse',
'ship',
'truck']
```

```
# split data into train and validation

# scale the data
x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255.0
x_test = x_test.astype('float32') / 255.0

# one-hot encoding
y_train = to_categorical(y_train, 10)
y_test = to_categorical(y_test, 10)

x_val = x_train[:10000]
partial_x_train = x_train[10000:]

y_val = y_train[:10000]
partial_y_train = y_train[10000:]
```

```
In [25]: # view sizes
print('x-train scaled shape: ', x_train.shape)
print('x-test scaled shape: ', x_test.shape)

print('y_train ohe shape: ', y_train.shape)
print('y_test ohe shape: ', y_test.shape)

print('partial x_train shape: ', partial_x_train.shape)
print('partial y_train shape: ', partial_y_train.shape)

x-train scaled shape: (50000, 32, 32, 3)
x-test scaled shape: (10000, 32, 32, 3)
y_train ohe shape: (50000, 10)
y_test ohe shape: (10000, 10)
```

In [26]: # build model

partial x_train shape: (40000, 32, 32, 3)

partial y_train shape: (40000, 10)

```
model = models.Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3),
                        activation='relu',
                        padding='same',
                        input_shape=(32, 32, 3)))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3),
                        activation='relu',
                        padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(Conv2D(128, (3, 3),
                        activation='relu',
                        padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(Conv2D(128, (3, 3),
                        activation='relu',
                        padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(512, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(10, activation='sigmoid'))
```

In [27]:

```
# model summary
model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential_1"

| Layer (type) | Output Shape | Param # |
|--|--------------------|---------|
| conv2d_1 (Conv2D) | (None, 32, 32, 32) | 896 |
| <pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre> | (None, 16, 16, 32) | 0 |
| conv2d_2 (Conv2D) | (None, 16, 16, 64) | 18496 |
| <pre>max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre> | (None, 8, 8, 64) | 0 |
| conv2d_3 (Conv2D) | (None, 8, 8, 128) | 73856 |
| <pre>max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre> | (None, 4, 4, 128) | 0 |
| conv2d_4 (Conv2D) | (None, 4, 4, 128) | 147584 |
| max_pooling2d_4 (MaxPooling | (None, 2, 2, 128) | 0 |

```
2D)
```

```
flatten_1 (Flatten) (None, 512) 0

dense_2 (Dense) (None, 512) 262656

dense_3 (Dense) (None, 10) 5130
```

Total params: 508,618 Trainable params: 508,618 Non-trainable params: 0

In [28]:

```
In [29]:
```

```
Epoch 1/30
val loss: 0.2666 - val acc: 0.3559
Epoch 2/30
val_loss: 0.2400 - val_acc: 0.4325
val loss: 0.2305 - val acc: 0.4619
Epoch 4/30
val loss: 0.2197 - val acc: 0.4953
Epoch 5/30
val loss: 0.2176 - val acc: 0.5025
Epoch 6/30
val loss: 0.2053 - val acc: 0.5444
Epoch 7/30
val loss: 0.1932 - val acc: 0.5706
Epoch 8/30
val_loss: 0.1868 - val_acc: 0.5919
Epoch 9/30
val_loss: 0.1845 - val_acc: 0.5969
Epoch 10/30
```

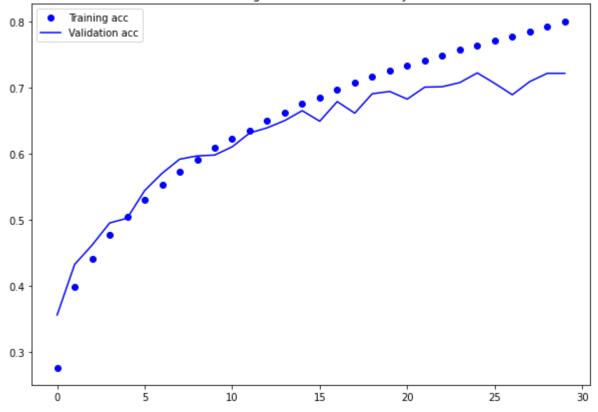
```
val loss: 0.1815 - val acc: 0.5981
Epoch 11/30
val_loss: 0.1781 - val_acc: 0.6106
Epoch 12/30
val loss: 0.1730 - val acc: 0.6316
Epoch 13/30
val_loss: 0.1674 - val_acc: 0.6394
Epoch 14/30
val_loss: 0.1648 - val_acc: 0.6503
Epoch 15/30
val loss: 0.1594 - val acc: 0.6653
Epoch 16/30
val loss: 0.1640 - val acc: 0.6494
Epoch 17/30
val loss: 0.1528 - val acc: 0.6791
Epoch 18/30
val_loss: 0.1579 - val_acc: 0.6616
Epoch 19/30
val loss: 0.1493 - val acc: 0.6909
Epoch 20/30
val loss: 0.1470 - val acc: 0.6944
Epoch 21/30
val_loss: 0.1510 - val_acc: 0.6828
Epoch 22/30
val_loss: 0.1447 - val_acc: 0.7009
Epoch 23/30
val_loss: 0.1418 - val_acc: 0.7016
Epoch 24/30
val loss: 0.1427 - val acc: 0.7078
Epoch 25/30
val loss: 0.1380 - val acc: 0.7225
Epoch 26/30
val_loss: 0.1421 - val_acc: 0.7066
Epoch 27/30
val_loss: 0.1513 - val_acc: 0.6894
Epoch 28/30
val_loss: 0.1401 - val_acc: 0.7094
Epoch 29/30
val_loss: 0.1395 - val_acc: 0.7219
Epoch 30/30
val loss: 0.1419 - val acc: 0.7219
```

```
model.save('cnn_classifier_1.h5')
```

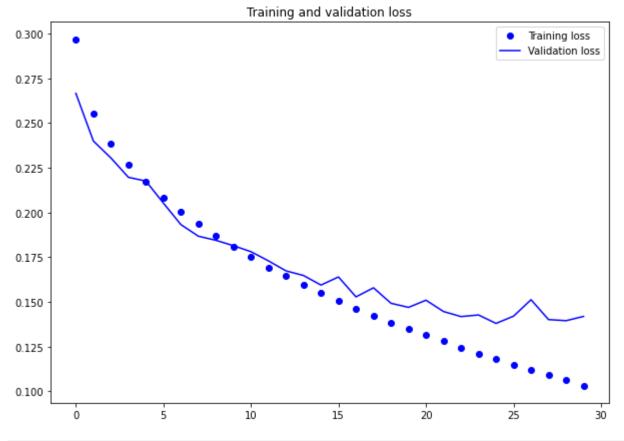
plt.show()

In [31]: # plot training and validation accuracy plt.figure(figsize=(10,7)) acc = history.history['acc'] val_acc = history.history['val_acc'] loss = history.history['loss'] val_loss = history.history['val_loss'] epochs = range(len(acc)) plt.plot(epochs, acc, 'bo', label='Training acc') plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, 'b', label='Validation acc') plt.title('Training and validation accuracy') plt.legend() plt.figure() plt.figure(figsize=(10,7)) plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'bo', label='Training loss') plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'b', label='Validation loss') plt.title('Training and validation loss') plt.legend()





<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>



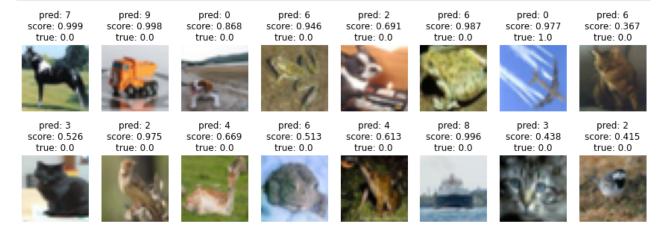
```
# make predictions

y_pred_test = model.predict(x_test)

y_pred_test_classes = np.argmax(y_pred_test, axis=1)

y_pred_test_max_probas = np.max(y_pred_test, axis=1)
```

```
In [34]:
         # show predictions
         cols = 8
         rows = 2
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(2 * cols - 1, 3 * rows - 1))
         for i in range(cols):
             for j in range(rows):
                  random_index = np.random.randint(0, len(y_test))
                 ax = fig.add subplot(rows, cols, i * rows + j + 1)
                 ax.grid('off')
                 ax.axis('off')
                 ax.imshow(x test[random index, :])
                 pred_label = y_pred_test_classes[random_index]
                  pred proba = y pred test max probas[random index]
                 true_label = y_test[random_index, 0]
                  ax.set_title("pred: {}\nscore: {:.3}\ntrue: {}".format(
                         pred label, pred proba, true label
                  ))
         plt.show()
```



6.2

```
In [35]: # Load data
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = cifar10.load_data()
```

```
In [36]: # scale the data
```

```
x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255.0

x_test = x_test.astype('float32') / 255.0

# transform target variable into one-hot encoding
y_train = to_categorical(y_train, 10)
y_test = to_categorical(y_test, 10)

x_val = x_train[:10000]
partial_x_train = x_train[10000:]

y_val = y_train[:10000]
partial_y_train = y_train[10000:]
```

```
In [37]:
        # build the model
         model = models.Sequential()
         model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3),
                                  activation='relu',
                                  padding='same',
                                  input_shape=(32, 32, 3)))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
         model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3),
                                  activation='relu',
                                  padding='same'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
         model.add(Conv2D(128, (3, 3),
                                  activation='relu',
                                  padding='same'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
         model.add(Conv2D(128, (3, 3),
                                  activation='relu',
                                  padding='same'))
         model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
         model.add(Flatten())
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(Dense(512, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
         model.compile(loss='categorical crossentropy',
```

```
optimizer = optimizers.RMSprop(learning_rate=1e-4),
metrics = ['acc'])
```

In [38]:

```
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator

batch_size = 32
data_generator = ImageDataGenerator(width_shift_range=0.1,
height_shift_range=0.1, horizontal_flip=True)
train_generator = data_generator.flow(partial_x_train, partial_y_train,
batch_size)
```

In [39]:

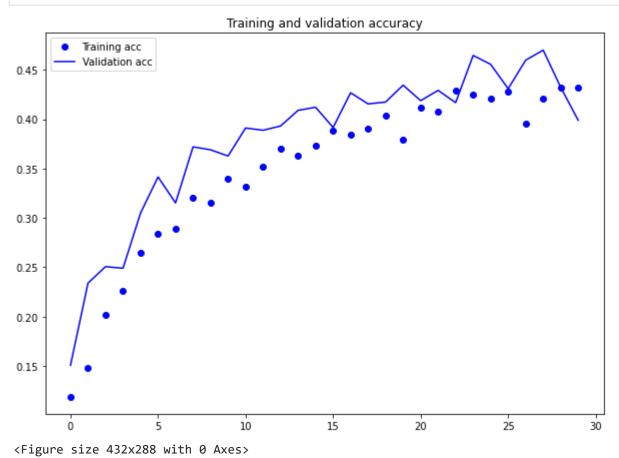
```
Epoch 1/30
al loss: 2.2834 - val acc: 0.1507
Epoch 2/30
al loss: 2.1915 - val acc: 0.2339
Epoch 3/30
al loss: 2.0563 - val acc: 0.2506
Epoch 4/30
al loss: 2.0441 - val acc: 0.2490
Epoch 5/30
al loss: 1.9223 - val acc: 0.3049
Epoch 6/30
al loss: 1.8340 - val acc: 0.3415
Epoch 7/30
al_loss: 1.8829 - val_acc: 0.3152
Epoch 8/30
al_loss: 1.7753 - val_acc: 0.3720
Epoch 9/30
al loss: 1.7316 - val acc: 0.3690
Epoch 10/30
al loss: 1.7959 - val acc: 0.3627
Epoch 11/30
al_loss: 1.6993 - val_acc: 0.3911
Epoch 12/30
al loss: 1.7007 - val acc: 0.3888
Epoch 13/30
```

```
al loss: 1.6718 - val acc: 0.3931
   Epoch 14/30
   al loss: 1.6294 - val acc: 0.4090
   Epoch 15/30
   al loss: 1.6064 - val acc: 0.4121
   Epoch 16/30
   al_loss: 1.6417 - val_acc: 0.3916
   Epoch 17/30
   al loss: 1.5547 - val acc: 0.4268
   Epoch 18/30
   al_loss: 1.5871 - val_acc: 0.4155
   Epoch 19/30
   al loss: 1.6403 - val acc: 0.4174
   Epoch 20/30
   al loss: 1.5258 - val acc: 0.4345
   Epoch 21/30
   al loss: 1.5748 - val acc: 0.4188
   Epoch 22/30
   al loss: 1.5282 - val acc: 0.4292
   Epoch 23/30
   al_loss: 1.5764 - val_acc: 0.4168
   Epoch 24/30
   al loss: 1.4659 - val acc: 0.4646
   Epoch 25/30
   al_loss: 1.4751 - val_acc: 0.4556
   Epoch 26/30
   al loss: 1.5273 - val acc: 0.4309
   Epoch 27/30
   al loss: 1.4969 - val acc: 0.4598
   Epoch 28/30
   al loss: 1.4582 - val acc: 0.4700
   Epoch 29/30
   al loss: 1.5632 - val acc: 0.4324
   Epoch 30/30
   al loss: 1.6994 - val acc: 0.3989
In [40]:
   # save the model
   model.save('cnn classifier 2.h5')
```

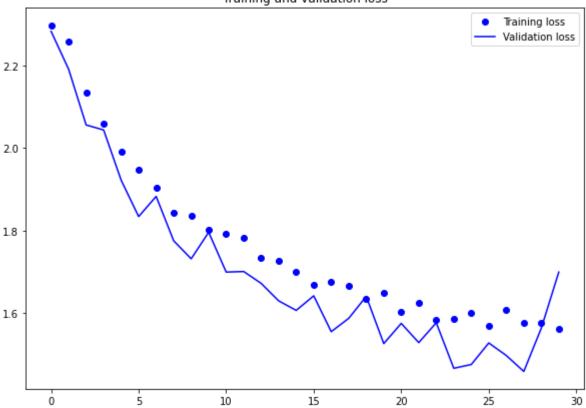
```
# plot the training vs validation - accuracy and loss

plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
```

```
acc = history.history['acc']
val_acc = history.history['val_acc']
loss = history.history['loss']
val_loss = history.history['val_loss']
epochs = range(len(acc))
plt.plot(epochs, acc, 'bo', label='Training acc')
plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, 'b', label='Validation acc')
plt.title('Training and validation accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.figure()
plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'bo', label='Training loss')
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'b', label='Validation loss')
plt.title('Training and validation loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



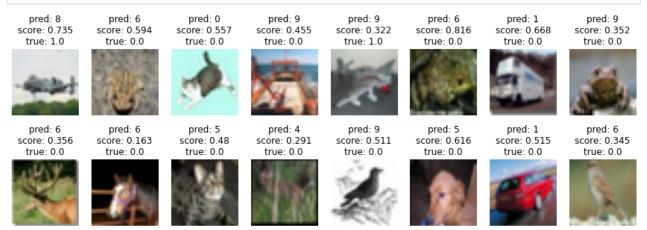
Training and validation loss



```
In [42]: # predicting test data
y_pred_test = model.predict(x_test)
y_pred_test_classes = np.argmax(y_pred_test, axis=1)
y_pred_test_max_probas = np.max(y_pred_test, axis=1)
```

```
In [44]:
         # display the predictions
         cols = 8
         rows = 2
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(2 * cols - 1, 3 * rows - 1))
         for i in range(cols):
             for j in range(rows):
                 random_index = np.random.randint(0, len(y_test))
                 ax = fig.add_subplot(rows, cols, i * rows + j + 1)
                 ax.grid('off')
                 ax.axis('off')
                 ax.imshow(x_test[random_index, :])
                 pred_label = y_pred_test_classes[random_index]
                 pred_proba = y_pred_test_max_probas[random_index]
                 true_label = y_test[random_index, 0]
                 ax.set_title("pred: {}\nscore: {:.3}\ntrue: {}".format(
                        pred_label, pred_proba, true_label
```





6.3 documentation: https://keras.io/api/applications/#classify-imagenet-classes-with-resnet50

from tensorflow.keras.applications.resnet50 import ResNet50
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
from tensorflow.keras.applications.resnet50 import preprocess_input,
decode_predictions

In []: